

# 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

# 2005 and 2006

## HB3460

Introduced 02/23/05, by Rep. Dave Winters - Renee Kosel

# SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 30 ILCS 105/5.640 new 30 ILCS 105/5.641 new 35 ILCS 200/18-45 35 ILCS 200/18-185 105 ILCS 5/18-8.05

Creates the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act and amends the School Code, the Property Tax Code, and the State Finance Act. Authorizes school districts by referendum to impose an income tax on individuals resident of the district at an annual rate not exceeding 2%. Requires the income tax revenues disbursed to a district each year to be used to abate the extension in that year of real property taxes levied by the district. Provides that for purposes of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law the "aggregate extension base" shall not be reduced by any abatement pursuant to the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act. Provides for a referendum repeal of the tax or a referendum change in the rate at which the tax is imposed or the percentage of the tax to be used for abatement. Provides for the manner of levying, collecting, and disbursing the tax and for the manner in which the tax revenues are used. Effective immediately.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning schools.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Local
Option Property Tax Reduction Act.

6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:

7 "Taxable income" means that portion of the net income of 8 the taxpayer which is allocable and apportionable to the school 9 district under the provisions of this Act and the regulations 10 adopted under this Act.

"Net income" means the net income of the taxpayer as defined and as determined and computed for the taxable year under the provisions of the Illinois Income Tax Act.

"Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending in such calendar year, upon the basis of which taxable income is computed under this Act, and also includes a fractional part of a year for which income is earned.

18 "Resident" means an individual that is in the school 19 district for other than a temporary transitory purpose during 20 the taxable year, or who is domiciled in that school district 21 but is absent therefrom for a temporary or transitory purpose 22 during the taxable year. "Resident" does not include a 23 corporation.

24 Section 10. Referendum; imposition of tax; limitations. 25 The school board of each school district, including special charter districts as defined in Section 1-3 of the School Code 26 27 and school districts organized under Article 34 of that Code, may by proper resolution or shall upon petition of 5% of the 28 29 number of voters who voted in the school district in the last gubernatorial election cause to be submitted to the voters of 30 the school district at a general or primary election in 31

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accordance with the general election law a proposition to authorize an annual local income tax for schools at a rate not to exceed 2%, measured as a percentage of the taxable income of individuals and imposed only in increments of 0.50%, to be imposed on every individual on the privilege of earning or

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6 receiving income in or as a resident of the school district. The resolution or petition to submit the proposition to the 7 voters of the district shall be in accordance with the general 8 9 election law. The proposition as submitted at the referendum 10 shall specify the annual rate at which the tax is proposed to 11 be imposed on individuals and that the taxes collected shall be 12 used to abate the extension in that year of any real property taxes levied by the district for lawful school purposes. 13

14 Apportionment of income. The method of Section 15. 15 allocating and apportioning income earned in the school 16 district by individuals that earn only a portion of their income in that district shall be established by rules adopted 17 18 by the Department of Revenue for that purpose. The method so 19 established shall be determined, as near as may be, in accordance with the provisions of Article III of the Illinois 20 Income Tax Act governing the manner in which income and items 21 22 of deduction are allocated and apportioned to this State with respect to part-year residents and other persons. 23

Section 20. Additional referenda. The school board of a school district may by resolution, or shall upon the petition of 5% of the number of voters who voted in the school district in the last gubernatorial election, cause to be submitted to the voters of that district at a general election in accordance with the general election law any of the following:

30 (i) A proposition to decrease (but only in increments
31 of 0.50%) or to increase (but only in increments of 0.50%)
32 the annual rate for the local income tax for schools
33 imposed under Section 10.

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(ii) In case authority to impose the local income tax

1 for schools has been rejected or repealed by the voters at 2 a prior referendum, a proposition to authorize or again 3 authorize the local income tax for schools to be so 4 imposed.

5 (iii) In case a proposition to authorize the imposition 6 of or to decrease the rate of the local income tax for 7 schools has been approved by the voters at a prior 8 referendum, a proposition to repeal that local income tax 9 for schools.

10 Any resolution or petition under this Section to submit to 11 the voters of the school district a proposition to increase or 12 decrease the annual rate for the local income tax for schools 13 shall specify the annual rate at which the tax is proposed to 14 be imposed.

15 Referenda under this Section shall be governed by the 16 general election law. If a majority of the votes cast is in 17 favor of the proposition to decrease or increase the rate of or to authorize imposition of the local income tax for schools, 18 19 the school board shall thereafter, until the authority is 20 revoked in like manner, impose the annual tax as authorized. If a majority of the votes cast is in favor of the proposition to 21 repeal the local income tax for schools, that tax shall not 22 23 thereafter be imposed unless again authorized as provided in this Section. 24

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### Section 25. Collection.

26 (a) Any tax authorized under this Act shall be imposed, 27 increased, decreased, or repealed effective at the beginning of 28 the second calendar quarter beginning after certification by 29 the proper election officials of the results of the referendum 30 that authorizes imposing, increasing, decreasing, or repealing 31 the tax. The tax so imposed shall be collected by the Department of Revenue. The certification by the proper election 32 33 officials of the results of the referendum authorizing the tax and the certification by the school board to the Department of 34 35 Revenue of the rate of the tax to be imposed under this Act

1 shall constitute the authority of the Department of Revenue to 2 collect the tax. Whenever a proposition to authorize imposition 3 of the local income tax for schools is approved by the voters of any school district as provided in this Act, the county 4 5 clerk of each county in which that school district is located 6 shall promptly certify the territorial boundaries of the Department of Revenue. 7 district to the Thereafter, the 8 Department shall (i) promptly notify all individual residents 9 of the district who have previously filed a return with respect 10 to the taxes imposed by the Illinois Income Tax Act that the 11 local income tax for schools has been imposed within the 12 district and the manner in which the tax is to be collected by 13 and paid to the Department of Revenue and (ii) publish notice in a newspaper published in the school district, or if there is 14 15 no such newspaper then in a newspaper published in the county 16 and having circulation in the school district, that the local 17 income tax for schools has been imposed within the district and the manner in which the tax is to be collected by and paid to 18 19 the Department of Revenue. Any tax imposed under this Act shall 20 be collected by and paid to the Department of Revenue at the same time and in the same manner, with the same withholding and 21 estimated payment requirements and subject to 22 the same 23 assessment and refund procedures, penalties, and interest, as the tax imposed by the Illinois Income Tax Act. Except as 24 provided in subsection (b) of this Section, the Department of 25 26 Revenue shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex 27 officio, as trustee, all moneys received by it under this 28 Section to be deposited into a special account that the State 29 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall establish and maintain 30 for that school district in the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Fund, a special fund that is hereby created in the 31 32 State treasury, to be held and disbursed by the Treasurer as provided in this Section and Section 30. All interest earned 33 34 from the investment of any moneys from time to time held in the 35 Local Option Property Tax Reduction Fund and any special 36 accounts established therein shall be retained by the Treasurer - 5 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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to be applied toward the costs incurred by the Department of
 Revenue in administering and enforcing this Act.

