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- 1 AN ACT in relation to health.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Residential Health Care Facility Resident Sexual Assault and
- 6 Death Review Team Act.
- 7 Section 5. State policy. The following statements are 8 the policy of this State:
- 9 (1) Every nursing home resident is entitled to live 10 in safety and decency and to receive competent and 11 respectful care that meets the requirements of State and 12 federal law.
 - (2) Responding to sexual assaults on nursing home residents and to unnecessary nursing home resident deaths is a State and a community responsibility.
 - (3) When a nursing home resident is sexually assaulted or dies unnecessarily, the response by the State and the community to the assault or death must include an accurate and complete determination of the cause of the assault or death and the development and implementation of measures to prevent future assaults or deaths from similar causes. The response may include court action, including prosecution of persons who may be responsible for the assault or death and proceedings to protect other residents of the facility where the resident lived, and disciplinary action against persons who failed to meet their professional responsibilities to the resident.
 - (4) Professionals from disparate disciplines and agencies who have responsibilities for nursing home residents and expertise that can promote resident safety

and well-being should share their expertise and knowledge so that the goals of determining the causes of sexual assaults and unnecessary resident deaths, planning and providing services to surviving residents, and preventing future assaults and unnecessary deaths can be achieved.

- (5) A greater understanding of the incidence and causes of sexual assaults against nursing home residents and unnecessary nursing home resident deaths is necessary if the State is to prevent future assaults and unnecessary deaths.
- (6) Multi-disciplinary and multi-agency reviews of sexual assaults against nursing home residents and unnecessary nursing home resident deaths can assist the State and counties in (i) investigating resident sexual assaults and deaths, (ii) developing a greater understanding of the incidence and causes of resident sexual assault and deaths and the methods for preventing those assaults and deaths, and (iii) identifying gaps in services to nursing home residents.
- (7) Access to information regarding assaulted and deceased nursing home residents by multi-disciplinary and multi-agency nursing home resident sexual assault and death review teams is necessary for those teams to achieve their purposes and duties.
- 25 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 26 context requires otherwise:
- "Department" means the Department of Public Health.
- 28 "Director" means the Director of Public Health.
- "Executive Council" means the Illinois Residential Health
 Care Facility Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Teams
 Executive Council.
- 32 "Resident" means a person residing in and receiving 33 personal care from a facility licensed under the Nursing Home

- 2 "Review team" means a residential health care facility
- 3 resident sexual assault and death review team appointed under
- 4 this Act.
- 5 Section 15. Residential health care facility resident
- 6 sexual assault and death review teams; establishment.
- 7 (a) The Director, in consultation with the Executive
- 8 Council and with law enforcement agencies and other
- 9 professionals who work in the field of investigating,
- 10 treating, or preventing nursing home resident abuse or
- 11 neglect in each of the Department's administrative regions of
- 12 the State, shall appoint members to a residential health care
- 13 facility resident sexual assault and death review team in
- 14 each such region outside Cook County and to at least one
- 15 review team in Cook County. The members of a team shall be
- 16 appointed for 2-year terms and shall be eligible for
- 17 reappointment upon the expiration of their terms.
- 18 (b) Each review team shall consist of at least one
- 19 member from each of the following categories:
- 20 (1) Geriatrician or other physician knowledgeable
- about nursing home resident abuse and neglect.
- 22 (2) Representative of the Department.
- 23 (3) State's Attorney or State's Attorney's
- 24 representative.
- 25 (4) Representative of a local law enforcement
- agency.
- 27 (5) Representative of the Illinois Attorney General
- 28 (6) Psychologist or psychiatrist.
- 29 (7) Representative of a local health department.
- 30 (8) Representative of a social service or health
- 31 care agency that provides services to persons with mental
- illness, in a program whose accreditation to provide such
- 33 services is recognized by the Office of Mental Health

- (9) Representatative of a social service or health care agency that provides services to persons with developmental disabilities, in a program whose accreditation to provide such services is recognized by the Office of Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Human Services.
 - (10) Coroner or forensic pathologist.

