

Sen. John J. Cullerton

Filed: 5/31/2005

09400SB1353sam004 LRB094 04645 WGH 47349 a AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1353 1 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1353, AS AMENDED, 3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 4 following: "ARTICLE 3. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS 5 Section 310. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by 6 7 changing Sections 155.18, 155.19, and 1204 and by adding Section 155.18a as follows: (215 ILCS 5/155.18) (from Ch. 73, par. 767.18) 9 Sec. 155.18. (a) This Section shall apply to insurance on 10 risks based upon negligence by a physician, hospital or other 11 12

health care provider, referred to herein as medical liability insurance. This Section shall not apply to contracts of reinsurance, nor to any farm, county, district or township mutual insurance company transacting business under an Act

entitled "An Act relating to local mutual district, county and

17 township insurance companies", approved March 13, 1936, as now

or hereafter amended, nor to any such company operating under a

19 special charter.

20 (b) The following standards shall apply to the making and

21 use of rates pertaining to all classes of medical liability

22 insurance:

23 (1) Rates shall not be excessive or inadequate, -as

herein defined, nor shall they be unfairly discriminatory.

No rate shall be held to be excessive unless such rate is unreasonably high for the insurance provided, and a reasonable degree of competition does not exist in the area with respect to the classification to which such rate is applicable.

No rate shall be held inadequate unless it is unreasonably low for the insurance provided and continued use of it would endanger solveney of the company.

(2) Consideration shall be given, to the extent applicable, to past and prospective loss experience within and outside this State, to a reasonable margin for underwriting profit and contingencies, to past and prospective expenses both countrywide and those especially applicable to this State, and to all other factors, including judgment factors, deemed relevant within and outside this State.

Consideration may also be given in the making and use of rates to dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by companies to their policyholders, members or subscribers.

- (3) The systems of expense provisions included in the rates for use by any company or group of companies may differ from those of other companies or groups of companies to reflect the operating methods of any such company or group with respect to any kind of insurance, or with respect to any subdivision or combination thereof.
- (4) Risks may be grouped by classifications for the establishment of rates and minimum premiums. Classification rates may be modified to produce rates for individual risks in accordance with rating plans which establish standards for measuring variations in hazards or expense provisions, or both. Such standards may measure any difference among risks that have a probable effect upon

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losses or expenses. Such classifications or modifications of classifications of risks may be established based upon size, expense, management, individual experience, location dispersion of hazard, or any other reasonable considerations and shall apply to all risks under the same or substantially the same circumstances or conditions. The rate for an established classification should be related generally to the anticipated loss and expense factors of the class.

- (c) (1) Every company writing medical liability insurance shall file with the <u>Secretary of Financial and Professional</u> Regulation Director of Insurance the rates and rating schedules it uses for medical liability insurance. A rate shall go into effect upon filing, except as otherwise provided in this Section.
- (2) If (i) 1% of a company's insureds within a specialty or 16 25 of the company's insureds (whichever is greater) request a 17 public hearing, (ii) the Secretary at his or her discretion 18 decides to convene a public hearing, or (iii) the percentage 19 increase in a company's rate is greater than 6%, then the 20 21 Secretary shall convene a public hearing in accordance with this paragraph (2). The Secretary shall notify the public of 22 any application by an insurer for a rate increase to which this 23 paragraph (2) applies. A public hearing under this paragraph 24 25 (2) must be concluded within 90 days after the request, 26 decision, or increase that gave rise to the hearing. The Secretary may, by order, adjust a rate or take any other 27 28 appropriate action at the conclusion of the hearing.
 - (3) A rate (1) This filing shall occur upon a company's commencement of medical liability insurance business in this State at least annually and thereafter as often as the rates are changed or amended.
- 33 (4) For the purposes of this Section, any change in premium to the company's insureds as a result of a change in 34

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the company's base rates or a change in its increased limits 1 2 factors shall constitute a change in rates and shall require a 3 filing with the Secretary Director.

- (5) It shall be certified in such filing by an officer of the company and a qualified actuary that the company's rates are based on sound actuarial principles and are not inconsistent with the company's experience. The Secretary may request any additional statistical data and other pertinent information necessary to determine the manner the company used to set the filed rates and the reasonableness of those rates. This data and information shall be made available, on a company-by-company basis, to the general public.
 - (d) If after a <u>public</u> hearing the <u>Secretary</u> Director finds:
 - (1) that any rate, rating plan or rating system violates the provisions of this Section applicable to it, he <u>shall</u> may issue an order to the company which has been the subject of the hearing specifying in what respects such violation exists and, in that order, may adjust the rate stating when, within a reasonable period of time, further use of such rate or rating system by such company in contracts of insurance made thereafter shall be prohibited;
 - (2) that the violation of any of the provisions of this Section applicable to it by any company which has been the subject of the hearing was wilful or that any company has repeatedly violated any provision of this Section, he may take either or both of the following actions:
 - (A) Suspend suspend or revoke, in whole or in part, the certificate of authority of such company with respect to the class of insurance which has been the subject of the hearing.
 - (B) Impose a penalty of up to \$1,000 against the company for each violation. Each day during which a violation occurs constitutes a separate violation.

- The burden is on the company to justify the rate or 1 2 proposed rate at the public hearing.
- 3 (e) Every company writing medical liability insurance in
- this State shall offer to each of its medical liability 4
- 5 insureds the option to make premium payments in quarterly
- installments as prescribed by and filed with the Secretary. 6
- 7 This offer shall be included in the initial offer or in the
- first policy renewal occurring after the effective date of this 8
- amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, but no earlier 9
- than January 1, 2006. 10
- (f) Every company writing medical liability insurance is 11
- encouraged, but not required, to offer the opportunity for 12
- 13 participation in a plan offering deductibles to its medical
- liability insureds. Any plan to offer deductibles shall be 14
- 15 filed with the Department.
- (g) Every company writing medical liability insurance is 16
- encouraged, but not required, to offer their medical liability 17
- insureds a plan providing premium discounts for participation 18
- in risk management activities. Any such plan shall be reported 19
- 20 to the Department.
- (h) A company writing medical liability insurance in 21
- Illinois must give 180 days' notice before the company 22
- discontinues the writing of medical liability insurance in 23
- 24 Illinois.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 79-1434.)
- (215 ILCS 5/155.18a new) 26
- 27 Sec. 155.18a. Professional Liability Insurance Resource
- 28 Center. The Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation
- shall establish a Professional Liability Insurance Resource 29
- Center on the Department's Internet website containing the 30
- name, telephone number, and base rates of each licensed company 31
- 32 providing medical liability insurance and the name, address,
- and telephone number of each producer who sells medical 33