3 (b) The Local Option Property Tax Reduction Refund Fund is 4 hereby created in the State Treasury. The Department of Revenue 5 shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected from the tax imposed under this Act by any school district into a 6 special account that the State Treasurer and State Comptroller 7 8 shall establish and maintain within the Local Option Property 9 Tax Reduction Refund Fund for the purpose of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act with 10 11 respect to that school district. The Department of Revenue shall determine the percentage of the amounts collected from 12 13 the tax imposed under this Act by any school district that is to be deposited into the special account maintained in the 14 15 Local Option Property Tax Reduction Refund Fund to pay refunds 16 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act with 17 respect to that school district and shall certify that percentage to the Comptroller, all in accordance with rules 18 19 adopted by the Department of Revenue for purposes of this 20 Section. Money in the special account maintained in the Local 21 Option Property Tax Reduction Refund Fund with respect to any 22 school district shall be expended exclusively for the purpose 23 of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability 24 under this Act with respect to that school district. The 25 Director of Revenue shall order payment of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act from the 26 27 special account maintained with respect to a school district in the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Refund Fund only to the 28 29 extent that amounts collected pursuant to this Act for that 30 school district have been deposited to and retained in that special account. This Section shall constitute an irrevocable 31 32 and continuing appropriation from the Local Option Property Tax 33 Reduction Refund Fund and the special accounts established and maintained therein for the purpose of paying refunds upon the 34 35 order of the Director of Revenue in accordance with the provisions of this Section. 36

(c) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such rules
 and regulations as may be necessary to implement the provisions
 of this Act.

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Section 30. Certification, disbursement, and use of funds.

(a) On or before June 15 of each calendar year, or the 5 first following business day if June 15 falls on a Saturday, 6 7 Sunday, or holiday, the Department of Revenue shall certify to 8 the State Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money 9 to each school district in which any tax authorized by this Act 10 has been imposed, levied, and collected during the preceding 11 calendar year. On each certification date, the amount to be certified for disbursement from the 12 separate account maintained for a school district in the Local Option Property 13 14 Tax Reduction Fund shall be the amount deposited into that special account from the tax collected under this Act for that 15 16 school district for the preceding calendar year, reduced by an amount equal to 2% of the amount so deposited into that special 17 18 account to be retained by the Treasurer to be applied toward 19 costs incurred by the Department of Revenue the in administering and enforcing this Act. 20

(b) At the time of each disbursement to a school district, 21 22 the Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the 23 Comptroller the amount retained by the State Treasurer as provided in this Section and the interest earned from the 24 25 investment of moneys from time to time held in the Local Option 26 Property Tax Reduction Fund and any special accounts 27 established therein as provided in subsection (a) of Section 25 28 to be applied toward the costs incurred by the Department in 29 administering and enforcing this Act, the amount so retained 30 and the interest so earned to be paid into the General Revenue 31 Fund of the State Treasury.

32 (c) Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller from 33 the Department of Revenue of the certification of disbursements 34 to the school districts and General Revenue Fund as provided in 35 this Section, the Comptroller shall cause the warrants to be - 7 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the
 directions contained in the certification.

(d) If for any reason the General Assembly fails to make an 3 appropriation sufficient to pay each school district the full 4 5 amount required to be disbursed and paid to it by this Section 6 and any other provision of this Act, then this Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all 7 8 amounts necessary for that purpose and the irrevocable and 9 continuing authority for and direction to the Comptroller and 10 Treasurer of the State to make the necessary transfers out of 11 and disbursements from the revenues and funds of the State for 12 that purpose.

(e) The school board of each school district that receives 13 14 a disbursement provided for in this Act shall apply the moneys 15 so disbursed to any funds from which the school board of the 16 school district is authorized to make expenditures by law, 17 provided that (i) the percentage of the amount so disbursed to the school district in any calendar year that is attributable 18 19 to the required minimum abatement in the extension in that 20 calendar year of the real property taxes levied by the district for educational purposes shall be applied to the educational 21 purposes of the district, and (ii) if any percentage of the 22 23 amount so disbursed to the school district in any calendar year is attributable to any required additional abatement in the 24 25 extension in that calendar year of any real property taxes 26 levied by the district for educational or any other lawful 27 school purpose, that percentage of the amount so disbursed 28 shall be applied by the district to the fund created for that 29 purpose.

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### Section 35. Property tax abatement.

31 (a) The extension of real property taxes for a school 32 district within which the local income tax for schools 33 authorized by this Act already has been imposed, levied, and 34 collected shall be abated by the county clerk in which the 35 school district is located in the manner provided by this - 8 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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1 Section, provided that (i) if any such school district is 2 located in more than one county the amount of real property 3 taxes of the district to be so abated shall be apportioned by 4 the county clerks of those counties based upon the ratio of the 5 aggregate assessed value of the taxable property of the 6 district in each such county and (ii) prior to any abatement under this Section the county clerk shall determine whether the 7 8 amount of each tax levied by the district for a lawful school 9 purpose and certified for extension is based on a rate at which the district making the certification is authorized by statute 10 11 or referendum to levy that tax, shall disregard any excess, and 12 shall extend the levy of that tax in accordance with the 13 provisions of Section 18-45 of the Property Tax Code, subject to abatement as provided in this Section. 14

15 (b) Not later than September 1 of the first calendar year 16 in which the tax authorized by this Act is imposed, levied, and collected within a school district, the Department of Revenue 17 shall certify to the county clerk of each county in which any 18 19 part of the school district is located the estimated amount of 20 the tax that would have been collected under this Act during the immediately preceding calendar year in that part of the 21 22 district located in the county had this Act been in effect and 23 had that tax been imposed, levied, and collected within that 24 district during that immediately preceding calendar year at the 25 same annual rate and for the same period of time as that tax is 26 imposed, levied, and collected in the district during the 27 calendar year in which the certification is made.

28 (c) During the calendar year immediately succeeding the 29 calendar year in which the certification under subsection (b) 30 is required to be made, in extending the real property taxes 31 last levied by a school district for educational purposes, the 32 county clerk shall abate that extension of the district's levy for educational purposes by an amount equal to 100% of the 33 estimated amount that was certified to the county clerk by the 34 35 Department of Revenue under the provisions of subsection (b) during the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar 36

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1 year in which the extension is made. In each subsequent 2 calendar year, in extending the real property taxes levied by the school district for educational purposes during the 3 immediately preceding calendar year, the county clerk shall 4 5 abate each such extension of the district's levy for educational purposes by an amount equal to 100% of the amount 6 disbursed to the school district under Section 30 during June 7 of the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in 8 9 which the extension and abatement are made.

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10 Section 40. Property tax rates. The provisions of this Act 11 for abatement in the extension of the amount of real property taxes levied by school districts do not constitute and shall 12 not be construed to be a limitation on or a reduction in the 13 rate at which any school district now is or hereafter may be 14 15 authorized by statute or referendum to levy taxes for any 16 lawful school purpose. Notwithstanding any abatement required by Section 35 to be made in any year in any taxes levied by any 17 18 school district for educational or any other lawful school 19 purpose, for purposes of computing the operating tax rate of the school district under Section 18-8, that abatement shall be 20 disregarded and the rate per cent applicable to the extension 21 22 of the district's tax for its educational, operations and 23 maintenance, and other school funds, as a component of its operating tax rate under Section 18-8, shall be computed on the 24 25 basis of the amount actually certified by the district to be 26 levied for those purposes, unreduced by any abatement required by Section 35. 27

Section 45. Penalties. Any person who is subject to this Act and who (i) willfully fails to file a return, (ii) willfully violates any rule or regulation of the Department of Revenue for the administration or enforcement of this Act, or (iii) willfully attempts in any other manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed by this Act or the payment thereof is, in addition to other penalties, guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. A HB3460 - 10 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

1 prosecution for any violation of this Act may be commenced 2 within 3 years of the commission of that act.

