94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB5855

Introduced 11/03/06, by Rep. David Reis

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

220 ILCS 5/16-111

Amends the Electric Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 of the Public Utilities Act. Imposes limits on rate increases the Commission may initiate, authorize, or order for AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO, or AmerenCIPS through calendar year 2009. Requires the Commission to include in residential electric rates between calendar years 2010 and 2012 the portion of the costs, plus interest at 2%, of procuring electricity of AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO, and AmerenCIPS not recovered in calendar years 2007, 2008, and 2009. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
Section 16-111 as follows:

6 (220 ILCS 5/16-111)

Sec. 16-111. Rates and restructuring transactions during
 and after mandatory transition period.

transition 9 (a) During the mandatory period, notwithstanding any provision of Article IX of this Act, and 10 except as provided in subsections (b), (d), (e), and (f) of 11 this Section, the Commission shall not (i) initiate, authorize 12 or order any change by way of increase (other than in 13 14 connection with a request for rate increase which was filed 15 after September 1, 1997 but prior to October 15, 1997, by an electric utility serving less than 12,500 customers in this 16 17 State), (ii) initiate or, unless requested by the electric utility, authorize or order any change by way of decrease, 18 19 restructuring or unbundling (except as provided in Section 16-109A), in the rates of any electric utility that were in 20 effect on October 1, 1996, or (iii) in any order approving any 21 22 application for a merger pursuant to Section 7-204 that was 23 pending as of May 16, 1997, impose any condition requiring any filing for an increase, decrease, or change in, or other review 24 25 of, an electric utility's rates or enforce any such condition 26 of any such order; provided, however, that this subsection shall not prohibit the Commission from: 27

(1) approving the application of an electric utility to
implement an alternative to rate of return regulation or a
regulatory mechanism that rewards or penalizes the
electric utility through adjustment of rates based on
utility performance, pursuant to Section 9-244;

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1 (2) authorizing an electric utility to eliminate its 2 fuel adjustment clause and adjust its base rate tariffs in accordance with subsection (b), (d), or (f) of Section 3 9-220 of this Act, to fix its fuel adjustment factor in 4 5 accordance with subsection (c) of Section 9-220 of this 6 Act, or to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause in accordance with subsection (e) of Section 9-220 of this 7 Act; 8

9 (3) ordering into effect tariffs for delivery services 10 and transition charges in accordance with Sections 16-104 11 and 16-108, for real-time pricing in accordance with 12 Section 16-107, or the options required by Section 16-110 13 and subsection (n) of 16-112, allowing a billing experiment 14 in accordance with Section 16-106, or modifying delivery 15 services tariffs in accordance with Section 16-109; or

16 (4) ordering or allowing into effect any tariff to 17 recover charges pursuant to Sections 9-201.5, 9-220.1, 9-221, 9-222 (except as provided in Section 9-222.1), 18 16-108, and 16-114 of this Act, Section 5-5 of the 19 20 Electricity Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Law, Section 6-5 of the Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal 21 Resources Development Law of 1997, and Section 13 of the 22 23 Energy Assistance Act.

After December 31, 2004, the provisions of this subsection 24 25 (a) shall not apply to an electric utility whose average residential retail rate was less than or equal to 90% of the 26 27 average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as 28 that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, based 29 on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory 30 Commission for calendar year 1995, and which served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 31 32 1, 1995 unless the electric utility or its holding company has been acquired by or merged with an affiliate of another 33 electric utility subsequent to January 1, 2002. This exemption 34 shall be limited to this subsection (a) and shall not extend to 35 36 any other provisions of this Act.

