94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

SB1938

Introduced 2/25/2005, by Sen. Richard J. Winkel, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

755 ILCS 60/2.5 new

Amends the Organ Donation Request Act. Provides that if a person authorized under the Act to consent to the donation of a decedent's organs is not immediately available for an organ procurement agency to make a request for such consent, the hospital may use organ preservation equipment and techniques to maintain the viability of the decedent's organs. Provides that neither a decedent's estate nor a relative or guardian of a decedent may be required to pay for any costs associated with organ preservation. Provides that a hospital that initiates organ preservation measures must bear all costs associated with the organ preservation if (i) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent, (ii) a person authorized to consent to the donation of the decedent's organs cannot be located within a reasonable time, or (iii) a person authorized to consent does not consent.

LRB094 11486 LCB 42431 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1

AN ACT concerning estates.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Organ Donation Request Act is amended by
adding Section 2.5 as follows:

6 (755 ILCS 60/2.5 new)

7 <u>Sec. 2.5. Organ preservation.</u>

8 (a) If a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to an organ donation is not immediately available 9 for an organ procurement agency to make the request required by 10 subsection (a) of Section 2, the hospital may use organ 11 preservation equipment and techniques, including ventilators 12 and in situ flushing and cooling equipment, to maintain the 13 viability of the decedent's organs in order to preserve the 14 15 option of family members and other authorized persons to consider donation. 16

17 (b) If a hospital initiates the preservation of a decedent's organs pursuant to subsection (a), the hospital 18 19 shall use all available means to locate a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to the donation of the 20 decedent's organs. If a person authorized to give such consent 21 cannot be located within a time period deemed reasonable by a 22 designated medical professional, or declines to give such 23 consent, the hospital shall discontinue the organ preservation 24 25 measures.

26 (c) A hospital shall fully disclose to a person authorized 27 by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to the donation of a 28 decedent's organs the organ preservation techniques or 29 preservation equipment, if any, used by the hospital pursuant 30 to this Section.

31 (d) In the absence of gross negligence or willful 32 misconduct, any person employed or authorized by a hospital to SB1938

1	use organ preservation techniques pursuant to subsection (a)
2	shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability in
3	connection with taking the medically necessary steps to
4	preserve a decedent's organs during the search for, or
5	consultation with, a person authorized by subsection (b) of
6	Section 2 to consent to the donation of the decedent's organs.
7	(e) Neither a decedent nor relative or quardian of a
8	decedent shall be required to pay any costs associated with
9	organ preservation pursuant to this Section.
10	(f) A hospital that initiates organ preservation pursuant
11	to subsection (a) shall bear all costs associated with the
1 0	
12	organ preservation if:
12	organ preservation if: (1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent;
13	(1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent;
13 14	(1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent; (2) a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2
13 14 15	(1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent; (2) a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to the donation of the decedent's organs cannot
13 14 15 16	(1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent; (2) a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to the donation of the decedent's organs cannot be located within a time period deemed reasonable by a
13 14 15 16 17	(1) the recipient of the preserved organ is indigent; (2) a person authorized by subsection (b) of Section 2 to consent to the donation of the decedent's organs cannot be located within a time period deemed reasonable by a designated medical professional; or