3 Section 50. Collection of delinquent taxes; distribution. 4 If the Department of Revenue collects delinquent taxes due 5 under the Illinois Income Tax Act or under this Act, that money 6 shall be distributed to the State or the school district in 7 proportion to the amount of the total State income tax 8 liability or local income tax liability in the year that the 9 tax was due.

Section 905. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Sections 5.640 and 5.641 as follows:

12 (30 ILCS 105/5.640 new)

13 Sec. 5.640. The Local Option Property Tax Reduction Fund.

14 (30 ILCS 105/5.641 new)

15 Sec. 5.641. The Local Option Property Tax Reduction Refund

16 <u>Fund.</u>

Section 910. The Property Tax Code is amended by changingSections 18-45 and 18-185 as follows:

19 (35 ILCS 200/18-45)

Sec. 18-45. Computation of rates. Except as provided below, 20 21 each county clerk shall estimate and determine the rate per 22 cent upon the equalized assessed valuation for the levy year of the property in the county's taxing districts and special 23 24 service areas, as established under Article VII of the Illinois 25 Constitution, so that the rate will produce, within the proper 26 divisions of that county, not less than the net amount that will be required by the county board or certified to the county 27 28 clerk according to law. Prior to extension, the county clerk shall determine the maximum amount of tax authorized to be 29 levied by any statute. If the amount of any tax certified to 30

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the county clerk for extension exceeds the maximum, the clerk
 shall extend only the maximum allowable levy.

3 The county clerk shall exclude from the total equalized 4 assessed valuation, whenever estimating and determining it 5 under this Section and Sections 18-50 through 18-105, the 6 equalized assessed valuation in the percentage which has been 7 agreed to by each taxing district, of any property or portion 8 thereof within an Enterprise Zone upon which an abatement of 9 taxes was made under Section 18-170. However, if a municipality has adopted tax increment financing under Division 74.4 of 10 11 Article 11 of the Illinois Municipal Code, the county clerk 12 shall estimate and determine rates in accordance with Sections 11-74.4-7 through 11-74.4-9 of that Act. Beginning on January 13 1, 1998 and thereafter, the equalized assessed value of all 14 property for the computation of the amount to be extended 15 within a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall be the 16 17 sum of (i) the equalized assessed value of such property for the year immediately preceding the levy year as established by 18 19 assessment and equalization process for the the year immediately prior to the levy year, (ii) the equalized assessed 20 value of any property that qualifies as new property, as 21 22 defined in Section 18-185, or annexed property, as defined in 23 Section 18-225, for the current levy year, and (iii) any recovered tax increment value, as defined in Section 18-185, 24 25 for the current levy year, less the equalized assessed value of any property that qualifies as disconnected property, as 26 27 defined in Section 18-225, for the current levy year.

The provisions of this Section and the authority and responsibility of the county clerks hereunder are subject to the provisions of Section 35 of the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act relative to abatement in the extension of taxes levied by school districts, including special charter districts, in which the tax authorized by that Act is imposed, levied, and collected.

35 (Source: P.A. 90-320, eff. 1-1-98.)

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1 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)

Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5 may
be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As used
in this Division 5:

"Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for
All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United
States Department of Labor.

8 "Extension limitation" means (a) the lesser of 5% or the 9 percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 10 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year or (b) the rate 11 of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

12 "Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more 13 inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or 14 more inhabitants.

15 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 16 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the 17 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of 18 19 its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. 20 Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing district" includes 21 22 only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law 23 before the 1995 levy year and each non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year 24 having the majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value in an 25 26 affected county or counties. Beginning with the levy year in 27 which this Law becomes applicable to a taxing district as 28 provided in Section 18-213, "taxing district" also includes 29 those taxing districts made subject to this Law as provided in Section 18-213. 30

31 "Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this 32 Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual 33 corporate extension for the taxing district and those special 34 purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing 35 district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for 36 the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general

1 obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for 2 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 3 obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for 4 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 5 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued 6 before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to 7 8 refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 9 principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for 10 11 payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and 12 credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a 13 tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds 14 shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of 15 local government finds that all other sources for payment are 16 insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments 17 under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before 18 19 October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for 20 payments due under installment contracts entered into before October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and 21 interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan 22 Water 23 Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of 24 principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 25 26 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to 27 exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items 28 (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to 29 30 referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on 31 bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 32 Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in the Special Education District of Lake County, created by 33 special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the 34 35 School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the amounts required to be contributed by the Special Education 36

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1 District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement 2 Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the 3 school district to the county clerk; (1) made to fund expenses 4 5 of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 6 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary 7 relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to Sections 2-3.77 8 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; - and (n) made for payment of 9 10 principal and interest on any bonds issued under the authority 11 of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; and (o) (m) made for 12 contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the 13 amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the 14 15 Illinois Pension Code.

16 "Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which 17 this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18 19 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the taxing 20 district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose 21 extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or 22 23 principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 24 25 principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 1, 26 1995; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 27 principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those 28 bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing 29 district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund 30 or continue to refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that 31 were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district 32 to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for payment of which a property tax levy or the 33 full faith and credit of the unit of local government is 34 35 pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or 36 principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing

1 body of the unit of local government finds that all other 2 sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; 3 (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when 4 the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by 5 the commission before March 1, 1995 to pay for the building 6 project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of 7 8 principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan finance construction 9 Water Reclamation District Act to projects initiated before October 1, 1991; 10 (h-4) made for 11 stormwater management purposes by the Metropolitan Water 12 Reclamation District of Greater Chicago under Section 12 of the 13 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined 14 15 in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the 16 17 amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations 18 initially 19 issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described in subsection 20 (h) of this definition; (j) made for payments of principal and 21 interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local 22 Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal 23 and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and 24 issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for 25 aquarium or museum projects; (1) made for payments of principal 26 and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 87-1191 or 27 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Cook 28 County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii) issued under Section 29 the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for 42 of 30 zoological park projects, or (iii) issued under Section 44.1 of 31 the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for botanical 32 gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to Section 34-53.5 of the 33 School Code, whether levied annually or not; (n) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the 34 35 handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (o) made by 36

the Chicago Park District for recreational programs for the handicapped under subsection (c) of Section 7.06 of the Chicago Park District Act; and (p) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

7 "Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which 8 this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for 9 those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for 10 11 the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that 12 are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 13 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were 14 15 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay 16 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before 17 the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district 18 19 to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or 20 continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 21 22 district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay 23 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to 24 refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if 25 26 the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which 27 the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 28 district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay 29 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date 30 on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax 31 levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local 32 government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of 33 interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after 34 35 the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those 36

