1

AN ACT concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
5 Sections 24B-2, 24B-6, 24B-8, 24B-9, 24B-9.1, 24B-10,
6 24B-10.1, 24B-15, and 24B-18 as follows:

7 (10 ILCS 5/24B-2)

8 Sec. 24B-2. Definitions. As used in this Article:

9 "Computer", "automatic tabulating equipment" or 10 "equipment" includes apparatus necessary to automatically 11 examine and count votes as designated on ballots, and data 12 processing machines which can be used for counting ballots 13 and tabulating results.

14

"Ballot" means paper ballot sheets.

15 "Ballot configuration" means the particular combination 16 of political subdivision ballots including, for each 17 political subdivision, the particular combination of offices, 18 candidate names and questions as it appears for each group of 19 voters who may cast the same ballot.

20 "Ballot sheet" means a paper ballot printed on one or 21 both sides which is (1) designed and prepared so that the 22 voter may indicate his or her votes in designated areas, 23 which must be areas clearly printed or otherwise delineated 24 for such purpose, and (2) capable of having votes marked in 25 the designated areas automatically examined, counted, and 26 tabulated by an electronic scanning process.

27 "Central counting" means the counting of ballots in one 28 or more locations selected by the election authority for the 29 processing or counting, or both, of ballots. A location for 30 central counting shall be within the territorial jurisdiction 31 of the election authority unless there is no suitable

1 tabulating equipment available within his territorial 2 jurisdiction. However, in any event a counting location 3 shall be within this State.

4 "Computer operator" means any person or persons 5 designated by the election authority to operate the automatic б tabulating equipment during any portion of the vote tallying 7 process in an election, but shall not include judges of election operating vote tabulating equipment in the precinct. 8 9 "Computer program" or "program" means the set of operating instructions for the automatic tabulating equipment 10 11 that examines, counts, tabulates, canvasses and prints votes 12 recorded by a voter on a ballot.

"Edit listing" means a computer generated listing of the names of each candidate and proposition as they appear in the program for each precinct.

16 "Header sheet" means a data processing document which is 17 coded to indicate to the computer the precinct identity of 18 the ballots that will follow immediately and may indicate to 19 the computer how such ballots are to be tabulated.

20 "In-precinct counting" means the counting of ballots on 21 automatic tabulating equipment provided by the election 22 authority in the same precinct polling place in which those 23 ballots have been cast.

24 "Marking device" means a pen, computer, or other device
25 or-similar-device approved by the State Board of Elections
26 for marking, or causing to be marked, a paper ballot with ink
27 or other substance which will enable the ballot to be
28 tabulated by automatic tabulating equipment or by an
29 electronic scanning process.

30 "Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology" means the 31 capability to examine a ballot through electronic means and 32 tabulate the votes at one or more counting places.

33 "Redundant count" means a verification of the original34 computer count by another count using compatible equipment or

1 by hand as part of a discovery recount.

² "Security designation" means a printed designation placed ³ on a ballot to identify to the computer program the offices ⁴ and propositions for which votes may be cast and to indicate ⁵ the manner in which votes cast should be tabulated while ⁶ negating any inadmissible votes.

7 "Separate ballot", with respect to ballot sheets, means a
8 separate portion of the ballot sheet which is clearly defined
9 by a border or borders or shading.

10 <u>"Specimen ballot" means a representation of names of</u> 11 <u>offices and candidates and statements of measures to be voted</u> 12 <u>on which will appear on the official ballot or marking device</u> 13 <u>on election day. The specimen ballot also contains the party</u> 14 <u>and position number where applicable.</u>

15 "Voting defect identification" means the capability to 16 detect overvoted ballots or ballots which cannot be read by 17 the automatic tabulating equipment.

18 "Voting defects" means an overvoted ballot, or a ballot 19 which cannot be read by the automatic tabulating equipment.

20 "Voting system" or "electronic voting system" means that 21 combination of equipment and programs used in the casting, 22 examination and tabulation of ballots and the cumulation and 23 reporting of results by electronic means.

24 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

25 (10 ILCS 5/24B-6)

24B-6. Ballot Information; Arrangement; Electronic 26 Sec. Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology Voting System; 27 Absentee Ballots; Spoiled Ballots. The ballot information, 28 29 shall, as far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided for paper ballots, except that the information may 30 31 be in vertical or horizontal rows, or on a number of separate 32 pages or displays on the marking device. Ballots for all 33 questions or propositions to be voted on should be provided

in a similar manner and must be arranged on the ballot sheet or marking device in the places provided for such purposes. Ballots shall be of white paper unless provided otherwise by administrative rule of the State Board of Elections or otherwise specified.

