AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The State Treasurer Act is amended by changing
Section 16.5 as follows:

6 (15 ILCS 505/16.5)

Sec. 16.5. College Savings Pool. The State Treasurer may 7 establish and administer a College Savings Pool to supplement 8 and enhance the investment opportunities otherwise available 9 to persons seeking to finance the costs of higher education. 10 The State Treasurer, in administering the College Savings Pool, 11 may receive moneys paid into the pool by a participant and may 12 serve as the fiscal agent of that participant for the purpose 13 14 of holding and investing those moneys.

"Participant", as used in this Section, means any person who makes investments in the pool. "Designated beneficiary", as used in this Section, means any person on whose behalf an account is established in the College Savings Pool by a participant. Both in-state and out-of-state persons may be participants and designated beneficiaries in the College Savings Pool.

22 New accounts in the College Savings Pool may shall be 23 processed through participating financial institutions. "Participating financial institution", as used in this 24 25 Section, means any financial institution insured by the Federal 26 Deposit Insurance Corporation and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois and any credit union approved by the 27 28 State Treasurer and lawfully doing business in the State of 29 Illinois that agrees to process new accounts in the College 30 Savings Pool. Participating financial institutions may charge a processing fee to participants to open an account in the pool 31 32 that shall not exceed \$30 until the year 2001. Beginning in SB0507 Engrossed - 2 - LRB094 08414 BDD 38616 b

1 2001 and every year thereafter, the maximum fee limit shall be 2 adjusted by the Treasurer based on the Consumer Price Index for 3 the North Central Region as published by the United States 4 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics for the 5 immediately preceding calendar year. Every contribution 6 received by a financial institution for investment in the 7 College Savings Pool shall be transferred from the financial 8 institution to a location selected by the State Treasurer 9 within one business day following the day that the funds must 10 be made available in accordance with federal law. All 11 communications from the State Treasurer to participants shall reference the participating financial institution at which the 12 13 account was processed.

The Treasurer may invest the moneys in the College Savings 14 15 Pool in the same manner, in the same types of investments, and 16 subject to the same limitations provided for the investment of 17 moneys by the Illinois State Board of Investment. To enhance the safety and liquidity of the College Savings Pool, to ensure 18 19 the diversification of the investment portfolio of the pool, 20 and in an effort to keep investment dollars in the State of Illinois, the State Treasurer \underline{may} shall make a percentage of 21 22 each account available for investment in participating 23 financial institutions doing business in the State. The State 24 Treasurer may shall deposit with the participating financial 25 institution at which the account was processed the following 26 percentage of each account at a prevailing rate offered by the 27 institution, provided that the deposit is federally insured or 28 fully collateralized and the institution accepts the deposit: 10% of the total amount of each account for which the current 29 30 age of the beneficiary is less than 7 years of age, 20% of the total amount of each account for which the beneficiary is at 31 32 least 7 years of age and less than 12 years of age, and 50% of the total amount of each account for which the current age of 33 the beneficiary is at least 12 years of age. The State 34 35 Treasurer shall adjust each account at least annually +0 ensure compliance with this Section. The Treasurer shall develop, 36

1 publish, and implement an investment policy covering the 2 investment of the moneys in the College Savings Pool. The 3 policy shall be published (i) at least once each year in at 4 least one newspaper of general circulation in both Springfield 5 and Chicago and (ii) each year as part of the audit of the 6 College Savings Pool by the Auditor General, which shall be 7 distributed to all participants. The Treasurer shall notify all 8 participants in writing, and the Treasurer shall publish in a 9 newspaper of general circulation in both Chicago and 10 Springfield, any changes to the previously published investment policy at least 30 calendar days before implementing 11 12 the policy. Any investment policy adopted by the Treasurer 13 shall be reviewed and updated if necessary within 90 days following the date that the State Treasurer takes office. 14

