

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB0241

Introduced 2/2/2005, by Sen. John J. Cullerton - Kirk W. Dillard

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

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415 ILCS 5/22.2d new
415 ILCS 5/22.50 new
415 ILCS 5/Title VI-D heading new
415 ILCS 5/25d-1 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-2 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-3 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-4 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-5 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-6 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-7 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-8 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-9 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-10 new
415 ILCS 5/25d-10 new
415 ILCS 5/58.8
415 ILCS 55/4
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from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7454

Amends the Environmental Protection Act and Groundwater Protection Act. Authorizes the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency to issue orders requiring an appropriate response from a potentially responsible party in the event of the release or substantial threat of release of a hazardous substance into the environment. Provides that a person may not use, cause the use of, or allow the use of (instead of "use") any site, for which a land use limitation has been imposed, in a manner that is inconsistent with that limitation unless certain conditions have been met. Establishes an internal Agency committee to recommend appropriate action for suspected or confirmed groundwater contamination and, among other things, requires the Agency to give notice of the actual or potential impact of the contamination to property owners served by the affected water system. Creates the Right-to-Know Committee to provide notice to the public about releases or suspected releases of contaminants in the State. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB094 07834 RSP 38014 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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Section 113(h) of CERCLA.

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 58.8, and by adding Sections 22.2d, 22.50, and Title VI-D as follows:
- 7 (415 ILCS 5/22.2d new)
- 8 Sec. 22.2d. Authority of Director to issue orders.
- (a) The purpose of this Section is to allow the Director to 9 quickly and effectively respond to imminent and substantial 10 endangerment to the public health or welfare or the environment 11 as a result of a release or substantial threat of a release of 12 a hazardous substance, pesticide, or petroleum by authorizing 13 14 the Director to issue orders requiring appropriate response 15 actions and by delaying the review of those orders until after the response actions have been completed. This Section is also 16 17 intended to allow persons subject to such orders to recover the costs of complying with the orders if they are not a 18 19 potentially responsible party with respect to the release or threat of a release or if the Director's decision in selecting 20 21 the ordered response action was arbitrary and capricious or was 22 otherwise not in accordance with law.

The intent of this Section is to provide the Director with 23 order authority analogous to the order authority under Section 24 106(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, 25 26 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (P.L. 96-510), as amended ("CERCLA"), to allow reimbursement of response costs 27 28 analogous to the reimbursement of response costs allowed under Section 106(b) of CERCLA, and to limit the review of orders 29 30 issued under this Section to the same extent that the review of orders issued under Section 106 of CERCLA are limited by 31

	(b)	As	used	in t	his	Section,	the	term	"poten	tially
re	sponsi	.ble	party"	mean	s an	y person	who	may be	liable	under
th	nis Act	fo:	r a rel	ease	or th	nreat of	a re	lease o:	f a haz	ardous
su	ıbstanc	e, p	esticio	de, or	petr	oleum.				

- (c) In addition to any other action taken by federal, State, or local government, when the Director determines that there may be an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or welfare or the environment as a result of a release or substantial threat of a release of a hazardous substance, pesticide, or petroleum, the Director may issue to a potentially responsible party any order that may be necessary to protect the public health and welfare and the environment that requires response actions consistent with the following:
 - (1) for a release or threat of a release of a hazardous substance, pesticide, or petroleum other than the release or threat of a release of petroleum from an underground storage tank subject to Title XVI of this Act, the federal regulations and amendments thereto promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to implement Section 105 of CERCLA, as amended; and
 - (2) for a release or threat of a release from an underground storage tank subject to Title XVI of this Act, the requirements of Title XVI of this Act and the regulations adopted thereto.
- (d) Any person who, without sufficient cause, willfully violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order issued under subsection (c) of this Section is in violation of this Act.
- (e) Any person who receives and complies with the terms of any order issued under subsection (c) of this Section may, within 60 days after completion of the required action, petition the Director for reimbursement for the reasonable costs of that action, plus interest, subject to all of the following terms and conditions:
 - (1) The interest payable under this subsection accrues on the amounts expended from the date of expenditure to the

date of payment of reimbursement at the rate set forth in Section 3-2 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

Reimbursement for costs associated with a release or threat of a release of hazardous substance, pesticide, or petroleum other than the release or threat of a release of petroleum from an underground storage tank subject to Title XVI of this Act must be made from the Hazardous Waste Fund.

