94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB4972

Introduced 1/19/2006, by Rep. Terry R. Parke

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203 35 ILCS 5/216 new from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income tax Act. Creates a credit in an amount equal to the qualified costs of a loan issued to cover the on-going business expenses of a vendor or contractor where the State is late, by 90 days or more, in the payment of the vendor's or contractor's proper bill or invoice for goods or services furnished to the State. Requires the taxpayer to make an addition modification to their base income to add back the amount equal to any deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for qualified costs of a slow-payment loan for which a credit is received. Effective immediately.

LRB094 17839 BDD 53140 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 and by adding Section 216 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 17 18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except dividends of qualified public utilities 20 stock described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 21 Code; 22

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of adjusted gross income for the
taxable year;

27 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during 28 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 29 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 30 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 31 for which a deduction was previously taken under 32 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,

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1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that portion of the total taxes for the entire property which is attributable to such principal residence;

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income;

11 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 12 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 13 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 14 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 15 16 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 17 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000; 18

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201; 23

(D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 24 25 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 26 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 27 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 28 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 29 Internal Revenue Code;

30 (D-16) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 31 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 32 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any 33 taxable year to make an addition modification under 34 subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the 35 36 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable

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years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that
 property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) For taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 7 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 8 9 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 10 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 11 be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that foreign person's business activity 12 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 13 person's total business activity. The addition 14 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 15 16 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 17 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 19 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 20 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in 21 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 22 23 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 24

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

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(a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 7 foreign person did not have as a principal 8 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 9 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement 10 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 11 and terms; or

12 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 13 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 14 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 15 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 16 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is 17 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 19 20 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are 21 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 22 23 agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 24 25 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 26 27 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 28 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 29 30 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 31 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 32 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 33 under Section 404 of this Act; 34

35 (D-18) For taxable years ending on or after
 36 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of

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1 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 2 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 3 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 4 5 unitary business group but for the fact that the 6 foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business 7 activity. The addition modification required by this 8 9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 11 group for the same taxable year and received by the 12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross 13 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 14 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 15 16 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 17 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 18 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 19 20 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 22 23 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 24 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 25 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 26 27 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 28 incurred, directly or indirectly, losses from 29 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 30 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 31 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 32 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 33 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 34 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 35 36 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the foreign person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

> (b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 25 accrued, or incurred, 26 paid, directly or 27 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 28 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 29 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 30 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 31 agree in writing to the application or use of an 32 alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f); 33

34Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the35Director from making any other adjustment36otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

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any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after 7 January 1, 2002, in the case of a distribution from a 8 9 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 10 11 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 12 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount 13 equal to the amount excluded from gross income under 14 Section 529(c)(3)(B); 15

16(D-21) For taxable years ending on or after17December 31, 2006, an amount equal to any deduction18taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for19qualified costs of a slow-payment loan for which a20credit is received under Section 216;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 22 following amounts:

23 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 24 25 any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 26 27 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 28 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 29 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 30 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 31 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 32 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 33 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 34 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National 35 36 Guard. For taxable years ending on or after December - 8 - LRB094 17839 BDD 53140 b

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1 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect 2 of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 3 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 4 5 resident by reason of being a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 6 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 7 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 8 9 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 10 11 being a member of the Illinois National Guard. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 12 Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 13

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 14 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 15 16 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement 18 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 19 20 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 21 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 22 23 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto; 24

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
of taxable income;

(J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total which were paid by a corporation which
 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or

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zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 4 5 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 6 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 7 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 8 9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 10 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 12 this subparagraph (K);

(L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
14 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
15 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
16 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code;

(M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 18 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 19 20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 21 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 22 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 23 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 24 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 25 26 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 27 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 28 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 29 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 30 250;

(N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from

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bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

(O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

12 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such 13 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in 14 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in 15 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as 16 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

17 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
18 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

(S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted 19 20 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 21 medical care savings account established under the 22 23 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 24 25 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 26 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
the taxable year on a medical care savings account
established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

34 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
 35 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
 36 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of

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Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 6 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 7 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 8 9 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 10 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 11 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 12 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on 14 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does 15 16 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that 17 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or S corporation income; except that 18 Subchapter no 19 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 20 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health insurance or long-term care insurance plan of 21 an employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 22 23 amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 24 25 determined by multiplying total health insurance and long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 26 27 times a number that represents the fractional 28 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 29 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 30 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

