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Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

Filed: 3/23/2004

	09300SB2409sam002 LRB093 20514 MKM 48892 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2409
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 2409, AS AMENDED,
3	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by adding
6	Section 22-31 as follows:
7	(35 ILCS 200/22-31 new)
8	Sec. 22-31. Procedure to prevent unjust issuance of deed.
9	(a) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:
10	"Residential property" means any real estate that is
11	improved with a single family residence or residential
12	condominium units or a multiple dwelling structure containing
13	single family dwelling units for 6 or fewer families living
14	independently of each other and includes a condominium unit.
15	The use of a portion of residential real estate for
16	non-residential purposes does not affect the characterization
17	of that real estate as residential real estate.
18	"Person designated to receive service" means the public
19	guardian of the county in which the property is located, or his
20	or her designee, or such other person as the chief judge of the
21	circuit court of that county so designates.
22	(b) Notice of tax deed petition after redemption period has
23	expired. In all proceedings for the issuance of a tax deed that
24	concern residential properties for which the owner of record

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has not redeemed the taxes within the redemption period, 1 including any extensions of the redemption period, the tax 2 3 purchaser, or his or her assignee, shall serve the person 4 designated to receive notice with a copy of the notice required 5 by Section 22-10. The manner of service shall be made pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 105(b)(1) or Supreme Court Rule 6 105(b)(2). With regard to any residential property, no tax deed 7 shall issue until 60 days after the date that the person 8 designated to receive notice has been formally served with 9 notice of the tax deed proceeding. 10

(c) Investigation of owner of record's capacity. Upon 11 receipt of the notice referred to in subsection (b), the person 12 designated to receive notice shall conduct an investigation of 13 the owner of record's capacity. The investigation shall be 14 15 concluded within 60 days after the receipt of that notice. On petition to the court in the tax deed proceeding, with notice 16 to the tax purchaser, the time to conclude the investigation 17 may be extended for an additional 60 days for good cause shown. 18 No tax deed shall issue during any such extension of time. The 19 20 person designated to receive notice has the right to have the 21 clerk of the court issue subpoenas and the right to petition 22 the court in the tax deed proceeding for additional assistance, including a request to be named guardian ad litem, as may be 23 24 necessary to conduct the investigation that is required by this 25 Section.

26 (d) Appointment of guardian. If the person designated to receive notice concludes that the owner of record may be a 27 disabled person, as defined in Article XIa of the Probate Act 28 29 of 1975, and that appointment of a guardian under Article XIa of the Probate Act of 1975 may be necessary to protect the 30 31 interests of the owner of record, then the person designated to receive notice shall cause a petition for guardianship to be 32 filed in the appropriate court in the county in which the 33 property is located. The tax deed petitioner shall be served 34

with formal notice of the petition for guardianship. The notice 1 shall include a copy of the petition for guardianship. The 2 3 manner of service shall be made pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 105(b)(1) or Supreme Court Rule 105(b)(2). The tax deed 4 5 petitioner may appear in the guardianship proceeding in order to object to a finding that the owner of record was disabled 6 7 during any portion of the redemption period or to seek a ruling that the owner of record was not disabled during the redemption 8 9 period.

Upon the filing of a petition for guardianship, all further 10 proceedings in the tax deed proceeding shall be stayed until 11 further order of the court in which the guardianship proceeding 12 is pending. If, as a result of the petition for guardianship, 13 the probate court adjudges the owner of record to be a disabled 14 person and appoints a guardian of the estate pursuant to 15 Section 11a-3 of the Probate Act of 1975, the court shall also 16 determine by a preponderance of the evidence whether the owner 17 of record was disabled and unable to manage his or her estate 18 during any portion of the redemption period. If the court 19 20 determines that the owner of record was disabled and unable to 21 manage his or her estate during any portion of the redemption 22 period, the guardian shall be entitled to redeem from the tax sale within 6 months after the date of the appointment of the 23 24 guardian. Unless the court determines that the owner of record 25 was disabled and was unable to manage his or her estate 26 throughout the redemption period, the court shall enter an order lifting the stay of the tax deed proceedings. A finding 27 that the owner of record was not disabled during any portion of 28 29 the redemption period does not preclude that person from raising any other available defenses to the issuance of a tax 30 31 deed in the tax deed proceeding. (e) Reimbursement to the person entitled to notice. The 32

32 (e) Reimbursement to the person entitled to notice. The 33 person entitled to notice is entitled to reimbursement for the 34 reasonable costs of the investigation undertaken pursuant to

1	this Section, including reasonable attorney's fees, whether or
2	not a guardian is appointed, provided that the amount of
3	reimbursement is approved by the court. The person entitled to
4	receive notice may bring a petition for reimbursement of costs
5	and attorney's fees in either the court hearing the
6	guardianship proceeding or the court hearing the tax deed
7	proceeding. The reimbursement for costs and attorney's fees
8	approved by the court shall be paid from the indemnity fund
9	created in the county under Section 21-295 of this Act. If a
10	guardian of the estate for the owner of record is appointed,
11	the guardian shall petition the court in the probate proceeding
12	for authority to reimburse the indemnity fund from the estate
13	of the owner of record for any costs paid from the indemnity
14	fund that relate to the investigation of the owner of record
15	under this Section. Upon that petition, the court shall order
16	reimbursement unless that reimbursement will cause substantial
17	hardship to the owner of record.".