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Rep. Dan Reitz

Filed: 4/12/2005

	09400HB1074ham002 LRB094 08799 RCE 45083 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1074
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 1074, AS AMENDED, by
3	replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 10. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by
6	changing Section 1-75 as follows:
7	(515 ILCS 5/1-75) (from Ch. 56, par. 1-75)
8	Sec. 1-75. Resident. "Resident" means a person who in good
9	faith makes application for any license or permit and verifies
10	by statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent
11	abode in this State for a period of at least 30 consecutive
12	days immediately preceding the person's application, and who
13	does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another
14	state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar
15	licenses or permits covered by this Code actually resided in
16	this State for at least the 30 consecutive days before the date
17	of application and that his or her residence or permanent abode
18	is, at the time of making application, in this State. <u>A</u>
19	person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent
20	dwelling place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient
21	place of residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish
22	that the person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in
23	this State. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not
24	limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal

09400HB1074ham002

<u>income tax, or obtains a drivers license. Except for the</u> <u>purposes of obtaining a Lifetime License, any Any</u> person on active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois during his or her period of military duty. (Source: P.A. 87-833.)

6 Section 15. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing 7 Sections 1.2m, 2.26, and 3.37 as follows:

8 (520 ILCS 5/1.2m) (from Ch. 61, par. 1.2m)

9 Sec. 1.2m. "Resident" means a person who in good faith 10 makes application for any license or permit and verifies by statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent 11 12 abode in this State for a period of at least 30 consecutive days immediately preceding the person's application, and who 13 14 does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar 15 licenses or permits covered by this Code actually resided in 16 17 this State at least 30 days consecutively preceding the date of 18 his application and that his residence or permanent abode is, 19 at the time of making application, in this State. A person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent dwelling 20 place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient place of 21 22 residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish that the 23 person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in this State. 24 Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal income tax, 25 26 or obtains a drivers license. Except for the purposes of 27 obtaining a Lifetime License, any Any person on active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois 28 29 during his or her period of military duty.

30 (Source: P.A. 81-382.)

31 (520 ILCS 5/2.26) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.26)

09400HB1074ham002 -3- LRB094 08799 RCE 45083 a

Sec. 2.26. Deer hunting permits. In this Section, "bona 1 2 fide equity shareholder" means an individual who (1) purchased, 3 for market price, publicly sold stock shares in a corporation, 4 purchased shares of a privately-held corporation for a value 5 equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the corporate assets represented by the ownership in the corporation, or is a 6 7 member of a closely-held family-owned corporation and has purchased or been gifted with shares of stock 8 in the corporation accurately reflecting his or her percentage of 9 10 ownership and (2) intends to retain the ownership of the shares of stock for at least 5 years. 11

In this Section, "bona fide equity member" means an 12 individual who (1) (i) became a member upon the formation of 13 14 the limited liability company or (ii) has purchased a distributional interest in a limited liability company for a 15 value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the LLC 16 17 assets represented by the distributional interest in the LLC 18 and subsequently becomes a member of the company pursuant to 19 Article 30 of the Limited Liability Company Act and who (2) 20 intends to retain the membership for at least 5 years.

21 In this Section, "bona fide equity partner" means an individual who (1) (i) became a partner, either general or 22 limited, upon the formation of a partnership or limited 23 24 partnership, or (ii) has purchased, acquired, or been gifted a 25 partnership interest accurately representing his or her 26 percentage distributional interest in the profits, losses, and assets of a partnership or limited partnership, (2) intends to 27 28 retain ownership of the partnership interest for at least 5 29 years, and (3) is a resident of Illinois.