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liability insurance and the name of each licensed company for 1 which the producer sells medical liability insurance. Each 2 3 company and producer shall submit the information to the Department on or before September 30 of each year in order to 4 5 be listed on the website. Hyperlinks to company websites shall be included, if available. The publication of the information 6 7 on the Department's website shall commence on January 1, 2006. The Department shall update the information on the Professional 8 Liability Insurance Resource Center at least annually. 9

(215 ILCS 5/155.19) (from Ch. 73, par. 767.19) 10

Sec. 155.19. All claims filed after December 31, 1976 with any insurer and all suits filed after December 31, 1976 in any court in this State, alleging liability on the part of any physician, hospital or other health care provider for medically related injuries, shall be reported to the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation Director of Insurance in such form and under such terms and conditions as may be In addition, and prescribed by the <u>Secretary</u> Director. notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any insurer, stop loss insurer, captive insurer, risk retention group, county risk retention trust, religious or charitable risk pooling trust, surplus line insurer, or other entity authorized or permitted by law to provide medical liability insurance in this State shall report to the Secretary, in such form and under such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary, all claims filed after December 31, 2005 and all suits filed after December 31, 2005 in any court in this State alleging liability on the part of any physician, hospital, or health care provider for medically-related injuries. Each clerk of the circuit court shall provide to the Secretary such information as the Secretary may deem necessary to verify the accuracy and completeness of reports made to the Secretary under this Section. The Secretary Director shall

maintain complete and accurate records of all such claims and 1 2 suits including their nature, amount, disposition (categorized 3 by verdict, settlement, dismissal, or otherwise and including disposition of any post-trial motions and types of damages 4 5 awarded, if any, including but not limited to economic damages and non-economic damages) and other information as he may deem 6 7 useful or desirable in observing and reporting on health care 8 provider liability trends in this State. Records received by the Secretary under this Section shall be available to the 9 10 general public; however, the records made available to the general public shall not include the names or addresses of the 11 parties to any claims or suits. The Secretary Director shall 12 13 release to appropriate disciplinary and licensing agencies any 14 such data or information which may assist such agencies in 15 improving the quality of health care or which may be useful to such agencies for the purpose of professional discipline. 16

With due regard for appropriate maintenance of the confidentiality thereof, the <u>Secretary</u> <u>Director</u> <u>shall</u> <u>may</u> release, on an annual basis, from time to time to the Governor, the General Assembly and the general public statistical reports based on such data and information.

If the Secretary finds that any entity required to report information in its possession under this Section has violated any provision of this Section by filing late, incomplete, or inaccurate reports, the Secretary may fine the entity up to \$1,000 for each offense. Each day during which a violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.

The <u>Secretary</u> Director may promulgate such rules and 29 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of 30 this Section.

(Source: P.A. 79-1434.) 31

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32 (215 ILCS 5/1204) (from Ch. 73, par. 1065.904)

Sec. 1204. (A) The Secretary Director shall promulgate 33

1	rules and regulations which shall require each insurer licensed
2	to write property or casualty insurance in the State and each
3	syndicate doing business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to
4	record and report its loss and expense experience and other
5	data as may be necessary to assess the relationship of
6	insurance premiums and related income as compared to insurance
7	costs and expenses. The <u>Secretary</u> Director may designate one or
8	more rate service organizations or advisory organizations to
9	gather and compile such experience and data. The Secretary
10	Director shall require each insurer licensed to write property
11	or casualty insurance in this State and each syndicate doing
12	business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to submit a report,
13	on a form furnished by the <u>Secretary</u> Director , showing its
14	direct writings in this State and companywide.
15	(B) Such report required by subsection (A) of this Section
16	may include, but not be limited to, the following specific
17	types of insurance written by such insurer:
18	(1) Political subdivision liability insurance reported
19	separately in the following categories:
20	(a) municipalities;
21	(b) school districts;
22	(c) other political subdivisions;
23	(2) Public official liability insurance;

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- (3) Dram shop liability insurance; 24
- 25 (4) Day care center liability insurance;
- (5) Labor, fraternal or religious organizations 26 27 liability insurance;
- (6) Errors and omissions liability insurance; 28
- 29 (7) Officers and directors liability insurance reported separately as follows: 30
 - (a) non-profit entities;
- 32 (b) for-profit entities;

- 33 (8) Products liability insurance;
- 34 (9) Medical malpractice insurance;

1	(10) Attorney malpractice insurance;
2	(11) Architects and engineers malpractice insurance;
3	and
4	(12) Motor vehicle insurance reported separately for
5	commercial and private passenger vehicles as follows:
6	(a) motor vehicle physical damage insurance;
7	(b) motor vehicle liability insurance.
8	(C) Such report may include, but need not be limited to the
9	following data, both specific to this State and companywide, in
10	the aggregate or by type of insurance for the previous year on
11	a calendar year basis:
12	(1) Direct premiums written;
13	(2) Direct premiums earned;
14	(3) Number of policies;
15	(4) Net investment income, using appropriate estimates
16	where necessary;
17	(5) Losses paid;
18	(6) Losses incurred;
19	(7) Loss reserves:
20	(a) Losses unpaid on reported claims;
21	(b) Losses unpaid on incurred but not reported
22	claims;
23	(8) Number of claims:
24	(a) Paid claims;
25	(b) Arising claims;
26	(9) Loss adjustment expenses:
27	(a) Allocated loss adjustment expenses;
28	(b) Unallocated loss adjustment expenses;
29	(10) Net underwriting gain or loss;
30	(11) Net operation gain or loss, including net
31	<pre>investment income;</pre>
32	(12) Any other information requested by the Secretary
33	Director.
34	(C-5) Additional information required from medical

malpractice insurers.