1 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), each 2 Illinois electric utility serving more than 12,500 customers in 3 Illinois shall file tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 4 1998, each component of its base rates to residential retail 5 customers by 15% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 and (ii) if the public utility 6 provides electric service to (A) more than 500,000 customers 7 8 but less than 1,000,000 customers in this State on January 1, 9 1999, reducing, effective May 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by an additional 5% 10 11 from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 12 1998, or (B) at least 1,000,000 customers in this State on 13 January 1, 1999, reducing, effective October 1, 2001, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 14 15 an additional 5% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998. Provided, however, that (A) if an 16 17 electric utility's average residential retail rate is less than or equal to the average residential retail rate for a group of 18 19 Midwest Utilities (consisting of all investor-owned electric 20 utilities with annual system peaks in excess of 1000 megawatts in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, 21 Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin), based on data reported on Form 22 23 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, then it shall only be required to file tariffs (i) 24 reducing, effective August 1, 1998, each component of its base 25 26 rates to residential retail customers by 5% from the base rates 27 in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998, (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 2000, each component of its base rates to 28 29 residential retail customers by the lesser of 5% of the base 30 rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the percentage by which the electric utility's average residential 31 32 retail rate exceeds the average residential retail rate of the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the 33 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1999, 34 35 and (iii) reducing, effective October 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by an 36

1 additional amount equal to the lesser of 5% of the base rates 2 in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the 3 percentage by which the electric utility's average residential 4 retail rate exceeds the average residential retail rate of the 5 Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the 6 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 2001; and (B) if the average residential retail rate of an electric 7 8 utility serving between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in 9 this State on January 1, 1995 is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the Midwest Utilities, 10 11 based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy 12 Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, then it shall 13 only be required to file tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 1998, each component of its base rates to residential retail 14 15 customers by 2% from the base rates in effect immediately prior 16 to January 1, 1998; (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 2000, 17 each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 2% from the base rate in effect immediately prior 18 19 to January 1, 1998; and (iii) reducing, effective October 1, 20 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 1% from the base rates in effect immediately prior 21 to January 1, 1998. Provided, further, that any electric 22 23 utility for which a decrease in base rates has been or is 24 placed into effect between October 1, 1996 and the dates specified in the preceding sentences of this subsection, other 25 26 than pursuant to the requirements of this subsection, shall be 27 entitled to reduce the amount of any reduction or reductions in 28 its base rates required by this subsection by the amount of 29 such other decrease. The tariffs required under this subsection 30 shall be filed 45 days in advance of the effective date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 9-220 of 31 32 this Act, no restatement of base rates in conjunction with the elimination of a fuel adjustment clause under that Section 33 shall result in a lesser decrease in base rates than customers 34 35 would otherwise receive under this subsection had the electric 36 utility's fuel adjustment clause not been eliminated.

1 (c) Any utility reducing its base rates by 15% on August 1, 2 1998 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the following statement on its bills for residential customers from August 1 3 4 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your 5 rates have been reduced by 15% by the Electric Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the Illinois 6 General Assembly.". Any utility reducing its base rates by 5% 7 8 on August 1, 1998, pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the 9 following statement on its bills for residential customers from August 1 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, 10 11 your rates have been reduced by 5% by the Electric Service 12 Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the Illinois General Assembly.". 13

Any utility reducing its base rates by 2% on August 1, 1998 14 15 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the following statement on its bills for residential customers from August 1 16 17 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your rates have been reduced by 2% by the Electric Service Customer 18 19 Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the Illinois 20 General Assembly.".

(d) During the mandatory transition period, but not before 21 22 January 1, 2000, and notwithstanding the provisions of 23 subsection (a), an electric utility may request an increase in 24 its base rates if the electric utility demonstrates that the 2-year average of its earned rate of return on common equity, 25 26 calculated as its net income applicable to common stock divided 27 by the average of its beginning and ending balances of common 28 equity using data reported in the electric utility's Form 1 29 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted 30 remove the effects of accelerated depreciation or tο amortization or other transition or mitigation measures 31 32 implemented by the electric utility pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section and the effect of any refund paid pursuant to 33 subsection (e) of this Section, is below the 2-year average for 34 35 the same 2 years of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of Governors of the 36

