- 1 AN ACT concerning taxes.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 15-65 and 15-95 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-65)
- 7 Sec. 15-65. Charitable purposes. All property of the
- 8 following is exempt when actually and exclusively used for
- 9 charitable or beneficent purposes, and not leased or
- 10 otherwise used with a view to profit:
- 11 (a) Institutions of public charity.
- 12 (b) Beneficent and charitable organizations 13 incorporated in any state of the United States, including organizations whose owner, and no other person, uses the 14 15 property exclusively for the distribution, sale, or 16 resale of donated goods and related activities and uses all the income from those activities to support the 17 charitable, religious or beneficent activities of the 18 owner, whether or not such activities occur on the 19
- 20 property.
- (c) Old people's homes, facilities for persons with 21 22 developmental disability, and not-for-profit organizations providing services or facilities related to 23 goals of 24 the educational, social and physical development, if, upon making application for 25 exemption, the applicant provides affirmative evidence 26 27 that the home or facility or organization is an exempt organization under paragraph (3) of Section 501(c) of the 28 29 Internal Revenue Code or its successor, and either: (i)
- 30 the bylaws of the home or facility or not-for-profit
- organization provide for a waiver or reduction, based on

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an individual's ability to pay, of any entrance fee, assignment of assets, or fee for services, or (ii) the home or facility is qualified, built or financed under Section 202 of the National Housing Act of 1959, as amended.

An applicant that has been granted an exemption under this subsection on the basis that its bylaws provide for a waiver or reduction, based on an individual's ability to pay, of any entrance fee, assignment of assets, or fee for services may be periodically reviewed by the Department to determine if the waiver or reduction was a past policy or is a current policy. The Department may revoke the exemption if it finds that the policy for waiver or reduction is no longer current.

If a not-for-profit organization leases property that is otherwise exempt under this subsection to an organization that conducts an activity on the leased premises that would entitle the lessee to an exemption from real estate taxes if the lessee were the owner of the property, then the leased property is exempt.

(d) Not-for-profit health maintenance organizations certified by the Director of the Illinois Department of Insurance under the Health Maintenance Organization Act, including any health maintenance organization that provides services to members at prepaid rates approved by the Illinois Department of Insurance if the membership of the organization is sufficiently large or of indefinite classes so that the community is benefited by No exemption shall apply to any hospital or operation. health maintenance organization which has been adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction to have denied admission to any person because of race, color, creed, sex or national origin.

- (e) All free public libraries.
 - (f) Historical societies.

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(g) All public housing residential rental property subject to a regulatory and operating agreement approved by the housing authority and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, if legal title is held (i) by an entity that is organized solely to hold the title and that qualifies under paragraph (2) of Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code or its successor or (ii) by an entity that is (A) organized as a partnership, in which the charitable organization or an affiliate or subsidiary of the charitable organization is a general partner, for the purposes of owning and operating public housing residential rental property that has received an allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for up to 100% of the public housing dwelling units and (B) under an Annual Contributions Contract with the Department of Housing and Urban Development. If a not-for-profit organization leases property that is otherwise exempt under this subsection (g) to an organization that conducts an activity on the leased premises that would entitle the lessee to an exemption from real estate taxes if the lessee were the owner of the property, then the <u>leased property is exempt.</u>

Property otherwise qualifying for an exemption under this Section shall not lose its exemption because the legal title is held (i) by an entity that is organized solely to hold that title and that qualifies under paragraph (2) of Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code or its successor, whether or not that entity receives rent from the charitable organization for the repair and maintenance of the property, (ii) by an entity that is organized as a partnership, in which the charitable organization, or an affiliate or subsidiary of the charitable organization, is a general