2	(1) In addition to the other requirements of this
3	Section, the following information shall be included in the
4	report required by subsection (A) of this Section in such
5	form and under such terms and conditions as may be
6	<pre>prescribed by the Secretary:</pre>
7	(a) paid and incurred losses by county for each of
8	the past 10 policy years;
9	(b) earned exposures by ISO code, policy type, and
10	policy year by county for each of the past 10 years;
11	and
12	(c) the following actuarial information:
13	(i) Base class and territory equivalent
14	exposures by report year by relative accident
15	<u>year.</u>
16	(ii) Cumulative loss array by accident year by
17	calendar year of development. This array will show
18	frequency of claims in the following categories:
19	open, closed with indemnity (CWI), closed with
20	expense (CWE), and closed no pay (CNP); paid
21	severity in the following categories: indemnity
22	and allocated loss adjustment expenses (ALAE) on
23	closed claims; and indemnity and expense reserves
24	on pending claims.
25	(iii) Cumulative loss array by report year by
26	calendar year of development. This array will show
27	frequency of claims in the following categories:
28	open, closed with indemnity (CWI), closed with
29	expense (CWE), and closed no pay (CNP); paid
30	severity in the following categories: indemnity
31	and allocated loss adjustment expenses (ALAE) on
32	closed claims; and indemnity and expense reserves
33	on pending claims.
34	(iv) Maturity year and tail factors.

1	(v) Any expense, contingency ddr (death,
2	disability, and retirement), commission, tax,
3	and/or off-balance factors.
4	(2) The following information must also be annually
5	provided to the Department:
6	(a) copies of the company's reserve and surplus
7	studies; and
8	(b) consulting actuarial report and data
9	supporting the company's rate filing.
10	(3) All information collected by the Secretary under
11	paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be made available, on a
12	company-by-company basis, to the General Assembly and the
13	general public. This provision shall supersede any other
14	provision of State law that may otherwise protect such
15	information from public disclosure as confidential.
16	(D) In addition to the information which may be requested
17	under subsection (C), the $\underline{\text{Secretary}}$ $\underline{\text{Director}}$ may also request
18	on a companywide, aggregate basis, Federal Income Tax
19	recoverable, net realized capital gain or loss, net unrealized
20	capital gain or loss, and all other expenses not requested in
21	subsection (C) above.
22	(E) Violations - Suspensions - Revocations.
23	(1) Any company or person subject to this Article, who
24	willfully or repeatedly fails to observe or who otherwise
25	violates any of the provisions of this Article or any rule
26	or regulation promulgated by the <u>Secretary</u> Director under
27	authority of this Article or any final order of the
28	<u>Secretary</u> Director entered under the authority of this
29	Article shall by civil penalty forfeit to the State of
30	Illinois a sum not to exceed \$2,000. Each day during which
31	a violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.
32	(2) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this
33	subsection may attach unless a written notice of apparent

liability has been issued by the Secretary Director and

received by the respondent, or the <u>Secretary Director</u> sends written notice of apparent liability by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the respondent. Any respondent so notified must be granted an opportunity to request a hearing within 10 days from receipt of notice, or to show in writing, why he should not be held liable. A notice issued under this Section must set forth the date, facts and nature of the act or omission with which the respondent is charged and must specifically identify the particular provision of this Article, rule, regulation or order of which a violation is charged.

- (3) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this subsection may attach for any violation occurring more than 2 years prior to the date of issuance of the notice of apparent liability and in no event may the total civil penalty forfeiture imposed for the acts or omissions set forth in any one notice of apparent liability exceed \$100,000.
- (4) All administrative hearings conducted pursuant to this Article are subject to 50 Ill. Adm. Code 2402 and all administrative hearings are subject to the Administrative Review Law.
- (5) The civil penalty forfeitures provided for in this Section are payable to the General Revenue Fund of the State of Illinois, and may be recovered in a civil suit in the name of the State of Illinois brought in the Circuit Court in Sangamon County or in the Circuit Court of the county where the respondent is domiciled or has its principal operating office.
- (6) In any case where the <u>Secretary Director</u> issues a notice of apparent liability looking toward the imposition of a civil penalty forfeiture under this Section that fact may not be used in any other proceeding before the

<u>Secretary</u> <u>Director</u> to the prejudice of the respondent to whom the notice was issued, unless (a) the civil penalty forfeiture has been paid, or (b) a court has ordered payment of the civil penalty forfeiture and that order has become final.

- (7) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with a lawful order of the Secretary Director requiring compliance with this Article, entered after notice and hearing, within the period of time specified in the order, the Secretary Director may, in addition to any other penalty or authority provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority to such person or company until compliance with such order has been obtained.
- (8) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with any provisions of this Article, the <u>Secretary Director</u> may, after notice and hearing, in addition to any other penalty provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, until compliance with such provision of this Article has been obtained.
- (9) No suspension or revocation under this Section may become effective until 5 days from the date that the notice of suspension or revocation has been personally delivered or delivered by registered or certified mail to the company or person. A suspension or revocation under this Section is stayed upon the filing, by the company or person, of a petition for judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.

(Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03.) 1

2 Section 315. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by

3 changing Sections 7, 22, 23, 24, and 36 and adding Section 24.1

4 as follows:

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5 (225 ILCS 60/7) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-7)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2007)

Sec. 7. Medical Disciplinary Board.

(A) There is hereby created the Illinois State Medical (hereinafter referred Disciplinary Board to as "Disciplinary Board"). The Disciplinary Board shall consist of 11 $\frac{9}{2}$ members, to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. All members shall be residents of the State, not more than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{5}$ of whom shall be members of the same political party. All members shall be voting members. Five members shall be physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches in Illinois possessing the degree of doctor of medicine, and it shall be the goal that at least one of the members practice in the field of neurosurgery, one of the members practice in the field of obstetrics and gynecology, and one of the members practice in the field of cardiology. One member shall be a physician licensed to practice in Illinois possessing the degree of doctor of osteopathy or osteopathic medicine. One member shall be a physician licensed to practice in Illinois and possessing the degree of doctor of chiropractic. Four members Two shall be members of the public, who shall not be engaged in any way, directly or indirectly, as providers of health care. The 2 public members shall act as voting members. One member shall be a physician licensed to practice in Illinois possessing the degree of doctor of osteopathy or osteopathic medicine. One mber shall be a physician licensed to practice in Illinois and possessing the degree of doctor of chiropractic.

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(B) Members of the Disciplinary Board shall be appointed for terms of 4 years. Upon the expiration of the term of any member, their successor shall be appointed for a term of 4 years by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Governor shall fill any vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Upon recommendation of the Board, any member of the Disciplinary Board may be removed by the Governor for misfeasance, malfeasance, or wilful neglect of duty, after notice, and a public hearing, unless such notice and hearing shall be expressly waived in writing. Each member shall serve on the Disciplinary Board until their successor is appointed and qualified. No member of the Disciplinary Board shall serve more than 2 consecutive 4 year terms.