15 Participants shall be required to use moneys distributed 16 from the College Savings Pool for qualified expenses at 17 eligible educational institutions. "Qualified expenses", as used in this Section, means the following: (i) tuition, fees, 18 19 and the costs of books, supplies, and equipment required for 20 enrollment or attendance at an eligible educational institution and (ii) certain room and board expenses incurred 21 22 while attending an eligible educational institution at least 23 half-time. "Eligible educational institutions", as used in 24 this Section, means public and private colleges, junior schools, 25 graduate and certain colleges, vocational 26 institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to 27 28 participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A 29 student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half-time if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time 30 academic work load for the course of study the student is 31 32 pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution 33 at which the student is enrolled. Distributions made from the pool for qualified expenses shall be made directly to the 34 35 eligible educational institution, directly to a vendor, or in the form of a check payable to both the beneficiary and the 36

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institution or vendor. Any moneys that are distributed in any other manner or that are used for expenses other than qualified expenses at an eligible educational institution shall be subject to a penalty of 10% of the earnings unless the beneficiary dies, becomes disabled, or receives a scholarship that equals or exceeds the distribution. Penalties shall be withheld at the time the distribution is made.

8 The Treasurer shall limit the contributions that may be 9 made on behalf of a designated beneficiary based on the limitations established by the Internal Revenue Service. an 10 actuarial estimate of what is required to pay tuition, fees, 11 and room and board for 5 undergraduate years at the highest 12 cost eligible educational institution. The contributions made 13 on behalf of a beneficiary who is also a beneficiary under the 14 15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program shall be further restricted to 16 ensure that the contributions in both programs combined do not 17 exceed the limit established for the College Savings Pool. The shall provide the Illinois Student Assistance 18 Treasurer 19 Commission each year at a time designated by the Commission, an 20 electronic report of all participant accounts in the Treasurer's College Savings Pool, listing total contributions 21 22 and disbursements from each individual account during the 23 previous calendar year. As soon thereafter as is possible 24 following receipt of the Treasurer's report, the Illinois 25 Student Assistance Commission shall, in turn, provide the 26 Treasurer with an electronic report listing those College 27 Savings Pool participants who also participate in the State's 28 prepaid tuition program, administered by the Commission. The 29 Commission shall be responsible for filing any combined tax 30 reports regarding State qualified savings programs required by the United States Internal Revenue Service. The Treasurer shall 31 work with the Illinois Student Assistance Commission to 32 coordinate the marketing of the College Savings Pool and the 33 34 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program when considered beneficial by 35 Treasurer and the Director of the Illinois Student the Assistance Commission. The Treasurer's office shall not 36

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publicize or otherwise market the College Savings Pool or accept any moneys into the College Savings Pool prior to March 1, 2000. The Treasurer shall provide a separate accounting for each designated beneficiary to each participant, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and the participating financial institution at which the account was processed. No interest in the program may be pledged as security for a loan.

8 The assets of the College Savings Pool and its income and 9 operation shall be exempt from all taxation by the State of Illinois and any of its subdivisions. The accrued earnings on 10 11 investments in the Pool once disbursed on behalf of a 12 designated beneficiary shall be similarly exempt from all 13 taxation by the State of Illinois and its subdivisions, so long as they are used for qualified expenses. Contributions to a 14 15 College Savings Pool account during the taxable year may be 16 deducted from adjusted gross income as provided in Section 203 17 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The provisions of this paragraph are exempt from Section 250 of the Illinois Income 18 19 Tax Act.

The Treasurer shall adopt rules he or she considers 20 necessary for the efficient administration of the College 21 22 Savings Pool. The rules shall provide whatever additional 23 parameters and restrictions are necessary to ensure that the 24 College Savings Pool meets all of the requirements for a qualified state tuition program under Section 529 of the 25 26 Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 529). The rules shall provide 27 for the administration expenses of the pool to be paid from its 28 earnings and for the investment earnings in excess of the 29 expenses and all moneys collected as penalties to be credited 30 or paid monthly to the several participants in the pool in a 31 manner which equitably reflects the differing amounts of their 32 respective investments in the pool and the differing periods of time for which those amounts were in the custody of the pool. 33 Also, the rules shall require the maintenance of records that 34 35 enable the Treasurer's office to produce a report for each account in the pool at least annually that documents the 36

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account balance and investment earnings. Notice of any proposed amendments to the rules and regulations shall be provided to all participants prior to adoption. Amendments to rules and regulations shall apply only to contributions made after the adoption of the amendment.

