

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB3785

Introduced 2/25/2005, by Rep. Angelo Saviano

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

515 ILCS 5/20-35 520 ILCS 5/3.5 from Ch. 56, par. 20-35 from Ch. 61, par. 3.5

Amends the Fish and Aquatic Life Code. Provides that in a Section concerning taxidermy, only violation of the provision concerning licensing shall be a Class B misdemeanor and that violation of any other provision of the Section shall be a petty offense (now, violation of any provision of the Section is a Class B misdemeanor). Amends the Wildlife Code. Provides that in a Section concerning taxidermy, only violation of the provision concerning licensing shall be a Class B misdemeanor and that violation of any other provision of the Section shall be a petty offense (now, violation of any provision of the Section is a Class B misdemeanor). Effective immediately.

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1 AN ACT concerning animals.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by changing Section 20-35 as follows:
- 6 (515 ILCS 5/20-35) (from Ch. 56, par. 20-35)
- 7 Sec. 20-35. Offenses.
- 8 (a) Except as prescribed in Section 5-25 and unless 9 otherwise provided in this Code, any person who is found guilty 10 of violating any of the provisions of this Code, including 11 administrative rules, is guilty of a petty offense.
- 12 Any person who violates any of the provisions of Section
- 13 5-20, 10-5, 10-10, 10-15, 10-20, 10-25, 10-30, 10-35, 10-50,
- 14 10-60, 10-70, 10-75, 10-95, 10-115, 10-135, 15-5, 15-10, 15-15,
- 15 15-20, 15-30, 15-32, 15-40, 15-45, 15-55, 15-60, 15-65, 15-75,
- 16 15-80, 15-85, 15-90, 15-95, 15-100, 15-105, 15-110, 15-115,
- 17 15-120, 15-130, 15-140, 20-70, 20-75, 20-80, 20-85 (except
- 18 <u>subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g))</u>, 25-10, 25-15, or
- 19 25-20 of this Code, including administrative rules relating to
- those Sections, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 21 Any person who violates any of the provisions of Section
- 22 1-200, 1-205, 10-55, 10-80, 15-35, or 20-120 of this Code,
- 23 including administrative rules relating to those Sections, is
- guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Code,
- 26 including administrative rules, during the 5 years following
- 27 the revocation of his or her license, permit, or privileges
- under Section 20-105 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 29 Any person who violates Section 5-25 of this Code, 30 including administrative rules, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- 31 (b)(1) It is unlawful for any person to take or attempt to
- 32 take aquatic life from any aquatic life farm except with the

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1 consent of the owner of the aquatic life farm. Any person 2 possessing fishing tackle on the premises of an aquatic life 3 farm is presumed to be fishing. The presumption may be rebutted 4 convincing evidence. All by clear and fishing tackle, 5 apparatus, and vehicles used in the violation of this subsection (b) shall be confiscated by the arresting officer. 6 Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the seizure 7 8 and confiscation procedures set forth in Section 1-215 of this 9 Code shall apply. If the confiscated property is determined by the circuit court to have been used in the violation of this 10 11 subsection (b), the confiscated property shall be sold at 12 public auction by the county sheriff of the county where the 13 violation occurred. The proceeds of the sale shall be deposited in the county general fund; provided that the auction may be 14 15 stayed by an appropriate court order.

- (2) A violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) is a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (c) (1) It is unlawful for any person to trespass or fish on an aquatic life farm located on a strip mine lake or other body of water used for aquatic life farming operations, or within a 200 foot buffer zone surrounding cages or netpens that are clearly delineated by buoys of a posted aquatic life farm, by swimming, scuba diving, or snorkeling in, around, or under the aquatic life farm or by operating a watercraft over, around, or in the aquatic life farm without the consent of the owner of the aquatic life farm.
- (2) A violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection (c) is a Class B misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense. All fishing tackle, apparatus, and watercraft used in a second or subsequent violation of this subsection (c) shall be confiscated by the arresting officer. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the seizure and confiscation procedures set forth in Section 1-215 of this Code shall apply. If the confiscated property is determined by the circuit court

court order.