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1 payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission 2 lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds 3 issued by the commission before the date on which the 4 referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is 5 held to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due 6 under installment contracts entered into before the date on 7 which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 8 district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and 9 interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local 10 Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt 11 service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and 12 (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except 13 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made 14 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under 15 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made 16 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal 17 on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities 18 19 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped 20 pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect 21 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing 22 23 joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the 24 Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a 25 26 firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the 27 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code. 28

29 "Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which 30 this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection 31 (e) of Section 18-213 means the annual corporate extension for 32 the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 33 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay 34 35 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were 36 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay

1 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before 2 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for 3 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 4 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued 5 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d) 6 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after 7 8 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds were approved by referendum after the effective date of this 9 10 amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to pay 11 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the 12 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the 13 unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the 14 payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made 15 16 only after the governing body of the unit of local government 17 finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building 18 19 commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement 20 of bonds issued by the commission before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for the building project; 21 (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered 22 23 into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited 24 bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt 25 26 Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service 27 extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of 28 definition for non-referendum obligations, this except 29 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made 30 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made 31 32 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying 33 obligations due under, or financing airport facilities 34 35 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but 36

1 not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect 2 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 3 4 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the 5 Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the 6 7 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified 8 under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

9 "Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994 10 11 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in 12 accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to 13 paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy year in which the referendum making this Law applicable to the 14 15 taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject 16 to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) 17 of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued 18 19 by the taxing district without referendum, but not including 20 excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose 21 extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal 22 23 and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds) 24 was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year 25 26 constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest 27 on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but 28 not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service 29 extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the 30 extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for 31 payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park 32 district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds). The debt service extension base may be 33 established or increased as provided under Section 18-212. 34 "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means (i) bonds authorized by 35 Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago 36

Park District Act for aquarium and museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; or (iii) refunding obligations issued to refund or to continue to refund obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum.

6 "Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited 7 to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for and workers' compensation, 8 unemployment self-insurance, 9 contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to 10 Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road 11 district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not. 12 The extension for a special service area is not included in the 13 aggregate extension.

14 "Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's 15 last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 16 18-215 through 18-230. <u>The "aggregate extension base" shall not</u> 17 <u>be reduced by the amount of any abatement under the Local</u> 18 <u>Option Property Tax Reduction Act.</u>

19 "Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section 20 1-155.

"New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final 21 board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements 22 23 or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real property that increase the assessed value of that real property 24 25 during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor 26 issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed 27 value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, 28 of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which 29 real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any 30 portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by 31 the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 32 17-30, and (iii) in counties that classify in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an 33 incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from 34 a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to 35 the first year final board of review market value. In addition, 36

the county clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any school district, any recovered tax increment value that was applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

"Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority
organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a
county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a
population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

10 "Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise 11 provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's 12 equalized assessed value, in the first year after а 13 municipality terminates the designation of an area as а redevelopment project area previously established under the 14 15 Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois 16 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial 17 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment 18 19 Allocation Act, of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of 20 real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the 21 22 redevelopment project area. For the taxes which are extended 23 for the 1997 levy year, the recovered tax increment value for a 24 non-home rule taxing district that first became subject to this 25 Law for the 1995 levy year because a majority of its 1994 26 equalized assessed value was in an affected county or counties 27 shall be increased if a municipality terminated the designation 28 of an area in 1993 as a redevelopment project area previously 29 established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act 30 in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under 31 the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal 32 Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 33 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, 34 35 tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of 36

1 each property in the redevelopment project area. In the first 2 year after a municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property from a redevelopment project area 3 established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act 4 5 in the Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development 6 Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment 7 value" means the amount of the current year's equalized 8 9 assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of 10 real property removed from the redevelopment project area over 11 and above the initial equalized assessed value of that real 12 property before removal from the redevelopment project area.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting 13 rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last 14 preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to one 15 16 plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the 17 denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed value of all real property in the territory under the 18 19 jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year. 20 For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate the last preceding levy year, the highest 21 extension for aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding levy years 22 23 shall be used for the purpose of computing the limiting rate. The denominator shall not include new property. The denominator 24 shall not include the recovered tax increment value. 25

26 (Source: P.A. 92-547, eff. 6-13-02; 93-601, eff. 1-1-04; 93-606, eff. 11-18-03; 93-612, eff. 11-18-03; 93-689, eff. 28 7-1-04; 93-690, eff. 7-1-04; 93-1049, eff. 11-17-04; revised 29 12-14-04.)

30 Section 915. The School Code is amended by changing Section 31 18-8.05 as follows:

32 (105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)

33 Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State 34 financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the common

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schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years.

2 (A) General Provisions.

(1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 3 4 and subsequent school years. The system of general State 5 financial aid provided for in this Section is designed to assure that, through a combination of State financial aid and 6 7 required local resources, the financial support provided each 8 pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds а 9 prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This formula approach 10 imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and 11 provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil level of general State financial aid that, when added to Available Local 12 Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The amount 13 14 of per pupil general State financial aid for school districts, 15 in general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local 16 Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon each school district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is defined in 17 18 this Section.

(2) In addition to general State financial aid, school 19 districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils 20 from low income households are eligible to receive supplemental 21 22 general State financial aid grants as provided pursuant to 23 subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants provided for 24 school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for 25 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item 26 in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 27 appropriated under this Section.

(3) To receive financial assistance under this Section,
school districts are required to file claims with the State
Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

(a) Any school district which fails for any given
school year to maintain school as required by law, or to
maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for
such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In
case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance centers in

1 a school district otherwise operating recognized schools, claim of the district shall be reduced in 2 the the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the 3 attendance center or centers bear to the Average Daily 4 5 Attendance in the school district. A "recognized school" means any public school which meets the standards as 6 established for recognition by the State Board of 7 Education. A school district or attendance center not 8 9 having recognition status at the end of a school term is 10 entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal 11 claim which was filed while it was recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section are
subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as
otherwise provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year school
under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to the school
district shall be determined by the State Board of
Education in accordance with this Section as near as may be
applicable.

20

(d) (Blank).

(4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the board of any district receiving any of the grants provided for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received for which that board is authorized to make expenditures by law.

25 School districts are not required to exert a minimum 26 Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under 27 this Section.

(5) As used in this Section the following terms, whencapitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

30 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil
 31 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in
 32 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil financial
 33 support levels.

34 (b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of
 35 local financial support, calculated on the basis of Average
 36 Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant to

1 subsection (D).

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(c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

9 (d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per pupil
10 financial support as provided for in subsection (B).

11 (e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district property taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and Interest, 12 13 Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes. In addition, in calculating 14 the operating tax rate of any school district for purposes 15 16 of this Section, any abatement required by Section 35 of 17 the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act in the extension of any tax levied by the school district shall be 18 disregarded and the rate per cent applicable to the 19 20 extension of the district's tax for its educational, operations and maintenance, and other school funds, as a 21 component of its operating tax rate, shall be computed on 22 the basis of the amount actually certified by the district 23 24 to be levied for those purposes, unreduced by any abatement required under Section 35 of the Local Option Property Tax 25 26 Reduction Act.