6 Upon creating the College Savings Pool, the State Treasurer 7 shall give bond with 2 or more sufficient sureties, payable to 8 and for the benefit of the participants in the College Savings 9 Pool, in the penal sum of \$1,000,000, conditioned upon the 10 faithful discharge of his or her duties in relation to the 11 College Savings Pool.

12 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-439, eff. 8-17-01;
13 92-626, eff. 7-11-02; 93-812, eff. 1-1-05.)

Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 203 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

17 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

18 (a) Individuals.

19 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 20 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 21 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 22 (2).

(2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
sum of the following amounts:

26 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 27 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 28 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 29 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 30 stock dividends of qualified public utilities described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 31 32 Code:

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed bythis Act to the extent deducted from gross income in

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the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 3 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 4 5 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 6 for which a deduction was previously taken under 7 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 8 9 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 10 11 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 12 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that portion of the total taxes for the entire property 13 which is attributable to such principal residence; 14

15 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 16 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 17 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 18 computation of adjusted gross income;

(D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 19 20 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 21 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on 22 23 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 24 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 25 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000; 26

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

32 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 33 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 34 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 35 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 36 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the

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Internal Revenue Code;

(D-16) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 12 modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property; 13

(D-17) For taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 15 16 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 17 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 18 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 19 20 the fact that foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 21 person's total business activity. The addition 22 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 23 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 24 25 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 26 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 27 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 28 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 29 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in 30 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 31 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to 32 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or

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state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

4 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 6 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a 7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 8 following:

9 (a) the foreign person, during the same 10 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 11 interest to a person that is not a related 12 member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 26 27 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 28 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 29 convincing evidence that the adjustments are 30 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 31 agree in writing to the application or use of an 32 alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f). 33

34Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the35Director from making any other adjustment36otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

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any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 8 9 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 10 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 11 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 12 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 13 foreign person's business activity outside the United 14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 15 16 activity. The addition modification required by this 17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary 18 group for the same taxable year and received by the 19 20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross 21 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 22 23 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 24 25 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 26 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 27 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 28 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 29 reduction to the addition modification required under 30 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 31 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 32 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 33 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 34 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 35 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 36

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factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or 13 state, other than a state which requires mandatory 14 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 15 16 income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the foreign person during the same
taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 27 intangible expense or cost between the 28 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as 29 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 30 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 31 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 32 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and

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convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 6 7 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 8 9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 12 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 13 under Section 404 of this Act; 14

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after 15 16 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 17 2005, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 18 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 19 20 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 21 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 22 23 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 24 January 1, 2006, in the case of a distribution from a 25 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 26 27 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 28 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from 29 30 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 31 distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) 32 adopts and determines that its offering materials 33 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 34 35 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 36

1of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing2Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to3inform financial intermediaries distributing the4program to inform in-state residents of the existence5of in-state qualified tuition programs at least6annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from7gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 8 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 9 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 10 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 11 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 12 13 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective participants in its offering materials or makes a 14 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 15 16 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 17 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 18 out-of-state program distributes its offering 19 materials;

20 <u>(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after</u> 21 January 1, 2006, in the case of transfer of moneys from 22 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State 24 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the 25 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income 26 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section.