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1 Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release 2 or successor publication. The Commission shall review the 3 electric utility's request, and may review the justness and 4 reasonableness of all rates for tariffed services, in 5 accordance with the provisions of Article IX of this Act, 6 provided that the Commission shall consider any special or negotiated adjustments to the revenue requirement agreed to 7 8 between the electric utility and the other parties to the 9 proceeding. In setting rates under this Section, the Commission shall exclude the costs and revenues that are associated with 10 11 competitive services and any billing or pricing experiments 12 conducted under Section 16-106.

this subsection 13 For the purposes of (e)(e) all 14 calculations and comparisons shall be performed for the 15 Illinois operations of multijurisdictional utilities. During 16 the mandatory transition period, notwithstanding the 17 provisions of subsection (a), if the 2-year average of an electric utility's earned rate of return on common equity, 18 19 calculated as its net income applicable to common stock divided 20 by the average of its beginning and ending balances of common equity using data reported in the electric utility's Form 1 21 22 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted 23 to remove the effect of any refund paid under this subsection (e), and further adjusted to include the annual amortization of 24 any difference between the consideration received by an 25 26 affiliated interest of the electric utility in the sale of an 27 asset which had been sold or transferred by the electric utility to the affiliated interest subsequent to the effective 28 29 date of this amendatory Act of 1997 and the consideration for which such asset had been sold or transferred to the affiliated 30 31 interest, with such difference to be amortized ratably from the 32 date of the sale by the affiliated interest to December 31, 33 2006, exceeds the 2-year average of the Index for the same 2 years by 1.5 or more percentage points, the electric utility 34 35 shall make refunds to customers beginning the first billing day 36 of April in the following year in the manner described in

1 paragraph (3) of this subsection. For purposes of this 2 subsection (e), the "Index" shall be the sum of (A) the average 3 for the 12 months ended September 30 of the monthly average 4 yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of 5 Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 6 Statistical Release or successor publication for each year 1998 7 through 2006, and (B) (i) 4.00 percentage points for each of 8 the 12-month periods ending September 30, 1998 through 9 September 30, 1999 or 8.00 percentage points if the electric utility's average residential retail rate is less than or equal 10 11 to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest 12 Utilities", as that term is defined in subsection (b) of this 13 Section, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, and the electric 14 15 utility served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers on 16 January 1, 1995, (ii) 7.00 percentage points for each of the 17 12-month periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2006 if the electric utility was providing service to at 18 19 least 1,000,000 customers in this State on January 1, 1999, or 20 9.00 percentage points if the electric utility's average residential retail rate is less than or equal to 90% of the 21 22 average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as 23 that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, based 24 on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995 and the electric utility 25 26 served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in this 27 State on January 1, 1995, (iii) 11.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 2000 through 28 29 September 30, 2006, but only if the electric utility's average 30 residential retail rate is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as 31 32 that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory 33 Commission for calendar year 1995, the electric utility served 34 35 between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995, and the electric utility offers delivery 36

1 services on or before June 1, 2000 to retail customers whose 2 annual electric energy use comprises 33% of the kilowatt hour 3 sales to that group of retail customers that are classified 4 under Division D, Groups 20 through 39 of the Standard 5 Industrial Classifications set forth in the Standard 6 Industrial Classification Manual published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, excluding the kilowatt 7 8 hour sales to those customers that are eligible for delivery services pursuant to Section 16-104(a)(1)(i), and offers 9 delivery services to its remaining retail customers classified 10 11 under Division D, Groups 20 through 39 on or before October 1, 12 2000, and, provided further, that the electric utility commits 13 not to petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to 14 15 implement transition charges for an additional period after 16 December 31, 2006, or (iv) 5.00 percentage points for each of 17 the 12-month periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2006 for all other electric utilities or 7.00 18 19 percentage points for such utilities for each of the 12-month 20 periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2006 for any such utility that commits not to petition pursuant to 21 22 Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission 23 authorizing the electric utility to implement transition 24 charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006 or 25 11.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods ending 26 September 30, 2005 and September 30, 2006 for each electric 27 utility providing service to fewer than 6,500, or between 75,000 and 150,000, electric retail customers in this State on 28 29 January 1, 1995 if such utility commits not to petition 30 pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to implement 31 32 transition charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006. 33

34 (1) For purposes of this subsection (e), "excess
 35 earnings" means the difference between (A) the 2-year
 36 average of the electric utility's earned rate of return on

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common equity, less (B) the 2-year average of the sum of (i) the Index applicable to each of the 2 years and (ii) 1.5 percentage points; provided, that "excess earnings" shall never be less than zero.