- 9 (11) Representative of the local sub-state ombudsman.
- 11 (12) Representative of a nursing home resident 12 advocacy organization.
- 13 (13) Representative of a local hospital, trauma 14 center, or provider of emergency medical services.
- 15 (14) Representative of an organization that 16 represents nursing homes.
- Each review team may make recommendations to the Director concerning additional appointments. Each review team member must have demonstrated experience and an interest in investigating, treating, or preventing nursing home resident abuse or neglect.
- 22 (c) Each review team shall select a chairperson from 23 among its members. The chairperson shall also serve on the 24 Illinois Residential Health Care Facility Sexual Assault and 25 Death Review Teams Executive Council.
- 26 Section 20. Reviews of nursing home resident sexual 27 assaults and deaths.
- 28 (a) Every sexual assault of a nursing home resident 29 shall be reviewed by the review team for the region that has 30 primary case management responsibility.
- 31 (b) Every death of a nursing home resident shall be 32 reviewed by the review team for the region that has primary 33 case management responsibility, if the deceased resident is

one of the following:

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- 2 (1) A person whose care the Department found 3 violated federal or State standards in the 12 months 4 preceding the resident's death.
 - (2) A person whose care was the subject of a complaint to the Department in the 30 days preceding the resident's death, or after the resident's death. A review team may, at its discretion, review other sudden, unexpected, or unexplained nursing home resident deaths.
 - (b) A review team's purpose in conducting reviews of resident sexual assaults and deaths is to do the following:
 - (1) Assist in determining the cause and manner of the resident's assault or death, when requested.
 - (2) Evaluate means, if any, by which the assault or death might have been prevented.
 - (3) Report its findings to appropriate agencies and make recommendations that may help to reduce the number of sexual assaults on and unnecessary deaths of nursing home residents.
 - (4) Promote continuing education for professionals involved in investigating, treating, and preventing nursing home resident abuse and neglect as a means of preventing sexual assaults and unnecessary deaths of nursing home residents.
 - (5) Make specific recommendations to the Director concerning the prevention of sexual assaults and unnecessary deaths of nursing home residents and the establishment of protocols for investigating resident sexual assaults and deaths.
- 30 (c) A review team must review a sexual assault or death 31 as soon as practicable and not later than 90 days following 32 the completion by the Department of the investigation of the 33 assault or death under the Nursing Home Care Act. When there 34 has been no investigation by the Department, the review team

- 1 must review a sexual assault or death within 90 days after
- 2 obtaining the information necessary to complete the review
- 3 from the coroner, pathologist, medical examiner, or law
- 4 enforcement agency, depending on the nature of the case. A
- 5 review team must meet at least once in each calendar quarter.
- 6 (d) Within 90 days after receiving recommendations made
- 7 by a review team under item (5) of subsection (b), the
- 8 Director must review those recommendations and respond to the
- 9 review team. The Director shall implement recommendations as
- 10 feasible and appropriate and shall respond to the review team
- in writing to explain the implementation or nonimplementation
- of the recommendations.
- 13 (e) In any instance when a review team does not operate
- in accordance with established protocol, the Director, in
- 15 consultation and cooperation with the Executive Council, must
- 16 take any necessary actions to bring the review team into
- 17 compliance with the protocol.
- 18 Section 25. Review team access to information.
- 19 (a) The Department shall provide to a review team, on
- 20 the request of the review team chairperson, all records and
- information in the Department's possession that are relevant
- 22 to the review team's review of a sexual assault or death,
- 23 including records and information concerning previous reports
- or investigations of suspected abuse or neglect.
- 25 (b) A review team shall have access to all records and
- 26 information that are relevant to its review of a sexual
- 27 assault or death and in the possession of a State or local
- 28 governmental agency. These records and information include,
- 29 without limitation, death certificates, all relevant medical
- 30 and mental health records, records of law enforcement agency
- 31 investigations, records of coroner or medical examiner
- 32 investigations, records of the Department of Corrections
- 33 concerning a person's parole, records of a probation and

