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1

AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
amended by changing Section 103-5 as follows:

- 6 (725 ILCS 5/103-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 103-5)
- 7

Sec. 103-5. Speedy trial.)

(a) Every person in custody in this State for an alleged 8 offense shall be tried by the court having jurisdiction within 9 120 days from the date he was taken into custody unless delay 10 is occasioned by the defendant, by an examination for fitness 11 ordered pursuant to Section 104-13 of this Act, by a fitness 12 hearing, by an adjudication of unfitness to stand trial, by a 13 14 continuance allowed pursuant to Section 114-4 of this Act after 15 a court's determination of the defendant's physical incapacity for trial, or by an interlocutory appeal. Delay shall be 16 17 considered to be agreed to by the defendant unless he or she 18 objects to the delay by making a written demand for trial or an 19 oral demand for trial on the record. The provisions of this 20 subsection (a) do not apply to a person on bail or recognizance 21 for an offense but who is in custody for a violation of his or 22 her parole or mandatory supervised release for another offense.

The 120-day term must be one continuous period of incarceration. In computing the 120-day term, separate periods of incarceration may not be combined. If a defendant is taken into custody a second (or subsequent) time for the same offense, the term will begin again at day zero.

(b) Every person on bail or recognizance shall be tried by the court having jurisdiction within 160 days from the date defendant demands trial unless delay is occasioned by the defendant, by an examination for fitness ordered pursuant to Section 104-13 of this Act, by a fitness hearing, by an SB2684 Enrolled - 2 - LRB094 18675 RLC 54486 b

adjudication of unfitness to stand trial, by a continuance allowed pursuant to Section 114-4 of this Act after a court's determination of the defendant's physical incapacity for trial, or by an interlocutory appeal. The defendant's failure to appear for any court date set by the court operates to waive the defendant's demand for trial made under this subsection.

For purposes of computing the 160 day period under this 7 subsection (b), every person who was in custody for an alleged 8 9 offense and demanded trial and is subsequently released on bail or recognizance and demands trial, shall be given credit for 10 11 time spent in custody following the making of the demand while 12 in custody. Any demand for trial made under this subsection (b) shall be in writing; and in the case of a defendant not in 13 custody, the demand for trial shall include the date of any 14 prior demand made under this provision while the defendant was 15 16 in custody.

17 (c) If the court determines that the State has exercised without success due diligence to obtain evidence material to 18 19 the case and that there are reasonable grounds to believe that 20 such evidence may be obtained at a later day the court may continue the cause on application of the State for not more 21 than an additional 60 days. If the court determines that the 22 23 State has exercised without success due diligence to obtain results of DNA testing that is material to the case and that 24 25 there are reasonable grounds to believe that such results may 26 be obtained at a later day, the court may continue the cause on 27 application of the State for not more than an additional 120 28 days.

(d) Every person not tried in accordance with subsections
(a), (b) and (c) of this Section shall be discharged from
custody or released from the obligations of his bail or
recognizance.

(e) If a person is simultaneously in custody upon more than one charge pending against him in the same county, or simultaneously demands trial upon more than one charge pending against him in the same county, he shall be tried, or adjudged SB2684 Enrolled - 3 - LRB094 18675 RLC 54486 b

1 guilty after waiver of trial, upon at least one such charge 2 before expiration relative to any of such pending charges of 3 the period prescribed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 4 Section. Such person shall be tried upon all of the remaining 5 charges thus pending within 160 days from the date on which 6 judgment relative to the first charge thus prosecuted is rendered pursuant to the Unified Code of Corrections or, if 7 8 such trial upon such first charge is terminated without 9 judgment and there is no subsequent trial of, or adjudication of guilt after waiver of trial of, such first charge within a 10 11 reasonable time, the person shall be tried upon all of the remaining charges thus pending within 160 days from the date on 12 13 which such trial is terminated; if either such period of 160 14 days expires without the commencement of trial of, or 15 adjudication of guilt after waiver of trial of, any of such 16 remaining charges thus pending, such charge or charges shall be 17 dismissed and barred for want of prosecution unless delay is occasioned by the defendant, by an examination for fitness 18 19 ordered pursuant to Section 104-13 of this Act, by a fitness 20 hearing, by an adjudication of unfitness for trial, by a continuance allowed pursuant to Section 114-4 of this Act after 21 a court's determination of the defendant's physical incapacity 22 23 for trial, or by an interlocutory appeal; provided, however, that if the court determines that the State has exercised 24 without success due diligence to obtain evidence material to 25 26 the case and that there are reasonable grounds to believe that 27 such evidence may be obtained at a later day the court may 28 continue the cause on application of the State for not more 29 than an additional 60 days.

