

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB0257

Introduced 1/14/2005, by Rep. Mary E. Flowers

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/6-16 from Ch. 43, par. 131 235 ILCS 5/6-20 from Ch. 43, par. 134a 625 ILCS 5/6-206 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206 625 ILCS 5/11-502 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-502

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Changes the penalty for possession and consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of 21 years to probation, under which the person shall undergo assessment and treatment for alcoholism and perform some reasonable public or community service. Changes the penalty for providing alcohol to a person under the age of 21 years to probation, under which the person shall perform some reasonable public or community service. Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Changes the penalty for a first offense of illegal transportation of alcohol by a driver under the age of 21 years to probation, under which the person shall perform some reasonable public or community service.

LRB094 04159 AMC 34181 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Sections 6-16 and 6-20 as follows:
- 6 (235 ILCS 5/6-16) (from Ch. 43, par. 131)
- 7 Sec. 6-16. Prohibited sales and possession.
- 8 (a) (i) No licensee nor any officer, associate, member, representative, agent, or employee of such licensee shall sell, 9 give, or deliver alcoholic liquor to any person under the age 10 of 21 years or to any intoxicated person, except as provided in 11 Section 6-16.1. (ii) No express company, common carrier, or 12 contract carrier nor any representative, agent, or employee on 13 14 behalf of an express company, common carrier, or contract 15 carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall knowingly give or knowingly 16 17 deliver to a residential address any shipping container clearly 18 labeled as containing alcoholic liquor and labeled as requiring 19 signature of an adult of at least 21 years of age to any person 20 in this State under the age of 21 years. An express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports 21 22 such alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall 23 obtain a signature at the time of delivery acknowledging receipt of the alcoholic liquor by an adult who is at least 21 24 25 years of age. At no time while delivering alcoholic beverages 26 within this State may any representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that 27 28 carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this 29 State deliver the alcoholic liquor to a residential address 30 without the acknowledgment of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the delivery by an adult 31 who is at least 21 years of age. A signature of a person on file 32

1 with the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier 2 does not constitute acknowledgement of the consignee. Any 3 express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that 4 transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State that 5 violates this item (ii) of this subsection (a) by delivering 6 alcoholic liquor without the acknowledgement of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the 7 8 delivery by an adult who is at least 21 years of age is guilty 9 of a business offense for which the express company, common 10 carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor 11 within this State shall be fined not more than \$1,001 for a 12 first offense, not more than \$5,000 for a second offense, and 13 not more than \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. An express company, common carrier, or contract carrier shall be 14 15 held vicariously liable for the actions of its representatives, 16 agents, or employees. For purposes of this Act, in addition to 17 other methods authorized by law, an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier shall be considered served with 18 19 process when a representative, agent, or employee alleged to 20 have violated this Act is personally served. Each shipment of alcoholic liquor delivered in violation of this item (ii) of 21 22 this subsection (a) constitutes a separate offense. (iii) No 23 person, after purchasing or otherwise obtaining alcoholic 24 liquor, shall sell, give, or deliver such alcoholic liquor to 25 another person under the age of 21 years, except in the 26 performance of a religious ceremony or service. Except as 27 otherwise provided in item (ii), any express company, common 28 carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor within this State that violates the provisions of item (i), 29 30 (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is 31 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, which sentence shall be limited to probation under which the express company, common 32 carrier, or contract carrier shall perform some reasonable 33 public or community service and the sentence shall include, but 34 shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Any 35 person who violates the provisions of item (iii) of this 36

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paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, which sentence shall be limited to probation under which the person shall perform some reasonable public or community service and the sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to a fine of not less than \$500 for a first offense and not less than \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense.

Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of item (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 4 felony if a death occurs as the result of the violation.

officer, licensee or associate, representative, agent, or employee of the licensee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, is prosecuted under this paragraph of this subsection (a) for selling, giving, or delivering alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years, the person under 21 years of age who attempted to buy or receive the alcoholic liquor may be prosecuted pursuant to Section 6-20 of this Act, unless the person under 21 years of age was acting under the authority of a law enforcement agency, the Illinois Liquor Control Commission, or a local liquor control commissioner pursuant to a plan or action to investigate, patrol, or conduct any similar enforcement action.

For the purpose of preventing the violation of this Section, any licensee, or his agent or employee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, shall refuse to sell, deliver, or serve alcoholic beverages to any person who is unable to produce adequate written evidence of identity and of the fact that he or she is over the age of 21 years, if requested by the licensee, agent, employee, or representative.

Adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person is a document issued by a federal, state, county, or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but

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not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective Service Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed Forces. Proof that the defendant-licensee, or his employee or agent, or the representative, agent, or employee of the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State demanded, was shown and reasonably relied upon such written evidence in any transaction forbidden by this Section is an affirmative defense in any criminal prosecution therefor or to any proceedings for the suspension or revocation of any license based thereon. It shall not, however, be an affirmative defense if the agent or employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent. If a false or fraudulent Illinois driver's license or Illinois identification card is presented by a person less than 21 years of age to a licensee licensee's agent or employee for the purpose of or the ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase, or otherwise obtaining or attempting to obtain the serving of any alcoholic beverage, the law enforcement officer or agency investigating the incident shall, upon the conviction of the person who presented the fraudulent license or identification, make a report of the matter to the Secretary of State on a form provided by the Secretary of State.

However, no agent or employee of the licensee or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall be disciplined or discharged for selling or furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age if the agent or employee demanded and was shown, before furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age, adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person issued by a federal, state, county or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including but not limited to a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective Service Act, or an identification card

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issued to a member of the Armed Forces. This paragraph,
however, shall not apply if the agent or employee accepted the
written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent.

Any person who sells, gives, or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of the age and identity of such person or who sells, gives or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years evidence of age and identification of any other person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500.

Any person under the age of 21 years who presents or offers to any licensee, his agent or employee, any written, printed or photostatic evidence of age and identity that is false, fraudulent, or not actually his or her own for the purpose of ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase or otherwise procuring or attempting to procure, the serving of any alcoholic beverage, who falsely states in writing that he or she is at least 21 years of age when receiving alcoholic liquor from a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier, or who has in his or her possession any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following: a fine of not less than \$500 and at least 25 hours of community service. If possible, any community service shall be performed for an alcohol abuse prevention program.

Any person under the age of 21 years who has any alcoholic beverage in his or her possession on any street or highway or in any public place or in any place open to the public is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, which sentence shall be limited to probation under which the person shall undergo assessment and treatment for alcoholism and perform some reasonable public or community service. This Section does not apply to possession by a person under the age of 21 years

making a delivery of an alcoholic beverage in pursuance of the order of his or her parent or in pursuance of his or her employment.

- (a-1) It is unlawful for any parent or guardian to permit his or her residence to be used by an invitee of the parent's child or the guardian's ward, if the invitee is under the age of 21, in a manner that constitutes a violation of this Section. A parent or guardian is deemed to have permitted his or her residence to be used in violation of this Section if he or she knowingly authorizes, enables, or permits such use to occur by failing to control access to either the residence or the alcoholic liquor maintained in the residence. Any person who violates this subsection (a-1) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Nothing in this subsection (a-1) shall be construed to prohibit the giving of alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years in the performance of a religious ceremony or service.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section whoever violates this Section shall, in addition to other penalties provided for in this Act, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (c) Any person shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor where he or she knowingly permits a gathering at a residence which he or she occupies of two or more persons where any one or more of the persons is under 21 years of age and the following factors also apply:
  - (1) the person occupying the residence knows that any such person under the age of 21 is in possession of or is consuming any alcoholic beverage; and
  - (2) the possession or consumption of the alcohol by the person under 21 is not otherwise permitted by this Act; and
  - (3) the person occupying the residence knows that the person under the age of 21 leaves the residence in an intoxicated condition.

For the purposes of this subsection (c) where the residence has an owner and a tenant or lessee, there is a rebuttable

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- presumption that the residence is occupied only by the tenant or lessee.
  - (d) Any person who rents a hotel or motel room from the proprietor or agent thereof for the purpose of or with the knowledge that such room shall be used for the consumption of alcoholic liquor by persons under the age of 21 years shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, any person 8 9 who has alcoholic liquor in his or her possession on public school district property on school days or at events on public 10 11 school district property when children are present is guilty of 12 a petty offense, unless the alcoholic liquor (i) is in the 13 original container with the seal unbroken and is in the possession of a person who is not otherwise legally prohibited 14 15 from possessing the alcoholic liquor or (ii) is in the 16 possession of a person in or for the performance of a religious 17 service or ceremony authorized by the school board.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 92-380, eff. 1-1-02; 92-503, eff. 1-1-02; 92-507,
- 19 eff. 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-687, eff. 1-1-03.)
- 20 (235 ILCS 5/6-20) (from Ch. 43, par. 134a)
- Sec. 6-20. <u>Persons under 21 years of age.</u>
  - (a) Any person to whom the sale, gift or delivery of any alcoholic liquor is prohibited because of age shall not purchase, or accept a gift of such alcoholic liquor or have such alcoholic liquor in his possession.
  - (b) If a licensee or his or her agents or employees believes or has reason to believe that a sale or delivery of any alcoholic liquor is prohibited because of the non-age of the prospective recipient, he or she shall, before making such sale or delivery demand presentation of some form of positive identification, containing proof of age, issued by a public officer in the performance of his or her official duties.
- 33 <u>(c)</u> No person shall transfer, alter, or deface such an identification card; use the identification card of another; 35 carry or use a false or forged identification card; or obtain