Reimbursement for costs associated with a release or threat of a release from an underground storage tank subject to Title XVI of this Act must be made from the Underground Storage Tank Fund. Reimbursement from the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Section is not subject to the requirements of Title XVI of this Act.

- (2) If the Director refuses to grant all or part of a petition made under this subsection, the petitioner may, within 30 days after receipt of the refusal, file a petition with the Board seeking reimbursement.
- (3) Except as provided in item (4) of this subsection, to obtain reimbursement, the petitioner must establish, by a preponderance of the evidence, that (i) the petitioner is not a potentially responsible party with respect to the release or threat of a release for which the relevant order was issued, (ii) the petitioner's response actions were consistent with the federal regulations and amendments thereto promulgated by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency to implement Section 105 of CERCLA, as amended, or the requirements of Title XVI of this Act, as required under subsection (c) of this Section, and (iii) the costs for which the petitioner seeks reimbursement are reasonable in light of the action required by the relevant order.
- (4) A petitioner who is a potentially responsible party with respect to the release or threat of a release for which the relevant order was issued may recover its reasonable costs of response to the extent that it can demonstrate, on the administrative record, that the

Director's	decision	in	selecting	the	response	action
ordered was	arbitrary	and	capricious	or v	was otherw	ise not
in accordan	ce with la	aw. F	Reimburseme	nt aw	arded und	er this
subsection	(e)(4) inc	clude	s all reas	onabl	e respons	e costs
incurred by	the petit	ioner	under the	port	ions of th	e order
found to be	arbitrary	, and	capriciou	s or	otherwise	not in
accordance w	with law.					

- (5) Reimbursement awarded by the Board under subsections (e)(3) or (e)(4) of this Section may include appropriate costs, fees, and other expenses incurred in seeking reimbursement, including, but not limited to, reasonable fees and expenses of attorneys.
- (f) No court nor the Board has jurisdiction to review any
 order issued under subsection (c) of this Section, in any
 action except the following:
- 16 <u>(1) An action to enforce an order issued under</u>
 17 <u>subsection (c) of this Section or to recover a penalty for</u>
 18 violation of that order; and
- 19 (2) An action for reimbursement under subsection (e) of this Section.
- 21 (g) The Board and the Agency may adopt rules as necessary 22 for the implementation of this Section.

23 (415 ILCS 5/22.50 new)

Sec. 22.50. Compliance with land use limitations. No person shall use, or cause or allow the use of, any site for which a land use limitation has been imposed under this Act in a manner inconsistent with the land use limitation unless further investigation or remedial action has been conducted that documents the attainment of remedial objectives appropriate for the new land use and a new closure letter has been obtained from the Agency and recorded in the chain of title for the site. For the purpose of this Section, the term "land use limitation" shall include, but shall not be limited to, institutional controls and engineered barriers imposed under this Act and the regulations adopted under this Act. For

- the purposes of this Section, the term "closure letter" shall
- 2 include, but shall not be limited to, No Further Remediation
- 3 Letters issued under Titles XVI and XVII of this Act and the
- 4 <u>regulations adopted under those Titles.</u>
- 5 (415 ILCS 5/Title VI-D heading new)
- 6 TITLE VI-D. RIGHT-TO-KNOW
- 7 (415 ILCS 5/25d-1 new)
- 8 Sec. 25d-1. Definitions. For the purposes of this Title,
- 9 the terms "community water system," "non-community water
- 10 system", "potable", "private water system", and "semi-private
- 11 water system" have the meanings ascribed to them in the
- 12 Illinois Groundwater Protection Act, and the term "potentially
- 13 <u>responsible party" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section</u>
- 14 22.2d of this Act.
- 15 (415 ILCS 5/25d-2 new)
- Sec. 25d-2. Contaminant evaluation committee. Beginning
- January 1, 2006, the Agency shall establish, internally within
- 18 the Agency, a contaminant evaluation committee to evaluate
- 19 <u>releases of contaminants. The committee shall perform this</u>
- 20 <u>evaluation whenever the Agency suspects or confirms that the</u>
- 21 <u>actual or modeled extent of groundwater contamination</u>
- 22 <u>exceeding the Class I groundwater quality standards adopted by</u>
- 23 <u>the Board under the Groundwater Protection Act extends beyond</u>
- 24 the boundary of the site where the release occurred. The
- 25 <u>committee shall recommend appropriate Agency actions in</u>
- 26 <u>response to the release, which may include, but shall not be</u>
- 27 <u>limited to, public notices, investigations, administrative</u>
- orders, and enforcement referrals.
- 29 (415 ILCS 5/25d-3 new)
- 30 <u>Sec. 25d-3. Committee action.</u>
- 31 (a) Beginning January 1, 2006, if the committee established
- 32 <u>under Section 25d-2 of this Title determines there is an actual</u>