In making appointments the Governor shall attempt to insure that the various social and geographic regions of the State of Illinois are properly represented.

In making the designation of persons to act for the several professions represented on the Disciplinary Board, the Governor shall give due consideration to recommendations by members of the respective professions and by organizations therein.

- (C) The Disciplinary Board shall annually elect one of its voting members as chairperson and one as vice chairperson. No officer shall be elected more than twice in succession to the same office. Each officer shall serve until their successor has been elected and qualified.
- (D) (Blank).
- (E) Six Four voting members of the Disciplinary Board, at least 4 of whom are physicians, shall constitute a quorum. A vacancy in the membership of the Disciplinary Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Disciplinary Board. Any action taken by the Disciplinary Board under this Act may be

- authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting and 1
- 2 each such resolution shall take effect immediately. The
- 3 Disciplinary Board shall meet at least quarterly. The
- 4 Disciplinary Board is empowered to adopt all rules and
- 5 regulations necessary and incident to the powers granted to it
- under this Act. 6

- (F) Each member, and member-officer, of the Disciplinary 7
- 8 Board shall receive a per diem stipend as the Secretary
- Director of the Department, hereinafter referred to as the 9
- 10 Secretary Director, shall determine. The Secretary Director
- shall also determine the per diem stipend that each ex-officio 11
- member shall receive. Each member shall be paid their necessary 12
- 13 expenses while engaged in the performance of their duties.
- 14 (G) The <u>Secretary</u> Director shall select a Chief Medical
- 15 Coordinator and <u>not less than 2</u> a Deputy Medical <u>Coordinators</u>
- Coordinator who shall not be members of the Disciplinary Board. 16
- Each medical coordinator shall be a physician licensed to 17
- practice medicine in all of its branches, and the Secretary 18
- 19 Director shall set their rates of compensation. The Secretary
- 20 Director shall assign at least one medical coordinator to a
- 21 region composed of Cook County and such other counties as the
- 22 Secretary Director may deem appropriate, and such medical
- coordinator or coordinators shall locate their office in 23
- 24 Chicago. The <u>Secretary</u> Director shall assign <u>at least one</u> the
- remaining medical coordinator to a region composed of the
- 26 balance of counties in the State, and such medical coordinator
- or coordinators shall locate their office in Springfield. Each 27
- 28 medical coordinator shall be the chief enforcement officer of
- 29 this Act in his or her their assigned region and shall serve at
- 30 the will of the Disciplinary Board.
- 31 The Secretary Director shall employ, in conformity with the
- 32 Personnel Code, not less than one full time investigator for
- every 2,500 5000 physicians licensed in the State. Each 33
- investigator shall be a college graduate with at least 2 years' 34

- 1 investigative experience or one year advanced medical
- 2 education. Upon the written request of the Disciplinary Board,
- 3 the <u>Secretary</u> Director shall employ, in conformity with the
- 4 Personnel Code, such other professional, technical,
- 5 investigative, and clerical help, either on a full or part-time
- 6 basis as the Disciplinary Board deems necessary for the proper
- 7 performance of its duties.
- 8 (H) Upon the specific request of the Disciplinary Board,
- 9 signed by either the chairman, vice chairman, or a medical
- 10 coordinator of the Disciplinary Board, the Department of Human
- 11 Services or the Department of State Police shall make available
- 12 any and all information that they have in their possession
- 13 regarding a particular case then under investigation by the
- 14 Disciplinary Board.
- 15 (I) Members of the Disciplinary Board shall be immune from
- suit in any action based upon any disciplinary proceedings or
- 17 other acts performed in good faith as members of the
- 18 Disciplinary Board.
- 19 (J) The Disciplinary Board may compile and establish a
- 20 statewide roster of physicians and other medical
- 21 professionals, including the several medical specialties, of
- 22 such physicians and medical professionals, who have agreed to
- 23 serve from time to time as advisors to the medical
- 24 coordinators. Such advisors shall assist the medical
- 25 coordinators <u>or the Disciplinary Board</u> in their investigations
- 26 and participation in complaints against physicians. Such
- 27 advisors shall serve under contract and shall be reimbursed at
- 28 a reasonable rate for the services provided, plus reasonable
- 29 expenses incurred. While serving in this capacity, the advisor,
- 30 for any act undertaken in good faith and in the conduct of
- 31 their duties under this Section, shall be immune from civil
- 32 suit.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 93-138, eff. 7-10-03.)

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1	(225)	TLCS	60/22)	(from	Ch.	111.	par.	4400-22)
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- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2007)
- 3 Sec. 22. Disciplinary action.
 - (A) The Department may revoke, suspend, place probationary status, refuse to renew, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper with regard to the license or visiting professor permit of any person issued under this Act to practice medicine, or to treat human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery upon any of the following grounds:
 - (1) Performance of an elective abortion in any place, locale, facility, or institution other than:
 - (a) a facility licensed pursuant to the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act;
 - (b) an institution licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act; or
 - (c) an ambulatory surgical treatment center or hospitalization or care facility maintained by the State or any agency thereof, where such department or agency has authority under law to establish and enforce standards for the ambulatory surgical treatment centers, hospitalization, or care facilities under its management and control; or
 - ambulatory surgical treatment centers, hospitalization or care facilities maintained by the Federal Government; or
 - ambulatory surgical treatment centers, hospitalization or care facilities maintained by any university or college established under the laws of this State and supported principally by public funds raised by taxation.
 - (2) Performance of an abortion procedure in a wilful and wanton manner on a woman who was not pregnant at the time the abortion procedure was performed.

- (3) The conviction of a felony in this or any other jurisdiction, except as otherwise provided in subsection B of this Section, whether or not related to practice under this Act, or the entry of a guilty or nolo contendere plea to a felony charge.
 - (4) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.
 - (5) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
 - (6) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
 - (7) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (8) Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.
 - (9) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
 - (10) Making a false or misleading statement regarding their skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by them at their direction in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the body or mind.
 - (11) Allowing another person or organization to use their license, procured under this Act, to practice.
 - (12) Disciplinary action of another state or jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to practice as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine or doctor of chiropractic, a certified copy of the record of the action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof.

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(13) Violation of any provision of this Act or of the Medical Practice Act prior to the repeal of that Act, or violation of the rules, or a final administrative action of Secretary Director, after consideration of recommendation of the Disciplinary Board.

