

## **Environment Energy Committee**

## Filed: 2/15/2006

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## 09400HB1614ham001

LRB094 02880 RSP 55144 a

1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1614
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 1614 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5	Illinois Appliance Efficiency Standards Act.
6	Section 5. Purpose and findings.
7	(a) This Act provides for the establishment of minimum
8	efficiency standards for certain products sold or installed in
9	this State.
10	(b) The General Assembly finds that:
11	(1) Efficiency standards for certain products sold or
12	installed in this State assure consumers and businesses
13	that the products meet minimum efficiency performance
14	levels, thus saving money on heating or electric bills.
15	(2) Such efficiency standards save energy and thus
16	reduce pollution and other environmental impacts
17	associated with the production, distribution, and use of
18	electricity and natural gas.
19	(3) Such efficiency standards can make electricity
20	systems more reliable by reducing the strain on the
21	electricity grid during peak demand periods.
22	(4) Energy efficiency standards contribute to the
23	economy of this State by enabling consumers and business

owners to spend less on energy, leaving more for the

- 1 purchase of local goods and services.
- 2 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 3 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic
- 4 Opportunity.
- "Ballast" means a device used with an electric discharge
- lamp to obtain necessary circuit conditions (voltage, current
- 7 and waveform) for starting and operating the lamp.
- "Boiler" means a self-contained appliance for supplying 8
- 9 steam or hot water primarily intended for space-heating and
- 10 which utilizes only single-phase electric current,
- single-phase electric current or DC current in conjunction with 11
- 12 natural gas, propane, or home heating oil, and which:
- 13 (1) is designed to be the principal heating source for
- 14 the living space of one or more residences;
- 15 (2) has a heat input rate of less than 300,000 Btu per
- hour; and 16
- 17 (3) is not an appliance designed for the primary
- purpose of supplying hot water for purposes other than 18
- 19 heating.
- 20 "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing,
- regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for 21
- 22 services rendered.
- "Electricity ratio" means the ratio of furnace electricity 23
- 24 use to total furnace energy use. Electricity ratio =
- 25  $(3.412*E_{AE})/(1000*E_F + 3.412*E_{AE})$  where  $E_{AE}$  and  $E_F$  are defined in
- Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 26
- 27 "Furnace" means a self-contained space heater designed to
- 28 supply heated air through ducts of more than 10 inches length
- 29 and which utilizes only single-phase electric current, or
- 30 single-phase electric current or DC current in conjunction with
- natural gas, propane, or home heating oil, and which: 31
- 32 (1) is designed to be the principle heating source for
- the living space of one or more residences; 33

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1	(2)	is	not	contained	l withi	n the	same	cabinet	with	a
2	central	air	con	nditioner	whose	rated	cooli	ng capa	city	is
3	above 65	,000	) Btu	per hour	; and					

(3) has a heat input rate of less than 225,000 Btu per hour.

"High-intensity discharge lamp" means a lamp in which light is produced by the passage of an electric current through a vapor or gas and in which the light-producing arc is stabilized by bulb wall temperature and the arc tube has a bulb wall loading in excess of 3 watts per square centimeter.

"Medium voltage dry-type distribution transformer" means a transformer that:

- (1) has an input voltage of more than 600 volts but less than or equal to 34,500 volts;
  - (2) is air-cooled;
  - (3) does not use oil as a coolant; and
  - (4) is rated for operation at a frequency of 60 Hertz.

"Metal halide lamp" means a high-intensity discharge lamp in which the major portion of the light is produced by radiation of metal halides and their products of dissociation, possibly in combination with metallic vapors.

"Metal halide lamp fixture" means a light fixture designed to be operated with a metal halide lamp and a ballast for a metal halide lamp.

"Probe-start metal halide ballast" means a ballast used to operate metal halide lamps which does not contain an igniter and which instead starts lamps by using a third starting electrode probe in the arc tube.