31 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 32 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal 33 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted 34 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is 35 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

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(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount

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1 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 2 extent includible in gross income for federal income 3 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 4 5 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 6 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 7 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 8 9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, 13 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 14 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 15 16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 17 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 18 however, this subtraction from federal 19 provided, 20 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 21 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 22 23 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 24 25 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 26 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 27 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 28 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 29 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 30 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 31 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 32 of Section 250;

33 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
34 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
35 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
36 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State

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1 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 2 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 3 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 4 5 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 6 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 7 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 8 9 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 11 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 12 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of 13 Section 250; 14

(Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
(30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property)
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 22 23 deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 24 25 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 26 27 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 28 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 29 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

30 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
31 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the

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taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
(k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(AA) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 11 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 12 piece of property;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

16 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 19 20 modification with respect to such transaction under 203(a)(2)(D-17), 21 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 22 23 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 24 25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 27 is required to make an addition modification with 28 such transaction under Section respect to 29 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-14), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 30 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 31 addition modification;

32 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 33 into account for the taxable year (net of the 34 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 35 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 36 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible 8 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 10 11 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 14 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 15 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 18 or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 19 20 person.

21 (b) Corporations.

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(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
received from regulated investment companies during
the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

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(C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount of the capital gain dividends designated as such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 15 16 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 17 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 18 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 19 20 the amount by which addition modifications other than 21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 22 year, with the following limitations applied in the 23 order that they are listed: 24

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the
net operating loss carried back or forward to the
taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of

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such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

9 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 10 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 11 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted 12 gross income and for which the corporation claims a 13 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%
of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
Internal Revenue Code; and

20 (E-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 21 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 22 23 property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under 24 25 subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable 26 27 years under subparagraph (T) with respect to that 28 property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

32 (E-12) For taxable years ending on or after 33 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 34 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 35 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 36 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would - 18 - LRB094 17839 BDD 53140 b

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1 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 2 fact the foreign person's business activity the outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 3 person's total business activity. The addition 4 5 modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 6 7 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 8 9 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 10 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 11 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 12 included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 13 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 14 incurred. 15 16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 17 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 18 19 person who is subject in a foreign country or 20 state, other than a state which requires mandatory 21 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or 22 23 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 24 25 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 26 27 following: 28 (a) the foreign person, during the same 29 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 30 interest to a person that is not a related 31 member, and 32 (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the 33 34 foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 35 36 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement

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that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 22 23 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 24 under Section 404 of this Act; 25

26 (E-13) For taxable years ending on or after 27 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 28 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 29 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 30 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 31 foreign person who would be a member of the same 32 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 33 34 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this 35 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 36

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1 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 2 group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 3 business group (including amounts included in gross 4 5 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 6 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 7 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 8 9 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 10 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 11 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 12 dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 13 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 14 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 15 16 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 17 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 18 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 19 20 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 21 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 22 23 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 24 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 25 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 26 27 similar types of intangible assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 29 30 accrued, incurred, directly paid, or or 31 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 32 person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory 33 34 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 35

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

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1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 4 following:

5 (a) the foreign person during the same 6 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 8 not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 18 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 19 20 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 21 agree in writing to the application or use of an 22 alternative method of apportionment under Section 23 304(f); 24

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 25 26 Director from making any other adjustment 27 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 28 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 29 30 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 31 32 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 33

34(E-14) For taxable years ending on or after35December 31, 2006, an amount equal to any deduction36taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for

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1 qualified costs of a slow-payment loan for which a 2 credit is received under Section 216;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

> (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

> (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders 13 for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 15 16 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of 17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 18 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 19 20 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all 21 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 22 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and 23 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 24 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 25 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the 26 27 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 28 provisions of Section 250;

29 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 30 total which are exempt from taxation by this State 31 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 32 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 33 34 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 35 36 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net

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of bond premium amortization;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones;

(L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 8 9 such total that were paid by a corporation that 10 conducts business operations in a federally designated 11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 12 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 13 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 14 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 15 16 this subparagraph (L);