1 partner, for the purposes of owning and 2 residential rental property that has received an allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for up to 100% of 3 4 dwelling units under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code 5 of 1986, or (iii) for any assessment year including and 6 subsequent to January 1, 1996 for which an application for 7 exemption has been filed and a decision on which has not 8 become final and nonappealable, by a limited liability 9 company organized under the Limited Liability Company Act provided that (A) the limited liability company receives a 10 11 notification from the Internal Revenue Service that it qualifies under paragraph (2) or (3) of Section 501(c) of the 12 Internal Revenue Code; (B) the limited liability company's 13 sole members, as that term is used in Section 1-5 of 14 15 Limited Liability Company Act, are the institutions of public 16 charity that actually and exclusively use the property for charitable and beneficent purposes; and (C) the limited 17 liability company does not lease the property or otherwise 18 19 use it with a view to profit. (Source: P.A. 91-416, eff. 8-6-99; 92-382, eff. 8-16-01.)

(35 ILCS 200/15-95)

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22 Sec. 15-95. Housing authorities. All property of housing authorities created under the Housing Authorities Act 23 24 if the property and improvements are used for low exempt, 25 rent housing and related uses. This exemption includes public 26 housing residential rental property subject to a regulatory and operating agreement approved by the housing authority and 2.7 the Department of Housing and Urban Development, if legal 28 title is held (i) by an entity that is organized solely to 29 30 hold the title and that qualifies under paragraph (2) of Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code or its successor 31 or (ii) by an entity that is (A) organized as a partnership, 32 33 in which the charitable organization or an affiliate or

- 1 subsidiary of the charitable organization is a general partner, for the purposes of owning and operating public 2 3 housing residential rental property that has received an 4 allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for up to 100% of the public housing dwelling units and (B) under an Annual 5 Contributions Contract with the Department of Housing and 6 <u>Urban Development.</u> However, property or portions thereof 7 8 intended or used for stores or other commercial purposes are 9 not exempt. Nothing herein shall exempt property of housing authorities or any part thereof from special assessments or 10 11 special taxation for local improvements. Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed as limiting the power of any 12 political subdivision of this State to sell or furnish a 13 housing authority with water, electricity, gas, or other 14 15 services and facilities under the same basis that those 16 services and facilities are rendered to others under similar 17 circumstances.
- (Source: Laws 1959, p. 1549, 1554, 2219, and 2224; P.A. 19 88-455.)

- 20 Section 10. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Sections 11-74.4-8 and 11-74.4-9 as follows: 21
- (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-8) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-8) 22
- 23 11-74.4-8. A municipality may not adopt tax increment financing in a redevelopment project area after the 24 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 that will 25 encompass an area that is currently included in an enterprise 26 27 zone created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act unless 28 that municipality, pursuant to Section 5.4 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, amends the enterprise zone designating 29 30 ordinance to limit the eligibility for tax abatements as provided in Section 5.4.1 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 31 Act. A municipality, at the time a redevelopment project 32

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1 area is designated, may adopt tax increment allocation 2 financing by passing an ordinance providing that the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable 3 4 real property in such redevelopment project area by taxing 5 districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in б paragraph (c) of Section 11-74.4-9 each year after the 7 effective date of the ordinance until redevelopment project costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment 8 9 project costs incurred under this Division have been paid shall be divided as follows: 10

- (a) That portion of taxes levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property which is attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed value or the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid by the county collector to the respective affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing.
- Except from a tax levied by a township to retire 20 (b) 2.1 bonds issued to satisfy court-ordered damages, that portion, 22 any, of such taxes which is attributable to the increase 23 in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable block, tract or parcel of real property in 24 25 redevelopment project area over and above the equalized assessed value of each property in the project area 26 shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid to the 27 municipal treasurer who shall deposit said taxes into a 28 29 special fund called the special tax allocation fund of 30 municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof. In any 31 32 county with a population of 3,000,000 or more that has adopted a procedure for collecting taxes that provides for 33 one or more of the installments of the taxes to be billed and 34