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or potential impact to an offsite well serving a private, semi-private, or non-community water system, the Agency shall give notice of the actual or potential impact to the owners of the properties served by the private, semi-private, or non-community water system. If the committee determines there is an actual or potential impact to an offsite well serving a community water system, the Agency shall give notice of the actual or potential impact to the owner or operator of the community water system and may issue an advisory of groundwater contamination hazard under Section 17.1(g) of this Act. The committee's determination must be based on the credible, scientific information available to it, and the Agency is not required to perform additional investigations or studies beyond those required by applicable federal or State laws.

- (b) Beginning January 1, 2006, if any of the following actions occur: (i) the Agency refers a matter for enforcement under Section 43(a) of this Act; (ii) the Agency issues a seal order under Section 34(a) of this Act; or (iii) the Agency, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), or a third party under Agency or USEPA oversight performs an immediate removal under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended, then, within 60 days after the action, the Agency must give notice of the action to the owners of all property within 2,500 feet of the subject contamination. Within 30 days after a request by the Agency, the appropriate officials of the county in which the property is located must provide to the Agency the names and addresses of all property owners to whom the Agency is required to give notice under this subsection (b).
- (c) Notices required under this Section must be given in accordance with the methods recommended by the Right-to-Know Committee under Section 25d-5 of this Title. The notices must contain, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (1) the name and address of the site or facility where the release occurred or is suspected to have occurred;
 - (2) the identification of the contaminant released or

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- 2 (3) information as to whether the contaminant was
 3 released or suspected to have been released into the air,
 4 land, or water;
 - (4) a brief description of the potential adverse health effects posed by the contaminant;
 - (5) a recommendation that water systems with wells impacted or potentially impacted by the contaminant be appropriately tested; and
 - (6) the name, business address, and phone number of persons at the Agency from whom additional information about the release or suspected release can be obtained.
- (d) Any person who is a potentially responsible party with
 respect to the release or substantial threat of release for
 which notice is given under this Section is liable for all
 costs incurred by the State in giving the notice. All moneys
 received by the State under this subsection (d) must be
 deposited in the Hazardous Waste Fund.

19 (415 ILCS 5/25d-4 new)

Sec. 25d-4. Agency authority. Whenever there is a release 20 or suspected release of a contaminant, the Agency has the 21 authority to issue an order to the owner or operator of the 22 23 site or facility where the release occurred or is suspected to have occurred that requires the owner or operator to provide 24 25 the Agency with the information necessary to give the notices 26 required under Section 25d-3 of this Title. In the case of a 27 release or suspected release from an underground storage tank subject to Title XVI of this Act, the Agency has the authority 28 to issue such an order to the owner or operator of the 29 30 underground storage tank. Any person who, without sufficient cause, willfully violates, or fails or refuses to comply with, 31 32 any order issued under this Section is in violation of this 33 Act.

1	Sec. 25d-5. Right-to-Know Committee. Beginning January 1,
2	2006, the Agency shall establish a committee known as the
3	Right-to-Know Committee. The Right-to-Know Committee shall be
4	composed of the following persons and shall be chaired by the
5	Director or the Director's designee: representatives of the
6	Agency, representatives of the Illinois Department of Public
7	Health, representatives of the Interagency Coordinating
8	Committee on Groundwater established in the Groundwater
9	Protection Act, representatives of the Groundwater Advisory
10	Council established in the Groundwater Protection Act,
11	representatives of priority groundwater protection regional
12	planning committees established under Section 17.2 of this Act,
13	and up to 3 individuals appointed by the Director who are
14	owners of properties served by private, semi-private, or
15	non-community drinking water systems that have been impacted by
16	a release of a contaminant. The Right-to-Know Committee, in
17	consultation with the Agency, shall evaluate and recommend
18	appropriate and effective methods of providing the notices
19	required under Section 25d-3 of this Title. The methods of
20	notification evaluated by the Right-to-Know Committee shall
21	include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
22	(a) personal notification;
23	(b) public meetings;
24	(c) signs;
25	(d) electronic notification; and
26	(e) print media.

