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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Sections 16G-15 and 16G-20 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/16G-15)

7 Sec. 16G-15. Identity theft.

8 (a) A person commits the offense of identity theft when he9 or she knowingly:

10 (1) uses any personal identifying information or 11 personal identification document of another person to 12 fraudulently obtain credit, money, goods, services, or 13 other property, or

14 (2) uses any personal identification information or 15 personal identification document of another with intent to 16 commit any felony theft or other felony violation of State 17 law not set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a), 18 or

(3) obtains, records, possesses, sells, transfers,
purchases, or manufactures any personal identification
information or personal identification document of another
with intent to commit or to aid or abet another in
committing any felony theft or other felony violation of
State law, or

25 (4) uses, obtains, records, possesses, sells, 26 transfers, purchases, or manufactures any personal identification 27 information or personal identification document of another knowing that such personal 28 29 identification information or personal identification 30 documents were stolen or produced without lawful 31 authority, or

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(5) uses, transfers, or possesses document-making

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implements to produce false identification or false documents with knowledge that they will be used by the person or another to commit any felony theft or other felony violation of State law.

5 (b) Knowledge shall be determined by an evaluation of all 6 circumstances surrounding the use of the other person's 7 identifying information or document.

8 (c) When a charge of identity theft of credit, money, 9 goods, services, or other property exceeding a specified value 10 is brought the value of the credit, money, goods, services, or 11 other property is an element of the offense to be resolved by 12 the trier of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the 13 specified value.

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(d) Sentence.

(1) A person convicted of identity theft in violationof paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced asfollows:

identity theft of credit, money, goods, 18 (A) services, or other property not exceeding \$300 in value 19 20 is a Class <u>4 felony</u> A misdemeanor. A person who has been previously convicted of identity theft of less 21 than \$300 who is convicted of a second or subsequent 22 offense of identity theft of less than \$300 is guilty 23 of a Class 3 4 felony. A person who has been convicted 24 of identity theft of less than \$300 who has been 25 previously convicted of any type of theft, robbery, 26 27 armed robbery, burglary, residential burglary, 28 possession of burglary tools, home invasion, home repair fraud, aggravated home repair fraud, or 29 30 financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person is guilty of a Class 3 4 felony. When a person 31 32 has any such prior conviction, the information or indictment charging that person shall state the prior 33 conviction so as to give notice of the State's 34 intention to treat the charge as a <u>Class 3</u> felony. The 35 fact of the prior conviction is not an element of the 36

1 offense and may not be disclosed to the jury during 2 trial unless otherwise permitted by issues properly 3 raised during the trial.

4 (B) Identity theft of credit, money, goods,
5 services, or other property exceeding \$300 and not
6 exceeding \$2,000 in value is a Class <u>3</u> 4 felony.

7 (C) Identity theft of credit, money, goods,
8 services, or other property exceeding \$2,000 and not
9 exceeding \$10,000 in value is a Class <u>2</u> <del>3</del> felony.

(D) Identity theft of credit, money, goods,
 services, or other property exceeding \$10,000 and not
 exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class <u>1</u> <del>2</del> felony.

(E) Identity theft of credit, money, goods,
services, or other property exceeding \$100,000 in
value is a Class <u>X</u> <del>1</del> felony.

16 (2) A person convicted of any offense enumerated in
17 paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) is guilty of a
18 Class <u>3</u> 4 felony.

(3) A person convicted of any offense enumerated in
paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) a second or
subsequent time is guilty of a Class <u>2</u> <del>3</del> felony.

(4) A person who, within a 12 month period, is found in violation of any offense enumerated in paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a) with respect to the identifiers of 3 or more separate individuals, at the same time or consecutively, is guilty of a Class 2 + 3 felony.

27 (Source: P.A. 92-792, eff. 8-6-02; 93-401, eff. 7-31-03.)

28 (720 ILCS 5/16G-20)

29 Sec. 16G-20. Aggravated identity theft.

(a) A person commits the offense of aggravated identity
theft when he or she commits the offense of identity theft as
set forth in subsection (a) of Section 16G-15 against a person
60 years of age or older or a disabled person as defined in
Section 16-1.3 of this Code.

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(b) Knowledge shall be determined by an evaluation of all

circumstances surrounding the use of the other person's
 identifying information or document.

3 (c) When a charge of aggravated identity theft of credit, 4 money, goods, services, or other property exceeding a specified 5 value is brought the value of the credit, money, goods, 6 services, or other property is an element of the offense to be 7 resolved by the trier of fact as either exceeding or not 8 exceeding the specified value.

9 (d) A defense to aggravated identity theft does not exist 10 merely because the accused reasonably believed the victim to be 11 a person less than 60 years of age.

12 (e) Sentence.

(1) Aggravated identity theft of credit, money, goods,
services, or other property not exceeding \$300 in value is
a Class <u>3</u> 4 felony.

16 (2) Aggravated identity theft of credit, money, goods,
17 services, or other property exceeding \$300 and not
18 exceeding \$10,000 in value is a Class <u>2</u> <del>3</del> felony.

(3) Aggravated identity theft of credit, money, goods,
 services, or other property exceeding \$10,000 in value and
 not exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class <u>1</u> <del>2</del> felony.

22 (4) Aggravated identity theft of credit, money, goods, 23 services, or other property exceeding \$100,000 in value is 24 a Class  $\underline{X} +$  felony.

(5) A person who has been previously convicted of
aggravated identity theft regardless of the value of the
property involved who is convicted of a second or
subsequent offense of aggravated identity theft regardless
of the value of the property involved is guilty of a Class
X felony.

31 (Source: P.A. 93-401, eff. 7-31-03.)

32 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 33 becoming law.