17 any taxpayer that is а financial (M) For organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 18 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 19 20 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 21 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone 22 23 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 24 25 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the 26 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 27 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 28 29 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 30 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 31 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise 32 Zone. The subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be 33 34 that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible 35 36 property as calculated under the previous sentence;

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1 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial 2 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 3 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 4 5 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the High Impact Business 6 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 7 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 8 9 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 10 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 11 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 12 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 13 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 14 this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in a federally 15 16 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 17 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 18 19 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 20 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 21 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 22 23 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as 24 25 calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the 26 27 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the extent 28 that the contribution (i) qualifies as а 29 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of 30 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 31 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 32 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act; 33

34 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
35 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
36 equal to the percentage allowable under Section

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1 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 2 3 amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or 4 5 organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 7 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 8 9 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 11 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 12 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, 13 included in taxable income and received, including, 14 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 15 16 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 17 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in 18 clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 19 20 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the affiliated group which includes the 21 recipient, exceed 22 dividend the amount of the 23 modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 24 25 to such dividends;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

34 (R) In the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect
35 to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has
36 made the election under Section 835 of the Internal

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Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year;

(S) For taxable years ending on or after December 8 9 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 10 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 11 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 12 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 13 (d) allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 14 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 15 16 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 20 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 27 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 28 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 29 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 30 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 31 32 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

33 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
34 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

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property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(U) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

13The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under14this subparagraph only once with respect to any one15piece of property;

16 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of 17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 19 20 modification with respect to such transaction under 21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 22 23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 24 25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 27 is required to make an addition modification with 28 such transaction under Section respect to 29 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 30 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 31 addition modification;

32 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 33 into account for the taxable year (net of the 34 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 35 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 36 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 8 9 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 10 11 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 14 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 15 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 18 or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 19 20 person.

(3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
"gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
the gross investment income for the taxable year.

25 (c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
(1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income

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in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a trust which, under its governing instrument, is required to distribute all of its income currently, \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

11 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 12 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 13 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 14 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 15 16 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 17 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 18 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 19 20 the amount by which addition modifications other than 21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 22 23 the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed: 24

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the
net operating loss carried back or forward to the
taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of

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such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

9 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 10 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to 11 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust 12 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the 13 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this 14 Act;

15 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 16 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 17 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 18 computation of taxable income;

19 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 20 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 21 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 22 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 23 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%
of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
Internal Revenue Code; and

30 (G-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 31 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 32 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 33 property for which the taxpayer was required in any 34 taxable year to make an addition modification under 35 subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the 36 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable

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1 years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that 2 property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) For taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 7 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 8 9 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 10 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 11 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 12 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 13 person's total business activity. The addition 14 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 15 16 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 17 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 19 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 22 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 24 25 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
preponderance of the evidence, both of the

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following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same 2 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 3 interest to a person that is not a related 4 member, and 5

(b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal 9 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 10 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 12 and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 13 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 14 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 15 16 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 17 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or 18

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 19 20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 21 convincing evidence that the adjustments are 22 23 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an 24 alternative method of apportionment under Section 25 26 304(f).

27 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 28 Director from making any other adjustment 29 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 30 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 31 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 32 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 33 by which the Department will utilize its authority 34 under Section 404 of this Act; 35

(G-13) For taxable years ending on or after 36

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December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 1 2 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 3 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 4 5 foreign person who would be a member of the same 6 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 8 9 activity. The addition modification required by this 10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 12 group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 13 business group (including amounts included in gross 14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 15 16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 21 dividends caused a reduction to the 22 addition 23 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term and costs" 25 "intangible expenses includes: (1)26 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 27 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 28 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 29 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 30 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 31 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 32 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 33 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 34 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 35 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 36

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trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

15(a) the foreign person during the same16taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the17intangible expense or cost to a person that is18not a related member, and

19(b) the transaction giving rise to the20intangible expense or cost between the21taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as22a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois23income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract24or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;25or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 26 27 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 28 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 29 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 30 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 31 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 32 agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 33 34 304(f);

35Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the36Director from making any other adjustment

1otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for2any tax year beginning after the effective date of3this amendment provided such adjustment is made4pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department5and such regulations provide methods and standards6by which the Department will utilize its authority7under Section 404 of this Act;