27 (6) Notwithstanding any provision of the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act, the adoption or failure to adopt a 28 29 local income tax for schools and any disbursements of funds or 30 property tax abatements resulting from the adoption and 31 imposition of a local income tax for schools by one or more school districts under the Local Option Property Tax Reduction 32 33 Act shall not affect the computation or distribution of State aid for any school district. All computations of State aid and 34 35 all other distributions of State funds to school districts shall proceed without regard to changes in school funding 36

## 1 provided in the Local Option Property Tax Reduction Act.

2 (B) Foundation Level.

(1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the 3 4 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 5 support that should be available to provide for the basic education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set 6 7 forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to exert a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in combination with 8 9 the aggregate of general State financial aid provided the 10 district, an aggregate of State and local resources are 11 available to meet the basic education needs of pupils in the district. 12

(2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425. For the 2001-2002 school year and 2002-2003 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,560. For the 2003-2004 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,810.

(3) For the 2004-2005 school year and each school year
thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,964 \$5,060 or
such greater amount as may be established by law by the General
Assembly.

24 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

25 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant 26 to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula 27 28 calculation purposes shall be the monthly average of the actual 29 number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as 30 further averaged for the best 3 months of pupil attendance for each school district. In compiling the figures for the number 31 of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board 32 of Education shall, for purposes of general State aid funding, 33 34 conform attendance figures to the requirements of subsection - 27 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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1 (F).

2 The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in (2) 3 subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the school year immediately preceding the school year for which 4 5 general State aid is being calculated or the average of the attendance data for the 3 preceding school years, whichever is 6 greater. The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 7 8 subsection (H) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 9 school year immediately preceding the school year for which general State aid is being calculated. 10

11 (D) Available Local Resources.

12 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant subsection (E), a representation of Available Local 13 to Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and determined in 14 this subsection, shall be utilized. Available Local Resources 15 16 per pupil shall include a calculated dollar amount representing local school district revenues from local property taxes and 17 18 from Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes, expressed 19 on the basis of pupils in Average Daily Attendance. Calculation of Available Local Resources shall exclude any tax amnesty 20 funds received as a result of Public Act 93-26. 21

(2) In determining a school district's revenue from local property taxes, the State Board of Education shall utilize the equalized assessed valuation of all taxable property of each school district as of September 30 of the previous year. The equalized assessed valuation utilized shall be obtained and determined as provided in subsection (G).

28 (3) For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten 29 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed 30 31 valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school 32 districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, local 33 property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the 34 35 product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the - 28 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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1 district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the district's 2 Daily Attendance figure. For school Average districts maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax revenues 3 per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation 4 5 of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by the 6 district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

(4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid 7 to each school district during the calendar year 2 years before 8 9 the calendar year in which a school year begins, divided by the 10 Average Daily Attendance figure for that district, shall be 11 added to the local property tax revenues per pupil as derived 12 by the application of the immediately preceding paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures for each school district 13 shall constitute Available Local Resources as that term is 14 utilized in subsection (E) in the calculation of general State 15 16 aid.

17 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

(1) For each school year, the amount of general State aid
allotted to a school district shall be computed by the State
Board of Education as provided in this subsection.

(2) For any school district for which Available Local Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, general State aid for that district shall be calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(3) For any school district for which Available Local 27 28 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product of 29 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product of 30 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per 31 pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level derived using a linear algorithm. Under this linear algorithm, 32 the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in 33 direct linear fashion from 0.07 times the Foundation Level for 34 35 a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the

product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level. The allocation of general State aid for school districts subject to this paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general State aid per pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

8 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 9 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 times 10 the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the school 11 district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 multiplied 12 by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school 13 district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the requirements 14 set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) shall be increased 15 16 by an amount equal to the general State aid that would have 17 been received by the district for the 1998-1999 school year by Extension Limitation Equalized 18 utilizing the Assessed 19 Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) less 20 the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one time increase, and shall not 21 affect any future general State aid allocations. 22

23 (F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

(1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, 24 25 submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed by 26 the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the school 27 year that began in the preceding calendar year. The attendance 28 information so transmitted shall identify the average daily 29 attendance figures for each month of the school year. Beginning with the general State aid claim form for the 2002-2003 school 30 31 year, districts shall calculate Average Daily Attendance as provided in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of this paragraph 32 33 (1).

34 (a) In districts that do not hold year-round classes,35 days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of

1 2 September and any days of attendance in June shall be added to the month of May.

3 (b) In districts in which all buildings hold year-round 4 classes, days of attendance in July and August shall be 5 added to the month of September and any days of attendance 6 in June shall be added to the month of May.

(c) In districts in which some buildings, but not all, 7 hold year-round classes, for the non-year-round buildings, 8 9 days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of 10 September and any days of attendance in June shall be added 11 to the month of May. The average daily attendance for the 12 year-round buildings shall be computed as provided in subdivision (b) of this paragraph (1). To calculate the 13 Average Daily Attendance for the district, the average 14 daily attendance for the year-round buildings shall be 15 16 multiplied by the days in session for the non-year-round 17 buildings for each month and added to the monthly attendance of the non-year-round buildings. 18

19 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of 20 attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under direct 21 supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching personnel or 22 23 volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances specified in subsection (a) of 24 25 Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in kindergarten and grades 1 through 26 27 12.

Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized school.

31 (2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock hours 32 of school shall be subject to the following provisions in the 33 compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

34 (a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school for
35 only a part of the school day may be counted on the basis
36 of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 40

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1 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, 2 unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of 80 3 minutes or more of instruction, in which case the pupil may 4 be counted on the basis of the proportion of minutes of 5 school work completed each day to the minimum number of 6 minutes that school work is required to be held that day.

(b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock hours on the opening and closing of the school term, and upon the first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a day or days utilized as an institute or teachers' workshop.

11 (c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted 12 as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional 13 superintendent, and approved by the State Superintendent 14 of Education to the extent that the district has been 15 forced to use daily multiple sessions.

16 (d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be counted 17 as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that day is 18 utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, 19 20 up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of which a 4 days of such 5 days may be used for 21 maximum of parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts 22 23 an in-service training program for teachers which has been approved by the State Superintendent of Education; or, in 24 25 lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in which event each such day may be counted as a day of attendance; 26 27 and (2) when days in addition to those provided in item (1) 28 scheduled by a school pursuant to its school are improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or 29 30 amended school improvement plan adopted under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or more clock hours 31 32 are scheduled to occur at regular intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur 33 are utilized for in-service training programs or other 34 staff development activities for teachers, and (iii) a 35 sufficient number of minutes of school work under the 36

1 direct supervision of teachers are added to the school days 2 between such regularly scheduled sessions to accumulate 3 not less than the number of minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours fall short of 5 clock hours. Any 4 5 full days used for the purposes of this paragraph shall not 6 be considered for computing average daily attendance. Days in-service training programs, staff 7 scheduled for development activities, or parent-teacher conferences may 8 9 be scheduled separately for different grade levels and 10 different attendance centers of the district.

(e) A session of not less than one clock hour of teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day of attendance.

(f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of attendance.

(g) For children with disabilities who are below the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock hours because of their disability or immaturity, a session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance; however for such children whose educational needs so require a session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

(h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 29 30 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. However, 31 32 kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a 33 kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school day, the 34 pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from 35 school, unless the school district obtains permission in 36

1 writing from the State Superintendent of Education. 2 Attendance at kindergartens which provide for a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted the same as 3 attendance by first grade pupils. Only the first year of 4 5 attendance in one kindergarten shall be counted, except in 6 case of children who entered the kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational development requires a second 7 year of kindergarten as determined under the rules and 8 9 regulations of the State Board of Education.