All propositions, including but not limited 6 to 7 a constitutional convention, propositions calling for 8 constitutional amendment, judicial retention, and public 9 measures to be voted upon shall be placed on separate portions of the ballot sheet or marking device by utilizing 10 11 borders or grey screens. Candidates shall be listed on a separate portion of the ballot sheet or marking device by 12 13 utilizing borders or grey screens. Below the name of the last candidate listed for an office shall be printed a line 14 15 or lines on which the voter may select a write-in candidate. Such line or lines shall be proximate to the-name-of-a 16 candidate-or-candidates-may-be--written--by--the--voter,--and 17 proximate-to-such-lines an area shall-be provided for marking 18 19 votes for the write-in candidate or candidates. The number of 20 write-in lines for an office shall equal the number of 21 candidates for which a voter may vote. More than one amendment to the constitution may be placed on the same 22 23 portion of the ballot sheet or marking device. Constitutional convention or constitutional amendment propositions shall be 24 25 printed or displayed on a separate portion of the ballot sheet or marking device and designated by borders or grey 26 screens, unless otherwise provided by administrative rule of 27 the State Board of Elections. More than one public measure 28 29 or proposition may be placed on the same portion of the 30 ballot sheet or marking device. More than one proposition for retention of judges in office may be placed on the same 31 32 portion of the ballot sheet or marking device. Names of candidates shall be printed in black. The party affiliation 33 of each candidate or the word "independent" shall appear near 34

1 or under the candidate's name, and the names of candidates 2 for the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office, on separate pages of the marking 3 4 device, or as otherwise approved by the State Board of Elections. In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers 5 of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance 6 7 adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution requires 8 otherwise, the listing of nonpartisan candidates shall not 9 include any party or "independent" designation. Judicial 10 retention questions and ballot questions for all public 11 measures and other propositions shall be designated by 12 borders or grey screens on the ballot or marking device. Judicial-retention-ballots-shall-be-designated-by-borders--or 13 grey--screens.---Ballots--for--all--public-measures-and-other 14 15 propositions-shall-be-designated-by-borders-or-grey--screens. 16 In primary elections, a separate ballot, or displays on the marking device, shall be used for each political party 17 holding a primary, with the ballot or marking device arranged 18 19 to include names of the candidates of the party and public measures and other propositions to be voted upon on the day 20 21 of the primary election.

If the ballot includes both candidates for office and public measures or propositions to be voted on, the election official in charge of the election shall divide the ballot <u>or</u> <u>displays on the marking device</u> in sections for "Candidates" and "Propositions", or separate ballots may be used.

Absentee ballots may consist of envelopes, paper ballots or ballot sheets voted in person in the office of the election official in charge of the election or voted by mail. Where a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology ballot is used for voting by mail it must be accompanied by voter instructions.

Any voter who spoils his or her ballot, makes an error,or has a ballot returned by the automatic tabulating

equipment may return the ballot to the judges of election and
 get another ballot.

3 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97; 89-700, eff. 1-17-97.)

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4 (10 ILCS 5/24B-8)

5 Sec. 24B-8. Preparation for Use; Comparison of Ballots; Operational Checks of Automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical 6 Scan Technology Tabulating Equipment; Pollwatchers. 7 The 8 county clerk or board of election commissioners shall cause the approved marking devices to be delivered to the polling 9 10 places. Before the opening of the polls the judges of election shall compare the ballots or displays on the marking 11 device used with the specimen ballots furnished and see that 12 the names, numbers and letters thereon agree and shall 13 certify thereto on forms provided by the county clerk or 14 15 board of election commissioners.

In addition, in those polling places where in-precinct 16 17 Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology counting 18 equipment is utilized, the judges of election shall make an operational check of the automatic Precinct 19 Tabulation 20 Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment before the opening of the polls. The judges of election shall ensure 21 that the totals are all zeroes in the count column on the 22 Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology unit. 23

Pollwatchers as provided by law shall be permitted to closely observe the judges in these procedures and to periodically inspect the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment when not in use by the voters.