- 1 court services department, and records of a social services
- 2 agency that provided services to the resident.
- 3 Section 30. Public access to information.
- 4 (a) Meetings of the review teams and the Executive
- 5 Council shall be closed to the public. Meetings of the review
- 6 teams and the Executive Council are not subject to the Open
- 7 Meetings Act, as provided in that Act.
- 8 (b) Records and information provided to a review team
- 9 and the Executive Council, and records maintained by a review
- 10 team or the Executive Council, are confidential and not
- 11 subject to the Freedom of Information Act, as provided in
- 12 that Act. Nothing contained in this subsection (b) prevents
- 13 the sharing or disclosure of records, other than those
- 14 produced by a review team or the Executive Council, relating
- or pertaining to the sexual assault or death of a resident.
- 16 (c) Members of a review team and the Executive Council
- 17 are not subject to examination, in any civil or criminal
- 18 proceeding, concerning information presented to members of
- 19 the review team or the Executive Council or opinions formed
- 20 by members of the review team or the Executive Council based
- 21 on that information. A person may, however, be examined
- 22 concerning information provided to a review team or the
- 23 Executive Council that is otherwise available to the public.
- 24 (d) Records and information produced by a review team
- 25 and the Executive Council are not subject to discovery or
- 26 subpoena and are not admissible as evidence in any civil or
- 27 criminal proceeding. Those records and information are,
- 28 however, subject to discovery or a subpoena, and are
- 29 admissible as evidence, to the extent they are otherwise
- 30 available to the public.
- 31 Section 35. Indemnification. The State shall indemnify
- 32 and hold harmless members of a review team and the Executive

- 1 Council for all their acts, omissions, decisions, or other
- 2 conduct arising out of the scope of their service on the
- 3 review team or Executive Council, except those involving
- 4 willful or wanton misconduct. The method of providing
- 5 indemnification shall be as provided in the State Employee
- 6 Indemnification Act.
- 7 Section 40. Executive Council.
- 8 (a) The Illinois Residential Health Care Facility
- 9 Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Teams Executive
- 10 Council, consisting of the chairperson of each review team
- 11 established under Section 15, is the coordinating and
- 12 oversight body for residential health care facility resident
- 13 sexual assault and death review teams and activities in
- 14 Illinois. The vice-chairperson of a review team, as
- designated by the chairperson, may serve as a back-up member
- or an alternate member of the Executive Council, if the
- 17 chairperson of the review team is unavailable to serve on the
- 18 Executive Council. The Director may appoint to the Executive
- 19 Council any ex-officio members deemed necessary. Persons with
- 20 expertise needed by the Executive Council may be invited to
- 21 meetings. The Executive Council must select from its members
- 22 a chairperson and a vice-chairperson, each to serve a 2-year,
- 23 renewable term. The Executive Council must meet at least 4
- 24 times during each calendar year.
- 25 (b) The Department must provide or arrange for the staff
- 26 support necessary for the Executive Council to carry out its
- 27 duties.
- 28 (c) The Executive Council has, but is not limited to,
- 29 the following duties:
- 30 (1) To serve as the voice of review teams in
- 31 Illinois.
- 32 (2) To consult with the Director concerning the
- appointment, reappointment, and removal of review team

1 members.

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- (3) To oversee the review teams in order to ensure that the teams' work is coordinated and in compliance with the statutes and the operating protocol.
- (4) To ensure that the data, results, findings, and recommendations of the review teams are adequately used to make any necessary changes in the policies, procedures, and statutes in order to protect nursing home residents in a timely manner.
- (5) To collaborate with the General Assembly, the Department, and others in order to develop any legislation needed to prevent nursing home resident sexual assaults and unnecessary deaths and to protect nursing home residents.
- (6) To assist in the development of quarterly and annual reports based on the work and the findings of the review teams.
- (7) To ensure that the review teams' review processes are standardized in order to convey data, findings, and recommendations in a usable format.
- (8) To serve as a link with other review teams throughout the country and to participate in national review team activities.
- (9) To develop an annual statewide symposium to update the knowledge and skills of review team members and to promote the exchange of information between review teams.
- (10) To provide the review teams with the most current information and practices concerning nursing home resident sexual assault and unnecessary death review and related topics.
- (11) To perform any other functions necessary to enhance the capability of the review teams to reduce and prevent sexual assaults and unnecessary deaths of nursing