10 (G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

(1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local 11 Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board 12 of Education shall secure from the Department of Revenue the 13 14 value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of 15 all taxable property of every school district, together with 16 (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the funds of the district as of September 30 of the previous year 17 18 and (ii) the limiting rate for all school districts subject to 19 property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 20

The Department of Revenue shall add to the equalized 21 22 assessed value of all taxable property of each school district 23 situated entirely or partially within a county that is or was 24 subject to the alternative general homestead exemption 25 provisions of Section 15-176 of the Property Tax Code (a) (i) 26 an amount equal to the total amount by which the homestead exemption allowed under Section 15-176 of the Property Tax Code 27 for real property situated in that school district exceeds the 28 total amount that would have been allowed in that school 29 district if the maximum reduction under Section 15-176 was (i) 30 31 \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003 or (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax year 2004 and 32 thereafter and (b) (ii) an amount equal to the aggregate amount 33 for the taxable year of all additional exemptions under Section 34 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household 35

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1 income of \$30,000 or less. The county clerk of any county that 2 subject to the alternative general homestead is or was exemption provisions of Section 15-176 of the Property Tax Code 3 shall annually calculate and certify to the Department of 4 5 Revenue for each school district all homestead exemption amounts under Section 15-176 of the Property Tax Code and all 6 amounts of additional exemptions under Section 15-175 of the 7 8 Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less. It is the intent of this paragraph that if the general 9 10 homestead exemption for a parcel of property is determined under Section 15-176 of the Property Tax Code rather than 11 12 Section 15-175, then the calculation of Available Local 13 Resources shall not be affected by the difference, if any, between the amount of the general homestead exemption allowed 14 15 for that parcel of property under Section 15-176 of the 16 Property Tax Code and the amount that would have been allowed 17 had the general homestead exemption for that parcel of property been determined under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code. 18 19 It is further the intent of this paragraph that if additional 20 exemptions are allowed under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of less than \$30,000, 21 then the calculation of Available Local Resources shall not be 22 23 affected by the difference, if any, because of those additional 24 exemptions.

This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the calculation of Available Local Resources.

(2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1) shall
be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

30 (a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under 31 this Section, with respect to any part of a school district 32 within a redevelopment project area in respect to which a municipality adopted 33 has tax increment allocation 34 financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 11-74.4-11 35 36 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs

1 Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 11-74.6-50 of the 2 Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current equalized 3 assessed valuation of real property located in any such project area which is attributable to an increase above the 4 5 total initial equalized assessed valuation of such 6 property shall be used as part of the equalized assessed valuation of the district, until such time as all 7 redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in 8 9 Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment Allocation Section 11-74.6-35 of 10 Redevelopment Act or in the 11 Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 12 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total equalized assessed valuation 13 initial or the current equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall be 14 used until such time as all redevelopment project costs 15 16 have been paid.

17 (b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the 18 19 real property value as equalized or assessed by the 20 Department of Revenue for the district an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under 21 Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a 22 23 district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, by 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten 24 through 8, or by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 25 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing 26 27 the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) 28 of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same 29 percentage rates for district type as specified in this 30 subparagraph (b).

31 (3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year 32 thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of 33 this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local 34 Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the 35 district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation 36 as calculated under this subsection (G)(3). - 36 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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For purposes of this subsection (G) (3) the following terms
 shall have the following meanings:

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"Budget Year": The school year for which general State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

"Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State aid.

"Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

9 "Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the 10 equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk 11 in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as 12 calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property 13 Tax Extension Limitation Law.

14 "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of 15 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County 16 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating 17 Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A).

18 "Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio, 19 certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is 20 the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is 21 the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension.

"Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as definedin subsection (A).

If a school district is subject to property tax extension 24 25 limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension 26 Limitation Law, the State Board of Education shall calculate 27 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that 1999-2000 school year, the Extension 28 district. For the 29 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as 30 calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation 31 and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. 32 For the 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, the 33 Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school 34 35 district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the Equalized Assessed Valuation last 36

1 used in the calculation of general State aid and the district's 2 Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation 3 Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated 4 under this subsection (G)(3) is less than the district's 5 equalized assessed valuation as calculated pursuant tο 6 subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid for the Budget Year pursuant 7 8 subsection (E), that Extension Limitation Equalized tο Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate 9 the district's Available Local Resources under subsection (D). 10

11 (4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid for 12 the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district 13 experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized assessed 14 valuation used in calculating its general State financial aid 15 apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of 16 Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized 17 Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the district's 1998-1999 general State aid. This amount shall equal 18 19 the product of the equalized assessed valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 1997-1998 school year and 20 the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension 21 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district 22 23 as calculated under this paragraph (4) is less than the 24 district's equalized valuation utilized assessed in the district's 1998-1999 general 25 calculating State aid 26 allocation, then for purposes of calculating the district's 27 general State aid pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (E), 28 that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall 29 be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local 30 Resources.

(5) For school districts having a majority of their equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of general State aid allocated to the school district for the 1999-2000 school year under the provisions of subsection (E), (H), and (J) of this Section is less than the amount of general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 school year under these subsections, then the general State aid of the district for the 1999-2000 school year only shall be increased by the difference between these amounts. The total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000.

7

(H) Supplemental General State Aid.

8 (1) In addition to the general State aid a school district is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying school 9 10 districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction with a 11 district's payments of general State aid, for supplemental State aid based upon the concentration level of 12 general low-income households 13 children from within the school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for school 14 15 districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for 16 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 17 18 appropriated under this Section. If the appropriation in any 19 fiscal year for general State aid and supplemental general State aid is insufficient to pay the amounts required under the 20 aid and supplemental general 21 general State State aid 22 calculations, then the State Board of Education shall ensure 23 that each school district receives the full amount due for 24 general State aid and the remainder of the appropriation shall 25 be used for supplemental general State aid, which the State 26 Board of Education shall calculate and pay to eligible 27 districts on a prorated basis.

