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Sen. Chris Lauzen

## Filed: 5/13/2005

	09400HB0709sam004 LRB094 08094 BDD 46165 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 709
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 709 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5	changing Section 203 as follows:
6	(35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)
7	Sec. 203. Base income defined.
8	(a) Individuals.
9	(1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10	income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11	gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12	(2).
13	(2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14	to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15	sum of the following amounts:
16	(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17	to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18	taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19	in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20	stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21	described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22	Code;
23	(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
24	this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in

the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 3 4 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 5 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 6 7 for which a deduction was previously taken under 8 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 9 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 10 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 11 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 12 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 13 which is attributable to such principal residence; 14

15 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 16 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 17 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 18 computation of adjusted gross income;

19 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 20 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 21 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on 22 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 23 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 24 25 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 26 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
gross income and for which the individual claims a
credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

32 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
 33 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%)
 34 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken

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on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-16) If the taxpayer <u>sells, transfers, abandons,</u> or otherwise disposes of reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) For taxable years ending on or after 16 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 17 18 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 19 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 20 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 21 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 22 the fact that foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 23 24 person's total business activity. The addition 25 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 26 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 27 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 28 29 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 30 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in 31 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 32 33 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 34

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 4 person who is subject in a foreign country or 5 state, other than a state which requires mandatory 6 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 7 income with respect to such interest; or

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 10 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a 11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 12 following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
convincing evidence that the adjustments are
unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director

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1agree in writing to the application or use of an2alternative method of apportionment under Section3304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (D-18) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 14 15 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 16 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 17 18 foreign person who would be a member of the same 19 unitary business group but for the fact that the 20 foreign person's business activity outside the United 21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 22 activity. The addition modification required by this 23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 25 group for the same taxable year and received by the 26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 27 business group (including amounts included in gross 28 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 29 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 30 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 31 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 32 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 33 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 34

reduction to the addition modification required under 1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 2 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 3 4 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 5 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 6 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 7 8 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 9 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 10 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 11 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 12 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 13 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 14 15 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 16

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

30 (a) the foreign person during the same
31 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
32 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
33 not a related member, and

34 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1intangibleexpenseorcostbetweenthe2taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as3a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois4income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract5or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;6or

7 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 8 accrued, or incurred, directly paid, or 9 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 10 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 11 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 12 13 agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 14 15 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 16 17 Director from making any other adjustment 18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 22 by which the Department will utilize its authority 23 under Section 404 of this Act; 24

25 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2002, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 27 28 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 29 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from 30 31 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under 32 33 Section 529(c)(3)(B);

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and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the

following amounts:

2	(E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
3	2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
4	any compensation (including but not limited to any
5	compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
6	prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
7	resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
8	Forces of the United States and in respect of any
9	compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
10	governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
11	in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
12	resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
13	performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
14	United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
15	Guard. For taxable years ending on or after December
16	31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect
17	of any compensation (including but not limited to any
18	compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
19	prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
20	resident by reason of being a member of any component
21	of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
22	of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
23	as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
24	missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
25	paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
26	being a member of the Illinois National Guard. The
27	provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General
28	Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
distributions under the provisions of any retirement
or disability plan for employees of any governmental

agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
and conducts substantially all of its operations in an
Enterprise Zone or zones;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 22 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 23 24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 25 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 27 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 28 29 this subparagraph (K);

30 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
31 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
32 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
33 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
34 Revenue Code;

(M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 1 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 3 4 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 5 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 6 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 7 8 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 9 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 10 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 11 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 12 250; 13

(N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 14 15 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 16 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 17 18 United States; provided that, in the case of any 19 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 20 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 21 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 22 of bond premium amortization;

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

31 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
32 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
33 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
34 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as

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## an indemnity for a terminal illness;

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(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

(S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the contribution is accepted by the account administrator as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

19 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after 20 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of 21 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of 22 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by 23 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance 24 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

25 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 26 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 27 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 28 29 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 30 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 31 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 32 33 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 34

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on 1 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does 2 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that 3 taxpayer's income, 4 self-employment income, or 5 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 6 7 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 8 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 9 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 10 11 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be determined by multiplying total health insurance and 12 13 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer times a number that represents the fractional 14 15 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 16 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return; 17

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 23 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 24 25 extent includible in gross income for federal income 26 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 27 28 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 29 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 30 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 31 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 32 33 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 34

Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 1 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 2 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 3 4 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 6 7 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 8 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 9 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 10 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 11 12 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 13 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 14 15 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 16 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 17 18 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 19 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 20 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 21 of Section 250;

22 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 23 24 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College 25 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 26 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 27 moneys 28 Revenue Code shall not be considered 29 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 30 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 31 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 32 33 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 34

1 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 2 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 3 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This 4 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of 5 Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 8 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the 14 15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 16 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 18 19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 20 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

(2) <u>for property on which a bonus depreciation</u>
<u>deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken</u>,
"x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by
(or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2005, for property on which a bonus 26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 27 28 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0. 29 For the first taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2005, an additional subtraction is 30 31 allowed for each item of property for which a bonus depreciation of 50% was taken equal to the difference 32 33 between the subtraction that would have been allowed if subparagraph (3) had applied to all prior taxable years 34

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and the subtraction allowed under this subparagraph 1 (Z) in all prior years. The aggregate amount deducted 2 under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any 3 4 one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the 5 bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted 6 basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under 7 8 subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the 9 provisions of Section 250; 10

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 11 or otherwise disposes of reports a capital gain or loss 12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 13 14 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 15 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 16 17 (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification. 18

19The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under20this subparagraph only once with respect to any one21piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

27 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 28 29 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 30 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 31 modification with respect to such transaction under 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12)<del>(E-13)</del>, 32 Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 33 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 34

income from intangible property (net of the deductions 1 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 3 4 is required to make an addition modification with 5 respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)<u>(E-13)</u>(E-14), 6 7 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed 8 the amount of that addition modification;

9 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the 10 deductions allocable thereto) with 11 respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 12 13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 18 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for 19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

21 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible 22 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 23 24 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 27 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 28 29 addition modification required to be made for the same 30 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 31 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 32 33 person.

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(b) Corporations.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base 3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 16 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 17 18 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 19 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 20 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section Internal 22 852(b)(3)(D) of the Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 23 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 24 25 law and is not a new enactment);

26 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 27 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 28 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 29 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

30 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 31 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 32 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 33 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 34 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),

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the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the 6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 7 8 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 9 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 10 which related to that net operating loss and which 11 was taken into account in calculating the base 12 13 income of an earlier taxable year, and

14 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 15 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 16 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 17 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 18 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
gross income and for which the corporation claims a
credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

31 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
32 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%)
33 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken
34 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

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taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(E-11) If the taxpayer <u>sells, transfers, abandons,</u> <u>or otherwise disposes of</u> <del>reports a capital gain or loss</del> on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of</del> property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

15 (E-12) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 16 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 17 18 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 19 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 20 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 21 the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 22 person's total business activity. The addition 23 24 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 25 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 26 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 27 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 28 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 29 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 30 31 included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 32 33 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 34 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 3 4 person who is subject in a foreign country or 5 state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 6 income with respect to such interest; or 7

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

13 (a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 15 interest to a person that is not a related 16 member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

30 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 31 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 32 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 33 convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 34

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1agree in writing to the application or use of an2alternative method of apportionment under Section3304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (E-13) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 14 15 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 16 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 17 18 foreign person who would be a member of the same 19 unitary business group but for the fact that the 20 foreign person's business activity outside the United 21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 22 activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 23 24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 25 group for the same taxable year and received by the 26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 27 business group (including amounts included in gross 28 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 29 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 30 31 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 32 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 33 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 34

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dividends caused a reduction to the addition 1 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 3 4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 6 7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 9 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 10 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 11 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 12 13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 14 15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 16

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs accrued, or 19 paid, incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 21 person who is subject in a foreign country or 22 state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 23 24 income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

30 (a) the foreign person during the same
31 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
32 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
33 not a related member, and

34 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

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intangible expense or cost between the
taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
or

7 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 8 accrued, or incurred, directly paid, or 9 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 10 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 11 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 12 13 agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 14 15 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 16 17 Director from making any other adjustment 18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 22 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 23 under Section 404 of this Act; 24

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

32 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
33 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
34 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section

852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 3 4 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 5 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 6 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 7 8 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all 9 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 10 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and 11 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 12 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 13 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the 14 15 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 16

(J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 17 18 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 19 20 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 21 United States; provided that, in the case of any 22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 23 24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 25 of bond premium amortization;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
and conducts substantially all of its operations in an
Enterprise Zone or zones;

32 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 33 such total that were paid by a corporation that 34 conducts business operations in a federally designated

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Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (L);