28 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

29 (10 ILCS 5/24B-9)

30 Sec. 24B-9. Testing of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan 31 Technology Equipment and Program; Custody of Programs, Test 32 Materials and Ballots. Prior to the public test, the

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1 election authority shall conduct an errorless pre-test of the 2 automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 3 tabulating equipment and program and marking device to 4 determine that they will correctly detect Voting Defects and 5 count the votes cast for all offices and all measures. On any day not less than 5 days prior to the election day, the 6 7 election authority shall publicly test the automatic Precinct 8 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment and 9 program to determine that they will correctly detect Voting Defects and count the votes cast for all offices and on all 10 11 measures. Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be given at least 48 hours before the test by 12 publishing the notice in one or more newspapers within the 13 jurisdiction of the election authority, 14 election if а 15 newspaper is published in that jurisdiction. If a newspaper 16 is not published in that jurisdiction, notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in that 17 jurisdiction. Timely written notice stating the date, time, 18 and location of the public test shall also be provided to the 19 State Board of Elections. The test shall be open to 20 21 representatives of the political parties, the press, 22 representatives of the State Board of Elections, and the 23 The test shall be conducted by processing public. а preaudited group of ballots marked to record a predetermined 24 25 number of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure, and shall include for each office one or more ballots having 26 27 votes exceeding the number allowed by law to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment or marking device to 28 29 reject the votes. The test shall also include producing an 30 edit listing. In those election jurisdictions where in-precinct counting equipment is used, a public test of both 31 32 the equipment and program shall be conducted as nearly as 33 possible in the manner prescribed above. The State Board of 34 Elections may select as many election jurisdictions as the

1 Board deems advisable in the interests of the election 2 process of this State, to order a special test of the automatic tabulating equipment and program before any regular 3 4 election. The Board may order a special test in any election 5 jurisdiction where, during the preceding 12 months, computer 6 programming errors or other errors in the use of electronic 7 voting systems resulted in vote tabulation errors. Not less 8 than 30 days before any election, the State Board of 9 Elections shall provide written notice to those selected jurisdictions of their intent to conduct a test. Within 5 10 11 days of receipt of the State Board of Elections' written intent to 12 notice of conduct a test, the selected jurisdictions shall forward to the principal office of 13 the State Board of Elections a copy of all specimen ballots. 14 The State Board of Elections' tests shall 15 be conducted and 16 completed not less than 2 days before the public test utilizing testing materials supplied by the Board and under 17 the supervision of the Board, and the Board shall reimburse 18 19 the election authority for the reasonable cost of computer 20 time required to conduct the special test. After an 21 errorless test, materials used in the public test, including 22 the program, if appropriate, shall be sealed and remain 23 until the test is run again on election day. sealed If any error is detected, the cause of the error shall be determined 24 25 and corrected, and an errorless public test shall be made 26 before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. Each election authority shall file a sealed copy of each tested 27 program to be used within its jurisdiction at an election 28 with the State Board of Elections before the election. 29 The 30 Board shall secure the program or programs of each election jurisdiction so filed in its office for the 60 days following 31 32 the canvass and proclamation of election results. At the expiration of that time, if no election contest or appeal is 33 pending in an election jurisdiction, the Board shall return 34

1 the sealed program or programs to the election authority of 2 jurisdiction. Except where in-precinct counting the equipment is used, the test shall be repeated immediately 3 4 before the start of the official counting of the ballots, in 5 the same manner as set forth above. After the completion of б the count, the test shall be re-run using the same program. Immediately after the re-run, all material used in testing 7 the program and the programs shall be sealed and 8 retained 9 under the custody of the election authority for a period of At the expiration of that time the election 10 60 days. 11 authority shall destroy the voted ballots, together with all unused ballots returned from the precincts. Provided, if any 12 contest of election is pending at the time in which the 13 may be required as evidence and the election 14 ballots 15 authority has notice of the contest, the same shall not be 16 destroyed until after the contest is finally determined. Τf the use of back-up equipment becomes necessary, the same 17 testing required for the original equipment shall be 18 19 conducted.

20 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

21 (10 ILCS 5/24B-9.1)

22 24B-9.1. Examination of Votes by Electronic Sec. Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology Scanning Process. 23 24 a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology Whenever process is used to automatically examine and count the votes 25 on ballot sheets, the provisions of this Section shall apply. 26 A voter shall cast a proper vote on a ballot sheet by making 27 28 a mark, or causing a mark to be made, in the designated area 29 for the casting of a vote for any party or candidate or for or against any proposition. For this purpose, a mark is an 30 31 intentional darkening of the designated area on the ballot 32 sheet, and not an identifying mark.

