

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB0892

Introduced 2/2/2005, by Rep. John J. Millner

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

725 ILCS 5/110-10

from Ch. 38, par. 110-10

Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Deletes a provision allowing legally possessed firearms to be returned to a person that completes a sentence for a conviction on a misdemeanor domestic battery charge.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is 5 amended by changing Section 110-10 as follows:

6 (725 ILCS 5/110-10) (from Ch. 38, par. 110-10)

Sec. 110-10. Conditions of bail bond.

8 (a) If a person is released prior to conviction, either 9 upon payment of bail security or on his or her own 10 recognizance, the conditions of the bail bond shall be that he 11 or she will:

(1) Appear to answer the charge in the court having
jurisdiction on a day certain and thereafter as ordered by
the court until discharged or final order of the court;

15 (2) Submit himself or herself to the orders and process16 of the court;

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(3) Not depart this State without leave of the court;

18 (4) Not violate any criminal statute of any 19 jurisdiction;

(5) At a time and place designated by the court, 20 surrender all firearms in his or her possession to a law 21 enforcement officer designated by the court to take custody 22 of and impound the firearms and physically surrender his or 23 her Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the clerk of the 24 25 circuit court when the offense the person has been charged 26 with is a forcible felony, stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, any violation of either the Illinois 27 Controlled Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act that 28 29 is classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, or any felony 30 violation of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961; the court may, however, forgo the imposition of this condition 31 when the circumstances of the case clearly do not warrant 32

1 it or when its imposition would be impractical; all legally 2 possessed firearms shall be returned to the person upon 3 that person completing a sentence for a conviction on a 4 misdemeanor domestic battery, upon the charges being 5 dismissed, or if the person is found not guilty, unless the 6 finding of not guilty is by reason of insanity; and

(6) At a time and place designated by the court, submit 7 to a psychological evaluation when the person has been 8 charged with a violation of item (4) of subsection (a) of 9 Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and that 10 11 violation occurred in a school or in any conveyance owned, 12 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to 13 or from school or a school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of real property comprising 14 15 any school.

Psychological evaluations ordered pursuant to this Section 16 17 shall be completed promptly and made available to the State, the defendant, and the court. As a further condition of bail 18 19 under these circumstances, the court shall order the defendant 20 to refrain from entering upon the property of the school, including any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 21 22 school to transport students to or from school or а 23 school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of real property comprising any school. Upon receipt of the 24 psychological evaluation, either the State or the defendant may 25 26 request a change in the conditions of bail, pursuant to Section 27 110-6 of this Code. The court may change the conditions of bail 28 include a requirement that the defendant follow to the 29 recommendations of the psychological evaluation, including 30 undergoing psychiatric treatment. The conclusions of the 31 psychological evaluation and any statements elicited from the 32 defendant during its administration are not admissible as evidence of guilt during the course of any trial on the charged 33 offense, unless the defendant places his or her mental 34 35 competency in issue.

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(b) The court may impose other conditions, such as the

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1 following, if the court finds that such conditions are 2 reasonably necessary to assure the defendant's appearance in court, protect the public from the defendant, or prevent the 3 4 defendant's unlawful interference with orderly the 5 administration of justice: (1) Report to or appear in person before such person or 6 7 agency as the court may direct; Refrain from possessing a firearm or other 8 (2) dangerous weapon; 9 Refrain from approaching or communicating with 10 (3) 11 particular persons or classes of persons; 12 (4) Refrain from going to certain described geographical areas or premises; 13 (5) Refrain from engaging in certain activities or 14 indulging in intoxicating liquors or in certain drugs; 15 16 (6) Undergo treatment for drug addiction or 17 alcoholism; (7) Undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; 18 19 (8) Work or pursue a course of study or vocational 20 training; (9) Attend or reside in a facility designated by the 21 court; 22 23 (10) Support his or her dependents; (11) If a minor resides with his or her parents or in a 24 foster home, attend school, attend a non-residential 25 26 program for youths, and contribute to his or her own 27 support at home or in a foster home; 28 (12) Observe any curfew ordered by the court; 29 (13) Remain in the custody of such designated person or 30 organization agreeing to supervise his release. Such third 31 party custodian shall be responsible for notifying the 32 court if the defendant fails to observe the conditions of release which the custodian has agreed to monitor, and 33 shall be subject to contempt of court for failure so to 34 35 notify the court; 36 (14) Be placed under direct supervision of the Pretrial

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Services Agency, Probation Department or Court Services Department in a pretrial bond home supervision capacity with or without the use of an approved electronic monitoring device subject to Article 8A of Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections;