8 <u>(G-14) For taxable years ending on or after</u> 9 <u>December 31, 2006, an amount equal to any deduction</u> 10 <u>taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for</u> 11 <u>qualified costs of a slow-payment loan for which a</u> 12 <u>credit is received under Section 216;</u>

13 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 14 following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 15 16 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 17 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 18 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 19 20 or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 21 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 22 23 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 24 25 thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

30 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
31 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
32 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
33 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
34 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
35 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
36 that, in the case of any statute of this State that

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exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

5 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 7 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 8 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 9 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 10 11 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 12 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 13 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 14 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 15 16 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 17 250;

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

27 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in 28 such total that were paid by a corporation that 29 conducts business operations in a federally designated 30 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 31 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 32 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 33 34 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 35 this subparagraph (0);

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(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

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used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

5 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 6 7 extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 8 9 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 10 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 11 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 12 income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 14 15 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 17 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, 18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 19 20 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 21 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 24 25 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 26 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 27 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 28 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 29 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 30 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 31 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 32 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 33 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 34 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 35 36 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions

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of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 9 10 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 11 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 12 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 13 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 14 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 15 16 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

17 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
18 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

amount deducted under 19 The aggregate this 20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 21 depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of 22 23 the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; 25

(S) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property
for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year
to make an addition modification under subparagraph
(G-10), then an amount equal to that addition
modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

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(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

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1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 2 3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 4 5 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 6 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 8 9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 11 is required to make an addition modification with to such transaction under 12 respect Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 14 addition modification; 15

16 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 17 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with 18 respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 19 20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 21 the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 22 23 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 24 25 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for 26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 27 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

28 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 29 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 30 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 31 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 32 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 33 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 34 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 35 addition modification required to be made for the same 36

1 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 3 person. 4

5 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 6 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by 7 any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 8 9 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 10 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 11 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

(d) Partnerships. 12

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(1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in 16 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum 17 of the following amounts: 18

19 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 20 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income; 22

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by 23 24 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for 25 the taxable year;

26 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the 27 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income; 28

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 33 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 34 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 35

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on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-6) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 5 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 6 property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under 9 subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the 10 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

16 (D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 17 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 19 20 indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the 21 foreign person's business activity outside the United 22 23 States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity. The addition modification required 24 25 by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the 26 27 unitary group for the same taxable year and received by 28 the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 29 business group (including amounts included in gross 30 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 31 32 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 33 the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 34

This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 35 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 36

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

11(a) the foreign person, during the same12taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the13interest to a person that is not a related14member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

28 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 29 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 30 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 31 convincing evidence that the adjustments are 32 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an 33 34 alternative method of apportionment under Section 35 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

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Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

9 (D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December 10 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible 11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the foreign person's 15 16 business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The 17 addition modification required by this subparagraph 18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 19 20 included in base income of the unitary group for the 21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 22 (including amounts included in gross income pursuant 23 to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue 24 25 Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 26 27 stock of the same person to whom the intangible 28 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 29 incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not 30 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 31 reduction to the addition modification required under 32 Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 33 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 34 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 35 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 36

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1 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) incurred, directly or indirectly, from 2 losses factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 3 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 4 5 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 6 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 7 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 8 9 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 10 assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs incurred, 13 paid, accrued, or directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 14 person who is subject in a foreign country or 15 16 state, other than a state which requires mandatory 17 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 18

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 23 following:

(a) the foreign person during the same
taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 8 9 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 10 11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 13 and such regulations provide methods and standards 14 by which the Department will utilize its authority 15 16 under Section 404 of this Act;

17(D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December1831, 2006, an amount equal to any deduction taken on the19taxpayer's federal income tax return for qualified20costs of a slow-payment loan for which a credit is21received under Section 216;

22 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 23 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

25 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax 26 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer 27 and included in such total for the taxable year;

28 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 29 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 30 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 31 32 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 33 34 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 35 36 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 1 2

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of bond premium amortization;

(H) Any income of the partnership which constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 9 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 10 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by 11 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 12 including amounts distributable to organizations 13 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 14 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 15 16 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 18 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 19 20 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 21 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable 22 23 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 24 25 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 26 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 27 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, and conducts
substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
Zone or Zones;

35 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 36 job training project established pursuant to the Real - 47 - LRB094 17839 BDD 53140 b

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Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

(N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

16 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 17 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 18 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 19 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 20 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 21 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 22 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

23 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on 24 the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 25 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 26 27 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 28 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 29 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 30 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

31 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
32 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of

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the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(P) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 12 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 13 piece of property;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 14 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 15 16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 18 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 19 Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 20 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 21 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 22 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 23 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 24 is required to make an addition modification with 25 26 respect to such transaction under Section 27 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 28 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification; 29

30 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 31 into account for the taxable year (net of the 32 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 33 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 34 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 35 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 36

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person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 6 7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 8 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 9 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 12 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 13 addition modification required to be made for the same 14 15 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 16 or 17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 18 person.