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- 1 an identification card by means of false information.
- 2 <u>(d)</u> No person shall purchase, accept delivery or have possession of alcoholic liquor in violation of this Section.
- 4 <u>(e)</u> The consumption of alcoholic liquor by any person under 21 years of age is forbidden.
  - (f) A person who Whoever violates subsection (b) or (c) any provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A person who violates subsection (a), (d), or (e) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor, which sentence shall be limited to probation under which the person shall undergo assessment and treatment for alcoholism and perform some reasonable public or community service.
  - (g) The possession and dispensing, or consumption by a person under 21 years of age of alcoholic liquor in the performance of a religious service or ceremony, or the consumption by a person under 21 years of age under the direct supervision and approval of the parents or parent or those persons standing in loco parentis of such person under 21 years of age in the privacy of a home, is not prohibited by this Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 90-432, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 21 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 22 changing Sections 6-206 and 11-502 as follows:
- 23 (625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)
- Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- 26 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or 27 revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary 28 hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other 29 sufficient evidence that the person:
- 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction;
- 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of

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vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;

- 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
- 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;
- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license,

identification card, or permit;

- 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
- 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
- 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
- 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section 11-501.1;
- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's

1 license;

- 2 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 3 relating to classification of driver's license;
  - 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
  - 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
  - 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
  - 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;
  - 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
  - 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
  - 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
  - 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or any cannabis prohibited under the provisions of the Cannabis

Control Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of a previous conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the provisions of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;
- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the

1	Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating
2	compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds
3	Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in
4	Section 6-208.1;

- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. (Blank); Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
- 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code;
- 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
- 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code; or  $\overline{\cdot}$
- 41. 40. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in which case the suspension

1 shall be for 90 days.

For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.

- (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
  - (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
  - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date of the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting

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forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to obtain a commercial driver's license under Section 6-507 during the period of a disqualification of commercial driving privileges under Section 6-514.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation

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indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within

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one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for suspension, or cancellation revocation, restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

- (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 18 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Drivers License Compact.
- 35 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted 36 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose

- driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 2 provisions of this Code.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 92-283, eff. 1-1-02; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01;
- 4 92-458, eff. 8-22-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-804, eff.
- 5 1-1-03; 92-814, eff. 1-1-03; 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 93-667, eff.
- 6 3-19-04; 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 93-955, eff. 8-19-04; revised
- 7 10-22-04.
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/11-502) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-502)
- 9 Sec. 11-502. Transportation or possession of alcoholic
- 10 liquor in a motor vehicle.
- 11 (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), no driver may
- 12 transport, carry, possess or have any alcoholic liquor within
- 13 the passenger area of any motor vehicle upon a highway in this
- 14 State except in the original container and with the seal
- unbroken.
- 16 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), no passenger may
- 17 carry, possess or have any alcoholic liquor within any
- 18 passenger area of any motor vehicle upon a highway in this
- 19 State except in the original container and with the seal
- 20 unbroken.
- 21 (c) This Section shall not apply to the passengers in a
- 22 limousine when it is being used for purposes for which a
- limousine is ordinarily used, the passengers on a chartered bus
- 24 when it is being used for purposes for which chartered buses
- are ordinarily used or on a motor home or mini motor home as
- defined in Section 1-145.01 of this Code. However, the driver
- of any such vehicle is prohibited from consuming or having any
- alcoholic liquor in or about the driver's area. Any evidence of
- 29 alcoholic consumption by the driver shall be prima facie
- 30 evidence of such driver's failure to obey this Section. For the
- 31 purposes of this Section, a limousine is a motor vehicle of the
- 32 first division with the passenger compartment enclosed by a
- 33 partition or dividing window used in the for-hire
- transportation of passengers and operated by an individual in
- 35 possession of a valid Illinois driver's license of the

- appropriate classification pursuant to Section 6-104 of this Code.
  - (d) The exemption applicable to chartered buses under paragraph (c) does not apply to any chartered bus being used for school purposes.
    - (e) Any driver who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar conviction shall be subject to suspension of driving privileges as provided, in paragraph 23 of subsection (a) of Section 6-206 of this Code.
    - (f) Any driver, who is less than 21 years of age at the date of the offense and who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be sentenced to probation for a first offense, under which the person shall perform some reasonable public or community service. Any driver, who is less than 21 years of age at the date of the offense and who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, is subject to the loss of driving privileges as provided in paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of Section 6-205 of this Code and paragraph 23 33 of subsection (a) of Section 6-206 of this Code for a second or subsequent offense.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 88-209.)