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## Judiciary II - Criminal Law Committee

## Filed: 10/25/2005

	09400SB0319ham001 LRB094 03400 RLC 49607 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 319
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 319 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
5	changing Section 5-8-1 as follows:
6	(730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)
7	Sec. 5-8-1. Sentence of Imprisonment for Felony.
8	(a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining
9	the offense, a sentence of imprisonment for a felony shall be a
10	determinate sentence set by the court under this Section,
11	according to the following limitations:
12	(1) for first degree murder,
13	(a) a term shall be not less than 20 years and not
14	more than 60 years, or
15	(b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable
16	doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally
17	brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton
18	cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection (a)(1)(c)
19	of this Section, that any of the aggravating factors
20	listed in subsection (b) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal
21	Code of 1961 are present, the court may sentence the
22	defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment, or
23	(c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a
24	term of natural life imprisonment when the death

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penalty is not imposed if the defendant,

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(i) has previously been convicted of firstdegree murder under any state or federal law, or

(ii) is a person who, at the time of the commission of the murder, had attained the age of 17 or more and is found guilty of murdering an individual under 12 years of age; or, irrespective of the defendant's age at the time of the commission of the offense, is found guilty of murdering more than one victim, or

(iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace 11 officer, or fireman, or emergency management 12 worker when the peace officer, fireman, 13 or emergency management worker was killed in the 14 15 course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the peace officer or fireman from 16 performing his official duties, or in retaliation 17 18 for the peace officer, fireman, or emergency 19 management worker from performing his official 20 duties, and the defendant knew or should have known 21 that the murdered individual was a peace officer, 22 fireman, or emergency management worker, or

(iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee of an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections, or any similar local correctional agency, when the employee was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the employee from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the employee performing his official duties, or

31 (v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency 32 medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical 33 technician - intermediate, emergency medical 34 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other 09400SB0319ham001

medical assistance or first aid person while 1 employed by a municipality or other governmental 2 unit when the person was killed in the course of 3 4 performing official duties or to prevent the person from performing official duties or in 5 retaliation for performing official duties and the 6 7 defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was an emergency medical 8 technician - ambulance, emergency medical 9 technician - intermediate, emergency medical 10 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other 11 medical assistant or first aid personnel, or 12

(vi) is a person who, at the time of the commission of the murder, had not attained the age of 17, and is found guilty of murdering a person under 12 years of age and the murder is committed during the course of aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, or aggravated kidnaping, or

20 (vii) is found guilty of first degree murder 21 and the murder was committed by reason of any 22 person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in 23 activity as a community policing volunteer. For 24 25 the purpose of this Section, "community policing 26 volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 27

For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician - intermediate", "emergency medical technician paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

33 (d) (i) if the person committed the offense while
34 armed with a firearm, 15 years shall be added to

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the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

2 (ii) if, during the commission of the offense, 3 the person personally discharged a firearm, 20 4 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment 5 imposed by the court;

6 (iii) if, during the commission of the 7 offense, the person personally discharged a 8 firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, 9 permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or 10 death to another person, 25 years or up to a term 11 of natural life shall be added to the term of 12 imprisonment imposed by the court.

13 (1.5) for second degree murder, a term shall be not
14 less than 4 years and not more than 20 years;

(2) for a person adjudged a habitual criminal under
Article 33B of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, the
sentence shall be a term of natural life imprisonment;

18 (2.5) for a person convicted under the circumstances 19 described in paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 20 12-13, paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 12-14, 21 paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, or 22 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the 23 Criminal Code of 1961, the sentence shall be a term of 24 natural life imprisonment;

(3) except as otherwise provided in the statute
defining the offense, for a Class X felony, the sentence
shall be not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years;

(4) for a Class 1 felony, other than second degree
murder, the sentence shall be not less than 4 years and not
more than 15 years;

31 (5) for a Class 2 felony, the sentence shall be not
32 less than 3 years and not more than 7 years;

33 (6) for a Class 3 felony, the sentence shall be not
34 less than 2 years and not more than 5 years;

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(7) for a Class 4 felony, the sentence shall be not less than 1 year and not more than 3 years.