7 any taxpayer that is financial (M) For а 8 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 11 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone 12 13 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 14 15 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 16 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 17 18 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 19 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 20 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 21 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise Zone. The subtraction modification available 22 to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be 23 24 that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower 25 with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible 26 property as calculated under the previous sentence;

27 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial 28 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 29 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 30 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 31 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the High Impact Business 32 33 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 34

Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 1 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 2 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 3 4 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 5 property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the 6 7 date that it was placed in service in a federally 8 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 9 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 10 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 11 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 12 13 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 14 15 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as 16 calculated under the previous sentence; 17

18 (N) Two times any contribution made during the 19 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 20 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a 21 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 22 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the 23 24 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 25 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act;

26 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 27 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 28 29 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 30 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 31 amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or 32 33 organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 34

taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 1 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 2 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 3 4 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 5 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends; 6 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, 7 8 included in taxable income and received, including, 9 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 10 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in 12 clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 13 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as 14 15 a member of the affiliated group which includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 16 the 17 modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 18 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 19 to such dividends;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(R) In the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect
to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has
made the election under Section 835 of the Internal
Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the
excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that
interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year
to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to

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that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year;

4 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 5 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 6 7 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 8 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 9 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 10 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 11 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 12 provisions of Section 250; 13

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 14 15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 16 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 19 20 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the 23 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of)the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and

29 (2) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, 30 31 "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 32 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

33 (3) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2005, for property on which a bonus 34

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depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

For the first taxable year ending on or after 3 December 31, 2005, an additional subtraction is 4 5 allowed for each item of property for which a bonus depreciation of 50% was taken equal to the difference 6 between the subtraction that would have been allowed if 7 8 subparagraph (3) had applied to all prior taxable years and the subtraction allowed under this subparagraph 9 (T) in all prior years. The aggregate amount deducted 10 under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any 11 one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the 12 bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted 13 14 basis of the qualified property) taken on that property 15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue 16 Code. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 20 otherwise disposes of reports a capital gain or loss on 21 the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 22 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 23 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 24 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 25 (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition 26 modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

32 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
33 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
34 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 1 modification with respect to such transaction under 2 203(a)(2)(D-17), 3 Section 203(b)(2)(E-12), 4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 5 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 6 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 7 8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 9 is required to make an addition modification with to such transaction under Section 10 respect 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 11 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 12 addition modification; 13

(W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 14 into account for the taxable year (net of the 15 deductions allocable thereto) with respect 16 to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 17 18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 22 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 23 24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 25 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

26 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 27 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 28 29 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 30 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 31 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 32 33 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 34

1 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for 2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 4 person.

5 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), 6 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for 7 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean 8 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

9 (c) Trusts and estates.

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10 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base 11 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 12 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

13 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
14 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
15 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
16 following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

30 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 31 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 32 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 33 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

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(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 1 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 2 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 3 4 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 6 7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 8 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that 9 they are listed: 10

(i) the addition modification relating to the 11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 12 13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 14 15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which 16 was taken into account in calculating the base 17 18 income of an earlier taxable year, and

> (ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

24 For taxable years in which there is a net operating 25 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 26 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 27 addition modification provided in this subparagraph shall be the sum of the 28 (E) amounts computed 29 independently under the preceding provisions of this 30 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

31 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
32 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
33 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
34 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the

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Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
 Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

7 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
9 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
10 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
11 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 14 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code; and

(G-11) If the taxpayer <u>sells, transfers, abandons,</u> <u>or otherwise disposes of</u> <del>reports a capital gain or loss</del> on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of</del> property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

30 (G-12) For taxable years ending on or after
31 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount
32 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base
33 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred,
34 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would

be a member of the same unitary business group but for 1 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 2 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 3 4 person's total business activity. The addition 5 modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 6 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 7 8 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 12 13 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 14 15 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same
taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
interest to a person that is not a related
member, and

32 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 33 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 34 foreign person did not have as a principal

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purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 12 13 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 14 convincing evidence that the adjustments are 15 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an 16 17 alternative method of apportionment under Section 18 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 Director from making any other adjustment 21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of 22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 23 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 25 and such regulations provide methods and standards 26 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 27

28 (G-13) For taxable years ending on or after 29 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 30 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 31 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 32 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 33 foreign person who would be a member of the same 34 unitary business group but for the fact that the

foreign person's business activity outside the United 1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 2 activity. The addition modification required by this 3 4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 6 7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 8 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 9 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 10 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 11 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 12 13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 14 15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 16 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 17 18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)20 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 21 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 22 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 23 losses 24 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 25 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 26 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 27 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 28 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 29 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 30 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 31 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 32 33 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs accrued, or incurred, directly or 34 paid,