33 The election authority shall provide an envelope, sleeve

1 or other device to each voter so the voter can deliver the 2 voted ballot sheet to the counting equipment and ballot box 3 without the votes indicated on the ballot sheet being visible 4 to other persons in the polling place.

5 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

6 (10 ILCS 5/24B-10)

Sec. 24B-10. Receiving, Counting, Tallying and Return of
Ballots; Acceptance of Ballots by Election Authority.

9 (a) In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an 10 electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting 11 system, the election official in charge of the election shall 12 select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving, 13 counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:

14 (1) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each 15 polling place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast on the electronic voting system; 16 and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on other 17 ballots, including absentee paper ballots and any other 18 paper ballots required to be voted other than on the 19 Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic 20 21 voting system. Ballots, except absentee ballots for 22 candidates and propositions which are listed on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic 23 24 voting system, deposited in the second ballot box shall counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere 25 be provided in this Code for the counting and handling of 26 paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the 27 polls the absentee ballots delivered to the precinct 28 29 judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that the 30 ballots comply with Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Code 31 and are entitled to be inserted into the counting 32 equipment and deposited into the ballot box provided; 33

1 those entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall 2 be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited. Those not entitled to be deposited in this 3 4 ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9 and 20-9. The precinct judges 5 of election shall then open the second ballot box and 6 7 examine all paper absentee ballots which are in the 8 ballot box to determine whether the absentee ballots bear 9 the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any absentee ballot is not so initialed, it shall be marked 10 11 on the back "Defective", initialed as to the label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not 12 counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that 13 purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". The judges 14 15 of election, consisting in each case of at least one 16 judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee ballots which 17 in such ballot box and properly initialed to 18 were determine whether the same contain write-in votes. 19 20 Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office 21 otherwise voted for on the paper absentee ballot, and 22 otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and 23 recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not 24 25 be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper absentee ballot "Objected To" on the back 26 and write on its back the manner in which the ballot is 27 counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office 28 29 shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying 30 and recording the write-in votes on absentee ballots, the 31 judges of election, consisting in each case of at least 32 one judge of election of each of the 2 major political 33 parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the 34

1 remaining valid votes on each paper absentee ballot which 2 was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical 3 the Scan 4 Technology voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent marking device or 5 equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer the 6 7 remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee 8 ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that 9 kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee 10 11 Ballot" and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial 12 number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of 13 beginning with number 1 and continuing 14 election, consecutively for the ballots of that kind 15 in that 16 precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" ballots and shall place them 17 in the first ballot box provided for return of the 18 ballots to be counted at the central counting location in 19 lieu of the paper absentee ballots. The paper absentee 20 21 ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that 22 purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots".

23 As soon as the absentee ballots have been deposited the first ballot box, the judges of election shall 24 in make out a slip indicating the number of persons who 25 voted in the precinct at the election. The slip shall be 26 signed by all the judges of election and shall be 27 inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of 28 29 election shall thereupon immediately lock the first ballot box; provided, that if the box is not of a type 30 which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed 31 with filament tape provided for the purpose that shall be 32 wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least 33 twice each way, and in a manner that the seal completely 34

covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign the seal. Two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the 7 8 electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 9 tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the 2 precinct 10 11 transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, the team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 12 13 or more are folded together to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots folded together 14 15 shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in 16 the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. 17 Ιf the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of 18 persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip 19 signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be 20 21 replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken 22 and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are 23 24 equal to the excess.

The excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not 25 Counted" and signed by the 2 precinct transport judges 26 shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective 27 and Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be 28 29 noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the 30 total of "defective" ballots. 31

32 The precinct transport judges shall then examine the 33 remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and 34 tabulate the write-in vote. 1 (2) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all 2 votes cast, shall be used. All ballots which are not to 3 be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be 4 counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in 5 this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

6 All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the 7 electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 8 voting system shall be processed as follows:

9 Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee ballots delivered to the precinct judges of 10 11 election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that such ballots 12 comply with Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Code and are 13 entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those 14 entitled to be deposited in 15 the ballot box shall be 16 initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be 17 deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" 18 and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9 and 20-9. 19 The precinct judges of election then shall open the 20 21 ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that 22 the number of ballots agree with the number of voters 23 voting as shown by the applications for ballot, or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such 24 25 ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. 26 The judges of election shall then examine all paper absentee 27 ballots and ballot envelopes which are in the ballot box 28 29 to determine whether the ballots and ballot envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. 30 Τf any ballot or ballot envelope is not initialed, it shall 31 be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to the 32 label by all judges immediately under the 33 word 34 "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope

1 provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots 2 The judges of election, consisting in each Envelope". case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 3 4 major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee ballots which were in the ballot box and properly 5 initialed to determine whether the same contain write-in 6 7 votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an 8 office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee ballot, 9 and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. 10 11 A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges 12 shall mark the paper absentee ballot "Objected To" on the 13 back and write on its back the manner the ballot 14 is 15 counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office 16 shall invalidate only the vote or count of that 17 particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee ballots, the 18 judges of election, consisting in each case of at least 19 one judge of election of each of the 2 major political 20 21 parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the 22 remaining valid votes on each paper absentee ballot which in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using 23 was the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one 24 of the marking devices of the precinct to transfer the 25 remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee 26 ballot to an official ballot of that kind used 27 in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee 28 ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" and the 29 ballot so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot", and each 30 shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed 31 thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 32 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that 33 kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall 34

initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots with all other ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee ballots. The paper absentee ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots".

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7 In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one 8 judge 9 election of each of the 2 major political parties, of shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on the 10 11 ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking 12 13 devices, or equivalent, of the precinct to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an 14 official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at that 15 16 election. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and 17 each shall bear the same serial number which shall be 18 placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with 19 number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of 20 21 that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall 22 initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. 23 The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the 24 The ballots except any 25 "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. defective or overvoted ballot shall be placed separately 26 in the box for return of the ballots, along with all 27 "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", and "Duplicate Overvoted 28 29 Ballots". The judges of election shall examine the 30 ballots to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating 31 equipment. If any ballot is damaged or defective so that 32 it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating 33 equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each 34

1 case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of 3 4 the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent, of the precinct. 5 The original ballot and ballot envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" 6 7 and the ballot so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", 8 and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed 9 thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that 10 11 kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall 12 place them in the box for return of the ballots. 13 The "Damaged Ballot" ballots shall be placed in 14 the 15 "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the 16 number of voters voting in person, number of absentee votes deposited in the ballot box, and the total number 17 of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall 18 be made out, signed by all judges of election, and 19 inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally 20 21 sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in 22 this box. The judges of election immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box 23 furnished for return of the ballots by the election 24 official in charge of the election; provided that if the 25 box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the 26 box shall be sealed with filament tape provided 27 for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise 28 29 and crosswise, at least twice each way. А separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of 30 election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to 31 cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the 32 precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as 33 provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped 34

1 around the box as provided, but in such manner that the 2 separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking 3 4 the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different 5 major political parties, shall by the most direct route 6 7 transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed 8 ballots and returns to the central counting location 9 designated by the election official in charge of the If, however, because of the lack of adequate 10 election. 11 parking facilities at the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable 12 for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered 13 directly to the central counting location, the election 14 15 official in charge of the election may designate some 16 other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the 17 boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more 18 teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 19 major political parties, designated for such purpose by 20 21 the election official in charge of elections from 22 recommendations by the appropriate political party 23 organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central 24 25 counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political 26 parties, designated for the purpose by the election 27 official in charge of elections from recommendations by 28 29 the appropriate political party organizations.

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end of each envelope signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed 1

ballots and returns.

2 At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of 3 4 the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and shall 5 open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the 6 7 number of ballots so delivered against the total number 8 of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots 9 deliver them to the technicians operating the and 10 automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies 11 between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and 12 signed by the tally judges. 13

(3) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all 14 15 votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing 16 of the polls the judges of election shall examine the absentee ballots received by the precinct judges of 17 election from the election authority of voters in that 18 precinct to determine that they comply with the 19 provisions of Sections 19-9, 20-8 and 20-9 of this Code 20 21 and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those 22 entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be 23 initialed by the precinct judges and deposited in the Those not entitled to be deposited in the 24 ballot box. 25 ballot box, in accordance with Sections 19-9, 20-8 and 20-9 of this Code shall be marked "Rejected" and 26 preserved in the manner provided in this Code 27 for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected 28 29 at such election. Immediately upon the completion of the absentee balloting, the precinct judges of election shall 30 securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box 31 is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box 32 shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the 33 purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise 34

