

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB0272

Introduced 2/3/2005, by Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65	ILCS 5/8-11-1.1	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.1
65	ILCS 5/8-11-1.3	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.3
65	ILCS 5/8-11-1.4	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.4
65	ILCS 5/8-11-1.5	from	Ch.	24.	par.	8-11-1.5

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Provides that the rates of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act may not exceed 1% (now, the rates may not exceed 1/2 of 1%).

LRB094 05888 BDD 35942 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 8-11-1.1, 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and 8-11-1.5
- 6 as follows:
- 7 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.1) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.1)
- 8 Sec. 8-11-1.1. Non-home rule municipalities; imposition of
- 9 taxes.
- 10 (a) The corporate authorities of a non-home rule
- 11 municipality may, upon approval of the electors of the
- 12 municipality pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, impose
- 13 by ordinance or resolution the tax authorized in Sections
- 14 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act.
- 15 (b) The corporate authorities of the municipality may by
- ordinance or resolution call for the submission to the electors
- of the municipality the question of whether the municipality
- shall impose such tax. Such question shall be certified by the
- 19 municipal clerk to the election authority in accordance with
- 20 Section 28-5 of the Election Code and shall be in a form in
- 21 accordance with Section 16-7 of the Election Code.
- 22 If a majority of the electors in the municipality voting
- 23 upon the question vote in the affirmative, such tax shall be
- 24 imposed.
- 25 An ordinance or resolution imposing the tax of not more
- than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% hereunder or discontinuing the same shall be
- 27 adopted and a certified copy thereof, together with a
- 28 certification that the ordinance or resolution received
- 29 referendum approval in the case of the imposition of such tax,
- 30 filed with the Department of Revenue, on or before the first
- 31 day of June, whereupon the Department shall proceed to
- 32 administer and enforce the additional tax or to discontinue the

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tax, as the case may be, as of the first day of September next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing. Beginning October 1, 2002, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate of tax must either (i) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. A non-home rule municipality may file a an certified copy of ordinance or resolution, with a certification that the ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the case of the imposition of the tax, with the Department of Revenue, as required under this Section, only after October 2, 2000.

32 The tax authorized by this Section may not be more than $\frac{1/2}{33}$ of 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments.

34 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739,

35 eff. 1-1-03.)

1 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.3)

2 8-11-1.3. Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' 3 Occupation Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home 4 rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged in 5 the business of selling tangible personal property, other than 6 on an item of tangible personal property which is titled and registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail 7 8 in the municipality for expenditure on public infrastructure or 9 for property tax relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 10 if approved by referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of 11 the gross receipts from such sales made in the course of such 12 business. The tax imposed may not be more than $\frac{1/2 \text{ of}}{1}$ 1% and 13 may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for human consumption that is to be 14 15 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 16 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 17 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 18 19 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by 20 diabetics. The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this 21 Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an 22 incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State 23 Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is 24 issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' 25 Occupation Tax Act shall permit such retailer to engage in a 26 business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution without registering 27 enacted pursuant to this Section 28 separately with the Department under such ordinance 29 resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have 30 full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect 31 all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and 32 penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and 33 to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account 34 of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the 35 administration of, and compliance with, this Section, Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall 36

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1 have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers 2 subject duties, and be to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, 3 and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in 4 5 Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in 6 respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and 7 penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 8 9 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform 10 11 Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were 12 set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.4 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the non-home rule municipal retailers' occupation tax fund.

The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which

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retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in with the directions accordance contained in such certification.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale, by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease such amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount

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shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory

Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on

and after January 1, 2002.

As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" means a city, village or incorporated town, including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil township.

9 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the 10 "Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act".

11 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739, eff. 1-1-03.)

13 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.4) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.4)

Sec. 8-11-1.4. Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged, in such municipality, in the business of making sales of service for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if approved by referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of the selling price of all tangible personal property transferred by such servicemen either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. The tax imposed may not be more than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics. The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the

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1 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 2 Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such 3 registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any 4 ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this Section 5 without registering separately with the Department under such 6 ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; 7 to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of 8 taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter 9 provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda 10 arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty 12 hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this 13 Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, 14 15 immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, 16 restrictions, limitations, penalties and 17 definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in 18 19 respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of 20 tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to 21 which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that 22 23 Section 8 shall be the taxing municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except 24 that the returned merchandise credit for this municipal tax may 25 26 not be taken against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the 27 reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation 28 Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean 29 the taxing municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, 30 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and 31 Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully 32 as if those provisions were set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.3 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the

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authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the municipal retailers' occupation tax fund.

The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality. Within 10 days after receipt, by the disbursement certification to Comptroller, of the municipalities and the General Revenue Fund, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory

Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on

- 1 and after January 1, 2002.
- Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a
- 3 municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in
- 4 any business which under the constitution of the United States
- 5 may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.
- As used in this Section, "municipal" or "municipality"
- 7 means or refers to a city, village or incorporated town,
- 8 including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil
- 9 township.
- This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- "Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act".
- 12 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739,
- 13 eff. 1-1-03.)
- 14 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.5) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.5)
- Sec. 8-11-1.5. Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act. The
- 16 corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may
- impose a tax upon the privilege of using, in such municipality,
- any item of tangible personal property which is purchased at
- 19 retail from a retailer, and which is titled or registered with
- 20 an agency of this State's government, based on the selling
- 21 price of such tangible personal property, as "selling price" is
- 22 defined in the Use Tax Act, for expenditure on public
- 23 infrastructure or for property tax relief or both as defined in
- 24 Section 8-11-1.2, if approved by referendum as provided in
- 25 Section 8-11-1.1. The tax imposed may not be more than $\frac{1/2 \text{ of}}{}$
- 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. Such tax shall
- 27 be collected from persons whose Illinois address for title or
- 28 registration purposes is given as being in such municipality.
- 29 Such tax shall be collected by the municipality imposing such
- 30 tax. A non-home rule municipality may not impose and collect
- 31 the tax prior to January 1, 2002.
- 32 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- "Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act".
- 34 (Source: P.A. 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739, eff. 1-1-03.)