Any person attempting to take deer shall first obtain a "Deer Hunting Permit" in accordance with prescribed regulations set forth in an Administrative Rule. Deer Hunting Permits shall be issued by the Department. The fee for a Deer Hunting Permit to take deer with either bow and arrow or gun

shall not exceed \$15.00 for residents of the State. The 1 Department may by administrative rule provide for non-resident 2 3 deer hunting permits for which the fee will not exceed \$410 4 \$200 except as provided below for non-resident landowners and 5 non-resident archery hunters. The Department may by administrative rule provide for a non-resident archery deer 6 7 permit consisting of not more than 2 harvest tags at a total cost not to exceed $\frac{$435}{$225}$. Permits shall be issued without 8 9 charge to:

(a) Illinois landowners residing in Illinois who own at
least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt their land
only,

(b) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercialagricultural land where they will hunt, and

15 (c) Bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation, 16 bona fide equity members of a limited liability company, or 17 bona fide equity partners of a general or limited partnership which owns at least 40 acres of land in a 18 county in Illinois who wish to hunt on the corporation's, 19 20 company's, or partnership's land only. One permit shall be 21 issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder, 22 one bona fide equity member, or one bona fide equity partner for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation, 23 company, or partnership in a county; however, the number of 24 permits issued without charge to bona fide 25 equity 26 shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members 27 of a limited liability company in any county shall not 28 exceed 15, and shall not exceed 3 in the case of bona fide 29 equity partners of a partnership.

Bona fide landowners or tenants who do not wish to hunt only on the land they own, rent, or lease or bona fide equity shareholders, bona fide equity members, or bona fide equity partners who do not wish to hunt only on the land owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall 1 be charged the same fee as the applicant who is not a 2 landowner, tenant, bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide 3 equity member, or bona fide equity partner. Nonresidents of 4 Illinois who own at least 40 acres of land and wish to hunt on 5 their land only shall be charged a fee set by administrative 6 rule. The method for obtaining these permits shall be 7 prescribed by administrative rule.

8 The deer hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid 9 on all farm lands which the person to whom it is issued owns, 10 leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued to 11 a bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or 12 bona fide equity partner, the permit shall be valid on all 13 lands owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or 14 partnership in the county.

The standards and specifications for use of guns and bow and arrow for deer hunting shall be established by administrative rule.

No person may have in his possession any firearm not authorized by administrative rule for a specific hunting season when taking deer.

Persons having a firearm deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of shotgun, handgun, or muzzle loading rifle.

Persons having an archery deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of bow and arrow.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer by use of dogs, horses, automobiles, aircraft or other vehicles, or by the use of salt or bait of any kind. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days

following the removal of bait. Nothing in this Section shall 1 prohibit the use of a dog to track wounded deer. Any person 2 3 using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical 4 control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot 5 lead attached to the dog's collar or harness. Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at no time outside of legal 6 7 deer hunting hours or seasons shall any person handling or accompanying a dog being used for tracking wounded deer be in 8 possession of any firearm or archery device. Persons tracking 9 10 wounded deer with a dog during the firearm deer seasons shall 11 wear blaze orange as required. Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from hunting license and deer permit 12 requirements so long as they are accompanied by the licensed 13 14 deer hunter who wounded the deer.

15 It shall be unlawful to possess or transport any wild deer 16 which has been injured or killed in any manner upon a public 17 highway or public right-of-way of this State unless exempted by 18 administrative rule.

Persons hunting deer must have gun unloaded and no bow and arrow device shall be carried with the arrow in the nocked position during hours when deer hunting is unlawful.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by gun, to further participate with gun in any deer hunting party.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by bow and arrow, to further participate with bow and arrow in any deer hunting party.

28 The Department may prohibit upland game hunting during the 29 gun deer season by administrative rule.

30 <u>The Department shall not limit the number of resident</u> 31 <u>archery deer hunting permits. The Department shall not limit</u> 32 <u>the number of non-resident archery deer hunting permits to less</u> 33 <u>than 20,000.</u>

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It shall be legal for handicapped persons, as defined in

09400HB1074ham002 -7- LRB094 08799 RCE 45083 a

Section 2.33, to utilize a crossbow device, as defined in
 Department rules, to take deer.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Section, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

6 (Source: P.A. 92-177, eff. 7-27-01; 92-261, eff. 8-7-01;
7 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-554, eff. 8-20-03; 93-807, eff.
8 7-24-04; 93-823, eff. 1-1-05; revised 10-14-04.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.".