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- 1 AN ACT concerning education.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
- 5 Section 14-8.02 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/14-8.02) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-8.02)
- 7 Sec. 14-8.02. Identification, Evaluation and Placement
- 8 of Children. (a) The State Board of Education shall make rules under 9 which local school boards shall determine the eligibility of 10 children to receive special education. Such rules shall 11 12 ensure that a free appropriate public education be available 13 to all children with disabilities as defined in Section 14-1.02. The State Board of Education shall require local 14 school districts to administer non-discriminatory procedures 15 16 or tests to limited English proficiency students coming from homes in which a language other than English is used to 17 determine their eligibility to receive special education. 18 The placement of low English proficiency students in special 19 20 education programs and facilities shall be made in accordance with the test results reflecting the student's linguistic, 21 22 cultural and special education needs. For purposes of determining the eligibility of children the State Board of 23 Education shall include in the rules definitions of "case 24 "staff conference", "individualized educational study", 25 26 program", and "qualified specialist" appropriate to each 27 category of children with disabilities as defined in this Article. For purposes of determining the eligibility of 28

children from homes in which a language other than English is

used, the State Board of Education, no later than September

1, 1993, shall include in the rules definitions for

- 1 "qualified bilingual specialists" and "linguistically and
- 2 culturally appropriate individualized educational programs".
- 3 In this Section, "parent" includes a foster parent.
- 4 No child shall be eligible for special education (b) 5 facilities except with a carefully completed case study fully 6 reviewed by professional personnel in a multidisciplinary 7 staff conference and only upon the recommendation of qualified specialists or a qualified bilingual specialist, if 8 9 available. At the conclusion of the multidisciplinary staff conference, the parent or guardian of the child shall be 10 11 given a copy of the multidisciplinary conference summary and recommendations, which 12 report includes options considered, and be informed of their right to obtain an 13 independent educational evaluation if they disagree with the 14 evaluation findings conducted or obtained by the school 15 16 district. If the school district's evaluation is shown to be inappropriate, the school district shall reimburse the parent 17 for the cost of the independent evaluation. The State Board 18 19 of Education shall, with advice from the State Advisory Council on Education of Children with Disabilities on the 20 21 inclusion of specific independent educational evaluators, 22 prepare a list of suggested independent educational 23 evaluators. The State Board of Education shall include on the list clinical psychologists licensed pursuant to the Clinical 24 25 Psychologist Licensing Act. Such psychologists shall not be paid fees in excess of the amount that would be received by a 26 school psychologist for performing the same services. 27 State Board of Education shall supply school districts with 28 such list and make the list available to parents at their 29 30 request. School districts shall make the list available to parents at the time they are informed of their right to 31 32 obtain an independent educational evaluation. However, the school district may initiate an impartial due process hearing 33 under this Section within 5 days of any written parent or 34

guardian request for an independent educational evaluation to 2 show that its evaluation is appropriate. If the final decision is that the evaluation is appropriate, the parent 3 4 still has a right to an independent educational evaluation, 5 not at public expense. An independent educational evaluation at public expense must be completed within 30 days 6 7 of a parent or guardian written request unless the school 8 district initiates an impartial due process hearing or the 9 parent or guardian or school district offers reasonable grounds to show that such 30 day time period should be 10 11 extended. If the due process hearing decision indicates that 12 parent or guardian is entitled to an independent educational evaluation, it must be completed within 13 30 the decision unless the parent or guardian or the school 14 district offers reasonable grounds to show that such 15 16 period should be extended. If a parent disagrees with the summary report or recommendations of the multidisciplinary 17 conference or the findings of any educational evaluation 18 19 which results therefrom, the school district shall not proceed with a placement based upon such evaluation and the 20 21 child shall remain in his or her regular classroom setting. No child shall be eligible for admission to a special class 22 23 for the educable mentally disabled or for the trainable mentally disabled except with a psychological evaluation and 24 25 recommendation by a school psychologist. Consent shall be obtained from the parent or guardian of a child before any 26 evaluation is conducted. If consent is not given by the 27 parent or guardian or if the parent or guardian disagrees 28 29 with the findings of the evaluation, then the school district 30 may initiate an impartial due process hearing under this Section. The school district may evaluate the child if that 31 32 is the decision resulting from the impartial due process hearing and the decision is not appealed or if the decision 33 34 is affirmed on appeal. The determination of eligibility shall