(14) Dividing with anyone other than physicians with whom the licensee practices in a partnership, Professional Association, limited liability company, or Medical or Professional Corporation any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually and personally rendered. Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits persons holding valid and current licenses under this Act from practicing medicine in partnership under a partnership agreement, including a limited liability partnership, in a limited liability company under the Limited Liability Company Act, in a corporation authorized by the Medical Corporation Act, as an association authorized by the Professional Association Act, or in a corporation under the Professional Corporation Act or from pooling, sharing, dividing or apportioning the fees and monies received by them or by the partnership, corporation or association in accordance with the partnership agreement or the policies of the Board of Directors of the corporation or association. Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits 2 or corporations authorized by the Medical Corporation Act, from forming a partnership or joint venture of such corporations, and providing medical, surgical and scientific research and knowledge by employees of these corporations if such employees are licensed under this Act, or from pooling, sharing, dividing, or apportioning the fees and monies received by the partnership or joint venture in accordance with the partnership or joint venture agreement. Nothing contained in this subsection shall

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abrogate the right of 2 or more persons, holding valid and current licenses under this Act, to each receive adequate compensation for concurrently rendering professional services to a patient and divide a fee; provided, the patient has full knowledge of the division, and, provided, that the division is made in proportion to the services performed and responsibility assumed by each.

- (15) A finding by the Medical Disciplinary Board that the registrant after having his or her license placed on probationary status or subjected to conditions or restrictions violated the terms of the probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (16) Abandonment of a patient.
- (17)Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving or self-administering any drug classified as a controlled substance (designated product) or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
- (18) Promotion of the sale of drugs, appliances or goods provided for a patient in such manner as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the physician.
- (19) Offering, undertaking or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment or medicine, or the treating, operating or prescribing for any human condition by a method, means or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the Department.
- (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.
- (21) Wilfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice as a physician, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Public Aid

under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

- (22) Wilful omission to file or record, or wilfully impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another person to omit to file or record, medical reports as required by law, or wilfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.
- (23) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (24) Solicitation of professional patronage by any corporation, agents or persons, or profiting from those representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.
- (25) Gross and wilful and continued overcharging for professional services, including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, including, but not limited to, filing such false statements for collection of monies for services not rendered from the medical assistance program of the Department of Public Aid under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (26) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
- (27) Mental illness or disability which results in the inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
- (28) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in a physician's inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (29) Cheating on or attempt to subvert the licensing

examinations administered under this Act.

- (30) Wilfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between physician and patient except as required by law.
- (31) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with practice under this Act.
- (32) Aiding and abetting an individual not licensed under this Act in the practice of a profession licensed under this Act.
- (33) Violating state or federal laws or regulations relating to controlled substances, legend drugs, or ephedra, as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.
- (34) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against them by another licensing jurisdiction (any other state or any territory of the United States or any foreign state or country), by any peer review body, by any health care institution, by any professional society or association related to practice under this Act, by any governmental agency, by any law enforcement agency, or by any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (35) Failure to report to the Department surrender of a license or authorization to practice as a medical doctor, a doctor of osteopathy, a doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic in another state or jurisdiction, or surrender of membership on any medical staff or in any medical or professional association or society, while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies, for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
 - (36) Failure to report to the Department any adverse

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1 judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct 2 3 which would constitute grounds for action as defined in 4 this Section.

- (37) Failure to transfer copies of medical records as required by law.
- Failure to furnish the Department, investigators or representatives, relevant information, legally requested by the Department after consultation with the Chief Medical Coordinator or the Deputy Medical Coordinator.
- (39) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (40) Willful failure to provide notice when notice is required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.
 - (41) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by this law.
 - (42) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed advanced practice nurses resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate and provide medical direction.
 - (43) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with provide medical direction to a licensed advanced practice nurse.

Except for actions involving the ground numbered (26), all All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 $\frac{3}{2}$ years next after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for the grounds numbered (8), (9), (26), and (29), no action shall be commenced more than $\underline{10}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have

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violated this Section. For actions involving the ground numbered (26), a pattern of practice or other behavior includes all incidents alleged to be part of the pattern of practice or other behavior that occurred or a report pursuant to Section 23 of this Act received within the 10-year period preceding the filing of the complaint. In the event of the settlement of any claim or cause of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such claim, cause of action or civil action being grounded on the allegation that a person licensed under this Act was negligent in providing care, the Department shall have an additional period of 2 years one year from the date of notification to the Department under Section 23 of this Act of such settlement or final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal disciplinary proceedings under Section 36 of this Act, except as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by Department.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume their practice only upon the entry of a Departmental order based upon a finding by the Medical Disciplinary Board that they have been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Disciplinary Board's recommendation that they be permitted to resume their practice.

The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the

- Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the 1
- 2 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by
- 3 the Illinois Department of Revenue.
- 4 The Department, upon the recommendation of the
- 5 Disciplinary Board, shall adopt rules which set forth standards
- to be used in determining: 6

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- person will be deemed sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
 - what constitutes dishonorable, unethical unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
 - (c) what constitutes immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice; and
- 16 (d) what constitutes gross negligence in the practice 17 of medicine.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Medical Disciplinary Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure or a permit pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physician or physicians shall be those specifically designated by the Disciplinary Board. The Medical Disciplinary Board or the Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee or applicant examining physician. The individual to be examined may have, at

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his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until such time as the individual submits to the examination if the Disciplinary Board finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause. If the Disciplinary Board finds a physician unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Disciplinary Board shall require such physician to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Disciplinary Board, as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Any physician, whose license was granted pursuant to Sections 9, 17, or 19 of this Act, or, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, conditions or restrictions, or to complete a required program of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the Chief Medical Coordinator or Deputy Medical Coordinators, shall be referred to the <u>Secretary</u> Director for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have their license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Disciplinary Board. In instances in which the <u>Secretary</u> Director immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Disciplinary Board within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Disciplinary Board shall have the authority to review the subject physician's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the

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Disciplinary Board that they can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of their license.

The Department may promulgate rules for the imposition of fines in disciplinary cases, not to exceed \$10,000 \$5,000 for each violation of this Act. Fines may be imposed in conjunction with other forms of disciplinary action, but shall not be the exclusive disposition of any disciplinary action arising out of conduct resulting in death or injury to a patient. Any funds collected from such fines shall be deposited in the Medical Disciplinary Fund.