1 and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate 2 adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to 3 4 cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as 5 provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped 6 7 around the box as provided, but in a manner that the 8 separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and 9 signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the 10 11 judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route 12 transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed 13 absentee ballots and returns to the central counting 14 15 location designated by the election official in charge of 16 the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting 17 location or for some other reason, it is impossible 18 or 19 impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the 20 central counting 21 location, the election official in charge of the election 22 may designate some other location to which the boxes 23 shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and 24 25 custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, 26 27 designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the 28 29 appropriate political party organizations. As soon as 30 possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more 31 teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 32 major political parties, designated for the purpose by 33 the election official in charge of the election from 34

recommendations by the appropriate political party
 organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one 3 4 or more teams of tally judges who possess the same qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions 5 using paper ballots. The number of the teams shall be 6 7 determined by the election authority. Each team shall 8 consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the 9 county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party 10 11 with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a 12 certified list furnished by the chairman of the county 13 central committee of the party with the second largest 14 15 number of members on the county board. At the central 16 counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that 17 the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number 18 of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot 19 and for absentee ballot; and, if the same do not agree, 20 21 the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided 22 23 by Section 17-18 of this Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets that are in the ballot box 24 25 to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not 26 initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", 27 initialed as to that label by all tally 28 judges 29 immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, 30 but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". Write-in votes, 31 not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for 32 on the absentee ballot sheet, and otherwise properly 33 34 voted, shall be counted, tallied, and recorded by the 1 central counting location judges on the tally sheet 2 provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that 3 4 office, but the tally judges shall mark the absentee ballot sheet "Objected To" and write the manner in which 5 the ballot is counted on its back and initial the sheet. 6 7 An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count for that particular office. 8

9 At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of 10 11 the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the 12 technicians operating the automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating 13 equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total 14 15 number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for 16 that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(b) Regardless of which procedure 17 described in subsection (a) of this Section is used, the judges of 18 election designated to transport the ballots properly signed 19 and sealed, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to 20 21 the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the 22 polls close. At the central counting station, a team of 23 tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and 24 25 shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (a) of this Section 26 until the judges transporting the ballots make and sign the 27 Upon acceptance of the ballots by a 28 necessary corrections. 29 team of tally judges at the central counting station, the 30 election judges transporting the ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and 31 32 stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election 33 judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in 34 the event the ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper

request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above
 provided.

3 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

4 (10 ILCS 5/24B-10.1)

5 Sec. 24B-10.1. In-Precinct Counting Equipment; Procedures for Counting and Tallying Ballots. In an election 6 7 jurisdiction where Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan 8 Technology counting equipment is used, the following procedures for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply: 9

10 Before the opening of the polls, and before the ballots are entered into the automatic tabulating equipment, the 11 judges of election shall be sure that the totals are all 12 zeros in the counting column. Ballots may then be counted by 13 14 entering <u>or scanning</u> each ballot into the automatic 15 tabulating equipment. Throughout the election day and before the closing of the polls, no person may check any vote totals 16 17 for any candidate or proposition on the automatic tabulating 18 equipment. Such automatic tabulating equipment shall be programmed so that no person may reset the equipment for 19 20 refeeding of ballots unless provided a code from an authorized representative of the election authority. At the 21 22 option of the election authority, the ballots may be fed into the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment by 23 24 the voters under the direct supervision of the judges of 25 elections.

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee 26 ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the 27 election authority shall be examined to determine that 28 the 29 ballots comply with Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be scanned by the Precinct Tabulation Optical 30 31 Scan Technology equipment and then deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be scanned and deposited in the ballot 32 box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and 33

1 then scanned and deposited in the ballot box. Those not 2 entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked 3 "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19-9 4 and 20-9.

5 The precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box б and count the number of ballots to determine if the number 7 agrees with the number of voters voting as shown on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment and by 8 9 the applications for ballot or, if the same do not agree, the judges of election shall make the ballots agree with the 10 11 applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section The judges of election shall then 12 17-18 of this Code. examine all ballots which are in the ballot box to determine 13 whether the ballots contain the initials of a precinct judge 14 15 of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by 16 all judges immediately under the word "Defective" and not 17 counted. The judges of election shall place an initialed 18 19 blank official ballot in the place of the defective ballot, so that the count of the ballots to be counted on the 20 21 automatic tabulating equipment will be the same, and each "Defective Ballot" and "Replacement" ballot shall contain the 22 23 same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing 24 25 consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The original "Defective" ballot shall be placed in the 26 "Defective Ballot Envelope" provided for that purpose. 27

