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AN ACT concerning driving offenses.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
Sections 3-707 and 6-118 as follows:

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(625 ILCS 5/3-707) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-707)

Sec. 3-707. Operation of uninsured motor vehicle - penalty.
(a) No person shall operate a motor vehicle unless the
motor vehicle is covered by a liability insurance policy in
accordance with Section 7-601 of this Code.

(b) Any person who fails to comply with a request by a law enforcement officer for display of evidence of insurance, as required under Section 7-602 of this Code, shall be deemed to be operating an uninsured motor vehicle.

15 (c) Any operator of a motor vehicle subject to registration under this Code who is convicted of violating this Section is 16 17 guilty of a business offense and shall be required to pay a fine in excess of \$500, but not more than \$1,000. However, no 18 19 person charged with violating this Section shall be convicted if such person produces in court satisfactory evidence that at 20 the time of the arrest the motor vehicle was covered by a 21 22 liability insurance policy in accordance with Section 7-601 of 23 this Code. The chief judge of each circuit may designate an officer of the court to review the documentation demonstrating 24 25 that at the time of arrest the motor vehicle was covered by a 26 liability insurance policy in accordance with Section 7-601 of this Code. 27

28 (c-1) A person convicted of violating this Section shall 29 also have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges 30 suspended for 3 months. After the expiration of the 3 months, 31 the person's driver's license, permit, or privileges shall not 32 be reinstated until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of HB4301 Engrossed - 2 - LRB094 16044 DRH 51279 b

1 \$100. If a person violates this Section while his or her 2 driver's license, permit, or privileges are suspended under 3 this subsection (c-1), his or her driver's license, permit, or 4 privileges shall be suspended for an additional 6 months and 5 until he or she pays the reinstatement fee.

6 (d) A person convicted a third or subsequent time of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local 7 ordinance must give proof to the Secretary of State of the 8 9 person's financial responsibility as defined in Section 7-315. 10 The person must maintain the proof in a manner satisfactory to 11 the Secretary for a minimum period of one year after the date 12 the proof is first filed. The Secretary must suspend the driver's license of any person determined by the Secretary not 13 to have provided adequate proof of financial responsibility as 14 required by this subsection. 15

16 (Source: P.A. 92-775, eff. 7-1-03.)

17 (625 ILCS 5/6-118) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118)

18 Sec. 6-118. Fees.

19 (a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is as follows: 20 Original driver's license \$10 21 22 Original or renewal driver's license issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds 23 5 24 All driver's licenses for persons 25 age 69 through age 80 5 26 All driver's licenses for persons age 81 through age 86 27 2 All driver's licenses for persons 28 29 age 87 or older 0 30 Renewal driver's license (except for 31 applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or age 69 and older) 10 32 33 Original instruction permit issued to persons (except those age 69 and older) 34 35 who do not hold or have not previously

1	held an Illinois instruction permit or
2	driver's license 20
3	Instruction permit issued to any person
4	holding an Illinois driver's license
5	who wishes a change in classifications,
6	other than at the time of renewal 5
7	Any instruction permit issued to a person
8	age 69 and older 5
9	Instruction permit issued to any person,
10	under age 69, not currently holding a
11	valid Illinois driver's license or
12	instruction permit but who has
13	previously been issued either document
14	in Illinois 10
15	Restricted driving permit 8
16	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
17	or permit 5
18	Duplicate or corrected restricted
19	driving permit 5
20	Original or renewal M or L endorsement
21	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
22	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits
23	under Article V shall be as follows:
24	Commercial driver's license:
25	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Fund
26	(Commercial Driver's License Information
27	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle
28	Administrators network Trust Fund);
29	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
30	\$10 for the driver's license;
31	and \$24 for the CDL:\$60
32	Renewal commercial driver's license:
33	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;
34	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
35	\$10 for the driver's license; and
36	\$24 for the CDL:\$60

1 Commercial driver instruction permit 2 issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license for the 3 purpose of changing to a 4 5 CDL classification: \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund; 6 \$20 for the Motor Carrier 7 Safety Inspection Fund; and 8 9 \$24 for the CDL classification \$50 Commercial driver instruction permit 10 11 issued to any person holding a valid 12 Illinois CDL for the purpose of 13 making a change in a classification, endorsement or restriction \$5 14 CDL duplicate or corrected license \$5 15 16 In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform 17 Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the 18 19 commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration 20 date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.