1 be made within 60 school days from the date of referral by 2 school authorities for evaluation by the district or date of application for admittance by the parent or guardian of the 3 4 child. In those instances when students are referred for 5 evaluation with fewer than 60 pupil attendance days left in б the school year, the eligibility determination shall be made 7 prior to the first day of the following school year. After a 8 child has been determined to be eligible for a special 9 education class, such child must be placed in the appropriate program pursuant to the individualized educational program by 10 11 or no later than the beginning of the next school semester. appropriate program pursuant to the individualized 12 educational program of students whose native tongue 13 other than English shall reflect the special 14 education, cultural and linguistic needs. 15 No later than 16 1993, the State Board of Education shall establish standards for the development, implementation and 17 monitoring of appropriate bilingual special individualized 18 19 educational programs. The State Board of Education shall further incorporate appropriate monitoring procedures to 20 2.1 verify implementation of these standards. The district shall 22 indicate to the parent or guardian and the State Board of 23 Education the nature of the services the child will receive for the regular school term while waiting placement in 24 25 appropriate special education class. 26 If the child is deaf, hard of hearing, blind, or visually impaired and he or she might be eliqible to receive services 27 from the Illinois School for the Deaf or the Illinois School 28 for the Visually Impaired, the school district shall notify 29 the parents or guardian, in writing, of the existence of 30 31 these schools and the services they provide. This 32 notification shall include without limitation information on school services, school admissions criteria, and school 33 34 contact information.

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1 If the student may be eligible to participate in the 2 Home-Based Support Services Program for Mentally Disabled Adults authorized under the Developmental Disability and 3 4 Mental Disability Services Act upon becoming an adult, the 5 student's individualized education program shall include б plans for (i) determining the student's eligibility for those 7 home-based services, (ii) enrolling the student in the program of home-based services, and (iii) developing a plan 8 9 for the student's most effective use of the home-based services after the student becomes an adult and no longer 10 11 receives special educational services under this Article. The plans developed under this paragraph shall include 12 specific actions to be taken by specified individuals, 13 agencies, or officials. 14

In the development of the individualized education program for a student who is functionally blind, it shall be presumed that proficiency in Braille reading and writing is essential for the student's satisfactory educational For purposes of this subsection, the State Board progress. of Education shall determine the criteria for a student to be classified as functionally blind. Students who are not currently identified as functionally blind who are also entitled to Braille instruction include: (i) those whose vision loss is so severe that they are unable to read and write at a level comparable to their peers solely through the use of vision, and (ii) those who show evidence vision loss that may result in functional progressive blindness. Each student who is functionally blind shall entitled to Braille reading and writing instruction that is sufficient to enable the student to communicate with the same level of proficiency as other students of comparable ability. Instruction should be provided to the extent that the student is physically and cognitively able to use Braille. Braille instruction may be used in combination with other special

- 1 education services appropriate to the student's educational
- 2 The assessment of each student who is functionally
- 3 blind for the purpose of developing the student's
- 4 individualized education program shall include documentation
- of the student's strengths and weaknesses in Braille skills. 5
- 6 person assisting in the development the
- 7 individualized education program for a student who is
- functionally blind shall receive information describing the 8
- 9 benefits of Braille instruction. The individualized
- education program for each student who is functionally blind 10
- 11 shall specify the appropriate learning medium or media based
- 12 on the assessment report.
- 13 (d) To the maximum extent appropriate, the placement shall provide the child with the opportunity to be educated 14 with children who are not disabled; provided that children 15 16 with disabilities who are recommended to be placed into regular education classrooms are provided with supplementary 17 services to assist the children with disabilities to benefit 18 19 from the regular classroom instruction and are included on the teacher's regular education class register. 20 Subject to 2.1 the limitation of the preceding sentence, placement 22 special classes, separate schools or other removal of the 23 disabled child from the regular educational environment shall occur only when the nature of the severity of the disability 24 25 is such that education in the regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved 26 satisfactorily. The placement of limited English proficiency 27 students with disabilities shall be in 28 non-restrictive 29 environments which provide for integration with non-disabled 30 peers in bilingual classrooms. By January 1993 and annually thereafter, school districts shall report data on students 31 32 from non-English speaking backgrounds receiving special education and related services in public and private 33 facilities as prescribed in Section 2-3.30. If there is a