1 collected on an estimated basis, the municipal treasurer 2 shall be paid for deposit in the special tax allocation fund of the municipality, from the taxes collected from estimated 3 4 bills issued for property in the redevelopment project area, the difference between the amount actually collected from 5 each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property 6 7 within the redevelopment project area and an determined by multiplying the rate at which taxes were last 8 extended against the taxable lot, block, track, or parcel of 9 real property in the manner provided in subsection (c) of 10 11 Section 11-74.4-9 by the initial equalized assessed value of the property divided by the number of installments in which 12 real estate taxes are billed and collected within the county; 13 provided that the payments on or before December 31, 1999 to 14 15 a municipal treasurer shall be made only if each of the 16 following conditions are met:

> (1) The total equalized assessed value of the redevelopment project area as last determined was not. less than 175% of the total initial equalized assessed value.

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- (2) Not more than 50% of the total equalized assessed value of the redevelopment project area as determined is attributable to a piece of property assigned a single real estate index number.
- (3) The municipal clerk has certified to the county clerk that the municipality has issued its obligations to which there has been pledged the incremental property taxes of the redevelopment project area or taxes levied and collected on any or all property in the municipality or the full faith and credit of the municipality to pay secure payment for all or a portion of the redevelopment project costs. The certification shall be filed annually no later than September 1 for the estimated taxes to be distributed in the following year;

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however, for the year 1992 the certification shall be made at any time on or before March 31, 1992.

(4) The municipality has not requested that the total initial equalized assessed value of real property be adjusted as provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-9.

The conditions of paragraphs (1) through (4) do not apply after December 31, 1999 to payments to a municipal treasurer made by a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants that has adopted an estimated billing procedure for collecting taxes. If a county that has adopted the estimated billing procedure makes an erroneous overpayment of tax revenue to the municipal treasurer, then the county may seek a refund of that overpayment. The county shall send the municipal treasurer a notice of liability for the overpayment on or before the mailing date of the next real estate tax bill within the county. The refund shall be limited to the amount of the overpayment.

It is the intent of this Division that after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1988 а municipality's own ad valorem tax arising from levies on taxable real property be included in the determination of incremental revenue in the manner provided in paragraph (c) of Section 11-74.4-9. If the municipality does not extend such a tax, it shall annually deposit in the municipality's Special Tax Increment Fund an amount equal to 10% of the total contributions to the fund from all other taxing in that year. The annual 10% deposit required by districts this paragraph shall be limited to the actual amount of municipally produced incremental tax revenues available to the municipality from taxpayers located in the redevelopment project area in that year if: (a) the plan for the area restricts the use of the property primarily to industrial purposes, (b) the municipality establishing the redevelopment 1 project area is a home-rule community with a 1990 population

of between 25,000 and 50,000, (c) the municipality is wholly

3 located within a county with a 1990 population of over

4 750,000 and (d) the redevelopment project area was

established by the municipality prior to June 1, 1990. This

6 payment shall be in lieu of a contribution of ad valorem

taxes on real property. If no such payment is made, any

redevelopment project area of the municipality shall be

9 dissolved.

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- If a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation financing by ordinance and the County Clerk thereafter certifies the "total initial equalized assessed value as adjusted" of the taxable real property within such redevelopment project area in the manner provided (b) of Section 11-74.4-9, each year after the date of the certification of the total initial equalized assessed value as adjusted until redevelopment project costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs have been paid the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon the taxable real property in such redevelopment project area by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in paragraph (c) of Section 11-74.4-9 shall be divided as follows:
 - (1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property which is attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed value or "current equalized assessed value as adjusted" or the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at the time tax increment financing was adopted, minus:
- 32 (i) the housing authority exemptions provided
 33 by Section 15-95 of the Property Tax Code,
- 34 <u>(ii) the charitable purposes exemptions</u>

provided by Section 15-65 of the Property Tax Code,

and

(iii) the total current homestead exemptions provided by Sections 15-170 and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code

in the redevelopment project area shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid by the county collector to the respective affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

(2) That portion, if any, of such taxes which is attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area, over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property existing at the time tax increment financing was adopted, minus the total current homestead exemptions pertaining to each piece of property provided by Sections 15-170 and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code in the redevelopment project area, shall be allocated to

in the redevelopment project area, shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid to the municipal Treasurer, who shall deposit said taxes into a special fund called the special tax allocation fund of the municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof.