The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived for any person age 60 or older who presents the Secretary of State's office with a police report showing that his license or permit was stolen.

No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of license who becomes eligible for such license.

(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a 29 30 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under Section <u>3-707</u>, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or 31 Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial 32 Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other 33 fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows: 34 Suspension under Section 3-707 \$100 35 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$250 36

1 Other suspension \$70 2 Revocation \$500 3 However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a 4 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a 5 second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 6 ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of 7 the Criminal Code of 1961 and each suspension or revocation was 8 for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a 9 10 similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 11 12 1961 shall pay, in addition to any other fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as follows: 13 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$500 14 15 Revocation \$500 16 (c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter 17 6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except as follows: 18 1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver 19 20 Education Fund: (A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's 21 instruction permit; 22 23 (B) \$5 of the \$10 fee for an original driver's license; 24 25 (C) \$5 of the \$10 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's 26 license; and 27 (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving 28 permit. 29 2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license 30 summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 shall be 31 deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention 32 Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or 33 34 revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or Section 9-3 of 35 the Criminal Code of 1961, \$190 of the \$500 fee for 36

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reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.

3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund.

4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license
suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law
shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.

5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L
endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety
Training Fund.

6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial
driver's license or commercial driver instruction permit
shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection
Fund.

20 7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General21 Revenue Fund:

(A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a
 summary suspension under Section 11-501.1;

(B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other
suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section;
and

(C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first
 offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement
 fee for a second or subsequent revocation.

30 (Source: P.A. 92-458, eff. 8-22-01; 93-32, eff. 1-1-04; 93-788, 31 eff. 1-1-05.)

32 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 33 changing Section 5-5-3 as follows:

34 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)

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Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.

2 (a) Except as provided in Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, every person convicted of an offense shall be 3 sentenced as provided in this Section. 4

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The following options shall be (b) appropriate 6 dispositions, alone or in combination, for all felonies and misdemeanors other than those identified in subsection (c) of 7 this Section: 8

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(1) A period of probation.

10 (2) A term of periodic imprisonment.

11 (3) A term of conditional discharge.

12 (4) A term of imprisonment.

13 (5) An order directing the offender to clean up and repair the damage, if the offender was convicted under 14 paragraph (h) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 15 16 (now repealed).

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(6) A fine.

(7) An order directing the offender to make restitution 18 to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of this Code. 19

20 (8) A sentence of participation in a county impact incarceration program under Section 5-8-1.2 of this Code. 21

(9) A term of imprisonment in combination with a term 22 23 of probation when the offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court 24 Treatment Act. 25

Neither a fine nor restitution shall 26 be the sole 27 disposition for a felony and either or both may be imposed only 28 in conjunction with another disposition.

29 (c) (1) When a defendant is found guilty of first degree 30 murder the State may either seek a sentence of imprisonment 31 under Section 5-8-1 of this Code, or where appropriate seek a sentence of death under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code 32 of 1961. 33

A period of probation, a term of periodic 34 (2) imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not be imposed 35 for the following offenses. The court shall sentence the 36

1 offender to not less than the minimum term of imprisonment 2 set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may 3 order a fine or restitution or both in conjunction with 4 such term of imprisonment:

(A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not imposed.

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(B) Attempted first degree murder.

(C) A Class X felony.

9 (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the 10 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of 11 subdivision (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Section 401 of that Act 12 which relates to more than 5 grams of a substance 13 containing heroin or cocaine or an analog thereof.

14 (E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of the Cannabis15 Control Act.

16 (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had 17 been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony within 10 18 years of the date on which the offender committed the 19 offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except 20 as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the 21 Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

> (F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

(G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise
provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other
Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

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(H) Criminal sexual assault.

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(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen.

30 (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to31 the activities of an organized gang.