- 1 home residents.
- 2 Section 90. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing
- 3 Section 2 as follows:
- 4 (5 ILCS 120/2) (from Ch. 102, par. 42)
- 5 Sec. 2. Open meetings.
- 6 (a) Openness required. All meetings of public bodies
- 7 shall be open to the public unless excepted in subsection (c)
- 8 and closed in accordance with Section 2a.
- 9 (b) Construction of exceptions. The exceptions
- 10 contained in subsection (c) are in derogation of the
- 11 requirement that public bodies meet in the open, and
- 12 therefore, the exceptions are to be strictly construed,
- 13 extending only to subjects clearly within their scope. The
- 14 exceptions authorize but do not require the holding of a
- 15 closed meeting to discuss a subject included within an
- 16 enumerated exception.
- 17 (c) Exceptions. A public body may hold closed meetings
- 18 to consider the following subjects:
- 19 (1) The appointment, employment, compensation,
- 20 discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific
- 21 employees of the public body, including hearing testimony
- on a complaint lodged against an employee to determine
- 23 its validity.
- 24 (2) Collective negotiating matters between the
- 25 public body and its employees or their representatives,
- or deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or
- 27 more classes of employees.
- 28 (3) The selection of a person to fill a public
- office, as defined in this Act, including a vacancy in a
- 30 public office, when the public body is given power to
- 31 appoint under law or ordinance, or the discipline,
- 32 performance or removal of the occupant of a public

office, when the public body is given power to remove the occupant under law or ordinance.

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- (4) Evidence or testimony presented in open hearing, or in closed hearing where specifically authorized by law, to a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in this Act, provided that the body prepares and makes available for public inspection a written decision setting forth its determinative reasoning.
- (5) The purchase or lease of real property for the use of the public body, including meetings held for the purpose of discussing whether a particular parcel should be acquired.
- (6) The setting of a price for sale or lease of property owned by the public body.
- (7) The sale or purchase of securities, investments, or investment contracts.
- (8) Security procedures and the use of personnel and equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees, students, staff or public property.
 - (9) Student disciplinary cases.
- (10) The placement of individual students in special education programs and other matters relating to individual students.
- (11) Litigation, when an action against, affecting or on behalf of the particular public body has been filed and is pending before a court or administrative tribunal, or when the public body finds that an action is probable or imminent, in which case the basis for the finding shall be recorded and entered into the minutes of the closed meeting.
- (12) The establishment of reserves or settlement of claims as provided in the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise

the disposition of a claim or potential claim might be prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications from or with respect to any insurer of the public body or any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool of which the public body is a member.

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- (13) Conciliation of complaints of discrimination in the sale or rental of housing, when closed meetings are authorized by the law or ordinance prescribing fair housing practices and creating a commission or administrative agency for their enforcement.
- (14) Informant sources, the hiring or assignment of undercover personnel or equipment, or ongoing, prior or future criminal investigations, when discussed by a public body with criminal investigatory responsibilities.
- (15) Professional ethics or performance when considered by an advisory body appointed to advise a licensing or regulatory agency on matters germane to the advisory body's field of competence.
- (16) Self evaluation, practices and procedures or professional ethics, when meeting with a representative of a statewide association of which the public body is a member.
- (17) The recruitment, credentialing, discipline or formal peer review of physicians or other health care professionals for a hospital, or other institution providing medical care, that is operated by the public body.
- (18) Deliberations for decisions of the Prisoner Review Board.
- (19) Review or discussion of applications received under the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Act.

for decisions of the State

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(20) The classification and discussion of matters

the State Employees Suggestion Award Board.

minutes as mandated by Section 2.06.

conclusions of load forecast studies.

and Death Review Team Act.

with

(22) Deliberations

(21) Discussion of minutes of meetings

Emergency Medical Services Disciplinary Review Board.