5 (2) On or before March 31 of each year 2000 through 6 2007 each electric utility shall file a report with the 7 Commission showing its earned rate of return on common 8 equity, calculated in accordance with this subsection, for 9 the preceding calendar year and the average for the 10 preceding 2 calendar years.

11 (3) If an electric utility has excess earnings, 12 determined in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of 13 this subsection, the refunds which the electric utility 14 shall pay to its customers beginning the first billing day 15 of April in the following year shall be calculated and 16 applied as follows:

(i) The electric utility's excess earnings shall be multiplied by the average of the beginning and ending balances of the electric utility's common equity for the 2-year period in which excess earnings occurred.

(ii) The result of the calculation in (i) shall be
multiplied by 0.50 and then divided by a number equal
to 1 minus the electric utility's composite federal and
State income tax rate.

(iii) The result of the calculation in (ii) shall 26 27 be divided by the sum of the electric utility's projected total kilowatt-hour sales 28 to retail 29 projected kilowatt-hours customers plus to be 30 delivered to delivery services customers over a one 31 year period beginning with the first billing date in 32 April in the succeeding year to determine a cents per kilowatt-hour refund factor. 33

(iv) The cents per kilowatt-hour refund factor
 calculated in (iii) shall be credited to the electric
 utility's customers by applying the factor on the

1 2 3 customer's monthly bills to each kilowatt-hour sold or delivered until the total amount calculated in (ii) has been paid to customers.

4 (f) During the mandatory transition period, an electric
5 utility may file revised tariffs reducing the price of any
6 tariffed service offered by the electric utility for all
7 customers taking that tariffed service, which shall be
8 effective 7 days after filing.

9 (g) During the mandatory transition period, an electric 10 utility may, without obtaining any approval of the Commission 11 other than that provided for in this subsection and 12 notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any rule or 13 regulation of the Commission that would require such approval:

14 (1) implement a reorganization, other than a merger of
15 2 or more public utilities as defined in Section 3-105 or
16 their holding companies;

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(2) retire generating plants from service;

(3) sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer assets to
an affiliated or unaffiliated entity and as part of such
transaction enter into service agreements, power purchase
agreements, or other agreements with the transferee;
provided, however, that the prices, terms and conditions of
any power purchase agreement must be approved or allowed
into effect by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; or

(4) use any accelerated cost recovery method including
accelerated depreciation, accelerated amortization or
other capital recovery methods, or record reductions to the
original cost of its assets.

29 In order to implement a reorganization, retire generating 30 plants from service, or sell, assign, lease or otherwise 31 transfer assets pursuant to this Section, the electric utility 32 shall comply with subsections (c) and (d) of Section 16-128, if applicable, and subsection (k) of this Section, if applicable, 33 and provide the Commission with at least 30 days notice of the 34 35 proposed reorganization or transaction, which notice shall 36 include the following information:

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1 (i) a complete statement of the entries that the 2 electric utility will make on its books and records of 3 account to implement the proposed reorganization or transaction together with a certification from an 4 5 independent certified public accountant that such 6 entries are in accord with generally accepted accounting principles and, if the Commission has 7 previously approved guidelines for cost allocations 8 its 9 between the utility and affiliates, а certification from the chief accounting officer of the 10 11 utility that such entries are in accord with those cost 12 allocation guidelines;

(ii) a description of how the electric utility will use proceeds of any sale, assignment, lease or transfer to retire debt or otherwise reduce or recover the costs of services provided by such electric utility;