27 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 28 following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 29 30 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 31 any compensation (including but not limited to any 32 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 33 34 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 35 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 36 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a

1 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a 2 3 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 4 5 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard. For taxable years ending on or after December 6 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect 7 of any compensation (including but not limited to any 8 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 9 10 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 11 resident by reason of being a member of any component 12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 13 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 14 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 15 16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 18 Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 19

20 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 21 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the 22 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as 23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 24 25 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 26 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 27 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 28 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 29 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 30 thereto;

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

32 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
33 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
34 and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the

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Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(J) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones;

10 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 11 such total that were paid by a corporation that 12 conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 13 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 14 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 15 16 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 17 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 18 this subparagraph (K);

19 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
20 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
21 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
22 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code;

(M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 24 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 26 27 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 28 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 29 30 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 31 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 32 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 33 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 34 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 35 250; 36

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1 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State 2 3 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 4 5 United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from 6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 8 9 of bond premium amortization;

10 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 11 job training project established pursuant to the Tax 12 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

18 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such 19 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in 20 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in 21 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as 22 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal orState bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

25 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted 26 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 27 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 28 medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care 29 30 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 31 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 32 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
the taxable year on a medical care savings account
established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act

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or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

10 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 11 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on 12 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 13 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 14 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 15 16 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 17 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care 18 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 19 20 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does 21 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that 22 23 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or S corporation income; except 24 Subchapter that no 25 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 26 27 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 28 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 29 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 30 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 31 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 32 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer that represents the fractional 33 times а number 34 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 35 36 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

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(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 6 7 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income 8 9 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 10 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 12 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for 13 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 14 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 15 16 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 18 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 19 20 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 21 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 22 23 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 24 25 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 26 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 27 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 28 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 29 30 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 31 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 32 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 33 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 34 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 35 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 36

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purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 4 5 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 6 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 7 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 8 9 Code shall not be considered moneys Revenue 10 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 11 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 12 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 13 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 14 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 15 16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of 19 20 Section 250;

(Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
(30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property)
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

28 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 29 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 30 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 31 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 32 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 33 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 34 the bonus depreciation deduction; and 35

(2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then

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divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (AA) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss 10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 11 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 12 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 13 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 14 (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition 15 modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 17 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 18 piece of property;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

(CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 23 24 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 25 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 26 modification with respect to such transaction under 27 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 28 29 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 30 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 31 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 32 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 33 to such transaction under Section 34 respect 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-14), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 35 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 36

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addition modification;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 2 3 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect 4 to 5 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 9 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for 12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and 13

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible 14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 15 16 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 17 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 19 20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 21 addition modification required to be made for the same 22 23 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 24 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 25 26 person.

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(b) Corporations.

(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

31 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 32 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 33 of the following amounts:

34 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued35 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions

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received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 7 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 8 9 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 10 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 11 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) of Internal 13 the Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 14 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 15 16 law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 21 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 22 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 23 24 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 25 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 26 27 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 28 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 29 year, with the following limitations applied in the 30 order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which

1 2 was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

3 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 6 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 7 such carryback or carryforward;

8 For taxable years in which there is a net operating 9 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 10 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 11 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 12 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed 13 independently under the preceding provisions of this 14 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 17 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted 18 gross income and for which the corporation claims a 19 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

20 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 22 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken 23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 25 Internal Revenue Code; and

26 (E-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 27 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 28 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 29 property for which the taxpayer was required in any 30 taxable year to make an addition modification under 31 subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the 32 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (T) with respect to that 33 property. 34

35 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 36 modification under this subparagraph only once with

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respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) For taxable years ending on or after 2 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 3 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 4 5 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 6 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 7 the fact the foreign person's business activity 8 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 9 10 person's total business activity. The addition 11 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 12 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 13 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 15 16 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 17 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 18 19 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 20 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 21 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person who is subject in a foreign country or
state, other than a state which requires mandatory
unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

34 (a) the foreign person, during the same
35 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
36 interest to a person that is not a related

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member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 15 16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 17 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are 18 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 19 20 agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 21 304(f). 22

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 23 24 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 26 27 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 28 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 29 and such regulations provide methods and standards 30 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 31

32 (E-13) For taxable years ending on or after 33 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 34 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 35 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 36 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a

