2

3

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 108B-3 as follows:
- 6 (725 ILCS 5/108B-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 108B-3)
- Sec. 108B-3. Authorization for the interception of private communication.
- (a) The State's Attorney, or a person designated in writing 9 or by law to act for him and to perform his duties during his 10 absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex parte 11 application to the chief judge of a court of competent 12 jurisdiction for an order authorizing the interception of a 13 14 private oral communication when no party has consented to the 15 interception and (i) the interception may provide evidence of, 16 or may assist in the apprehension of a person who has 17 committed, is committing or is about to commit, a violation of Section 8-1.1 (solicitation of murder), 8-1.2 (solicitation of 18 19 murder for hire), 9-1 (first degree murder), or 29B-1 (money laundering) of the Criminal Code of 1961, Section 401, 401.1 20 (controlled substance trafficking), 405, 405.1 (criminal drug 21 22 conspiracy) or 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, a violation of Section 24-2.1, 24-2.2, 24-3, 24-3.1, 24-3.3, 23 24-3.4, 24-4, or 24-5 or subsection 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(6), 24 25 24-1(a)(7), 24-1(a)(9), 24-1(a)(10), or 24-1(c) 26 Criminal Code of 1961 or conspiracy to commit money laundering or conspiracy to commit first degree murder; (ii) in response 27 28 to a clear and present danger of imminent death or great bodily 29 harm to persons resulting from: (1) a kidnapping or the holding 30 of a hostage by force or the threat of the imminent use of force; or (2) the occupation by force or the threat of the 31 imminent use of force of any premises, place, vehicle, vessel 32

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 1 or aircraft; (iii) to aid an investigation or prosecution of a 2 civil action brought under the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism 3 Omnibus Prevention Act when there is probable cause to believe 4 the interception of the private oral communication will provide 5 evidence that a streetgang is committing, has committed, or will commit a second or subsequent gang-related offense or that 6 the interception of the private oral communication will aid in 7 8 the collection of a judgment entered under that Act; or (iv) 9 upon information and belief that a streetgang has committed, is 10 committing, or is about to commit a felony.
 - (b) The State's Attorney or a person designated in writing or by law to act for the State's Attorney and to perform his or her duties during his or her absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex parte application to the chief judge of a circuit court for an order authorizing the interception of a private communication when no party has consented to the interception and the interception may provide evidence of, or may assist in the apprehension of a person who has committed, is committing or is about to commit, a violation of an offense under Article 29D of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 21 (b-1) Subsection (b) is inoperative on and after January 1, 22 2005.
- 23 (b-2) No conversations recorded or monitored pursuant to 24 subsection (b) shall be made <u>inadmissible</u> inadmissable in a 25 court of law by virtue of subsection (b-1).
- (c) As used in this Section, "streetgang" and "gang-related" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 92-854, eff. 12-5-02.)
- 30 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 31 becoming law.