(iii) a list of all federal approvals or approvals required from departments and agencies of this State, other than the Commission, that the electric utility has or will obtain before implementing the reorganization or transaction;

(iv) an irrevocable commitment by the electric utility that it will not, as a result of the transaction, impose any stranded cost charges that it might otherwise be allowed to charge retail customers under federal law or increase the transition charges that it is otherwise entitled to collect under this Article XVI; and

29 (v) if the electric utility proposes to sell, 30 assign, lease or otherwise transfer a generating plant 31 that brings the amount of net dependable generating 32 capacity transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of the electric 33 34 utility's net dependable capacity as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, and enters into a 35 36 power purchase agreement with the entity to which such

1 generating plant is sold, assigned, leased, or 2 otherwise transferred, the electric utility also 3 agrees, if its fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, to eliminate its fuel adjustment 4 5 clause in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 9-220 for a period of time equal to the length of any 6 7 such power purchase agreement or successor agreement, or until January 1, 2005, whichever is longer; if the 8 9 capacity of the generating plant so transferred and 10 related power purchase agreement does not result in the 11 elimination of the fuel adjustment clause under this 12 subsection, and the fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, the electric utility shall 13 agree that the costs associated with the transferred 14 plant that are included in the calculation of the rate 15 16 per kilowatt-hour to be applied pursuant to the 17 electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during such period shall not exceed the per kilowatt-hour cost 18 associated with such generating plant included in the 19 20 electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during the full calendar year preceding the transfer, with such 21 limit to be adjusted each year thereafter by the Gross 22 Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator. 23

(vi) In addition, if the electric utility proposes 24 25 to sell, assign, or lease, (A) either (1) an amount of generating plant that brings the amount of net 26 27 dependable generating capacity transferred pursuant to 28 this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 29 15% of its net dependable capacity on the effective 30 date of this amendatory Act of 1997, or (2) one or more 31 generating plants with a total net dependable capacity 32 of 1100 megawatts, or (B) transmission and distribution facilities that either (1) bring the 33 amount of transmission and distribution facilities 34 transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount 35 equal to or greater than 15% of the electric utility's 36

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1 total depreciated original cost investment in such facilities, or (2) 2 represent an investment of \$25,000,000 in terms of total depreciated original 3 cost, the electric utility shall provide, in addition 4 5 to the information listed in subparagraphs (i) through (v), the following information: (A) a description of 6 electric utility will meet its service 7 how the obligations under this Act in a safe and reliable 8 manner and (B) the electric utility's projected earned 9 10 rate of return on common equity, calculated in 11 accordance with subsection (d) of this Section, for each year from the date of the notice through December 12 2006 31, both with 13 and without the proposed transaction. If the Commission has not issued an order 14 initiating a hearing on the proposed transaction 15 16 within 30 days after the date the electric utility's notice is filed, the transaction shall be deemed 17 The Commission may, after notice 18 approved. and hearing, prohibit the proposed transaction if it makes 19 20 either or both of the following findings: (1) that the proposed transaction will render the electric utility 21 unable to provide its tariffed services in a safe and 22 23 reliable manner, or (2) that there is a strong likelihood that consummation 24 of the proposed 25 transaction will result in the electric utility being 26 entitled to request an increase in its base rates 27 during the mandatory transition period pursuant to 28 subsection (d) of this Section. Any hearing initiated by the Commission into the proposed transaction shall 29 30 be completed, and the Commission's final order 31 approving or prohibiting the proposed transaction 32 shall be entered, within 90 days after the date the electric utility's notice was filed. 33 Provided, that a sale, assignment, or lease of 34 however, transmission facilities to 35 an independent system operator that meets the requirements of Section 16-126 36

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shall not be subject to Commission approval under this Section.