- (B) The Department shall revoke the license or visiting permit of any person issued under this Act to practice medicine or to treat human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery, who has been convicted a second time of committing any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or who has been convicted a second time of committing a Class 1 felony under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. A person whose license or visiting permit is revoked under this subsection B of Section 22 of this Act shall be prohibited from practicing medicine or treating human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery.
- (C) The Medical Disciplinary Board shall recommend to the Department civil penalties and any other appropriate discipline in disciplinary cases when the Board finds that a physician willfully performed an abortion with actual knowledge that the person upon whom the abortion has been performed is a minor or an incompetent person without notice as required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995. Upon the Board's recommendation, the Department shall impose, for the first violation, a civil penalty of \$1,000 and for a second or subsequent violation, a civil penalty of \$5,000.

(Source: P.A. 89-18, eff. 6-1-95; 89-201, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626,

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eff. 8-9-96; 89-702, eff. 7-1-97; 90-742, eff. 8-13-98.) 1

2 (225 ILCS 60/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-23)

3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2007)

4 Sec. 23. Reports relating to professional conduct and capacity. 5

(A) Entities required to report.

(1) Health care institutions. The chief administrator or executive officer of any health care institution licensed by the Illinois Department of Public Health shall report to the Disciplinary Board when any person's clinical privileges are terminated or are restricted based on a final determination, in accordance with that institution's by-laws or rules and regulations, that a person has either committed an act or acts which may directly threaten patient care, and not of an administrative nature, or that a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care. Such officer also shall report if a person accepts voluntary termination or restriction of clinical privileges in lieu of formal action based upon conduct related directly to patient care and not of an administrative nature, or in lieu of formal action seeking to determine whether a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care. The Medical Disciplinary Board shall, by rule, provide for the reporting to it of all instances in which a person, licensed under this Act, who is impaired by reason of age, drug or alcohol abuse or physical or impairment, is under supervision and, where appropriate, is in a program of rehabilitation. Such reports shall be strictly confidential and may be reviewed and considered only by the members of the Disciplinary Board, or by authorized staff as provided by rules of the

Disciplinary Board. Provisions shall be made for the periodic report of the status of any such person not less than twice annually in order that the Disciplinary Board shall have current information upon which to determine the status of any such person. Such initial and periodic reports of impaired physicians shall not be considered records within the meaning of The State Records Act and shall be disposed of, following a determination by the Disciplinary Board that such reports are no longer required, in a manner and at such time as the Disciplinary Board shall determine by rule. The filing of such reports shall be construed as the filing of a report for purposes of subsection (C) of this Section.

- (2) Professional associations. The President or chief executive officer of any association or society, of persons licensed under this Act, operating within this State shall report to the Disciplinary Board when the association or society renders a final determination that a person has committed unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care or that a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care.
- (3) Professional liability insurers. Every insurance company which offers policies of professional liability insurance to persons licensed under this Act, or any other entity which seeks to indemnify the professional liability of a person licensed under this Act, shall report to the Disciplinary Board the settlement of any claim or cause of action, or final judgment rendered in any cause of action, which alleged negligence in the furnishing of medical care by such licensed person when such settlement or final judgment is in favor of the plaintiff.
- (4) State's Attorneys. The State's Attorney of each county shall report to the Disciplinary Board all instances

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in which a person licensed under this Act is convicted or otherwise found guilty of the commission of any felony. The State's Attorney of each county may report to the Disciplinary Board through a verified complaint any instance in which the State's Attorney believes that a physician has willfully violated the notice requirements of the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.

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- (5) State agencies. All agencies, boards, commissions, departments, or other instrumentalities of the government of the State of Illinois shall report to the Disciplinary Board any instance arising in connection with operations of such agency, including the administration of any law by such agency, in which a person licensed under this Act has either committed an act or acts which may be a violation of this Act or which may constitute unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care or which indicates that a person licensed under this Act may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care.
- (B) Mandatory reporting. All reports required by items (34), (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22 and by Section 23 shall be submitted to the Disciplinary Board in a timely fashion. The reports shall be filed in writing within 60 days after a determination that a report is required under this Act. All reports shall contain the following information:
 - (1) The name, address and telephone number of the person making the report.
 - (2) The name, address and telephone number of the person who is the subject of the report.
 - (3) The name <u>and date of birth</u> or other means of identification of any patient or patients whose treatment is a subject of the report, <u>if available</u>, or other means of identification if such information is not available, identification of the hospital or other healthcare

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facility where the care at issue in the report was rendered, provided, however, no medical records may be revealed without the written consent of the patient or patients.

- (4) A brief description of the facts which gave rise to the issuance of the report, including the dates of any occurrences deemed to necessitate the filing of the report.
- (5) If court action is involved, the identity of the court in which the action is filed, along with the docket number and date of filing of the action.
- Any further pertinent information which reporting party deems to be an aid in the evaluation of the report.

The Department shall have the right to inform patients of the right to provide written consent for the Department to obtain copies of hospital and medical records. The Disciplinary Board or Department may <u>also</u> exercise the power under Section 38 of this Act to subpoena copies of hospital or medical records in mandatory report cases alleging death or permanent bodily injury when consent to obtain records is not provided by a patient or legal representative. Appropriate rules shall be adopted by the Department with the approval of the Disciplinary Board.

When the Department has received written reports concerning incidents required to be reported in items (34), (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22, the licensee's failure to report the incident to the Department under those items shall not be the sole grounds for disciplinary action.

Nothing contained in this Section shall act to in any way, waive or modify the confidentiality of medical reports and committee reports to the extent provided by law. information reported or disclosed shall be kept for the confidential use of the Disciplinary Board, the Medical Coordinators, the Disciplinary Board's attorneys, the medical

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investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff, 1 provided in this Act, and shall be afforded the same status as 2 3 is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 4 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except that the 5 Department may disclose information and documents to a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena 6 7 in an ongoing criminal investigation. Furthermore, information and documents disclosed to a federal, State, or local law 8 enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the 9 investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense. 10

- Immunity from prosecution. Any individual (C) or organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this Act by providing any report or other information to the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, or assisting in the investigation or preparation of such information, or by voluntarily reporting to the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee information regarding alleged errors or negligence by a person licensed under this Act, or by participating in proceedings of the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, or by serving as a member of the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.
- (D) Indemnification. Members of the Disciplinary Board, the Medical Coordinators, the Disciplinary Board's attorneys, the medical investigative staff, physicians retained under contract to assist and advise the medical coordinators in the investigation, and authorized clerical staff shall indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the Disciplinary Board, done in good faith and not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were

wilful and wanton.