The municipality may pledge in the ordinance the funds in and to be deposited in the special tax allocation fund for the payment of such costs and obligations. No part of the current equalized assessed valuation of each property in the redevelopment project area attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized assessed value, or the total initial equalized assessed value as adjusted, of such properties shall be used in calculating the general State school aid formula, provided for in Section 18-8 of the

1 School Code, until such time as all redevelopment project 2 costs have been paid as provided for in this Section.

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Whenever a municipality issues bonds for the purpose of 4 financing redevelopment project costs, such municipality may provide by ordinance for the appointment of a trustee, which may be any trust company within the State, and for the establishment of such funds or accounts to be maintained by 8 such trustee as the municipality shall deem necessary to provide for the security and payment of the bonds. municipality provides for the appointment of a trustee, such 11 trustee shall be considered the assignee of any payments assigned by the municipality pursuant to such ordinance and 12 this Section. Any amounts paid to such trustee as 13 assignee shall be deposited in the funds or accounts established 14 pursuant to such trust agreement, and shall be held by such 15 16 trustee in trust for the benefit of the holders of the bonds, and such holders shall have a lien on and a security interest 17 in such funds or accounts so long as the bonds remain 19 outstanding and unpaid. Upon retirement of the bonds, the trustee shall pay over any excess amounts held to the 20 21 municipality for deposit in the special tax allocation fund. 22

When such redevelopment projects costs, including without limitation all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs incurred under this Division, have been paid, all surplus funds then remaining in the special allocation fund shall be distributed by being paid by the municipal treasurer to the Department of Revenue, the municipality and county collector; first to the t.he Department of Revenue and the municipality in proportion to the tax incremental revenue received from the State and the municipality, but not to exceed the total incremental revenue received from the State or the municipality less any annual surplus distribution incremental revenue previously made; with any remaining funds

- to be paid to the County Collector who shall immediately thereafter pay said funds to the taxing districts in the redevelopment project area in the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution by the county collector to the affected districts of real property taxes from real property in the redevelopment project area.
- 7 Upon the payment of all redevelopment project costs, 8 retirement of obligations and the distribution of any excess monies pursuant to this Section, the municipality shall adopt 9 an ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund for 10 11 t.he redevelopment project area and terminating the designation of the redevelopment project 12 area а redevelopment project area. Municipalities shall notify 13 taxing districts prior to November 1 if 14 affected 15 redevelopment project area is to be terminated by December 31 16 of that same year. If a municipality extends estimated dates of completion of a redevelopment project and retirement of 17 obligations to finance a redevelopment project, as allowed by 18 19 this amendatory Act of 1993, that extension shall not extend the property tax increment allocation financing authorized by 20 this Section. Thereafter the rates of the taxing districts 2.1 shall be extended and taxes levied, collected and distributed 22 23 in the manner applicable in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing. 24
- Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving property in such redevelopment project areas from being assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving owners of such property from paying a uniform rate of taxes, as required by Section 4 of Article 9 of the Illinois Constitution.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 91-190, eff. 7-20-99; 91-478, eff. 11-1-99;
- 32 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)