If the judges of election have removed a ballot pursuant to Section 17-18, have labeled "Defective" a ballot which is not initialed, or have otherwise determined under this Code to not count a ballot originally deposited into a ballot box, the judges of election shall be sure that the totals on the automatic tabulating equipment are reset to all zeros in the counting column. Thereafter the judges of election shall 1 enter or otherwise scan each ballot to be counted in the 2 automatic tabulating equipment. Resetting the automatic tabulating equipment to all zeros and re-entering of ballots 3 4 to be counted may occur at the precinct polling place, the 5 office of the election authority, or any receiving station б designated by the election authority. The election authority 7 shall designate the place for resetting and re-entering or 8 re-scanning.

9 When a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system is used which uses a paper ballot, 10 11 the judges of election shall examine the ballot for write-in votes. When the voter has cast a write-in vote, the judges 12 of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on 13 the ballot to determine whether the write-in results in an 14 15 overvote for any office, unless the Precinct Tabulation 16 Optical Scan Technology equipment has already done so. Τn case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, 17 consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of 18 each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true 19 duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot except for the 20 21 office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the 22 precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent, of 23 the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter, except for the office overvoted, to a duplicate ballot. 24 The 25 original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each such "Overvoted 26 Ballot" as well as its "Replacement" shall contain the 27 same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of 28 29 election, beginning with number 1 and continuing 30 consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The "Overvoted Ballot" shall be placed in an envelope 31 provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballot" 32 envelope, and the judges of election shall initial the 33 34 "Replacement" ballots and shall place them with the other

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ballots to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment.

2 If any ballot is damaged or defective, or if any ballot contains a Voting Defect, so that it cannot properly be 3 4 counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the voter or the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least 5 б one judge of election of each of the 2 major political 7 parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on 8 such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of 9 the marking devices of the precinct, or equivalent. Τf а damaged ballot, the original ballot shall be clearly labeled 10 11 "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be 12 clearly labeled "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall 13 contain the same serial number which shall be placed by the 14 15 judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing 16 consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged 17 Ballot" ballot and shall enter or otherwise scan the 18 19 duplicate damaged ballot into the automatic tabulating equipment. 20 The "Damaged Ballots" shall be placed in the 21 "Duplicated Ballots" envelope; after all ballots have been 22 successfully read, the judges of election shall check to make 23 certain that the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment readout agrees with the number of voters making 24 25 application for ballot in that precinct. The number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the 26 election authority. 27

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be generated by the automatic tabulating equipment; one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place 1 to observe the counting of ballots; but in no case shall the 2 number of copies to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. 3 In 4 addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of 5 election to the pollwatchers to allow them to сору б information from the copy which has been posted.

7 The judges of election shall count all unused ballots and 8 enter the number on the "Statement of Ballots". All 9 "Spoiled", "Defective" and "Duplicated" ballots shall be 10 counted and the number entered on the "Statement of Ballots".

election shall select a judges 11 The precinct of bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return 12 the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other 13 election materials as instructed by the election authority; 14 15 provided, however, that such container must first be sealed 16 by the election judges with filament tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the purpose which shall be 17 wrapped around the container lengthwise and crosswise, 18 at. 19 least twice each way, in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from the container without breaking the seal and 20 21 filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container, or which other approved 22 23 sealing devices are affixed in a manner approved by the election authority. The election authority shall keep 24 the 25 office of the election authority or any receiving stations designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive 26 hours after the polls close or until the ballots from all 27 precincts with in-precinct counting equipment within the 28 jurisdiction of the election authority have been returned 29 to 30 the election authority. Ballots returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as 31 required by law shall not be accepted by the election 32 authority until the judges returning the ballots make and 33 sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the 34

1 ballots by the election authority, the judges returning the 2 ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of the return. 3 The 4 election judges whose duty it is to return any ballots as provided shall, in the event the ballots cannot be found when 5 needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are 6 7 to take as above provided. The precinct judges of election 8 shall also deliver the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment to the election authority. 9

10 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

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(10 ILCS 5/24B-15)