closed under this Act, whether for purposes of approval

by the body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the

(23) The operation by a municipality of a municipal

utility or the operation of a municipal power agency or

municipal natural gas agency when the discussion involves

(i) contracts relating to the purchase, sale, or delivery

resident sexual assault and death review team or the

Residential Health Care Facility Resident Sexual Assault

and Death Review Teams Executive Council under the

Residential Health Care Facility Resident Sexual Assault

"Employee" means a person employed by a public body whose

"Public office" means a position created by or under the

Constitution or laws of this State, the occupant of which is

charged with the exercise of some portion of the sovereign

power of this State. The term "public office" shall include

members of the public body, but it shall not include

organizational positions filled by members thereof, whether

public body constitutes

(d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

employer-employee relationship under the usual common

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rules, and who is not an independent contractor.

electricity or natural gas or (ii) the results or

(24) Meetings of a residential health care facility

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- 2 classified as confidential or continued confidential by
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- assist the body in the conduct of its business.

relationship

- established by law or by a public body itself, that exist to

- 1 "Quasi-adjudicative body" means an administrative body
- 2 charged by law or ordinance with the responsibility to
- 3 conduct hearings, receive evidence or testimony and make
- 4 determinations based thereon, but does not include local
- 5 electoral boards when such bodies are considering petition
- 6 challenges.
- 7 (e) Final action. No final action may be taken at a
- 8 closed meeting. Final action shall be preceded by a public
- 9 recital of the nature of the matter being considered and
- 10 other information that will inform the public of the business
- 11 being conducted.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 90-144, eff. 7-23-97; 91-730, eff. 1-1-01.)
- 13 Section 93. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by
- 14 changing Section 7 as follows:
- 15 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)
- Sec. 7. Exemptions.
- 17 (1) The following shall be exempt from inspection and
- 18 copying:
- 19 (a) Information specifically prohibited from
- 20 disclosure by federal or State law or rules and
- 21 regulations adopted under federal or State law.
- 22 (b) Information that, if disclosed, would
- constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal
- 24 privacy, unless the disclosure is consented to in writing
- 25 by the individual subjects of the information. The
- 26 disclosure of information that bears on the public duties
- of public employees and officials shall not be considered
- an invasion of personal privacy. Information exempted
- 29 under this subsection (b) shall include but is not
- 30 limited to:
- 31 (i) files and personal information maintained
- 32 with respect to clients, patients, residents,

students or other individuals receiving social,
medical, educational, vocational, financial,
supervisory or custodial care or services directly
or indirectly from federal agencies or public
bodies;

- (ii) personnel files and personal information maintained with respect to employees, appointees or elected officials of any public body or applicants for those positions;
- (iii) files and personal information maintained with respect to any applicant, registrant or licensee by any public body cooperating with or engaged in professional or occupational registration, licensure or discipline;
- (iv) information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax unless disclosure is otherwise required by State statute; and
- (v) information revealing the identity of persons who file complaints with or provide information to administrative, investigative, law enforcement or penal agencies; provided, however, that identification of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports may be provided by agencies of local government, except in a case for which a criminal investigation is ongoing, without constituting a clearly unwarranted per se invasion of personal privacy under this subsection.
- (c) Records compiled by any public body for administrative enforcement proceedings and any law enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement purposes or for internal matters of a public body, but only to the extent that disclosure would:

1	(i) interfere with pending or actually and
2	reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings
3	conducted by any law enforcement or correctional
4	agency;
5	(ii) interfere with pending administrative
6	enforcement proceedings conducted by any public
7	body;
8	(iii) deprive a person of a fair trial or an
9	impartial hearing;
10	(iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a
11	confidential source or confidential information
12	furnished only by the confidential source;
13	(v) disclose unique or specialized
14	investigative techniques other than those generally
15	used and known or disclose internal documents of
16	correctional agencies related to detection,
17	observation or investigation of incidents of crime
18	or misconduct;
19	(vi) constitute an invasion of personal
20	privacy under subsection (b) of this Section;
21	(vii) endanger the life or physical safety of
22	law enforcement personnel or any other person; or
23	(viii) obstruct an ongoing criminal
24	investigation.
25	(d) Criminal history record information maintained
26	by State or local criminal justice agencies, except the
27	following which shall be open for public inspection and
28	copying:
29	(i) chronologically maintained arrest
30	information, such as traditional arrest logs or
31	blotters;
32	(ii) the name of a person in the custody of a
33	law enforcement agency and the charges for which
34	that person is being held;

1 (iii) court records that are public;

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- 2 (iv) records that are otherwise available
 3 under State or local law; or
 - (v) records in which the requesting party is the individual identified, except as provided under part (vii) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this Section.

