

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB2067

Introduced 2/14/2005, by Rep. Michael J. Madigan - Monique D. Davis and Robert S. Molaro

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/16G-15

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the offense of financial identity the ft.

LRB094 03028 RLC 33029 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 16G-15 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/16G-15)

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- 7 Sec. 16G-15. Identity theft.
- 8 (a) A person commits <u>the</u> the offense of identity theft when 9 he or she knowingly:
 - (1) uses any personal identifying information or personal identification document of another person to fraudulently obtain credit, money, goods, services, or other property, or
 - (2) uses any personal identification information or personal identification document of another with intent to commit any felony theft or other felony violation of State law not set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a),
 - (3) obtains, records, possesses, sells, transfers, purchases, or manufactures any personal identification information or personal identification document of another with intent to commit or to aid or abet another in committing any felony theft or other felony violation of State law, or
 - (4) uses, obtains, records, possesses, sells, transfers, purchases, or manufactures any personal identification information or personal identification document of another knowing that such personal identification information or personal identification documents were stolen or produced without lawful authority, or
 - (5) uses, transfers, or possesses document-making

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implements to produce false identification or false documents with knowledge that they will be used by the person or another to commit any felony theft or other felony violation of State law.

- (b) Knowledge shall be determined by an evaluation of all circumstances surrounding the use of the other person's identifying information or document.
- (c) When a charge of identity theft of credit, money, goods, services, or other property exceeding a specified value is brought the value of the credit, money, goods, services, or other property is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the specified value.
 - (d) Sentence.
 - (1) A person convicted of identity theft in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced as follows:
 - identity theft of credit, money, services, or other property not exceeding \$300 in value a Class A misdemeanor. A person who has been previously convicted of identity theft of less than \$300 who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of identity theft of less than \$300 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who has been convicted of identity theft of less than \$300 who has been previously convicted of any type of theft, robbery, robbery, burglary, residential possession of burglary tools, home invasion, home repair fraud, aggravated home repair fraud, financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person is guilty of a Class 4 felony. When a person has such prior conviction, the information indictment charging that person shall state the prior conviction so as to give notice of the State's intention to treat the charge as a felony. The fact of the prior conviction is not an element of the offense

1	and may not be disclosed to the jury during trial
2	unless otherwise permitted by issues properly raised
3	during the trial.
4	(B) Identity theft of credit, money, goods,
5	services, or other property exceeding \$300 and not

exceeding \$2,000 in value is a Class 4 felony.

- (C) Identity theft of credit, money, goods, services, or other property exceeding \$2,000 and not exceeding \$10,000 in value is a Class 3 felony.
- (D) Identity theft of credit, money, goods, services, or other property exceeding \$10,000 and not exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class 2 felony.
- (E) Identity theft of credit, money, goods, services, or other property exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class 1 felony.
- (2) A person convicted of any offense enumerated in paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (3) A person convicted of any offense enumerated in paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) a second or subsequent time is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (4) A person who, within a 12 month period, is found in violation of any offense enumerated in paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) with respect to the identifiers of 3 or more separate individuals, at the same time or consecutively, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

27 (Source: P.A. 92-792, eff. 8-6-02; 93-401, eff. 7-31-03.)