32 Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this 33 paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 34 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that 35 encourages members of the association to perpetrate 36 crimes or provides support to the members of the

1 association who do commit crimes. Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this 2 paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed 3 to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang 4 5 Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act. (K) Vehicular hijacking. 6 (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the 7 offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon 8 9 which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated 10 assault or felony mob action. 11 (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the 12 offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property exceeds \$300. 13 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of 14 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners 15 Identification Card Act. 16 17 (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 18 (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), 19 20 (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 21 (Q) A violation of Section 20-1.2 or 20-1.3 of the 22 Criminal Code of 1961. 23 (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal 24 Code of 1961. 25 (S) (Blank). 26 27 (T) A second or subsequent violation of the 28 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. (3) (Blank). 29 30 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 31 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 32 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 33 (4.1) (Blank). 34 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraph (4.3) of this 35 subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community service 36

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shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

3 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300
4 hours of community service, as determined by the court,
5 shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c)
6 of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

7 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraph (4.5) and 8 paragraph (4.6) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of 9 imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, 10 as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a third or 11 subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois 12 Vehicle Code.

13 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall
14 be imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of
15 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

16 (4.6) A minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall 17 be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of 18 subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 19 Code.

(5) The court may sentence an offender convicted of a
 business offense or a petty offense or a corporation or
 unincorporated association convicted of any offense to:

(A) a period of conditional discharge;

(B) a fine;

(C) make restitution to the victim under Section
 5-5-6 of this Code.

27 (5.1) In addition to any penalties imposed under 28 paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as 29 provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of 30 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 31 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 32 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage 33 to the property of another person. 34

35 (5.2) In addition to any penalties imposed under 36 paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as 7

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provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of 1 2 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 3 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but 4 5 not more than 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person. 6

(5.3) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 9 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 10 11 permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the 12 violation resulted in the death of another person.

13 (5.4) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), a person convicted of 14 violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall 15 16 have his driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended 17 for 90 days and until he or she has paid a reinstatement 18 fee of \$100.

(5.5) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation of that Section shall have his driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 180 days after the expiration of the original 90 day suspension and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

(6) In no case shall an offender be eligible for a disposition of probation or conditional discharge for a Class 1 felony committed while he was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.

32 (7) When a defendant is adjudged a habitual criminal under Article 33B of the Criminal Code of 1961, the court 33 shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life 34 35 imprisonment.

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(8) When a defendant, over the age of 21 years, is

1 convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 felony, after having twice been convicted in any state or federal court of an 2 3 offense that contains the same elements as an offense now classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater Class felony 4 5 and such charges are separately brought and tried and arise out of different series of acts, such defendant shall be 6 sentenced as a Class X offender. This paragraph shall not 7 apply unless (1) the first felony was committed after the 8 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977; and (2) the 9 10 second felony was committed after conviction on the first; 11 and (3) the third felony was committed after conviction on 12 the second. A person sentenced as a Class X offender under this paragraph is not eligible to apply for treatment as a 13 condition of probation as provided by Section 40-10 of the 14 Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act. 15

16 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent
17 offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to
18 a term of natural life imprisonment.

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(10) (Blank).

20 (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent 21 offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision 22 for battery when the individual harmed was a sports 23 official or coach at any level of competition and the act 24 25 causing harm to the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or within the immediate 26 27 vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports 28 official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of 29 30 this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an 31 athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, 32 such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where 33 sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person 34 recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that 35 conducted the sporting event. 36

1 (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court 2 supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat 3 Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously 4 received a disposition of court supervision for a violation 5 of that Section.

(d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is 6 vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The 7 trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the 8 9 Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the 10 11 time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court 12 shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court 13 may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of 14 15 Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on 16 collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at 17 trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the 18 19 punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum 20 otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State 21 files notice of its intention to again seek the extended 22 23 sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.

(e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where:

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(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:

31 (A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
 32 approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2
 33 years; or

(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
 court approved plan including but not limited to the
 defendant's:

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(i) removal from the household;

2 (ii) restricted contact with the victim;

(iii) continued financial support of the family;

5 (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim; 6 and

7 (v) compliance with any other measures that
8 the court may deem appropriate; and

9 (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the 10 victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court 11 finds, after considering the defendant's income and 12 assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying 13 for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age 14 at the time the offense was committed and requires 15 counseling as a result of the offense.