Should the Attorney General decline representation, the member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.

The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving services of the Disciplinary Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and indemnification.

The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to represent the member.

(E) Deliberations of Disciplinary Board. Upon the receipt of any report called for by this Act, other than those reports of impaired persons licensed under this Act required pursuant to the rules of the Disciplinary Board, the Disciplinary Board shall notify in writing, by certified mail, the person who is the subject of the report. Such notification shall be made within 30 days of receipt by the Disciplinary Board of the report.

The notification shall include a written notice setting forth the person's right to examine the report. Included in such notification shall be the address at which the file is maintained, the name of the custodian of the reports, and the telephone number at which the custodian may be reached. The person who is the subject of the report shall submit a written statement responding, clarifying, adding to, or proposing the amending of the report previously filed. The person who is the subject of the report shall also submit with the written statement any medical records related to the report. The statement and accompanying medical records shall become a

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permanent part of the file and must be received by the 1 Disciplinary Board no more than 30 60 days after the date on 2 3 which the person was notified by the Disciplinary Board of the 4 existence of the original report.

The Disciplinary Board shall review all reports received by it, together with any supporting information and responding statements submitted by persons who are the subject of reports. The review by the Disciplinary Board shall be in a timely manner but in no event, shall the Disciplinary Board's initial review of the material contained in each disciplinary file be less than 61 days nor more than 180 days after the receipt of the initial report by the Disciplinary Board.

When the Disciplinary Board makes its initial review of the materials contained within its disciplinary files, the Disciplinary Board shall, in writing, make a determination as to whether there are sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action. Failure to make such determination within the time provided shall be deemed to be a determination that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action.

Should the Disciplinary Board find that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation, or action, the report shall be accepted for filing and the matter shall be deemed closed and so reported to the Secretary Director. The Secretary Director shall then have 30 days to accept the Medical Disciplinary Board's decision or request investigation. The <u>Secretary</u> Director shall inform the Board in writing of the decision to request further investigation, including the specific reasons for the decision. The individual or entity filing the original report or complaint and the person who is the subject of the report or complaint shall be notified in writing by the Secretary Director of any final action on their report or complaint.

(F) Summary reports. The Disciplinary Board shall prepare,

on a timely basis, but in no event less than one every other 1 a summary report of final actions taken upon 2 3 disciplinary files maintained by the Disciplinary Board. The 4 summary reports shall be sent by the Disciplinary Board to 5 every health care facility licensed by the Illinois Department of Public Health, every professional association and society of 6 7 persons licensed under this Act functioning on a statewide basis in this State, the American Medical Association, the 8 American Osteopathic Association, the American Chiropractic 9 10 Association, all insurers providing professional liability 11 insurance to persons licensed under this Act in the State of Illinois, the Federation of State Medical Licensing Boards, and 12 the Illinois Pharmacists Association. 13

- 14 (G) Any violation of this Section shall be a Class A 15 misdemeanor.
- (H) If any such person violates the provisions of this 16 Section an action may be brought in the name of the People of 17 18 the State of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the 19 State of Illinois, for an order enjoining such violation or for 20 an order enforcing compliance with this Section. Upon filing of 21 a verified petition in such court, the court may issue a temporary restraining order without notice or bond and may 22 23 preliminarily or permanently enjoin such violation, and if it is established that such person has violated or is violating 24 25 the injunction, the court may punish the offender for contempt 26 of court. Proceedings under this paragraph shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties 27 28 provided for by this Section.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 89-18, eff. 6-1-95; 89-702, eff. 7-1-97; 90-699,
- 30 eff. 1-1-99.)
- 31 (225 ILCS 60/24) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-24)
- 32 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2007)
- 33 Sec. 24. Report of violations; medical associations. Any

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physician licensed under this Act, the Illinois State Medical Society, the Illinois Association of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, the Illinois Chiropractic Society, the Illinois Prairie State Chiropractic Association, or any component societies of any of these 4 groups, and any other person, may report to the Disciplinary Board any information the physician, association, society, or person may have that appears to show that a physician is or may be in violation of any of the provisions of Section 22 of this Act.

The Department may enter into agreements with the Illinois State Medical Society, the Illinois Association of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, the Illinois Prairie State Chiropractic Association, or the Illinois Chiropractic Society to allow these organizations to assist the Disciplinary Board in the review of alleged violations of this Act. Subject to the approval of the Department, any organization party to such an may subcontract with other individuals organizations to assist in review.

association, physician, society, or participating in good faith in the making of a report, under this Act or participating in or assisting with an investigation or review under this Act Section shall have immunity from any civil, criminal, or other liability that might result by reason of those actions.

The medical information in the custody of an entity under contract with the Department participating in an investigation or review shall be privileged and confidential to the same extent as are information and reports under the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Upon request by the Department after a mandatory report has been filed with the Department, an attorney for any party seeking to recover damages for injuries or death by reason of medical, hospital, or other healing art malpractice shall provide patient records related to the physician involved in

1	the disciplinary proceeding to the Department within 30 days of
2	the Department's request for use by the Department in any
3	disciplinary matter under this Act. An attorney who provides
4	patient records to the Department in accordance with this
5	requirement shall not be deemed to have violated any
6	attorney-client privilege. Notwithstanding any other provision
7	of law, consent by a patient shall not be required for the
8	provision of patient records in accordance with this
9	requirement.

For the purpose of any civil or criminal proceedings, the good faith of any physician, association, society or person shall be presumed. The Disciplinary Board may request the Illinois State Medical Society, the Illinois Association of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, the Illinois Prairie State Chiropractic Association, or the Illinois Chiropractic Society to assist the Disciplinary Board in preparing for or conducting any medical competency examination as the Board may deem appropriate.