"Single-voltage external AC to DC power supply" means a device that:

- 31 (1) is designed to convert line voltage AC input into 32 lower voltage DC output;
- 33 (2) is able to convert to only one DC output voltage at a time;

- (3) is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary power load;
  - (4) is contained within a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product;
  - (5) is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;
  - (6) does not have batteries or battery packs, including those that are removable, that physically attach directly to the power supply unit;
  - (7) does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and indicator light, or does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state of charge meter; and
  - (8) has a nameplate output power less than or equal to 250 watts.

"State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp" means a lamp, not colored or designed for rough or vibration service applications, with an inner reflective coating on the outer bulb to direct the light, an E26 medium screw base, a rated voltage or voltage range that lies at least partially within 115 to 130 volts and that falls into either of the following categories: a bulged reflector, elliptical reflector, blown parabolic aluminized reflector or similar bulb shape with a diameter equal to or greater than 2.25 inches; or a reflector, parabolic aluminized reflector, bulged reflector or similar bulb shape with a diameter of 2.25 to 2.75 inches, inclusive.

"Transformer" means a device consisting of 2 or more coils of insulated wire and that is designed to transfer alternating current by electromagnetic induction from one coil to another to change the original voltage or current value. This term does not include: (1) devices with multiple voltage taps, with the highest voltage tap equaling at least 20% more than the lowest

- 1 voltage tap; or (2) devices, such as those commonly known as
- drive transformers, rectifier transformers, auto-transformers,
- 3 uninterruptible power system transformers, impedance
- 4 transformers, regulating transformers, sealed and
- 5 non-ventilating transformers, machine tool transformers,
- 6 welding transformers, grounding transformers, or testing
- 7 transformers, that are designed to be used in a special-purpose
- 8 application and are unlikely to be used in general-purpose
- 9 applications.
- 10 Section 15. Scope.
- 11 (a) The provisions of this Act apply to the testing,
- 12 certification, and enforcement of efficiency standards for the
- 13 following types of new products sold, offered for sale, or
- installed in this State:
- 15 (1) medium voltage dry-type distribution transformers;
- 16 (2) metal halide lamp fixtures;
- 17 (3) furnaces and boilers;
- 18 (4) single-voltage external AC to DC power supplies;
- 19 and

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- 20 (5) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps.
- 21 (b) The provisions of this Act do not apply to:
- 22 (1) new products manufactured in this State and sold 23 outside this State;
  - (2) new products manufactured outside this State and sold at wholesale inside this State for final retail sale and installation outside this State;
- 27 (3) products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of construction;
- 29 (4) products designed expressly for installation and 30 use in recreational vehicles; or
- 31 (5) Stock available for sale at retail on the effective 32 date of this Act.

Oil-fired steam

boilers

L	Section	20.	Effi	icie	ncy	standa	ard	s.	The	init	tial	minin	num
2	efficiency	standa	ards	for	the	types	of	new	produ	ıcts	set	forth	in
3	Section 15 a	are as	fol	lows	:								

- (1) Medium voltage dry-type distribution transformers shall meet minimum efficiency levels three-tenths of a percentage point higher than the Class 1 efficiency levels for medium voltage distribution transformers specified in Table 4-2 of the "Guide for Determining Energy Efficiency for Distribution Transformers" published by the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA Standard TP-1-2002).
- (2) Metal halide lamp fixtures designed to be operated with lamps rated greater than or equal to 150 watts but less than or equal to 500 watts shall not contain a probe-start metal halide ballast.
- (3) Furnaces and boilers shall meet or exceed the applicable Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency (AFUE) levels in the following table:

19	Product Type	Minimum	Efficiency Level
20	Gas and propane furnaces	90%	AFUE
21	Oil furnaces	83%	AFUE
22	Gas and propane hot water		
23	boilers	84%	AFUE
24	Gas and propane steam		
25	boilers	82%	AFUE

Residential furnace air handlers shall have an ER of 2% or less, except that residential oil furnaces with a capacity of less than 94,000 Btu per hour shall have an ER of 2.3% or less.