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

26 (f) This Article shall not deprive a court in other 27 proceedings to order a forfeiture of property, to suspend or 28 cancel a license, to remove a person from office, or to impose 29 any other civil penalty.

30 (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 31 Sections 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 32 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 33 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the defendant shall undergo 34 medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any 35 sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection 36 with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified

1 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 2 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 3 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's 4 5 person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 6 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally 7 8 delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in 9 which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the 10 11 victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to 12 determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be 13 revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by 14 15 the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if 16 requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court 17 shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test shall provide information 18 results. The court on the 19 availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of 20 Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney 21 to provide the information to the victim when possible. A 22 23 State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court 24 shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is 25 26 relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal 27 transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code 28 of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall order that the 29 cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be 30 taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

31 (g-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable 32 disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public 33 Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results 34 of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his 35 or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court 36 in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in HB4301 Engrossed - 16 - LRB094 16044 DRH 51279 b

1 camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the 2 best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have 3 the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be 4 taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

5 (h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 6 Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether 7 8 the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus 9 (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided 10 11 by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly 12 confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the 13 judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the 14 15 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 16 best interests of the public, the judge shall have the 17 discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant 18 19 of a positive test showing an infection with the human 20 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling 21 at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to 22 23 whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim 24 when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to 25 26 obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this 27 Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the 28 State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a 29 charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of 30 the Criminal Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court 31 shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the 32 county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant. 33

34 (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for
35 any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois
36 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and

1 any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a 2 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and 3 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 4 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

(j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 5 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 6 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 7 8 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal 9 Code of 1961, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 10 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 11 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 12 Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 13 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 14 15 Controlled Substance Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine 16 Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court 17 shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public 18 19 or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works 20 with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of 21 the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order 22 23 of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, 24 the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of 25 26 the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation 27 to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The 28 regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board 29 of Education of any notification under this subsection.

30 (j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted 31 of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a 32 misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of 33 imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as 34 a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to 35 attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant 36 for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school

1 diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of 2 General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward 3 completing a vocational training program offered by the 4 Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the 5 educational training required by his or her sentence during the 6 term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the 7 8 defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of 9 study toward a high school diploma or passage of the GED test. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised 10 11 release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this 12 subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a 13 penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a 14 15 good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the 16 educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to 17 comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under 18 19 this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This 20 subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This 21 22 subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is 23 determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or 24 25 vocational program.

(k) A court may not impose a sentence or disposition for a
felony or misdemeanor that requires the defendant to be
implanted or injected with or to use any form of birth control.

29 (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection 30 (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by 31 the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any 32 felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, 33 34 hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his 35 36 or her designated agent to be deported when:

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(1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and

4 (2) the deportation of the defendant would not
5 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct
6 and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
7 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as
8 provided in this Chapter V.

9 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a 10 felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, 11 12 Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 13 Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's 14 Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the 15 16 defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the 17 United States or his or her designated agent when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued
against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under
the Immigration and Nationality Act, and

(2) the deportation of the defendant would not
deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct
and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
(C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who
are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of
subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.

27 (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant 28 sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of 29 the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to 30 the custody of the county from which he or she was 31 sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought 32 before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of 33 initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be 34 35 eligible for additional good conduct credit for 36 meritorious service as provided under Section 3-6-6.

1 (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property 2 under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, in which the 3 property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a 4 school building, shall be ordered to perform community service 5 that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the 6 defacement.

(n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a 7 violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, or 16-1.3 of the Criminal 8 Code of 1961 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the 9 10 person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section 11 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, or (iii) if the person is 12 an addict or alcoholic, as defined in the Alcoholism and Other 13 Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act. 14

15 (Source: P.A. 93-44, eff. 7-1-03; 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-169, 16 eff. 7-10-03; 93-301, eff. 1-1-04; 93-419, eff. 1-1-04; 93-546, 17 eff. 1-1-04; 93-694, eff. 7-9-04; 93-782, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, 18 eff. 1-1-05; 93-1014, eff. 1-1-05; 94-72, eff. 1-1-06; 94-556, 19 eff. 9-11-05; revised 8-19-05.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,2007.