In any proceeding conducted by the Commission 3 pursuant to this subparagraph (vi), intervention shall 4 5 be limited to parties with a direct interest in the transaction which is the subject of the hearing and any 6 statutory consumer protection agency as defined in 7 subsection (d) of Section 9-102.1. Notwithstanding the 8 9 provisions of Section 10-113 of this Act, any 10 application seeking rehearing of an order issued under 11 this subparagraph (vi), whether filed by the electric 12 utility or by an intervening party, shall be filed within 10 days after service of the order. 13

The Commission shall not in any subsequent proceeding or 14 otherwise, review such a reorganization or other transaction 15 16 authorized by this Section, but shall retain the authority to 17 allocate costs as stated in Section 16-111(i). An entity to which an electric utility sells, assigns, leases or transfers 18 19 assets pursuant to this subsection (g) shall not, as a result 20 of the transactions specified in this subsection (g), be deemed a public utility as defined in Section 3-105. Nothing in this 21 shall change any requirement under 22 subsection (g) the 23 jurisdiction of the Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety including, but not limited to, the payment of fees. Nothing in 24 25 this subsection (g) shall exempt a utility from obtaining a certificate pursuant to Section 8-406 of this Act for the 26 27 construction of a new electric generating facility. Nothing in 28 this subsection (g) is intended to exempt the transactions 29 hereunder from the operation of the federal or State antitrust 30 laws. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall require an electric 31 utility to use the procedures specified in this subsection for 32 any of the transactions specified herein. Any other procedure available under this Act may, at the electric utility's 33 34 election, be used for any such transaction.

35 (h) During the mandatory transition period, the Commission36 shall not establish or use any rates of depreciation, which for

1 purposes of this subsection shall include amortization, for any 2 electric utility other than those established pursuant to 3 subsection (c) of Section 5-104 of this Act or utilized pursuant to subsection (q) of this Section. Provided, however, 4 5 that in any proceeding to review an electric utility's rates for tariffed services pursuant to Section 9-201, 9-202, 9-250 6 or 16-111(d) of this Act, the Commission may establish new 7 8 rates of depreciation for the electric utility in the same 9 manner provided in subsection (d) of Section 5-104 of this Act. An electric utility implementing an accelerated cost recovery 10 11 method including accelerated depreciation, accelerated 12 amortization or other capital recovery methods, or recording 13 reductions to the original cost of its assets, pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, shall file a statement with the 14 15 Commission describing the accelerated cost recovery method to 16 be implemented or the reduction in the original cost of its 17 assets to be recorded. Upon the filing of such statement, the accelerated cost recovery method or the reduction in 18 the 19 original cost of assets shall be deemed to be approved by the 20 Commission as though an order had been entered by the Commission. 21

22 (i) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this Section, 23 subsequent Subsequent to the mandatory transition period, the Commission, in any proceeding to establish rates and charges 24 for tariffed services offered by an electric utility, shall 25 26 consider only (1) the then current or projected revenues, 27 costs, investments and cost of capital directly or indirectly associated with the provision of such tariffed services; (2) 28 collection of transition charges in accordance with Sections 29 30 16-102 and 16-108 of this Act; (3) recovery of any employee transition costs as described in Section 16-128 which the 31 32 electric utility is continuing to incur, including recovery of any unamortized portion of such costs previously incurred or 33 committed, with such costs to be equitably allocated among 34 35 bundled services, delivery services, and contracts with alternative retail electric suppliers; and (4) recovery of the 36

1 costs associated with the electric utility's compliance with 2 decommissioning funding requirements; and shall not consider any other revenues, costs, investments or cost of capital of 3 4 either the electric utility or of any affiliate of the electric 5 utility that are not associated with the provision of tariffed 6 services. In setting rates for tariffed services, the Commission shall equitably allocate joint and common costs and 7 8 investments between the electric utility's competitive and services. the justness 9 tariffed In determining and 10 reasonableness of the electric power and energy component of an 11 electric utility's rates for tariffed services subsequent to 12 the mandatory transition period and prior to the time that the provision of such electric power and energy is declared 13 competitive, the Commission shall consider the extent to which 14 15 the electric utility's tariffed rates for such component for 16 each customer class exceed the market value determined pursuant 17 to Section 16-112, and, if the electric power and energy component of such tariffed rate exceeds the market value by 18 19 more than 10% for any customer class, may establish such 20 electric power and energy component at a rate equal to the market value plus 10%. In any such case, the Commission may 21 also elect to extend the provisions of Section 16-111(e) for 22 23 any period in which the electric utility is collecting transition charges, using information applicable to 24 such 25 period.