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- to have been used in a violation of this subsection (c), the confiscated property shall be sold at public auction by the county sheriff of the county where the violation occurred. The proceeds of the sale shall be deposited in the county general fund; provided that the auction may be stayed by an appropriate
- 7 (d) Offenses committed by minors under the direct control 8 or with the consent of a parent or guardian may subject the 9 parent or guardian to the penalties prescribed in this Section
- or as otherwise provided in this Code.
- 11 (e) In addition to any fines imposed under this Section, or 12 as otherwise provided in this Code, any person found guilty of unlawfully taking or possessing any aquatic life protected by 13 this Code shall be assessed a civil penalty for that aquatic 14 life in accordance with the values prescribed in Section 5-25 15 16 of this Code. This civil penalty shall be imposed at the time 17 of the conviction by the Circuit Court for the county where the offense was committed. Except as otherwise provided for in 18 19 subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, all penalties provided 20 for in this Section shall be remitted to the Department in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-180 of this Code. 21
- Section 10. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing Section 3.5 as follows:

(Source: P.A. 92-385, eff. 8-16-01; 92-513, eff. 6-1-02;

- 26 (520 ILCS 5/3.5) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.5)
- Sec. 3.5. Penalties; probation.

92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

- 28 (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of 29 Section 2.36a, including administrative rules, shall be guilty 30 of a Class 3 felony, except as otherwise provided in subsection 31 (b) of this Section and subsection (a) of Section 2.36a.
- 32 (b) Whenever any person who has not previously been 33 convicted of, or placed on probation or court supervision for, 34 any offense under Section 1.22, 2.36, or 2.36a or subsection

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1	(i) or (cc) of Section 2.33, the court may, without entering a
2	judgment and with the person's consent, sentence the person to
3	probation for a violation of Section 2.36a.

- (1) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
- (2) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:
 - (A) Not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction.
 - (B) Perform no less than 30 hours of community service, provided community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board.
 - (3) The court may, in addition to other conditions:
 - (A) Require that the person make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation.
 - (B) Require that the person pay a fine and costs.
 - (C) Require that the person refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon.
 - (D) Prohibit the person from associating with any person who is actively engaged in any of the activities regulated by the permits issued or privileges granted by the Department of Natural Resources.
- (4) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
- (5) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (6) A disposition of probation is considered to be a

conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation, for appeal, and for administrative revocation and suspension of licenses and privileges; however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.

- (7) Discharge and dismissal under this Section may occur only once with respect to any person.
- (8) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as a factor in aggravation.
- (9) The Circuit Clerk shall notify the Department of State Police of all persons convicted of or placed under probation for violations of Section 2.36a.
- (c) Any person who violates any of the provisions of Sections 2.9, 2.11, 2.16, 2.18, 2.24, 2.25, 2.26, 2.29, 2.30, 2.31, 2.32, 2.33 (except subsections (g), (i), (o), (p), (y), and (cc)), 2.33-1, 2.33a, 3.3, 3.4, 3.11 3.16, 3.19 3.21 (except subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (f.5), (g), (h), and (i), and 3.24 3.26, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of Sections 1.22, 2.4, 2.36 and 2.38, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Any second or subsequent violations of Sections 2.4 and 2.36 shall be a Class 4 felony.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Act, including administrative rules, during such period when his license, privileges, or permit is revoked or denied by virtue of Section 3.36, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

Any person who violates subsection (g), (i), (o), (p), (y), or (cc) of Section 2.33 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and subject to a fine of no less than \$500 and no more than \$5,000 in addition to other statutory penalties.

Any person who violates any other of the provisions of this

- 1 Act including administrative rules, unless otherwise stated,
- 2 shall be guilty of a petty offense. Offenses committed by
- 3 minors under the direct control or with the consent of a parent
- 4 or guardian may subject the parent or guardian to the penalties
- 5 prescribed in this Section.
- In addition to any fines imposed pursuant to the provisions
- of this Section or as otherwise provided in this Act, any
- 8 person found guilty of unlawfully taking or possessing any
- 9 species protected by this Act, shall be assessed a civil
- 10 penalty for such species in accordance with the values
- 11 prescribed in Section 2.36a of this Act. This civil penalty
- 12 shall be imposed by the Circuit Court for the county within
- which the offense was committed at the time of the conviction.
- 14 All penalties provided for in this Section shall be remitted to
- 15 the Department in accordance with the same provisions provided
- for in Section 1.18 of this Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 90-743, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.