1 disagreement between parties involved regarding the special

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- 2 education placement of any child, either in-state or
- 3 out-of-state, the placement is subject to impartial due
- 4 process procedures described in Article 10 of the Rules and
- 5 Regulations to Govern the Administration and Operation of
- 6 Special Education.
- 7 (e) No child who comes from a home in which a language
- 8 other than English is the principal language used may be
- 9 assigned to any class or program under this Article until he
- 10 has been given, in the principal language used by the child
- 11 and used in his home, tests reasonably related to his
- 12 cultural environment. All testing and evaluation materials
- and procedures utilized for evaluation and placement shall
- 14 not be linguistically, racially or culturally discriminatory.
- 15 (f) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to
- 16 require any child to undergo any physical examination or
- 17 medical treatment whose parents or guardian object thereto on
- 18 the grounds that such examination or treatment conflicts with
- 19 his religious beliefs.
- 20 (g) School boards or their designee shall provide to the
- 21 parents or guardian of a child prior written notice of any
- decision (a) proposing to initiate or change, or (b) refusing
- 23 to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or
- 24 educational placement of the child or the provision of a free
- 25 appropriate public education to their child, and the reasons
- 26 therefor. Such written notification shall also inform the
- 27 parent or guardian of the opportunity to present complaints
- 28 with respect to any matter relating to the educational
- 29 placement of the student, or the provision of a free
- 30 appropriate public education and to have an impartial due
- 31 process hearing on the complaint. The notice shall inform
- 32 the parents or guardian in the parents' or guardian's native
- 33 language, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so, of
- 34 their rights and all procedures available pursuant to this

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1 Act and federal law 94-142; it shall be the responsibility of 2 the State Superintendent to develop uniform notices setting forth the procedures available under this Act and federal law 3 4 94-142 to be used by all school boards. The notice shall 5 also inform the parents or guardian of the availability upon 6 request of a list of free or low-cost legal and other relevant services available locally to 7 assist parents or 8 guardians in initiating an impartial due process hearing. 9 Any parent or guardian who is deaf, or does not normally communicate using spoken English, who participates in 10 11 meeting with a representative of a local educational agency for the purposes of developing an individualized educational 12 program shall be entitled to the services of an interpreter. 13 A Level I due process hearing, hereinafter referred 14 15 as the hearing, shall be conducted upon the request of 16 parents or guardian or local school board by an impartial hearing officer appointed as follows: If the request is made 17 through the local school district, within 5 school days of 18 receipt of the request, the local school district shall 19 forward the request to the State Superintendent. 20 2.1 days after receiving this request of hearing, the State Board of Education shall provide a list of 5 prospective, impartial 22 23 hearing officers. The State Board of Education, by rule or regulation, shall establish criteria for determining which 24

Within 5 persons can be included on such a list of prospective hearing officers. No one on the list may be a resident of the school 2 of the 5 prospective hearing district. No more than officers shall be gainfully employed by or administratively connected with any school district, or any joint agreement or cooperative program in which school districts participate. In addition, no more than 2 of the 5 prospective hearing officers shall be gainfully employed by or administratively connected with private providers of special education services. The State Board of Education shall actively

1 recruit applicants for hearing officer positions. The board 2 and the parents or guardian or their legal representatives within 5 days shall alternately strike one name from the list 3 4 until only one name remains. The parents or guardian shall 5 have the right to proceed first with the striking. The per б diem allowance for the hearing officer shall be established 7 and paid by the State Board of Education. The hearing shall 8 be closed to the public except that the parents or guardian 9 may require that the hearing be public. The hearing officer shall not be an employee of the school district, an employee 10 11 in any joint agreement or cooperative program in which the 12 district participates, or any other agency or organization that is directly involved in the diagnosis, education or care 13 of the student or the State Board of Education. All impartial 14 15 hearing officers shall be adequately trained in federal and 16 state law, rules and regulations and case law regarding special education. The State Board of Education shall use 17 resources from within and outside the agency for the purposes 18 19 of conducting this training. The impartial hearing officer shall have the authority to require additional information or 20 2.1 evidence where he or she deems it necessary to make a 22 complete record and may order an independent evaluation of 23 the child, the cost of said evaluation to be paid by the local school district. Such hearing shall not be considered 24 25 adversary in nature, but shall be directed toward bringing out all facts necessary for the impartial hearing officer to 26 render an informed decision. The State Board of Education 27 shall, with the advice and approval of the Advisory Council 28 on Education of Children with Disabilities, promulgate rules 29 30 and regulations to establish the qualifications of the hearing officers and the rules and procedure for such 31 32 hearings. The school district shall present evidence that the special education needs of the 33 child have been appropriately identified and that the special education 34

