

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB0023

Introduced 12/1/2004, by Rep. Jerry L. Mitchell - Roger L. Eddy
- Sara Feigenholtz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. In provisions making it unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present on school property or a school vehicle when persons under the age of 18 are present, eliminates an exception for an offender who is the parent or guardian of a student who is present. Effective immediately.

LRB094 01868 RLC 31868 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: 3

- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing 5 Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3) 6
- 7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex 8 offenders prohibited.
- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 9 present in any school building, on real property comprising any 10 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 11 school to transport students to or from school or a school 12 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present 13 14 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless 15 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in 16 the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance or unless the 17 offender has permission to be present from the superintendent 18 or the school board or in the case of a private school from the 19 principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is 20 granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will 21 be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex 22 offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 23 be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for 24 25 notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on 26 school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity 27 28 of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender 29 30 who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (1) (Blank; or) 31
- (2) (Blank.) 32

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- (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building or on the grounds or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (1) (Blank; or)
- 22 (2) (Blank.)
 - (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
 - (c) Definitions. In this Section:
 - (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
 - (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of

1	this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an
2	included sex offense, and:
3	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
4	to commit such offense; or
5	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
6	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
7	offense; or
8	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
9	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
10	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
11	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
12	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
13	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
14	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
15	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
16	commission or attempted commission of such
17	offense; or
18	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
19	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
20	federal law or the law of another state
21	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
22	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
23	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
24	offense; or
25	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
26	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
27	a federal law or the law of another state
28	substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
29	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963
30	for the alleged violation or attempted commission
31	of such offense; or
32	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
33	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
34	Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
35	law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to

such certification is committed or attempted against a

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person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
 "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), child 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5(indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
 - (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a

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1	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
2	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
3	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
4	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
5	these offenses.
6	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
7	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
8	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
9	parent of the victim:
L O	10-1 (kidnapping),
11	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
12	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
13	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
L 4	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
15	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
16	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
17	clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
18	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection $(b-5)$ only, a sex
19	offense means:
20	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
21	the Criminal Code of 1961:
22	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
23	abetting child abduction under Section
24	10-5 (b) (10)), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
25	child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an
26	adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile
27	prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
28	prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile
29	prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
30	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
31	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
32	assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
33	a child). An attempt to commit any of these
34	offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections

of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a

person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:
 - 10-1 (kidnapping),
 - 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 12 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 13 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
- 14 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
 - (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
 - (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
 - (4) "School" means a public or private pre-school, elementary, or secondary school.

(5) "Loiter" means:

- (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school property.
- (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.

- 1 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
- or any other certified employee of the school, the
- 3 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
- 4 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
- 5 of a Class 4 felony.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;
- 7 91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 9 becoming law.