27 (415 ILCS 5/25d-6 new)

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Sec. 25d-6. Notification. Beginning July 1, 2006, the

Agency shall make all of the following information available on

the Internet:

(i) Copies of all notifications given under Section

25d-3 of this Section. The copies must be indexed and the index shall, at a minimum, be searchable by notification date, zip code, site or facility name, and geographic location.

(ii) Appropriate Agency databases containing information about releases or suspected releases of contaminants in the State. The databases must, at a minimum, be searchable by notification date, zip code, site or facility name, and geographic location.

(iii) Links to appropriate USEPA databases containing information about releases or suspected releases of contaminants in the State.

(415 ILCS 5/25d-7 new)

Sec. 25d-7. Agency coordination. Beginning January 1, 2006, the Agency shall coordinate with the Department of Public Health to provide training to regional and local health department staff on the use of the information posted on the Internet under Section 25d-6 of this Title. Also beginning January 1, 2006, the Agency shall coordinate with the Department of Public Health to provide training to licensed water well drillers on the use of the information posted on the Internet under Section 25d-6 of this Title in relation to the location and installation of new wells serving private, semi-private, and non-community water systems.

(415 ILCS 5/25d-8 new)

Sec. 25d-8. Amendment. Within 180 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Agency shall evaluate the Board's rules and propose amendments to the rules as necessary to require potable water supply well surveys and community relations activities where such surveys and activities are appropriate in response to releases of contaminants that have impacted or that may impact offsite potable water supply wells. Within 180 days after receiving the Agency's proposal, the Board shall amend its rules as necessary to require potable water supply well surveys and community relations activities where such surveys and activities are appropriate in response to releases of contaminants that have impacted or that may impact offsite potable water supply wells.

- 1 Community relations activities required by the Board shall
- 2 <u>include</u>, but shall not be limited to, submitting a community
- 3 relations plan for Agency approval, maintaining a public
- 4 <u>information repository that contains timely information about</u>
- 5 the actions being taken in response to a release, and
- 6 <u>maintaining dialogue with the community through means such as</u>
- 7 public meetings, fact sheets, and community advisory groups.
- 8 (415 ILCS 5/25d-9 new)
- 9 <u>Sec. 25d-9. Liability. Neither the State, the Director,</u>
- 10 nor any State employee shall be liable for any damages or
- injuries arising out of or resulting from any act or omission
- 12 occurring under this amendatory Act of the 94th General
- 13 Assembly.
- 14 (415 ILCS 5/25d-10 new)
- Sec. 25d-10. Admissibility. The Agency's failure to give
- 16 notice under Section 25d-3 of this Title shall not be
- 17 <u>admissible for any purpose in any administrative or judicial</u>
- 18 proceeding.
- 19 (415 ILCS 5/58.8)
- Sec. 58.8. Duty to record.
- 21 (a) The RA receiving a No Further Remediation Letter from
- the Agency pursuant to Section 58.10, shall submit the letter
- 23 to the Office of the Recorder or the Registrar of Titles of the
- county in which the site is located within 45 days of receipt
- of the letter. The Office of the Recorder or the Registrar of
- 26 Titles shall accept and record that letter in accordance with
- 27 Illinois law so that it forms a permanent part of the chain of
- 28 title for the site.
- 29 (b) A No Further Remediation Letter shall not become
- 30 effective until officially recorded in accordance with
- 31 subsection (a) of this Section. The RA shall obtain and submit
- 32 to the Agency a certified copy of the No Further Remediation
- 33 Letter as recorded.

