1 AN ACT concerning firearms.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is
- 5 amended by changing the title of the Act and Sections 1, 1.1,
- 6 2, 3, and 3.1 as follows:
- 7 (430 ILCS 65/Act title)
- 8 An Act relating to the acquisition, possession and transfer
- 9 of firearms, and firearm ammunition, stun guns, and tasers, to
- 10 provide a penalty for the violation thereof and to make an
- 11 appropriation in connection therewith.
- 12 (430 ILCS 65/1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-1)
- Sec. 1. It is hereby declared as a matter of legislative
- determination that in order to promote and protect the health,
- safety and welfare of the public, it is necessary and in the
- 16 public interest to provide a system of identifying persons who
- are not qualified to acquire or possess firearms $_{\boldsymbol{L}}$  and firearm
- ammunition, stun guns, and tasers within the State of Illinois
- 19 by the establishment of a system of Firearm Owner's
- 20 Identification Cards, thereby establishing a practical and
- 21 workable system by which law enforcement authorities will be
- 22 afforded an opportunity to identify those persons who are
- 23 prohibited by Section 24--3.1 of the "Criminal Code of 1961",
- 24 as amended, from acquiring or possessing firearms and firearm
- ammunition and who are prohibited by this Act from acquiring
- 26 <u>stun guns and tasers</u>.
- 27 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 2600.)
- 28 (430 ILCS 65/1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-1.1)
- Sec. 1.1. For purposes of this Act:
- "Counterfeit" means to copy or imitate, without legal

authority, with intent to deceive.

"Firearm" means any device, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosion, expansion of gas or escape of gas; excluding, however:

- (1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, paint ball gun or B-B gun which either expels a single globular projectile not exceeding .18 inch in diameter and which has a maximum muzzle velocity of less than 700 feet per second or breakable paint balls containing washable marking colors;
- (2) any device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission;
- (3) any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition; and
- (4) an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun) which, although designed as a weapon, the Department of State Police finds by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design, and other characteristics is primarily a collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon.

"Firearm ammunition" means any self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable to use in a firearm; excluding, however:

- (1) any ammunition exclusively designed for use with a device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; and
- (2) any ammunition designed exclusively for use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar industrial ammunition.
- "Stun gun or taser" has the meaning ascribed to it in

  Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-414, eff. 1-1-02.)

- 1 (430 ILCS 65/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-2)
- Sec. 2. Firearm Owner's Identification Card required;

  exceptions.
  - (a) (1) No person may acquire or possess any firearm, stungun, or taser within this State without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of this Act.
  - (2) No person may acquire or possess firearm ammunition within this State without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of this Act.
  - (b) The provisions of this Section regarding the possession of firearms, and firearm ammunition, stun guns, and tasers do not apply to:
    - (1) United States Marshals, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
    - (2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
    - (3) Federal officials required to carry firearms, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
    - (4) Members of bona fide veterans organizations which receive firearms directly from the armed forces of the United States, while using the firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition;
    - (5) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times and in all other places these persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
    - (6) Those hunters exempt from obtaining a hunting license who are required to submit their Firearm Owner's Identification Card when hunting on Department of Natural Resources owned or managed sites;

- (7) Nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range recognized by the Department of State Police; however, these persons must at all other times and in all other
- places have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (8) Nonresidents while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Department of State Police; however, at all other times and in all other places these persons must
- (9) Nonresidents whose firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a case;

have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

- (10) Nonresidents who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state;
- (11) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor if the parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
- (12) Color guards of bona fide veterans organizations or members of bona fide American Legion bands while using firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition;
- (13) Nonresident hunters whose state of residence does not require them to be licensed or registered to possess a firearm and only during hunting season, with valid hunting licenses, while accompanied by, and using a firearm owned by, a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card and while in an area within a commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code where hunting is permitted and controlled, but in no instance upon sites owned or managed by the Department of Natural Resources;
- (14) Resident hunters who are properly authorized to hunt and, while accompanied by a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, hunt in an area within a commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code where hunting is permitted and controlled; and

- (15) A person who is otherwise eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act and is under the direct supervision of a holder of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card who is 21 years of age or older while the person is on a firing or shooting range or is a participant in a firearms safety and training course recognized by a law enforcement agency or a national, statewide shooting sports organization.
- (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the acquisition and possession of firearms, and firearm ammunition, stun guns, and tasers do not apply to law enforcement officials of this or any other jurisdiction, while engaged in the operation of their official duties.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 91-694, eff. 4-13-00; 92-839, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 15 (430 ILCS 65/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3)
  - Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in Section 3a, no person may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm, or any firearm ammunition, stun gun, or taser to any person within this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card which has previously been issued in his name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of this Act. In addition, all firearm, stun gun, and taser transfers by federally licensed firearm dealers are subject to Section 3.1.
  - (b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes to be transferred any firearm, stun gun, or taser shall keep a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the date of transfer. Such record shall contain the date of the transfer; the description, serial number or other information identifying the firearm, stun gun, or taser if no serial number is available; and, if the transfer was completed within this State, the transferee's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number. On demand of a peace officer such transferor shall produce for inspection such record of transfer.
    - (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the transfer