6 (14.1) The court shall impose upon a defendant who is charged with any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance 7 violation and is placed under direct supervision of the 8 Pretrial Services Agency, Probation Department or Court 9 10 Services Department in a pretrial bond home supervision 11 capacity with the use of an approved monitoring device, as 12 a condition of such bail bond, a fee that represents costs incidental to the electronic monitoring for each day of 13 such bail supervision ordered by the court, unless after 14 determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, 15 16 the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may 17 be. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 18 collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit 19 20 in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code; 21

(14.2) The court shall impose upon all defendants, 22 23 including those defendants subject to paragraph (14.1) above, placed under direct supervision of the Pretrial 24 25 Services Agency, Probation Department or Court Services 26 Department in a pretrial bond home supervision capacity 27 with the use of an approved monitoring device, as a 28 condition of such bail bond, a fee which shall represent 29 costs incidental to such electronic monitoring for each day 30 of such bail supervision ordered by the court, unless after 31 determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, 32 the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit 33 court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 34 collected from this fee to the county treasurer who shall 35 36 the monies collected to defray the costs use of

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corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be;

5 (14.3) The Chief Judge of the Judicial Circuit may 6 establish reasonable fees to be paid by a person receiving pretrial services while under supervision of a pretrial 7 services agency, probation department, or court services 8 9 department. Reasonable fees may be charged for pretrial 10 services including, but not limited to, pretrial 11 supervision, diversion programs, electronic monitoring, 12 victim impact services, drug and alcohol testing, and victim mediation services. The person receiving pretrial 13 services may be ordered to pay all costs incidental to 14 pretrial services in accordance with his or her ability to 15 16 pay those costs;

17 (14.4)For persons charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, refrain from operating 18 a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock 19 20 device, as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois 21 Vehicle Code, pursuant to the rules promulgated by the Secretary of State for the installation of 22 ignition 23 interlock devices. Under this condition the court may allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a vehicle 24 25 owned by the defendant's employer that is not equipped with 26 an ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the 27 defendant's employment;

(15) Comply with the terms and conditions of an order
of protection issued by the court under the Illinois
Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection
issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United
States territory;

33 (16) Under Section 110-6.5 comply with the conditions
34 of the drug testing program; and

35 (17) Such other reasonable conditions as the court may36 impose.

1 (c) When a person is charged with an offense under Section 2 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the "Criminal Code of 3 1961", involving a victim who is a minor under 18 years of age living in the same household with the defendant at the time of 4 5 the offense, in granting bail or releasing the defendant on his 6 own recognizance, the judge shall impose conditions to restrict the defendant's access to the victim which may include, but are 7 not limited to conditions that he will: 8

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1. Vacate the Household.

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11 12 3. Refrain from contact or communication with the child victim, except as ordered by the court.

2. Make payment of temporary support to his dependents.

(d) When a person is charged with a criminal offense and the victim is a family or household member as defined in Article 112A, conditions shall be imposed at the time of the defendant's release on bond that restrict the defendant's access to the victim. Unless provided otherwise by the court, the restrictions shall include requirements that the defendant do the following:

20 (1) refrain from contact or communication with the 21 victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the 22 defendant's release; and

(2) refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's
 residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the
 defendant's release.

Local law enforcement 26 (e) agencies shall develop 27 standardized bond forms for use in cases involving family or 28 household members as defined in Article 112A, including 29 specific conditions of bond as provided in subsection (d). 30 Failure of any law enforcement department to develop or use 31 those forms shall in no way limit the applicability and 32 enforcement of subsections (d) and (f).

33 (f) If the defendant is admitted to bail after conviction 34 the conditions of the bail bond shall be that he will, in 35 addition to the conditions set forth in subsections (a) and (b) 36 hereof:

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1 (1) Duly prosecute his appeal; 2 (2) Appear at such time and place as the court may direct; 3 (3) Not depart this State without leave of the court; 4 5 (4) Comply with such other reasonable conditions as the court may impose; and 6 7 (5) If the judgment is affirmed or the cause reversed 8 and remanded for a new trial, forthwith surrender to the

(g) Upon a finding of guilty for any felony offense, the defendant shall physically surrender, at a time and place designated by the court, any and all firearms in his or her possession and his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing.

officer from whose custody he was bailed.

15 (Source: P.A. 92-329, eff. 8-9-01; 92-442, eff. 8-17-01; 16 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-184, eff. 1-1-04.)