1 foreign person who would be a member of the same 2 unitary business group but for the fact that the 3 foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business 4 5 activity. The addition modification required by this 6 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary 7 group for the same taxable year and received by the 8 9 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 10 business group (including amounts included in gross 11 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 12 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 13 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 14 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 15 16 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 17 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the 18 addition 19 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 20 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 21 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 22 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 23 24 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 25 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 26 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 27 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 28 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 29 30 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 31 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 32 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 33 34 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 10 following:

11(a) the foreign person during the same12taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the13intangible expense or cost to a person that is14not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 23 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 24 25 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 26 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 27 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 28 agree in writing to the application or use of an 29 alternative method of apportionment under Section 30 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department

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and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;

16 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 17 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 18 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 19 20 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all 21 amounts of expenses allocable to 22 interest and 23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and 24 25 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 26 27 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the 28 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 29 provisions of Section 250;

30 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 31 total which are exempt from taxation by this State 32 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 33 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 34 United States; provided that, in the case of any 35 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 36 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under

this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

3 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total which were paid by a corporation which
5 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
6 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
7 and conducts substantially all of its operations in an
8 Enterprise Zone or zones;

9 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 such total that were paid by a corporation that 11 conducts business operations in a federally designated 12 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 14 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 15 16 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 17 this subparagraph (L);

18 (M) For any taxpayer that is а financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 19 20 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 21 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 22 23 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 24 25 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the 26 27 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 28 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 29 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 30 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 31 this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise 32 Zone. The subtraction modification available 33 to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be 34 that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower 35 36 with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible

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property as calculated under the previous sentence;

2 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is а financial 3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 4 5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 6 7 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 8 9 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 10 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 11 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 12 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 13 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 14 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 15 16 date that it was placed in service in a federally 17 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in No taxpayer that is eligible for the 18 Illinois. deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 19 20 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 21 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 22 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 23 24 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 25 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 26 calculated under the previous sentence;

27 (N) Two times any contribution made during the 28 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 29 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a 30 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 31 32 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 33 34 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act;

35 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
36 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage

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1 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 2 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 3 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 4 5 and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any 6 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 8 9 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 10 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 12 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends; 13 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, 14 included in taxable income and received, including, 15 16 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 17 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 18 Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in 19 20 clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as 21 a member of the affiliated group which includes the 22 23 dividend recipient, exceed the amount of the 24 modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 25 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 26 to such dividends;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

30 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 31 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 32 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 33 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 34 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

35 (R) In the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect
 36 to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has

1 made the election under Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the 2 3 excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year 4 5 to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect 6 to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the 7 Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; 8

9 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 10 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 11 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 12 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 13 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 14 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 15 16 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 17 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 21 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 26 27 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 28 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 29 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 30 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 31 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 32 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and 33

34 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
35 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

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The aggregate amount deducted under this

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subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (U) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss 8 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 9 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 10 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 11 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 12 (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition 13 modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

17 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 19 20 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 21 203(a)(2)(D-17), 22 Section 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 24 25 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 26 27 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 28 is required to make an addition modification with 29 transaction respect to such under Section 30 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 31 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 32 addition modification;

33 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 34 into account for the taxable year (net of the 35 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 36 transactions with a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 2 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 3 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 4 5 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) 6 for 7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and 8

9 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 10 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 11 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 15 16 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 17 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) 18 for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 19 or 20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 21 person.

(3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
"gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
the gross investment income for the taxable year.

26 (c) Trusts and estates.

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(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

30 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
31 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
32 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
33 following amounts:

34 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
 35 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

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taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

12 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 13 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 14 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 15 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

16 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 17 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 18 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 19 20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 22 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 23 the following limitations applied in the order that 24 25 they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

34 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
35 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
36 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to

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December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

10 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 11 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to 12 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust 13 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the 14 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this 15 Act;

16 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of taxable income;

20 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 21 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 22 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 23 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 24 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%
of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
Internal Revenue Code; and

31 (G-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 32 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 33 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 34 property for which the taxpayer was required in any 35 taxable year to make an addition modification under 36 subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the

1aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable2years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that3property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 8 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 9 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 10 11 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 12 be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 13 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 14 person's total business activity. The addition 15 16 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 17 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 18 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 20 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 24 25 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 26

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person who is subject in a foreign country or
state, other than a state which requires mandatory
unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
income with respect to such interest; or

34 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
35 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
36 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a

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preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

3 (a) the foreign person, during the same 4 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 5 interest to a person that is not a related 6 member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 21 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 22 23 convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 24 25 agree in writing to the application or use of an 26 alternative method of apportionment under Section 27 304(f).