"Criminal history record information" means data identifiable to individual and consisting of an descriptions or notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, pre-trial proceedings, trials, or other formal events in the criminal justice system or descriptions or notations of criminal charges (including criminal violations of local municipal ordinances) and the nature of any disposition arising including sentencing, court or correctional supervision, rehabilitation and release. The term does not apply to statistical records and reports in which individuals are not identified and from which their identities are not ascertainable, or to information that is for criminal investigative or intelligence purposes.

- (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.
- (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and identified by the head of the public body. The exemption provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.
- (g) Trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person or business where the

trade secrets or information are proprietary, privileged or confidential, or where disclosure of the trade secrets or information may cause competitive harm, including all information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act. Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed to prevent a person or business from consenting to disclosure.

- (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or agreement, including information which if it were disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or final selection is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an award or final selection is made.
- (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems, designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be expected to produce private gain or public loss.
- (j) Test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer an academic examination or determined the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment.
- (k) Architects' plans and engineers' technical submissions for projects not constructed or developed in whole or in part with public funds and for projects constructed or developed with public funds, to the extent that disclosure would compromise security.
- (1) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials.
- (m) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the public body makes the minutes available to the public

under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.

- (n) Communications between a public body and an attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the public body, and materials prepared or compiled with respect to internal audits of public bodies.
- (o) Information received by a primary or secondary school, college or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers.
- (p) Administrative or technical information associated with automated data processing operations, including but not limited to software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user guides, documentation pertaining to all logical and physical design of computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section.
- (q) Documents or materials relating to collective negotiating matters between public bodies and their employees or representatives, except that any final contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.
- (r) Drafts, notes, recommendations and memoranda pertaining to the financing and marketing transactions of the public body. The records of ownership, registration, transfer, and exchange of municipal debt obligations, and of persons to whom payment with respect to these obligations is made.

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- to real estate purchase negotiations until those negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under Article VII of the Code of Civil Procedure, records, documents and information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents and information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated.
- (t) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool.
- (u) Information concerning a university's adjudication of student or employee grievance or disciplinary cases, to the extent that disclosure would reveal the identity of the student or employee and information concerning any public body's adjudication of student or employee grievances or disciplinary cases, except for the final outcome of the cases.
- (v) Course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
- (w) Information related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of a public body.
- (x) Information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law.
- (y) Information the disclosure of which is

restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities
Act.

- (z) Manuals or instruction to staff that relate to establishment or collection of liability for any State tax or that relate to investigations by a public body to determine violation of any criminal law.
- (aa) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
- (bb) Insurance or self insurance (including any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications.
- (cc) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- (dd) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (ee) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
- (ff) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the

1 Bi-State Transit Safety Act.

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- 2 (gg) Information the disclosure of which is 3 restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois 4 Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (hh) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 80 of the State Gift Ban Act.
 - (ii) Beginning July 1, 1999, information that would disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be used to create electronic or digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security Act.
 - (jj) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (kk) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.
- 22 (11) Records and information provided to a
 23 residential health care facility resident sexual assault
 24 and death review team or the Residential Health Care
 25 Facility Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Teams
 26 Executive Council under the Residential Health Care
 27 Facility Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Team
 28 Act.
- 29 (2) This Section does not authorize withholding of 30 information or limit the availability of records to the 31 public, except as stated in this Section or otherwise 32 provided in this Act.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 91-137, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99;
- 34 91-660, eff. 12-22-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-241, eff.

- 1 8-3-01; 92-281, eff. 8-7-01; 92-645, eff. 7-11-02; 92-651,
- 2 eff. 7-11-02.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 4 becoming law.