(f) Delay occasioned by the defendant shall temporarily suspend for the time of the delay the period within which a person shall be tried as prescribed by subsections (a), (b), or (e) of this Section and on the day of expiration of the delay the said period shall continue at the point at which it was suspended. Where such delay occurs within 21 days of the end of the period within which a person shall be tried as prescribed SB2684 Enrolled - 4 - LRB094 18675 RLC 54486 b

by subsections (a), (b), or (e) of this Section, the court may continue the cause on application of the State for not more than an additional 21 days beyond the period prescribed by subsections (a), (b), or (e). This subsection (f) shall become effective on, and apply to persons charged with alleged offenses committed on or after, March 1, 1977.

7 (Source: P.A. 90-705, eff. 1-1-99; 91-123, eff. 1-1-00.)

8 Section 10. The County Jail Act is amended by changing9 Section 5 as follows:

10 (730 ILCS 125/5) (from Ch. 75, par. 105)

11 Sec. 5. Costs of maintaining prisoners.

12 (a) Except as provided in subsections subsection (b) and (c), all costs of maintaining persons committed for violations 13 14 of Illinois law, shall be the responsibility of the county. 15 Except as provided in subsection (b), all costs of maintaining persons committed under any ordinance or resolution of a unit 16 including medical costs, is 17 government, of local the 18 responsibility of the unit of local government enacting the ordinance or resolution, and arresting the person. 19

(b) If a person who is serving a term of mandatory 20 supervised release for has been convicted of a felony and has 21 violated mandatory supervised release for that felony is 22 incarcerated in a county jail pending the resolution of the 23 violation of mandatory supervised release, the Illinois 24 25 Department of Corrections shall pay the county in which that 26 jail is located one-half of the cost of incarceration, as calculated by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget 27 28 and the county's chief financial officer, for each day that the 29 person remains in the county jail after notice of the incarceration is given to the Illinois Department 30 of Corrections by the county, provided that (i) the Illinois 31 Department of Corrections has issued a warrant for an alleged 32 33 violation of mandatory supervised release by the person; (ii) if the person is incarcerated on a new charge, unrelated to the 34

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offense for which he or she is on mandatory supervised release, 1 2 there has been a court hearing at which bail has been set on the new charge; (iii) the county has notified the Illinois 3 Department of Corrections that the person is incarcerated in 4 5 the county jail, which notice shall not be given until the bail hearing has concluded, if the person is incarcerated on a new 6 charge; and (iv) the person remains incarcerated in the county 7 jail for more than 48 hours after the notice has been given to 8 9 the Department of Corrections by the county. Calculation of the per diem cost shall be agreed upon prior to the passage of the 10 11 annual State budget.

12 (c) If a person who is serving a term of mandatory supervised release is incarcerated in a county jail, following 13 an arrest on a warrant issued by the Illinois Department of 14 Corrections, solely for violation of a condition of mandatory 15 16 supervised release and not on any new charges for a new 17 offense, then the Illinois Department of Corrections shall pay the medical costs incurred by the county in securing treatment 18 for that person, for any injury or condition other than one 19 20 arising out of or in conjunction with the arrest of the person or resulting from the conduct of county personnel, while he or 21 she remains in the county jail on the warrant issued by the 22 23 Illinois Department of Corrections.

24 (Source: P.A. 94-678, eff. 1-1-06.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.