- 1 of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those persons
- 2 specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 92-442, eff. 8-17-01.)
- 4 (430 ILCS 65/3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3.1)
- 5 Sec. 3.1. Dial up system. The Department of State Police
- 6 shall provide a dial up telephone system which shall be used by
- 7 any federally licensed firearm dealer who is to transfer a
- 8 firearm, stun gun, or taser under the provisions of this Act.
- 9 The Department of State Police shall utilize existing
- 10 technology which allows the caller to be charged a fee
- 11 equivalent to the cost of providing this service but not to
- 12 exceed \$2. Fees collected by the Department of State Police
- shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and used
- 14 to provide the service.
- Upon receiving a request from a federally licensed firearm
- dealer, the Department of State Police shall immediately
- approve, or within the time period established by Section 24-3
- 18 of the Criminal Code of 1961 regarding the delivery of
- 19 firearms, stun guns, and tasers notify the inquiring dealer of
- 20 any objection that would disqualify the transferee from
- 21 acquiring or possessing a firearm, stun gun, or taser. In
- 22 conducting the inquiry, the Department of State Police shall
- 23 initiate and complete an automated search of its criminal
- 24 history record information files and those of the Federal
- 25 Bureau of Investigation, including the National Instant
- 26 Criminal Background Check System, and of the files of the
- 27 Department of Human Services relating to mental health and
- developmental disabilities to obtain any felony conviction or
- 29 patient hospitalization information which would disqualify a
- 30 person from obtaining or require revocation of a currently
- 31 valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- 32 The Department of State Police must act as the Illinois
- 33 Point of Contact for the National Instant Criminal Background
- 34 Check System.
- 35 The Department of State Police shall promulgate rules to

1 implement this system.

- 2 (Source: P.A. 91-399, eff. 7-30-99.)
- 3 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 4 changing Section 24-3 as follows:
- 5 (720 ILCS 5/24-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3)
- 6 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful Sale of Firearms.
- 7 (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of 8 firearms when he or she knowingly does any of the following:
  - (a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age.
    - (b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent.
      - (c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict.
    - (d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction.
    - (e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years.
    - (f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded.
    - (g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, or a stungun or taser, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun, or a stungun or taser for at least 24 hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph (g) does not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a

firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his or her employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; (2) a mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; (3) the sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of State Police; or (4) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923).

- (h) While holding any license as a dealer, importer, manufacturer or pawnbroker under the federal Gun Control Act of 1968, manufactures, sells or delivers to any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and (2) "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which such a firearm can be assembled.
- (i) Sells or gives a firearm of any size to any person under 18 years of age who does not possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (j) Sells or gives a firearm while engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail without being licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). In this paragraph (j):

A person "engaged in the business" means a person who devotes time, attention, and labor to engaging in the activity as a regular course of trade or business with the principal objective of livelihood and profit, but does not

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include a person who makes occasional repairs of firearms or who occasionally fits special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms.

"With the principal objective of livelihood and profit" means that the intent underlying the sale or disposition of firearms is predominantly one of obtaining livelihood and pecuniary gain, as opposed to other intents, such as improving or liquidating a personal firearms collection; however, proof of profit shall not be required as to a person who engages in the regular and repetitive purchase and disposition of firearms for criminal purposes or terrorism.

- (k) Sells or transfers ownership of a firearm to a person who does not display to the seller or transferor of currently valid the firearm а Firearm Owner's Identification Card that has previously been issued in the transferee's name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. This paragraph (k) does not apply to the transfer of a firearm to a person who is exempt from the requirement of possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. For the purposes of this Section, a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card means (i) a Firearm Owner's Identification Card that has not expired or (ii) if the transferor is licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923), an approval number issued in accordance with Section 3.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act shall be proof that the Firearm Owner's Identification Card was valid.
- (B) Paragraph (h) of subsection (A) does not include firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of Public Act 78-355 (approved August 21, 1973, effective October 1, 1973), nor is any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment of

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Public Act 78-355 subject to confiscation or seizure under the provisions of that Public Act. Nothing in Public Act 78-355 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 months after the enactment of that Public Act.

## (C) Sentence.

- (1) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of any of paragraphs (c) through (h) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony.
- (2) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (b) or (i) of subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.
- (3) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) of subsection (A) commits a Class 2 felony.
- (4) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 5 years and no more than 15

years.

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- (5) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A) in residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.
- (6) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (j) of subsection (A) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
- (7) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent conviction for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) is a Class 1 felony.
- (D) For purposes of this Section:
- "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.
  - "School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.
- 34 (E) A prosecution for a violation of paragraph (k) of 35 subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 6 years 36 after the commission of the offense. A prosecution for a

- 1 violation of this Section other than paragraph (g) of
- 2 subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 5 years
- 3 after the commission of the offense defined in the particular
- 4 paragraph.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 93-162, eff. 7-10-03; 93-906, eff. 8-11-04.)