# 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

# 2005 and 2006

#### HB1431

Introduced 2/10/2005, by Rep. Richard P. Myers

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

750 ILCS 5/602	from Ch. 40, par.	602
750 ILCS 5/602.1	from Ch. 40, par.	602.1

Amends the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Provides that the court shall use a rebuttable presumption that joint legal and physical custody is in the best interest of the child. Provides that, whenever it appears that both parents are fit, but that joint legal and physical custody is not feasible and cannot be remedied by a Joint Parenting Agreement between the parents, the court shall use a rebuttable presumption that the best interests of the child will be served by granting legal and physical custody to the parent more disposed to encourage and permit frequent and continuing contact by the other parent with the child. Requires the court to justify any departure from the presumptions with detailed findings.

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AN ACT concerning civil law.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of 5 Marriage Act is amended by changing Sections 602 and 602.1 as 6 follows:

7 (750 ILCS 5/602) (from Ch. 40, par. 602)

8 Sec. 602. Best Interest of Child.

9 (a) The court shall determine custody in accordance with 10 the best interest of the child. The court shall consider all 11 relevant factors including:

12 (1) the wishes of the child's parent or parents as to13 his custody;

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(2) the wishes of the child as to his custodian;

15 (3) the interaction and interrelationship of the child 16 with his parent or parents, his siblings and any other 17 person who may significantly affect the child's best 18 interest;

19 (4) the child's adjustment to his home, school and 20 community;

(5) the mental and physical health of all individuals
 involved;

(6) the physical violence or threat of physical violence by the child's potential custodian, whether directed against the child or directed against another person;

(7) the occurrence of ongoing abuse as defined in
Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986,
whether directed against the child or directed against
another person; and

(8) the willingness and ability of each parent to
 facilitate and encourage a close and continuing

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1 relationship between the other parent and the child. 2 In the case of a custody proceeding in which a stepparent 3 has standing under Section 601, it is presumed to be in the 4 best interest of the minor child that the natural parent have 5 the custody of the minor child unless the presumption is 6 rebutted by the stepparent.

7 <u>(a-3) The court shall use a rebuttable presumption that</u> 8 joint legal and physical custody is in the best interests of 9 the child. Any departure from the presumption must be justified 10 by detailed findings.

11 (a-5) Whenever it appears that both parents are fit, but 12 that joint legal and physical custody is not feasible and cannot be remedied by a Joint Parenting Agreement between the 13 parents, the court shall use a rebuttable presumption that the 14 best interests of the child will be served by granting legal 15 16 and physical custody to the parent more disposed to encourage 17 and permit frequent and continuing contact by the other parent with the child. Any departure from this presumption must be 18 justified by detailed findings. 19

(b) The court shall not consider conduct of a present or proposed custodian that does not affect his relationship to the child.

(c) Unless the court finds the occurrence of ongoing abuse as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, the court shall presume that the maximum involvement and cooperation of both parents regarding the physical, mental, moral, and emotional well-being of their child is in the best interest of the child. There shall be no presumption in favor of or against joint custody.

30 (Source: P.A. 90-782, eff. 8-14-98.)

31 (750 ILCS 5/602.1) (from Ch. 40, par. 602.1)

32 Sec. 602.1. (a) The dissolution of marriage, the 33 declaration of invalidity of marriage, the legal separation of 34 the parents, or the parents living separate and apart shall not 35 diminish parental powers, rights, and responsibilities except HB1431

as the court for good reason may determine under the standards
 of Section 602.

3 (b) Upon the application of either or both parents, or upon 4 its own motion, the court shall consider an award of joint 5 custody. Joint custody means custody determined pursuant to a Joint Parenting Agreement or a Joint Parenting Order. In such 6 cases, the court shall initially request the parents to produce 7 a Joint Parenting Agreement. Such Agreement shall specify each 8 parent's powers, rights and responsibilities for the personal 9 care of the child and for major decisions such as education, 10 11 health care, and religious training. The Agreement shall 12 further specify a procedure by which proposed changes, disputes 13 and alleged breaches may be mediated or otherwise resolved and shall provide for a periodic review of its terms by the 14 15 parents. In producing a Joint Parenting Agreement, the parents 16 shall be flexible in arriving at resolutions which further the policy of this State as expressed in Sections 102 and 602. For 17 the purpose of assisting the court in making a determination 18 19 whether an award of joint custody is appropriate, the court may 20 order mediation and may direct that an investigation be conducted pursuant to the provisions of Section 605. In the 21 event the parents fail to produce a Joint Parenting Agreement, 22 23 the court may enter an appropriate Joint Parenting Order under the standards of Section 602 which shall specify and contain 24 the same elements as a Joint Parenting Agreement, or it may 25 26 award sole custody under the standards of Sections 602, 607, 27 and 608.

(c) (Blank). The court may enter an order of joint custody
 if it determines that joint custody would be in the best
 interests of the child, taking into account the following:

31 (1) the ability of the parents to cooperate effectively 32 and consistently in matters that directly affect the joint 33 parenting of the child. "Ability of the parents to 34 cooperate" means the parents' capacity to substantially 35 comply with a Joint Parenting Order. The court shall not 36 consider the inability of the parents to cooperate 1 effectively and consistently in matters that do not 2 directly affect the joint parenting of the child; 3 (2) The residential circumstances of each parent; and 4 (3) all other factors which may be relevant to the best 5 interest of the child.

6 (d) Nothing within this section shall imply or presume that 7 joint custody shall necessarily mean equal parenting time. The 8 physical residence of the child in joint custodial situations 9 shall be determined by:

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(1) express agreement of the parties; or

11 (2) order of the court under the standards of this12 Section.

13 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, access to records and information pertaining to a child, including but 14 15 not limited to medical, dental, child care and school records, 16 shall not be denied to a parent for the reason that such parent 17 is not the child's custodial parent; however, no parent shall have access to the school records of a child if the parent is 18 19 prohibited by an order of protection from inspecting or 20 obtaining such records pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended. 21

22 (Source: P.A. 88-409.)