(Source: P.A. 88-324.) 19

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- 20 (225 ILCS 60/24.1 new)
- 21 Sec. 24.1. Physician profile.
- (a) This Section may be cited as the Patients' Right to 22 23 Know Law.
- 24 (b) The Department shall make available to the public a 25 profile of each physician. The Department shall make this information available through an Internet web site and, if 26 requested, in writing. The physician profile shall contain the 27 28 following information:
- (1) the full name of the physician; 29
- (2) a description of any criminal convictions for 30 felonies and Class A misdemeanors, as determined by the 31 32 Department, within the most recent 5 years. For the purposes of this Section, a person shall be deemed to be 33

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1	conv	ricted	of a	crime	if	he	or	she	ple	aded	guilty	or	if	he
2	was	found	or	adjudg	jed	gui	ilty	, by	a a	cour	rt of	com	pet	ent
3	juri	sdicti	on;											

- (3) a description of any final Department disciplinary actions within the most recent 5 years;
- (4) a description of any final disciplinary actions by licensing boards in other states within the most recent 5 years;
- a description of revocation or involuntary restriction of hospital privileges for reasons related to competence or character that have been taken by the hospital's governing body or any other official of the hospital after procedural due process has been afforded, or the resignation from or nonrenewal of medical staff membership or the restriction of privileges at a hospital taken in lieu of or in settlement of a pending disciplinary case related to competence or character in that hospital. Only cases which have occurred within the most recent 5 years shall be disclosed by the Department to the public;
- (6) all medical malpractice court judgments and all medical malpractice arbitration awards in which a payment was awarded to a complaining party during the most recent 5 years and all settlements of medical malpractice claims in which a payment was made to a complaining party within the most recent 5 years. A medical malpractice judgment or award that has been appealed shall be identified prominently as "Under Appeal" on the profile within 20 days of formal written notice to the Department. Information concerning all settlements shall be accompanied by the following statement: "Settlement of a claim may occur for a variety of reasons which do not necessarily reflect negatively on the professional competence or conduct of the physician. A payment in settlement of a medical malpractice action or claim should not be construed as creating a

1	presumption that medical malpractice has occurred."
2	Nothing in this subdivision (6) shall be construed to limit
3	or prevent the Disciplinary Board from providing further
4	explanatory information regarding the significance of
5	categories in which settlements are reported. Pending
6	malpractice claims shall not be disclosed by the Department
7	to the public. Nothing in this subdivision (6) shall be
8	construed to prevent the Disciplinary Board from
9	investigating and the Department from disciplining a
10	physician on the basis of medical malpractice claims that
11	are pending;
12	(7) names of medical schools attended, dates of
13	attendance, and date of graduation;
14	(8) graduate medical education;
15	(9) specialty board certification. The toll-free
16	number of the American Board of Medical Specialties shall
17	be included to verify current board certification status;
18	(10) number of years in practice and locations;
19	(11) names of the hospitals where the physician has
20	privileges;
21	(12) appointments to medical school faculties and
22	indication as to whether a physician has a responsibility
23	for graduate medical education within the most recent 5
24	years;
25	(13) information regarding publications in
26	peer-reviewed medical literature within the most recent 5
27	years;
28	(14) information regarding professional or community
29	service activities and awards;
30	(15) the location of the physician's primary practice
31	setting;
32	(16) identification of any translating services that
33	may be available at the physician's primary practice
34	<pre>location;</pre>

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- (c) The Disciplinary Board shall provide individual physicians with a copy of their profiles prior to release to the public. A physician shall be provided 60 days to correct factual inaccuracies that appear in such profile.
- 7 (d) A physician may elect to have his or her profile omit certain information provided pursuant to subdivisions (12) 8 through (14) of subsection (b) concerning academic 9 10 appointments and teaching responsibilities, publication in peer-reviewed journals and professional and community service 11 awards. In collecting information for such profiles and in 12 disseminating the same, the Disciplinary Board shall inform 13 physicians that they may choose not to provide such information 14 required pursuant to subdivisions (12) through (14) of 15 16 subsection (b).
- (e) The Department shall promulgate such rules as it deems 17 necessary to accomplish the requirements of this Section. 18
- 19 (225 ILCS 60/36) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-36)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2007)
 - Sec. 36. Upon the motion of either the Department or the Disciplinary Board or upon the verified complaint in writing of any person setting forth facts which, if proven, would constitute grounds for suspension or revocation under Section 22 of this Act, the Department shall investigate the actions of any person, so accused, who holds or represents that they hold a license. Such person is hereinafter called the accused.
 - The Department shall, before suspending, revoking, placing on probationary status, or taking any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper with regard to any license at least 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify the accused in writing of any charges made and the time and place for a hearing of the charges before the Disciplinary Board,

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direct them to file their written answer thereto to the 1 2 Disciplinary Board under oath within 20 days after the service 3 on them of such notice and inform them that if they fail to file such answer default will be taken against them and their 4 5 license may be suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or have other disciplinary action, including limiting 6 7 the scope, nature or extent of their practice, as

Department may deem proper taken with regard thereto.

Where a physician has been found, upon complaint investigation of the Department, and after hearing, to have performed an abortion procedure in a wilful and wanton manner upon a woman who was not pregnant at the time such abortion procedure was performed, the Department shall automatically revoke the license of such physician to practice medicine in Illinois.

Such written notice and any notice in such proceedings thereafter may be served by delivery of the same, personally, to the accused person, or by mailing the same by registered or certified mail to the address last theretofore specified by the accused in their last notification to the Department.

All information gathered by the Department during its investigation including information subpoenaed under Section 23 or 38 of this Act and the investigative file shall be kept use of for the confidential the Secretary Disciplinary Board, the Medical Coordinators, persons employed by contract to advise the Medical Coordinator or Department, the Disciplinary Board's attorneys, the medical investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff, provided in this Act and shall be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except that the Department may disclose information and documents to a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation. Furthermore, information

- and documents disclosed to a federal, State, or local law 1
- 2 enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the
- 3 investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense.
- (Source: P.A. 90-699, eff. 1-1-99.) 4
- 5 Section 320. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by adding
- 6 Section 27.10 as follows:
- 7 (705 ILCS 105/27.10 new)
- Sec. 27.10. Secretary of Financial and Professional 8
- Regulation. Each clerk of the circuit court shall provide to 9
- the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation such 10
- information as the Secretary of Financial and Professional 11
- 12 Regulation requests under Section 155.19 of the Illinois
- 13 Insurance Code.
- 14 ARTICLE 9. MISCELLANEOUS
- Section 995. Inseverability. The provisions of this Act are 15
- 16 mutually dependent and inseverable. If any provision is held
- 17 invalid, then this entire Act, including all new and amendatory
- provisions, is invalid. 18
- Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 19
- 20 becoming law.".