Official Return of Precinct; Check of 12 Sec. 24B-15. Totals; Retabulation. The precinct return printed by the 13 14 automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 15 tabulating equipment shall include the number of ballots cast and votes cast for each candidate and proposition and shall 16 17 constitute the official return of each precinct. Τn addition to the precinct return, the election authority shall 18 provide the number of applications for ballots in each 19 20 precinct, the write-in votes, the total number of ballots counted in each precinct for each political subdivision and 21 22 district and the number of registered voters in each precinct. However, the election authority shall check the 23 24 totals shown by the precinct return and, if there is an obvious discrepancy regarding the total number of votes cast 25 in any precinct, shall have the ballots for that precinct 26 retabulated to correct the return. The procedures 27 for 28 retabulation shall apply prior to and after the proclamation 29 is completed; however, after the proclamation of results, the election authority must obtain a court order to unseal voted 30 31 ballots except for election contests and discovery recounts. 32 In those election jurisdictions that use in-precinct counting 33 equipment, the certificate of results, which has been

1 prepared by the judges of election in the polling place after 2 the ballots have been tabulated, shall be the document used for the canvass of votes for such precinct. 3 Whenever a 4 discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes between the 5 unofficial results and the certificate of results, or 6 whenever a discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes 7 between the certificate of results and the set of totals which has been affixed to the certificate of results, the 8 9 ballots for that precinct shall be retabulated to correct the return. As an additional part of this check prior to the 10 11 proclamation, in those jurisdictions where in-precinct counting equipment is used, the election authority shall 12 retabulate the total number of votes cast in 5% of the 13 precincts within the election jurisdiction. The precincts to 14 15 be retabulated shall be selected after election day on a random basis by the election authority, so that 16 everv the election jurisdiction has an equal 17 precinct in mathematical chance of being selected. The State Board of 18 19 Elections shall design a standard and scientific random 20 method of selecting the precincts which are to be 21 retabulated, and the election authority shall be required to 22 use that method. The State Board of Elections, the State's 23 Attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the county chairman of each established political party and 24 25 qualified civic organizations shall be given prior written notice of the time and place of the random selection 26 procedure and may be represented at the procedure. 27 The retabulation shall consist of counting the ballots which were 28 originally counted and shall not involve any determination of 29 30 which ballots were, in fact, properly counted. The ballots from the precincts selected for the retabulation shall remain 31 32 at all times under the custody and control of the election authority and shall be transported and retabulated by the 33 designated staff of the election authority. 34

1 As part of the retabulation, the election authority shall 2 test the computer program in the selected precincts. The test shall be conducted by processing a preaudited group of 3 4 ballots marked to record a predetermined number of valid 5 votes for each candidate and on each public question, and б shall include for each office one or more ballots which have 7 votes in excess of the number allowed by law to test the 8 ability of the equipment and the marking device to reject such votes. If any error is detected, the cause shall be 9 determined and corrected, and an errorless count shall be 10 11 made prior to the official canvass and proclamation of election results. 12

13 The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and 14 other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the county 15 chairman of each established political party and qualified 16 civic organizations shall be given prior written notice of 17 the time and place of the retabulation and may be represented 18 at the retabulation.

19 The results of this retabulation shall be treated in the same manner and have the same effect as the results of the 20 discovery procedures set forth in Section 22-9.1 of this 21 22 Code. Upon completion of the retabulation, the election 23 authority shall print a comparison of the results of the retabulation with the original precinct return printed by the 24 25 automatic tabulating equipment. The comparison shall be done for each precinct and for each office voted upon within that 26 precinct, and the comparisons shall be open to the public. 27 Upon completion of the retabulation, the returns shall be 28 29 open to the public.

30 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97; 89-700, eff. 1-17-97.)

31 (10 ILCS 5/24B-18)

32 Sec. 24B-18. Specimen Ballots; Publication. When an 33 electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting -31- LRB093 07599 JAM 07778 b

1 system is used, the election authority shall cause to be 2 published, at least 5 days before the day of each general and general primary election, in 2 or more newspapers published 3 4 in and having a general circulation in the county, a true and 5 legible copy of the specimen ballot containing-the-names-of 6 offices-and-candidates-and-statements-of-measures-to-be-voted 7 on,-as-near-as-may-be,-in-the-form-in-which-they-will--appear on--the--official-ballot-on-election-day. A true legible copy 8 9 may be in the form of an actual size ballot and shall be published as required by this Section if distributed in 2 or 10 11 more newspapers published and having a general circulation in the county as an insert. For each election prescribed in 12 Article 2A of this Code, specimen ballots shall be made 13 available for public distribution and shall be supplied to 14 the judges of election for posting in the polling place on 15 16 the day of election. Notice for the nonpartisan and consolidated elections shall be given as provided in Article 17 18 12.

19 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.