82% AFUE

(4) Single-voltage external AC to DC power supplies shall meet the tier 1 energy efficiency requirements of California Code of Regulations, Title 20, Section 1605.3 as

published in April 2005. This standard applies to single-voltage AC to DC power supplies that are sold individually and to those that are sold as a component of or in conjunction with another product.

- (5) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps shall meet the minimum average lamp efficiency requirements for federally-regulated incandescent reflector lamps contained in 42 U.S.C. section 6295 (i) (1) (A). The following lamps are exempt from these requirements: ER30, BR30, BR40, and ER40 of 50 watts or less; BR30, BR40, and ER40 of 65 watts; and R20 of 45 watts or less.
- 12 Section 25. Implementation.
  - (a) On and after January 1, 2008, no new medium voltage dry-type distribution transformer, single-voltage external AC to DC power supply, or State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp may be sold or offered for sale in the State unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in Section 20.
  - On and after January 1, 2009, no new metal halide lamp fixture may be sold or offered for sale in the State unless the efficiency of the product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in Section 20.

In consultation with the Attorney General, the Department shall determine if implementation of State standards for furnaces and boilers requires a waiver from federal preemption, and, if necessary, shall apply for such waiver within 18 months of the effective date of this Act. If the Department determines that a waiver from federal preemption is necessary for State furnace and boiler standards, the State standards shall go into effect at the earliest date permitted by federal law. If the Department determines that a waiver from federal preemption is not needed for State furnace and boiler standards, then the State standards shall go into effect on June 1, 2008.

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- 1 (b) One year after the date upon which sale or offering for 2 sale of certain products is limited pursuant to subsection (a), 3 no new products may be installed for compensation in the State 4 unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the 5 efficiency standards set forth in Section 20.
- 6 Section 35. Testing, certification, labeling, and 7 enforcement.
  - (a) The manufacturers of new products subject to this Act shall cause samples of such products to be tested in accordance with the appropriate test procedures. With respect to efficiency standards adopted by reference under Section 20, the appropriate test methods shall be those specified in the adopted standards.
  - (b) Manufacturers of new products subject to this Act shall certify to the Department that such products are in compliance with the provisions of this Act. The Department may adopt procedures and requirements governing the certification of products and may work in coordination with certification programs of other states. With respect to a product for which the Illinois efficiency standards and labeling requirements are the same as those of the federal government or another state, the Department may accept as sufficient for compliance with this subsection manufacturer's certification to the federal government or that other state, whichever is applicable, that the product complies with those standards and requirements.
  - (c) Manufacturers of new products subject to this Act shall identify each such product offered for sale or installation in this State as in compliance with the provisions of this Act by means of a mark, label, or tag on the product and packaging at the time of sale or installation. The Department shall propose and shall adopt rules governing the identification of such products and packaging and may work in coordination with the

- 1 labeling programs of other states.
- 2 (d) The Department may cause investigations to be made of
- 3 complaints received concerning violations of this Act and may
- 4 report the results of such investigations to the Attorney
- 5 General. The Attorney General may institute proceedings to
- 6 enforce the provisions of this Act.
- 7 (e) A manufacturer, distributor, retailer, or installer
- 8 who violates any provision of this Act shall be issued a
- 9 warning by the Department for the first violation. Repeat
- 10 violations shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than
- 11 \$250. Each violation shall constitute a separate offense, and
- 12 each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate
- offense. Penalties assessed under this subsection are in
- addition to costs assessed under subsection (d).
- 15 (f) The Department may propose and adopt any rules that are
- 16 necessary to ensure the proper implementation and enforcement
- of this Act.
- 18 (g) Subject to appropriation, the Department may create and
- maintain any programs, including, but not limited to, technical
- 20 assistance, education, and public awareness programs, that the
- 21 Department deems necessary for the implementation of this Act.
- 22 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- 23 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 25 becoming law.".