28 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 29 Director from making any other adjustment 30 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 31 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 32 this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 33 34 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 35 under Section 404 of this Act; 36

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1 (G-13) For taxable years ending on or after 2 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 3 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 4 5 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 6 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 7 foreign person's business activity outside the United 8 9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this 10 11 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 12 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 14 business group (including amounts included in gross 15 16 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 19 20 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 22 23 dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 24 25 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term and costs" 26 "intangible expenses includes: (1)27 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 28 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 29 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 30 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 31 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 32 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 33 34 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 35 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 36

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trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.
 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

> (a) the foreign person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

27 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, 28 accrued, or incurred, directly or 29 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 30 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 31 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 32 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an 33 alternative method of apportionment under Section 34 35 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 4 5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 6 by which the Department will utilize its authority 7 under Section 404 of this Act; 8

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

11 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 12 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 14 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 15 16 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 17 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 18 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 19 20 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 21 thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 26 27 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 28 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 29 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 30 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 31 32 that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations 33 34 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium 35 36 amortization;

1 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 3 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 4 5 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 6 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 7 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 8 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 9 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 10 11 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 13

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones;

20 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in 24 such total that were paid by a corporation that 25 conducts business operations in a federally designated 26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 27 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 28 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 29 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 30 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 31 this subparagraph (0);

32 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 33 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 34 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 35 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 36 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

1 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 2 3 extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 4 5 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 8 9 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 10 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 11 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 12 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 13 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 15 16 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 18 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 19 20 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 21 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 22 23 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 24 25 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 27 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 28 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 29 30 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 31 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 32 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 33

34 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
35 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
36 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property)

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is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the 6 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 7 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 8 9 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 12 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

> (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

amount deducted under this 15 The aggregate 16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of 18 the qualified property) taken on that property on the 19 20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; 21

(S) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property
for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year
to make an addition modification under subparagraph
(G-10), then an amount equal to that addition
modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

32 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 33 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 34 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 35 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 36 modification with respect to such transaction under

1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 2 3 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 4 5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 6 is required to make an addition modification with 7 to such transaction under Section 8 respect 9 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 10 11 addition modification;

12 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the 13 deductions allocable thereto) with respect 14 to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 15 16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 17 fact the foreign person's business activity the outside the United States is 80% or more of that 18 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 19 20 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) 21 for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 22 23 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

24 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 26 27 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 28 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 29 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 30 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 31 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 32 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for 33 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 34 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 35 36 person.

1 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification 2 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 3 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by 4 any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 5 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 6 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 7 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

8 (d) Partnerships.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
13 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
14 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

25 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 26 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 27 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 28 computation of taxable income;

(D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%
of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
Internal Revenue Code;

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(D-6) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or

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1 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 2 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 3 property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under 4 5 subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable 6 years under subparagraph (0) with respect to that 7 8 property.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 10 modification under this subparagraph only once with 11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise 13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 15 16 indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member 17 of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United 18 States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total 19 20 business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent 21 that dividends were included in base income of the 22 23 unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 24 25 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 26 27 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 28 29 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 30 the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
person who is subject in a foreign country or
state, other than a state which requires mandatory
unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net

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income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 12 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 13 foreign person did not have as a principal 14 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 15 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement 16 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 17 and terms; or

> (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made

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pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

5 (D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible 6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 8 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the foreign person's 12 business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The 13 addition modification required by this subparagraph 14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 15 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the 17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 member of (including amounts included in gross income pursuant 19 20 to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 21 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 22 stock of the same person to whom the intangible 23 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 24 25 incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not 26 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 27 reduction to the addition modification required under 28 Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 29 30 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 31 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 32 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 33 incurred, directly or indirectly, from 34 losses factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 35 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 36