28 (1.5) This paragraph (1.5) applies only to those school 29 years preceding the 2003-2004 school year. For purposes of this 30 subsection (H), the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 31 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most recently available federal census divided by the Average Daily 32 Attendance of the school district. If, however, (i) the 33 percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in 34 35 the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school district

with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more the 1 2 percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil count 3 of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries 4 are coterminous with the high school district, or (ii) a high 5 school district within 2 counties and serving 5 elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the 6 high school district, has a percentage decrease from the 2 most 7 8 recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible pupil count 9 and there is a percentage increase in the total low-income 10 eligible pupil count of a majority of the elementary school 11 districts in excess of 50% from the 2 most recent federal 12 censuses, then the high school district's low-income eligible 13 pupil count from the earlier federal census shall be the number used as the low-income eligible pupil count for the high school 14 15 district, for purposes of this subsection (H). The changes made to this paragraph (1) by Public Act 92-28 shall apply to 16 17 supplemental general State aid grants for school vears preceding the 2003-2004 school year that are paid in fiscal 18 19 year 1999 or thereafter and to any State aid payments made in 20 fiscal year 1994 through fiscal year 1998 pursuant to subsection 1(n) of Section 18-8 of this Code (which was 21 22 repealed on July 1, 1998), and any high school district that is 23 affected by Public Act 92-28 is entitled to a recomputation of its supplemental general State aid grant or State aid paid in 24 any of those fiscal years. This recomputation shall not be 25 affected by any other funding. 26

27 (1.10) This paragraph (1.10) applies to the 2003-2004 28 school year and each school year thereafter. For purposes of 29 this subsection (H), the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 30 shall, for each fiscal year, be the low-income eligible pupil 31 count as of July 1 of the immediately preceding fiscal year (as 32 determined by the Department of Human Services based on the number of pupils who are eligible for at least one of the 33 following low income programs: Medicaid, KidCare, TANF, or Food 34 35 Stamps, excluding pupils who are eligible for services provided by the Department of Children and Family Services, averaged 36

over the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years for fiscal year
2 2004 and over the 3 immediately preceding fiscal years for each
3 fiscal year thereafter) divided by the Average Daily Attendance
4 of the school district.

5 (2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 6 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 1998-1999, 7 1999-2000, and 2000-2001 school years only:

8 (a) For any school district with a Low Income 9 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the 10 grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by the 11 low income eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the
grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(c) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the
grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(d) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the
1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low
income eligible pupil count.

(e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil amount
specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately
above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600, and \$2,000,
respectively.

(f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, respectively.

32 (2.5) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this
 33 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2002-2003
 34 school year:

35 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
 36 Concentration Level of less than 10%, the grant for each

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school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

3 (b) For any school district with a Low Income 4 Concentration Level of at least 10% and less than 20%, the 5 grant for each school year shall be \$675 multiplied by the 6 low income eligible pupil count.

7 (c) For any school district with a Low Income 8 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the 9 grant for each school year shall be \$1,330 multiplied by 10 the low income eligible pupil count.

(d) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the grant for each school year shall be \$1,362 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(e) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the
grant for each school year shall be \$1,680 multiplied by
the low income eligible pupil count.

19 (f) For any school district with a Low Income 20 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for each 21 school year shall be \$2,080 multiplied by the low income 22 eligible pupil count.

(2.10) Except as otherwise provided, supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2003-2004 school year and each school year thereafter:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of 15% or less, the grant for each
school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level greater than 15%, the grant for each school year shall be \$294.25 added to the product of \$2,700 and the square of the Low Income Concentration Level, all multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

36 For the 2003-2004 and 2004-2005 school year only, the grant

1 shall be no less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year.
2 For the 2005-2006 school year only, the grant shall be no less
3 than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by
4 0.66. For the 2006-2007 school year only, the grant shall be no
5 less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by
6 0.33.

For the 2003-2004 school year only, the grant shall be no 7 greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school 8 9 year added to the product of 0.25 multiplied by the difference 10 between the grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) 11 of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the 12 grant received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 2004-2005 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than 13 the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to 14 15 the product of 0.50 multiplied by the difference between the 16 grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this 17 paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 2005-2006 18 19 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to the product 20 of 0.75 multiplied by the difference between the grant amount 21 calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this paragraph 22 23 (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year. 24

(3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 25 26 more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 27 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection 28 shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to 29 October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from 30 this grant of supplemental general State aid for the improvement of instruction in which priority is given to 31 32 meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. Such shall be submitted in accordance with rules 33 plan and 34 regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education.

35 (4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of
 36 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State aid

pursuant to this subsection shall be required to distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following requirements:

4 (a) The required amounts shall be distributed to the 5 attendance centers within the district in proportion to the 6 number of pupils enrolled at each attendance center who are 7 eligible to receive free or reduced-price lunches or 8 breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966 9 and under the National School Lunch Act during the 10 immediately preceding school year.

11 (b) The distribution of these portions of supplemental 12 and general State aid among attendance centers according to requirements shall not be compensated for or 13 these contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds 14 appropriated to any attendance centers, and the Board of 15 16 Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources 17 in order to fully implement this provision annually prior to the opening of school. 18

(c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the 19 20 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds and other categorical funds to which an attendance center is 21 entitled under law in order that the general State aid and 22 23 supplemental general State aid provided by application of 24 this subsection supplements rather than supplants the 25 noncategorical funds and other categorical funds provided by the school district to the attendance centers. 26

(d) Any funds made available under this subsection that
by reason of the provisions of this subsection are not
required to be allocated and provided to attendance centers
may be used and appropriated by the board of the district
for any lawful school purpose.

32 (e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant to 33 this subsection shall be used by the attendance center at 34 the discretion of the principal and local school council 35 for programs to improve educational opportunities at 36 qualifying schools through the following programs and

1 services: early childhood education, reduced class size or 2 improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment 3 programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and beneficial other educationally expenditures 4 which 5 supplement the regular and basic programs as determined by the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be 6 expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined 7 by board rule. 8

9 (f) Each district subject to the provisions of this 10 subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to meet 11 the educational needs of disadvantaged children, in 12 compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to the State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each year. 13 This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of local 14 school councils concerning the school expenditure plans 15 16 developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 34-2.3. The 17 State Board shall approve or reject the plan within 60 days after its submission. If the plan is rejected, the district 18 shall give written notice of intent to modify the plan 19 20 within 15 days of the notification of rejection and then 21 submit a modified plan within 30 days after the date of the written notice of intent to modify. Districts may amend 22 23 approved plans pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of Education. 24

Upon notification by the State Board of Education that the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 15 or a modified plan within the time period specified herein, the State aid funds affected by that plan or modified plan shall be withheld by the State Board of Education until a plan or modified plan is submitted.

31 If the district fails to distribute State aid to 32 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, the plan for the following year shall allocate funds, 33 in addition to the funds otherwise required by this 34 35 subsection, to those attendance centers which were underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to 36

1 such underfunding.

2 For purposes of determining compliance with this 3 subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance center funding, each district subject to the provisions of 4 5 this subsection shall submit as a separate document by December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for 6 the prior year in addition to any modification of its 7 current plan. If it is determined that there has been a 8 9 failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this 10 subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the 11 State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days of 12 receipt of the report, notify the district and any affected local school council. The district shall within 45 days of 13 receipt of that notification inform the 14 State Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective 15 16 action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current 17 plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report 18 or the notification of remedial or corrective action in a 19 20 timely manner shall result in a withholding of the affected 21 funds.

The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and 22 23 regulations to implement the provisions of this funds shall be released under 24 subsection. No this 25 subdivision (H) (4) to any district that has not submitted a 26 plan that has been approved by the State Board of 27 Education.

28

(I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts.

(1) For a new school district formed by combining property included totally within 2 or more previously existing school districts, for its first year of existence the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the new district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally included within the new district. If the computation on the - 46 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

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1 basis of the previously existing districts is greater, a 2 supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for 3 the first 4 years of existence of the new district.