(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 20 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 21 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 22 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 23 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 24 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 25 26 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 27 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 28 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 29 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 30 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 31 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 32 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 33 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 34 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 35

1 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 2 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 3 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 4 5 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition 6 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 7 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 8 9 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 10 addition modification must be made under those 11 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 12 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 13 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 14 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 15 16 Revenue Code.

17 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
18 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
19 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

20 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 21 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 22 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 23 pre-1984 policyholder surplus 24 distribution from 25 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 26 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

31 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
32 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
33 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
34 investment company taxable income;

35 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
 36 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed

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by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;

3 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of 4 5 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 6 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 7 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 8 9 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 10 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 11 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate 12 taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue 13 Code had been in effect for all such years; 14

15 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 16 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 17 organization determined in accordance with the 18 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 19 Revenue Code;

20 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 21 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of 22 23 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with Section 24 25 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 26 27 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 28 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 29 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 30 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 31 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 32 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 33 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 34 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and 35

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,

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taxable income determined in accordance with Section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated but which would be taken into account by an individual in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 7 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the 8 9 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 10 business has been classified as business income and in a 11 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 12 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 13 related to that asset or business that generated the 14 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 15 16 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 17 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 18 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 19 20 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 21 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 22 23 taxable years.

(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for

the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

6 (A) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 7 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 8 9 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 10 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 11 determining gain) for such property on that date 12 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 13 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 14 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 15 16 such property.

17 (B) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 18 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 19 20 amount for such property is that amount which bears the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 21 property for federal income tax purposes for the 22 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 23 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 24 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 25 26 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 27 period for the property.

(C) The Department shall prescribe such
regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
purposes of this paragraph.

31 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided 32 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item 33 to be deducted more than once.

34 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by

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1 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 2 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 3 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 4 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 5 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 6 computation of base income and net income under this Act for such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 7 August 1, 1969 or otherwise. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-244, eff. 8-3-01; 92-439,
10 eff. 8-17-01; 92-603, eff. 6-28-02; 92-626, eff. 7-11-02;
11 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02; 93-812, eff.
12 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; revised 10-12-04.)

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(35 ILCS 5/216 new)

Sec. 216. Credit for qualified costs of slow-payment loans. 14 15 (a) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006 16 and ending on or before December 30, 2011, each taxpayer who receives a slow-payment loan during the taxable year is 17 18 entitled to a credit against the tax imposed under subsections 19 (a) and (b) of Section 201 in an amount equal to the qualified costs of the slow-payment loan incurred by the taxpayer during 20 21 the taxable year.

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(b) For purposes of this Section:

23 <u>"Slow-payment loan" means a commercial loan, credit, or</u>
24 other debt instrument issued to cover the on-going business
25 expenses of a vendor or contractor where, as set forth under
26 the State Prompt Payment Act, a State official or agency is
27 late, by 90 days or more, in the payment of the vendor's or
28 contractor's proper bill or invoice for goods or services
29 furnished to the State.

30 "Qualified costs" means any interest, points, fees, or 31 other expenses incurred by the borrower in order to receive a 32 slow-payment loan. "Qualified costs" does not, however, 33 include any interest penalty or other penalty incurred by the 34 borrower for the borrower's default under a slow-payment loan. 35 "Goods or services furnished to the State", "proper bill or

1	invoice", and "State official or agency" have the definitions
2	set forth under the State Prompt Payment Act.
3	(c) If the taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S
4	corporation, the credit is allowed to the partners or
5	shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and
6	distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
7	Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.
8	(d) The credit may not be carried back. If the amount of
9	the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess
10	may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the
11	3 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax
12	credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is
13	a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year
14	that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit
15	shall be applied first.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.