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1 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 2 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 3 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 4 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 5 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 6 assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

20 (a) the foreign person during the same 21 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 23 not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director

1agree in writing to the application or use of an2alternative method of apportionment under Section3304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 4 5 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 6 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 7 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 8 9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 10 and such regulations provide methods and standards 11 by which the Department will utilize its authority 12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 14 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

16 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax 17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer 18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 19 20 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this 21 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 22 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 23 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 24 25 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 26 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 27 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 28 of bond premium amortization;

(H) Any income of the partnership which
constitutes personal service income as defined in
Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal

Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act including amounts distributable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 6 7 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 8 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 9 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 10 11 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 12 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 14 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 15 16 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 17 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, and conducts
substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
Zone or Zones;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Real
Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

29 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 30 such total that were paid by a corporation that 31 conducts business operations in a federally designated 32 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 33 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 34 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 35 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 36

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this subparagraph (M);

(N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
(30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property)
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 15 16 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 17 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 18 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 20 the bonus depreciation deduction; and 21

> (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(P) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition 1 modification.

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The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

5 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 6 7 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 8 9 modification with respect to such transaction under 10 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 11 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 12 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 14 15 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 16 is required to make an addition modification with 17 to such transaction under Section respect 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 19 20 addition modification;

(R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 21 22 into account for the taxable year (net of the 23 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 24 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 27 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 28 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 29 addition modification required to be made for the same 30 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 31 32 the same foreign person; and

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
property taken into account for the taxable year (net
of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
transactions with a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 2 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 3 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 4 5 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) 6 year for 7 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 8 9 person.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 11 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 12 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 13 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 14 15 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 16 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 17 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 18 19 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 20 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 21 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 22 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 23 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 24 25 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 26 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 27 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 28 29 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 30 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 31 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 32 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 33 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 34 35 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 8

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1 addition modification must be made under those 2 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 3 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 4 5 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 6 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. 7

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

11 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 12 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 13 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 14 pre-1984 policyholder 15 distribution from surplus 16 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 17 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

(C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
a regulated investment company subject to the tax
imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
investment company taxable income;

26 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a 27 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed 28 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real 29 estate investment trust taxable income;

30 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 31 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of 32 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 33 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 34 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 35 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 36 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 1

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for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;

6 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 7 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 8 organization determined in accordance with the 9 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code;

11 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) 12 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of 13 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 14 corporation determined in accordance with Section 15 16 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 17 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 18 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 19 20 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 21 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 22 23 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 24 25 corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and 26

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
income shall take into account those items which are
required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
but which would be taken into account by an individual
in calculating his taxable income.

34 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
 35 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
 36 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or

1 business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then 2 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 3 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 4 5 related to that asset or business that generated the 6 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 7 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 8 9 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 10 11 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 12 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 13 taxable years. 14

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(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 24 25 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of 26 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for 27 28 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the 29 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of 30 such gain included in the amount determined under 31 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

(A) If the fair market value of property referred
to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such

1 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 2 determining gain) for such property on that date 3 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 4 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 5 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 6 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 7 such property.

(B) If the fair market value of property referred 8 9 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 10 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 11 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 12 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the property for federal income tax purposes for the 13 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 14 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 15 16 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 17 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding period for the property. 18

19(C) The Department shall prescribe such20regulations as may be necessary to carry out the21purposes of this paragraph.

(g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item to be deducted more than once.

25 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 26 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 27 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 28 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 29 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 30 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the computation of base income and net income under this Act for 31 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 32 August 1, 1969 or otherwise. 33

34 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-244, eff. 8-3-01; 92-439,

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 1
 eff. 8-17-01; 92-603, eff. 6-28-02; 92-626, eff. 7-11-02;

 2
 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02; 93-812, eff.

 3
 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; revised 10-12-04.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
becoming law.