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3 (b) The sentencing judge in each felony conviction shall 4 set forth his reasons for imposing the particular sentence he 5 enters in the case, as provided in Section 5-4-1 of this Code. Those reasons may include any mitigating or aggravating factors 6 specified in this Code, or the lack of any such circumstances, 7 8 as well as any other such factors as the judge shall set forth on the record that are consistent with the purposes and 9 principles of sentencing set out in this Code. 10

(c) A motion to reduce a sentence may be made, or the court may reduce a sentence without motion, within 30 days after the sentence is imposed. A defendant's challenge to the correctness of a sentence or to any aspect of the sentencing hearing shall be made by a written motion filed within 30 days following the imposition of sentence. However, the court may not increase a sentence once it is imposed.

18 If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely 19 filed within 30 days after the sentence is imposed, the 20 proponent of the motion shall exercise due diligence in seeking 21 a determination on the motion and the court shall thereafter 22 decide such motion within a reasonable time.

If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely filed within 30 days after the sentence is imposed, then for purposes of perfecting an appeal, a final judgment shall not be considered to have been entered until the motion to reduce a sentence has been decided by order entered by the trial court.

A motion filed pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered to have been timely filed unless it is filed with the circuit court clerk within 30 days after the sentence is imposed together with a notice of motion, which notice of motion shall set the motion on the court's calendar on a date certain within a reasonable time after the date of filing.

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(d) Except where a term of natural life is imposed, every

sentence shall include as though written therein a term in 1 addition to the term of imprisonment. For those sentenced under 2 3 the law in effect prior to February 1, 1978, such term shall be 4 identified as a parole term. For those sentenced on or after 5 February 1, 1978, such term shall be identified as a mandatory supervised release term. Subject to earlier termination under 6 7 Section 3-3-8, the parole or mandatory supervised release term 8 shall be as follows:

9 (1) for first degree murder or a Class X felony except 10 for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a 11 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal 12 sexual assault if <u>committed</u> <del>convicted</del> on or after <u>the</u> 13 <u>effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General</u> 14 <u>Assembly</u> <del>July 1, 2005</del>, 3 years;

15 (2) for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for
 16 the offense of criminal sexual assault if <u>committed</u>
 17 <del>convicted</del> on or after <u>the effective date of this amendatory</u>
 18 <u>Act of the 94th General Assembly</u> <del>July 1, 2005</del>, 2 years;

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(3) for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 1 year;

(4) for defendants <u>who commit the offense</u> <del>convicted</del> of
predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated
criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or
after <u>the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th</u>
<u>General Assembly</u> <del>July 1, 2005</del>, the term of mandatory
supervised release shall range from a minimum of 3 years to
a maximum of the natural life of the defendant;

(5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a
second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual
abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least
the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an
electronic home detention program under Article 8A of
Chapter V of this Code.

33 (e) A defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence34 of imprisonment imposed by another state or by any district

court of the United States and who, after sentence for a crime 1 2 in Illinois, must return to serve the unexpired prior sentence 3 may have his sentence by the Illinois court ordered to be 4 concurrent with the prior sentence in the other state. The 5 court may order that any time served on the unexpired portion of the sentence in the other state, prior to his return to 6 7 Illinois, shall be credited on his Illinois sentence. The other state shall be furnished with a copy of the order imposing 8 sentence which shall provide that, when the offender is 9 10 released from confinement of the other state, whether by parole sentence, the offender 11 by termination of shall or be transferred by the Sheriff of the committing county to the 12 Illinois Department of Corrections. The court shall cause the 13 14 Department of Corrections to be notified of such sentence at the time of commitment and to be provided with copies of all 15 16 records regarding the sentence.

(f) A defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence 17 18 of imprisonment imposed by an Illinois circuit court for a 19 crime in this State and who is subsequently sentenced to a term 20 of imprisonment by another state or by any district court of the United States and who has served a term of imprisonment 21 imposed by the other state or district court of the United 22 23 States, and must return to serve the unexpired prior sentence imposed by the Illinois Circuit Court may apply to the court 24 25 which imposed sentence to have his sentence reduced.

The circuit court may order that any time served on the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the United States be credited on his Illinois sentence. Such application for reduction of a sentence under this subsection (f) shall be made within 30 days after the defendant has completed the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the United States.

33 (Source: P.A. 94-165, eff. 7-11-05; 94-243, eff. 1-1-06; 34 revised 8-19-05.) Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.".