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- (c) (Blank). At no time shall any site for which a land use limitation has been imposed as a result of remediation activities under this Title be used in a manner inconsistent with the land use limitation unless further investigation or remedial action has been conducted that documents the attainment of objectives appropriate for the new land use and a new No Further Remediation Letter obtained and recorded in accordance with this Title.
- 9 (d) In the event that a No Further Remediation Letter
 10 issues by operation of law pursuant to Section 58.10, the RA
 11 may, for purposes of this Section, file an affidavit stating
 12 that the letter issued by operation of law. Upon receipt of the
 13 No Further Remediation Letter from the Agency, the RA shall
 14 comply with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this
 15 Section.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 92-574, eff. 6-26-02.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Groundwater Protection Act is amended by changing Section 4 as follows:
- 19 (415 ILCS 55/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7454)
- Sec. 4. (a) There shall be established within State government an interagency committee which shall be known as the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Groundwater. The Committee shall be composed of the Director, or his designee, of the following agencies:
- 25 (1) The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, who shall chair the Committee.
 - (2) The Illinois Department of Natural Resources.
 - (3) The Illinois Department of Public Health.
- 29 (4) The Office of Mines and Minerals within the 30 Department of Natural Resources.
- 31 (5) The Office of the State Fire Marshal.
- 32 (6) The Division of Water Resources of the Department 33 of Natural Resources.
- 34 (7) The Illinois Department of Agriculture.

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- 1 (8) The Illinois Emergency Management Agency.
- 2 (9) The Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety.
- 3 (10) The Illinois Department of Commerce and <u>Economic</u> 4 <u>Opportunity Community Affairs</u>.
 - (b) The Committee shall meet not less than twice each calendar year and shall:
 - (1) Review and coordinate the State's policy on groundwater protection.
 - (2) Review and evaluate State laws, regulations and procedures that relate to groundwater protection.
 - (3) Review and evaluate the status of the State's efforts to improve the quality of the groundwater and of the State enforcement efforts for protection of the groundwater and make recommendations on improving the State efforts to protect the groundwater.
 - (4) Recommend procedures for better coordination among State groundwater programs and with local programs related to groundwater protection.
 - (5) Review and recommend procedures to coordinate the State's response to specific incidents of groundwater pollution and coordinate dissemination of information between agencies responsible for the State's response.
 - (6) Make recommendations for and prioritize the State's groundwater research needs.
 - (7) Review, coordinate and evaluate groundwater data collection and analysis.
 - (8) Beginning on January 1, 1990, report biennially to the Governor and the General Assembly on groundwater quality, quantity, and the State's enforcement efforts.

 Beginning January 1, 2006, the Committee's biennial report shall also include, with input from the Groundwater Advisory Council established under Section 5 of this Act, the priority groundwater protection regional planning committees established pursuant to Section 17.2 of the Environmental Protection Act, and the Right-to-Know Committee established pursuant to Section 25d-5 of the

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Environmental Protection Act, information on the implementation of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

- The Chairman of the Committee shall propose (C) groundwater protection regulatory agenda for consideration by the Committee and the Council. The principal purpose of the agenda shall be to systematically consider the groundwater protection aspects of relevant federal and State regulatory programs and to identify any areas where improvements may be warranted. To the extent feasible, the agenda may also serve to facilitate a more uniform and coordinated approach toward protection of groundwaters in Illinois. Upon adoption of the final agenda by the Committee, the Chairman of the Committee shall assign a lead agency and any support agencies to prepare a regulatory assessment report for each item on the agenda. Each regulatory assessment report shall specify the nature of the groundwater protection provisions being implemented and shall evaluate the results achieved therefrom. attention shall be given to any preventive measures being utilized for protection of groundwaters. The reports shall be completed in a timely manner. After review and consideration by the Committee, the reports shall become the basis for recommending further legislative or regulatory action.
- (d) No later than January 1, 1992, the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Groundwater shall provide a comprehensive status report to the Governor and the General Assembly concerning implementation of this Act.
- 28 (e) The Committee shall consider findings and 29 recommendations that are provided by the Council, and respond 30 in writing regarding such matters. The Chairman of the 31 Committee shall designate a liaison person to serve as a 32 facilitator of communications with the Council.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 89-445, eff. 2-7-96; revised 12-6-03.)
- 34 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 35 becoming law.