program and related services proposed to meet the needs of 2 the child are adequate, appropriate and available. Any party to the hearing shall have the right to: (a) be represented by 3 4 counsel and be accompanied and advised by individuals with special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of 5 б children with disabilities at the party's own expense; 7 present evidence and confront and cross-examine witnesses; (c) prohibit the introduction of any evidence at the hearing 8 9 that has not been disclosed to that party at least 5 days before the hearing; (d) obtain a written or electronic 10 11 verbatim record of the hearing; (e) obtain written findings of fact and a written decision. The student shall be allowed 12 to attend the hearing unless the hearing officer finds that 13 attendance is not in the child's best interest or detrimental 14 15 to the child. The hearing officer shall specify in the 16 findings the reasons for denying attendance by the student. officer, or the State Superintendent in 17 hearing connection with State level hearings, may subpoena and compel 18 19 the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence reasonably necessary to the resolution of the hearing. 20 21 subpoena may be issued upon request of any party. The State Board of Education and the school board shall share equally 22 23 the costs of providing a written or electronic record of proceedings. Such record shall be transcribed and transmitted 24 25 to the State Superintendent no later than 10 days after receipt of notice of appeal. The hearing officer shall 26 render a decision and shall submit a copy of the findings of 27 fact and decision to the parent or guardian and to the local 28 29 school board within 10 school days after the conclusion of 30 the hearing. The hearing officer may continue the hearing in order to obtain additional information, 31 and, at the conclusion of the hearing, shall issue a decision based on 32 the record which specifies the special education and related 33 34 services which shall be provided to the child in accordance

- with the child's needs. The hearing officer's decision shall
- 2 be binding upon the local school board and the parent unless
- 3 such decision is appealed pursuant to the provisions of this
- 4 Section.

(i) Any party aggrieved by the decision may appeal the 5 б hearing officer's decision to the State Board of Education 7 and shall serve copies of the notice of such appeal on the State Superintendent and on all other parties. 8 The review 9 referred to in this Section shall be known as the Level II review. The State Board of Education shall provide a list of 10 11 5 prospective, impartial reviewing officers. No reviewing officer shall be an employee of the State Board of Education 12 or gainfully employed by or administratively connected with 13 the school district, joint agreement or cooperative program 14 15 which is a party to this review. Each person on the list 16 shall be accredited by a national arbitration organization. The per diem allowance for the review officers shall be paid 17 by the State Board of Education and may not exceed \$250. All 18 19 reviewing officers on the list provided by the State Board of Education shall be trained in federal and state law, rules 20 21 and regulations and case law regarding special education. The State Board of Education shall use resources from within 22 23 and outside the agency for the purposes of conducting this training. No one on the list may be a resident of the school 24 25 district. The board and the parents or guardian or other legal representatives within 5 days shall alternately strike 26 one name from the list until only one name remains. 27 parents or guardian shall have the right to proceed first 28 29 with the striking. The reviewing officer so selected shall 30 conduct an impartial review of the Level I hearing and may issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses at such 31 review. The parties to the appeal shall be afforded the 32 opportunity to present oral argument and additional evidence 33