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1 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 2 person who is subject in a foreign country or 3 state, other than a state which requires mandatory 4 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 5 income with respect to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 10 following:

11(a) the foreign person during the same12taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the13intangible expense or cost to a person that is14not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 intangible expense or cost between the 17 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as 18 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 21 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 22 23 accrued, or incurred, paid, directly or 24 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 25 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 26 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 27 28 agree in writing to the application or use of an 29 alternative method of apportionment under Section 30 304(f);

31Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the32Director from making any other adjustment33otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for34any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 3 and such regulations provide methods and standards 4 by which the Department will utilize its authority 5 under Section 404 of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of thefollowing amounts:

8 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 9 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 11 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 12 13 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 14 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 15 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 17 18 thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 23 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 24 25 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 26 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 27 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 28 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 29 that, in the case of any statute of this State that 30 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations 31 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium 32 33 amortization;

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(L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 1 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 2 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 3 4 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 5 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 6 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 7 8 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 9 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 11 250; 12

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

22 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that 23 24 conducts business operations in a federally designated 25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 26 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 27 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 28 29 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 30 this subparagraph (0);

31 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
32 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
33 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
34 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

## the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 2 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 3 4 extent includible in gross income for federal income 5 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 6 7 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 8 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for 9 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 10 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 11 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 12 13 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 14 15 during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 16 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 17 18 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 19 20 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 21 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 22 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 23 24 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 25 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 26 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 27 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 28 29 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 30 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 31 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 32 33 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 34

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(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and

(2) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

20 (3) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2005, for property on which a bonus 21 22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0. 23 24 For the first taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2005, an additional subtraction is 25 26 allowed for each item of property for which a bonus depreciation of 50% was taken equal to the difference 27 between the subtraction that would have been allowed if 28 29 subparagraph (3) had applied to all prior taxable years and the subtraction allowed under this subparagraph 30 31 (R) in all prior years. The aggregate amount deducted

32 under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any 33 one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the 34 bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted

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basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(S) If the taxpayer <u>sells, transfers, abandons, or</u> <u>otherwise disposes of</u> <del>reports a capital gain or loss on</del> the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of</del> property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 19 20 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 21 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 22 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 23 24 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 25 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 26 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 27 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 28 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 29 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 30 is required to make an addition modification with 31 respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 32 33 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification; 34

(U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 1 2 into account for the taxable year (net of the with 3 deductions allocable thereto) respect to 4 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity 6 7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 9 year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for 10 taxable interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 12 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

13 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 17 18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 20 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 21 addition modification required to be made for the same 22 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 23 or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 24 25 person.

26 (3) Limitation. The amount of modification any 27 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by 28 29 any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 30 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 31 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year. 32

33 (d) Partnerships.

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(1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
9 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
10 in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

14 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
15 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
computation of taxable income;

21 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 23 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 24 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 25 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 26 Internal Revenue Code;

27 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 28 or otherwise disposes of reports a capital gain or loss 29 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 30 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 31 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 32 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 33 (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under 34

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subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

5 (D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise 6 7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member 9 of the same unitary business group but for the fact the 10 foreign person's business activity outside the United 11 States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total 12 13 business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent 14 15 that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by 16 the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 17 18 business group (including amounts included in gross 19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 21 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 23

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

31 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
32 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
33 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
34 preponderance of the evidence, both of the

1 following: (a) the foreign person, during the same 2 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 3 4 interest to a person that is not a related 5 member, and (b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 7 8 foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 9 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement 10 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 11 and terms; or 12 13 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 14 15 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 16 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is 17 18 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 19 20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 21 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 22 convincing evidence that the adjustments are 23 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 24 agree in writing to the application or use of an 25 alternative method of apportionment under Section 26 304(f). Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 27 Director from 28 making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 29 30 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 31 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

32 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 33 and such regulations provide methods and standards 34 by which the Department will utilize its authority

under Section 404 of this Act; and

2 (D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible 3 4 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 5 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person 6 7 who would be a member of the same unitary business 8 group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or 9 more of that person's total business activity. The 10 addition modification required by this subparagraph 11 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 12 included in base income of the unitary group for the 13 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 14 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant 16 to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue 17 18 Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 19 20 stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not 22 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 23 24 reduction to the addition modification required under 25 Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 27 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 28 29 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 30 31 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 32 33 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 34

costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 18 following:

19(a) the foreign person during the same20taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the21intangible expense or cost to a person that is22not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

30 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
31 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
32 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
33 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
34 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are

1 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 2 agree in writing to the application or use of an 3 alternative method of apportionment under Section 4 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 6 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 7 8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 10 and such regulations provide methods and standards 11 by which the Department will utilize its authority 12 under Section 404 of this Act; 13

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 15 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

20 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 21 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 22 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 23 24 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 25 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 26 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 27 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 28 29 of bond premium amortization;

30 (H) Any income of the partnership which
31 constitutes personal service income as defined in
32 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
33 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
34 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered

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by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
including amounts distributable to organizations
exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 10 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 11 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 12 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 13 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 14 15 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable 16 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 17 18 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 19 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 20 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 21 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, and conducts
substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
Zone or Zones;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

32 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 33 such total that were paid by a corporation that 34 conducts business operations in a federally designated

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Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

(N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

12 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 14 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and

27 (2) <u>for property on which a bonus depreciation</u>
28 <u>deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken,</u>
29 "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by
30 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429)<u>; and</u>

31(3) for taxable years ending on or after32December 31, 2005, for property on which a bonus33depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted34basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

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For the first taxable year ending on or after 1 December 31, 2005, an additional subtraction is 2 allowed for each item of property for which a bonus 3 depreciation of 50% was taken equal to the difference 4 5 between the subtraction that would have been allowed if subparagraph (3) had applied to all prior taxable years 6 and the subtraction allowed under this subparagraph 7 8 (0) in all prior years. The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any 9 one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the 10 bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted 11 basis of the qualified property) taken on that property 12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under 13 subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue 14 15 Code. This subparagraph (0) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 16

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 17 otherwise disposes of reports a capital gain or loss on 18 19 the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 20 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 21 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 22 to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition 23 24 modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

30 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 31 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 32 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 33 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 34 modification with respect to such transaction under

203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 1 Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 2 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 3 4 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 6 7 is required to make an addition modification with 8 such transaction under respect to Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 10 addition modification; 11

(R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 12 13 into account for the taxable year (net of the 14 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 15 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 17 18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 19 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 20 addition modification required to be made for the same 21 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 22 the same foreign person; and 23

24 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 26 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 27 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 28 29 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 30 31 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 32 33 year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) taxable for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 34

incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

4 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 5 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 6 7 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 8 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 9 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 10 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 11 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 13 14 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 15 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 16 17 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 18 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 19 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 20 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 21 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 22 23 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), addition 24 trust, or estate is less than zero and 25 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 26 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 27 28 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 29 addition modification must be made under those 30 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 31 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 32 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 33

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(e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

(A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 6 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed 7 8 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 9 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder 10 surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 11 Internal Revenue Code; 12

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

17 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
18 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
estate investment trust taxable income;

25 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 26 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 27 28 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 29 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 30 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 31 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 32 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 33 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election 34

provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;

3 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 4 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 5 organization determined in accordance with the 6 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 7 Revenue Code;

8 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 9 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of 10 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 11 corporation determined in accordance with Section 12 13 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 14 15 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 16 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 17 18 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 19 20 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 21 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal 22 23 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
income shall take into account those items which are
required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
but which would be taken into account by an individual
in calculating his taxable income.

31 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 32 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the 33 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 34 business has been classified as business income and in a

1 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then 2 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 3 4 related to that asset or business that generated the 5 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 6 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 7 8 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 9 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 10 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 11 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 12 taxable years. 13

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(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and(d)(2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 23 24 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of capital gain) for all property in respect of which such 25 26 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for 27 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of 28 29 such gain included in the amount determined under 30 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

32 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
33 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
34 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for

1 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's basis 2 (for 3 determining gain) for such property on that date 4 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 5 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 6 7 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 8 such property.

(B) If the fair market value of property referred 9 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 10 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 11 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 12 13 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the property for federal income tax purposes for the 14 15 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 16 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 17 18 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 19 period for the property.

20 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
21 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
22 purposes of this paragraph.

(g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
to be deducted more than once.

(h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the computation of base income and net income under this Act for 09400HB0709sam004 -59- LRB094 08094 BDD 46165 a

such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

3 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-244, eff. 8-3-01; 92-439,

4 eff. 8-17-01; 92-603, eff. 6-28-02; 92-626, eff. 7-11-02;

5 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02; 93-812, eff.

6 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; revised 10-12-04.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 8 becoming law.".