26 (j) During the mandatory transition period, an electric 27 utility may elect to transfer to a non-operating income account 28 under the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts either or 29 both of (i) an amount of unamortized investment tax credit that 30 is in addition to the ratable amount which is credited to the 31 electric utility's operating income account for the year in 32 accordance with Section 46(f)(2) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect prior to P.L. 101-508, or 33 (ii) "excess tax reserves", as that term is defined in Section 34 35 203(e)(2)(A) of the federal Tax Reform Act of 1986, provided that (A) the amount transferred may not exceed the amount of 36

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1 the electric utility's assets that were created pursuant to 2 Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71 which the 3 electric utility has written off during the mandatory 4 transition period, and (B) the transfer shall not be effective 5 until approved by the Internal Revenue Service. An electric utility electing to make such a transfer shall file a statement 6 7 with the Commission stating the amount and timing of the 8 transfer for which it intends to request approval of the 9 Internal Revenue Service, along with a copy of its proposed request to the Internal Revenue Service for a ruling. The 10 11 Commission shall issue an order within 14 days after the 12 electric utility's filing approving, subject to receipt of 13 approval from the Internal Revenue Service, the proposed transfer. 14

15 (k) If an electric utility is selling or transferring to a 16 single buyer 5 or more generating plants located in this State 17 with a total net dependable capacity of 5000 megawatts or more pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section and has obtained a 18 19 sale price or consideration that exceeds 200% of the book value 20 of such plants, the electric utility must provide to the Governor, the President of the Illinois Senate, the Minority 21 22 Leader of the Illinois Senate, the Speaker of the Illinois 23 House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the 24 Illinois House of Representatives no later than 15 days after filing its notice under subsection (g) of this Section or 5 25 26 days after the date on which this subsection (k) becomes law, 27 whichever is later, a written commitment in which such electric 28 utility agrees to expend \$2 billion outside the corporate 29 limits of any municipality with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants 30 within such electric utility's service area, over a 6-year 31 period beginning with the calendar year in which the notice is filed, on projects, programs, and improvements within its 32 relating to transmission and distribution 33 service area limitation, 34 including, without infrastructure expansion, 35 repair and replacement, capital investments, operations and 36 maintenance, and vegetation management.

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1	(1) After the mandatory transition period, the Commission
2	may not initiate, authorize, or order any increase in the
3	residential electric rates of AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO, or
4	AmerenCIPS that exceed the following: (1) in calendar year
5	2007, 9% of the rate authorized in calendar year 2006; (2) in
6	calendar year 2008, 8% of the rate authorized in calendar year
7	2007; and (3) in calendar year 2009, 7% of the rate authorized
8	in calendar year 2008.
9	Beginning in calendar year 2010 and ending in calendar year
10	2012, the Commission must include in the residential electric
11	rates of AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO, and AmerenCIPS the portion of
12	the costs of procuring electricity of AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO,
13	and AmerenCIPS not recovered in the residential electric rates
14	in calendar years 2007, 2008, and 2009, plus interest at 2%.
15	The deferred costs, plus interest at 2%, must be recovered in
16	the residential electric rates of AmerenIP, AmerenCILCO, and
17	AmerenCIPS in calendar years 2010 through 2012.
18	(Source: P.A. 91-50, eff. 6-30-99; 92-537, eff. 6-6-02; 92-690,
19	eff. 7-18-02; revised 9-10-02.)

20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 21 becoming law.