1	Sec. 11-74.4-9. (a) If a municipality by ordinance
2	provides for tax increment allocation financing pursuant to
3	Section 11-74.4-8, the county clerk immediately thereafter
4	shall determine (1) the most recently ascertained equalized
5	assessed value of each lot, block, tract or parcel of real
6	property within such redevelopment project area from which
7	shall be deducted:
8	(i) the housing authority exemptions provided by
9	Section 15-95 of the Property Tax Code,
10	(ii) the charitable purposes exemptions provided by
11	Section 15-65 of the Property Tax Code, and
12	(iii) the homestead exemptions provided by Sections
13	15-170 and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code,
14	which value shall be the "initial equalized assessed value"
15	of each such piece of property, and (2) the total equalized
16	assessed value of all taxable real property within such
17	redevelopment project area by adding together the most
18	recently ascertained equalized assessed value of each taxable
19	lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property within such
20	project area, from which shall be deducted:
21	(i) the housing authority exemptions provided by
22	Section 15-95 of the Property Tax Code,
23	(ii) the charitable purposes exemptions provided by
24	Section 15-65 of the Property Tax Code, and
25	(iii) the homestead exemptions provided by Sections
26	15-170 and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code,
27	and shall certify such amount as the "total initial equalized
28	assessed value" of the taxable real property within such
29	project area.
30	(b) In reference to any municipality which has adopted
31	tax increment financing after January 1, 1978, and in respect
32	to which the county clerk has certified the "total initial
33	equalized assessed value" of the property in the
34	redevelopment area, the municipality may thereafter request

1	the clerk in writing to adjust the initial equalized value of
2	all taxable real property within the redevelopment project
3	area by deducting therefrom:
4	(i) the housing authority exemptions provided by
5	Section 15-95 of the Property Tax Code,
6	(ii) the charitable purposes exemptions provided by
7	Section 15-65 of the Property Tax Code, and
8	(iii) the <u>homestead</u> exemptions provided for by
9	Sections 15-170 and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code
10	applicable to each lot, block, tract or parcel of real
11	property within such redevelopment project area. The county
12	clerk shall immediately after the written request to adjust
13	the total initial equalized value is received determine:
14	(i) the total housing authority exemptions in the
15	redevelopment project area provided by Section 15-95 of
16	the Property Tax Code,
17	(ii) the total charitable purposes exemptions in
18	the redevelopment project area provided by Section 15-65
19	of the Property Tax Code, and
20	(iii) the total homestead exemptions in the
21	redevelopment project area provided by Sections 15-170
22	and 15-175 of the Property Tax Code
23	by adding together the homestead exemptions provided by said
24	Sections on each lot, block, tract or parcel of real property
25	within such redevelopment project area and then shall deduct
26	the total of said exemptions from the total initial equalized
27	assessed value. The county clerk shall then promptly certify
28	such amount as the "total initial equalized assessed value as
29	adjusted" of the taxable real property within such
30	redevelopment project area.
31	(c) After the county clerk has certified the "total
32	initial equalized assessed value" of the taxable real
33	property in such area, then in respect to every taxing
34	district containing a redevelopment project area, the county

1 clerk or any other official required by law to ascertain the 2 amount of the equalized assessed value of all taxable property within such district for the purpose of computing 3 4 the rate per cent of tax to be extended upon taxable property 5 within such district, shall in every year that tax increment 6 allocation financing is in effect ascertain the amount of 7 value of taxable property in a redevelopment project area by 8 including in such amount the lower of the current equalized 9 assessed value or the certified "total initial equalized assessed value" of all taxable real property in such area, 10 11 except that after he has certified the "total initial equalized assessed value as adjusted" he shall in the year of 12 said certification if tax rates have not been extended and in 13 every year thereafter that tax increment allocation financing 14 is in effect ascertain the amount of value of taxable 15 16 property in a redevelopment project area by including in such amount the lower of the current equalized assessed value or 17 18 the certified "total initial equalized assessed value as 19 adjusted" of all taxable real property in such area. The rate per cent of tax determined shall be extended to the current 20 2.1 equalized assessed value of all property in the redevelopment 22 project area in the same manner as the rate per cent of tax 23 is extended to all other taxable property in the taxing The method of extending taxes established under 24 25 this Section shall terminate when the municipality adopts ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the 26 27 redevelopment project area. This Division shall not construed as relieving property owners within a redevelopment 28 29 project area from paying a uniform rate of taxes upon 30 current equalized assessed value of their taxable property as provided in the Property Tax Code. 31

32 (Source: P.A. 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.