at the review. Upon completion of the review the reviewing

- officer shall render a decision and shall provide a copy of the decision to all parties.
- (j) No later than 30 days after receipt of notice of 3 4 appeal, a final decision shall be reached and a copy mailed to each of the parties. A reviewing officer may grant 5 specific extensions of time beyond the 30-day deadline at the 6 7 request of either party. If a Level II hearing is convened the final decision of a Level II hearing officer shall occur 8 9 no more than 30 days following receipt of a notice of appeal, unless an extension of time is granted by the hearing officer 10 11 at the request of either party. The State Board of Education establish rules and regulations delineating the 12 shall standards to be used in determining whether the reviewing 13 officer shall grant such extensions. Each hearing and each 14 15 review involving oral argument must be conducted at a time 16 and place which are reasonably convenient to the parents and the child involved. 17
- Any party aggrieved by the decision of the reviewing 18 19 officer, including the parent or guardian, shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint 20 21 presented pursuant to this Section, which action may be brought in any circuit court of competent jurisdiction within 22 23 120 days after a copy of the decision is mailed to the party as provided in subsection (j). The civil action provided 24 25 above shall not be exclusive of any rights or causes of action otherwise available. The commencement of a civil 26 action under subsection (k) of this Section shall operate as 27 a supersedeas. In any action brought under this Section the 28 29 shall receive the records of the administrative 30 proceedings, shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party, and basing its decision on the preponderance of the 31 32 evidence shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate. In any instance where a school 33 district 34 willfully disregards applicable regulations or statutes

- 1 regarding a child covered by this Article, and which
- 2 disregard has been detrimental to the child, the school
- 3 district shall be liable for any reasonable attorney's fees
- 4 incurred by the parent or guardian in connection with
- 5 proceedings under this Section.
- 6 (1) During the pendency of any proceedings conducted
- 7 pursuant to this Section, unless the State Superintendent of
- 8 Education, or the school district and the parents or guardian
- 9 otherwise agree, the student shall remain in the then current
- 10 educational placement of such student, or if applying for
- 11 initial admission to the school district, shall, with the
- 12 consent of the parents or guardian, be placed in the school
- 13 district program until all such proceedings have been
- 14 completed. The costs for any special education and related
- 15 services or placement incurred following 60 school days after
- 16 the initial request for evaluation shall be borne by the
- 17 school district if such services or placement are in
- 18 accordance with the final determination as to the special
- 19 education and related services or placement which must be
- 20 provided to the child, provided however that in said 60 day
- 21 period there have been no delays caused by the child's parent
- 22 or guardian.
- 23 (m) Whenever (i) the parents or guardian of a child of
- 24 the type described in Section 14-1.02 are not known or are
- unavailable or (ii) the child is a ward of the State residing
- in a residential facility, a person shall be assigned to
- 27 serve as surrogate parent for the child in matters relating
- 28 to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement
- of the child and the provision of a free appropriate public
- 30 education to the child. Surrogate parents shall be assigned
- 31 by the State Superintendent of Education. The State Board of
- 32 Education shall promulgate rules and regulations establishing
- 33 qualifications of such persons and their responsibilities and
- 34 the procedures to be followed in making such assignments.

- 1 Such surrogate parents shall not be employees of the school
- 2 district, an agency created by joint agreement under Section
- 3 10-22.31, an agency involved in the education or care of the
- 4 student, or the State Board of Education. For a child who is
- 5 a ward of the State residing in a residential facility, the
- 6 surrogate parent may be an employee of a nonpublic agency
- 7 that provides only non-educational care. Services of any
- 8 person assigned as surrogate parent shall terminate if the
- 9 parent or guardian becomes available unless otherwise
- 10 requested by the parents or guardian. The assignment of a
- 11 person as surrogate parent at no time supersedes, terminates,
- 12 or suspends the parents' or guardian's legal authority
- 13 relative to the child. Any person participating in good
- 14 faith as surrogate parent on behalf of the child before
- 15 school officials or a hearing officer shall have immunity
- 16 from civil or criminal liability that otherwise might result
- 17 by reason of such participation, except in cases of willful
- 18 and wanton misconduct.
- 19 (n) At all stages of the hearing the hearing officer
- 20 shall require that interpreters be made available by the
- local school district for persons who are deaf or for persons
- 22 whose normally spoken language is other than English.
- 23 (o) Whenever a person refuses to comply with any
- 24 subpoena issued under this Section, the circuit court of the
- 25 county in which such hearing is pending, on application of
- 26 the State Superintendent of Education or the party who
- 27 requested issuance of the subpoena may compel obedience by
- 28 attachment proceedings as for contempt, as in a case of
- 29 disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena from such
- 30 court for refusal to testify therein.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 91-784, eff. 6-9-00.)
- 32 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 33 Section 8.27 as follows:

- (30 ILCS 805/8.27 new) 1
- Sec. 8.27. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 2
- 3 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required
- 4 for the implementation of any mandate created by this
- amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. 5
- 6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 7 becoming law.