(2) For a school district which annexes all of 4 the 5 territory of one or more entire other school districts, for the 6 first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation becomes effective for all purposes as 7 8 determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section 9 10 shall be computed for the annexing district as constituted 11 after the annexation and for the annexing and each annexed 12 district as constituted prior to the annexation; and if the 13 computation on the basis of the annexing and annexed districts 14 constituted prior to the annexation is greater, as а supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for 15 16 the first 4 years of existence of the annexing school district 17 as constituted upon such annexation.

(3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of the 18 19 territory of one or more entire other school districts, and for 20 2 or more community unit districts which result upon the division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of one or 21 22 more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts and which 23 together include all of the parts into which such other unit 24 school district or districts are so divided, for the first year 25 during which the change of boundaries attributable to such 26 annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes as 27 determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10, as the case may be, the 28 general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated 29 under this Section shall be computed for each annexing or 30 resulting district as constituted after the annexation or 31 division and for each annexing and annexed district, or for 32 each resulting and divided district, as constituted prior to the annexation or division; and if the aggregate of the general 33 State aid and supplemental general State aid as so computed for 34 35 the annexing or resulting districts as constituted after the annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the 36

1 general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so 2 computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the 3 resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to the annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to 4 5 the difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such 6 annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their 7 8 existence. The total difference payment shall be allocated 9 between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the 10 same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the 11 annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to or 12 included in each such annexing or resulting district bears to 13 the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is determined 14 15 for the school year last ending prior to the date when the 16 change of boundaries attributable to the annexation or division 17 becomes effective for all purposes. The amount of the total difference payment and the amount thereof to be allocated to 18 19 the annexing or resulting districts shall be computed by the 20 State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to the State Board of 21 Education, on forms which it shall provide for that purpose, by 22 23 the regional superintendent of schools for each educational service region in which the annexing and annexed districts, or 24 resulting and divided districts are located. 25

26 (3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this
 27 subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly
 28 provided under this Section.

(4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection
(I) shall be treated as separate from all other payments made
pursuant to this Section.

32 (J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,
 the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination
 with supplemental general State aid under this Section for

1 which each school district is eligible shall be no less than 2 the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of 3 4 amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that 5 Section) for the 1997-98 school year, pursuant to the 6 provisions of that Section as it was then in effect. If a school district qualifies to receive a supplementary payment 7 8 made under this subsection (J), the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general 9 State aid under this Section which that district is eligible to 10 11 receive for each school year shall be no less than the amount 12 of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of 13 amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that 14 15 Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, pursuant to the 16 provisions of that Section as it was then in effect.

17 (2) If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State 18 19 aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent 20 school year that in any such school year is less than the 21 22 amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that the 23 district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school 24 district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation made for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary payment 25 26 that is equal to the amount of the difference in the aggregate 27 State aid figures as described in paragraph (1).

28 (3) (Blank).

29 (K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory school under this Section or to any alternative school that is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting requirements as it deems necessary.

1 As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a public 2 school which is created and operated by a public university and approved by the State Board of Education. The governing board 3 4 of a public university which receives funds from the State 5 Board under this subsection (K) may not increase the number of 6 students enrolled in its laboratory school from a single district, if that district is already sending 50 or more 7 8 students, except under a mutual agreement between the school 9 board of a student's district of residence and the university which operates the laboratory school. A laboratory school may 10 11 not have more than 1,000 students, excluding students with 12 disabilities in a special education program.

As used in this Section, "alternative school" means a 13 public school which is created and operated by a Regional 14 15 Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of 16 Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of 17 instruction for which credit is given in regular school programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 18 19 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational 20 training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract with a school district or a public community college district 21 22 to operate an alternative school. An alternative school serving 23 more than one educational service region may be established by 24 the regional superintendents of schools of the affected educational service regions. An alternative school serving 25 26 more than one educational service region may be operated under 27 such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those 28 educational service regions may agree.

29 Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on forms 30 provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily Attendance of 31 32 the school's students by month. The best 3 months' Average 33 Daily Attendance shall be computed for each school. The general State aid entitlement shall be computed by multiplying the 34 35 applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as determined under this Section. 36

1 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other Requirements.

2 (1) For a school district operating under the financial 3 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the 4 general State aid otherwise payable to that district under this 5 Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the operations of 6 7 the Authority as certified by the Authority to the State Board of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be 8 paid to the Authority created for such district for its 9 10 operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The 11 remainder of general State school aid for any such district shall be paid in accordance with Article 34A when that Article 12 provides for a disposition other than that provided by this 13 14 Article.

15

(2) (Blank).

16 (3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made as17 provided in Section 18-4.3.

18 (M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this 19 subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. 20 21 The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the 22 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The members appointed shall include representatives of education, 23 24 business, and the general public. One of the members so 25 appointed shall be designated by the Governor at the time the 26 appointment is made as the chairperson of the Board. The 27 initial members of the Board may be appointed any time after 28 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 years from the 29 30 third Monday of January of the year in which the term of the member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 31 initial members appointed to serve on the Board, the member who 32 33 is appointed as the chairperson shall serve for a term that commences on the date of his or her appointment and expires on 34

1 the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, 2 by lots drawn at the first meeting of the Board that is held 3 after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their 4 number to serve for terms that commence on the date of their 5 respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, and 2 of their number to serve for terms that 6 7 commence on the date of their respective appointments and 8 expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members 9 appointed to serve on the Board shall serve until their 10 respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies 11 shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. If 12 a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not 13 in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall 14 15 appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a 16 person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. If the 17 Senate is not in session when the initial appointments are made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of 18 19 vacancies.

The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed 20 established, and the initial members appointed by the Governor 21 to serve as members of the Board shall take office, on the date 22 23 that the Governor makes his or her appointment of the fifth 24 initial member of the Board, whether those initial members are 25 then serving pursuant to appointment and confirmation or 26 pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the 27 Governor as in the case of vacancies.

The State Board of Education shall provide such staff assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board of its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for the foundation level under subdivision (B)(3) of this Section and - 52 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

1 for the supplemental general State aid grant level under 2 subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended 3 foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology 4 5 which incorporates the basic education expenditures of low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. The 6 7 Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd 8 numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001. 9

10 (N) (Blank).

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11 (O) References.

(1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to the extent that those references remain applicable.

17 (2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds shall
18 be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State aid
19 provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

20 (P) Public Act 93-838 This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and Public Act 93-808 House Bill 4266 of the 93rd 21 General Assembly make inconsistent changes to this Section. If 22 23 House Bill 4266 becomes law, then Under Section 6 of the 24 Statute on Statutes there is an irreconcilable conflict between Public Act 93-808 and Public Act 93-838 House Bill 4266 and 25 this amendatory Act. Public Act 93-838 This amendatory Act, 26 27 being the last acted upon, is controlling. The text of Public Act 93-838 this amendatory Act is the law regardless of the 28 text of Public Act 93-808 House Bill 4266. 29

30 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-28, eff. 7-1-01; 92-29, 31 eff. 7-1-01; 92-269, eff. 8-7-01; 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 92-636, 32 eff. 7-11-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-21, eff. 7-1-03; 93-715, 33 eff. 7-12-04; 93-808, eff. 7-26-04; 93-838, eff. 7-30-04; HB3460 - 53 - LRB094 08398 BDD 38598 b

1 93-875, eff. 8-6-04; revised 10-21-04.)

2 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 3 becoming law.