95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

HB0366

Introduced 1/26/2007, by Rep. Jack D. Franks

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 105/3b new 35 ILCS 120/2-75 new

Amends the Use Tax Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that no tax is imposed under the Acts upon the privilege of using in this State (for the Use Tax Act) or persons engaged in the business of selling at retail (for the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act) qualified merchandise that is purchased from 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August through midnight of the Sunday that follows 9 days later. Defines "qualified merchandise" as any article of clothing or footwear or computer that is sold at or below certain selling prices. Sets forth criteria for transactions to qualify for the exemption. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by adding Section 3b 5 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 105/3b new)

7 <u>Sec. 3b. Back-To-School Tax Holiday.</u>

8 <u>(a) No tax is imposed under this Act upon the privilege of</u> 9 <u>using, in this State, qualified merchandise that is purchased</u> 10 <u>at retail from a retailer if the qualified merchandise is</u> 11 purchased during the holiday period.

12 (b) For the purpose of this Section:

13 <u>"Holiday period" means the period from 12:01 a.m. on the</u> 14 <u>first Friday in August through midnight of the Sunday that</u> 15 follows 9 days later.

16 <u>"Qualified merchandise" means:</u>

17 <u>(1) an article of clothing or footwear that is</u> 18 <u>purchased for a selling price of \$200 or less; and</u>

19 (2) a computer that is purchased for a selling price of
 20 \$3,000 or less.

21 <u>"Clothing or footwear" means an article of apparel designed</u>
22 <u>to be worn about the human body. The term does not include</u>
23 accessories such as jewelry, handbags, purses, briefcases,

1 luggage, wallets, watches, and similar items that are carried 2 on or about the human body, without regard to whether the item 3 is worn on the body in a manner that is characteristic of 4 clothing.

"Computer" means a central processing unit for personal use 5 plus any peripheral sold with it and any computer software 6 7 installed in it at the time of purchase. The term "computer" 8 includes desktop computers, laptop computers, hand-held 9 computers, and personal digital assistants. The term 10 "computer" does not include any device designed primarily for 11 video game applications. The term "peripheral" includes any 12 monitor, keyboard, printer, scanner, web/PC camera, microphone, external drive, network card, internal drive, and 13 14 additional storage.

15 <u>(c) For purpose of this Section, a "purchase" occurs during</u> 16 <u>the tax holiday if the buyer places an order and pays the</u> 17 <u>purchase price by cash or credit during the tax holiday period</u> 18 <u>regardless of whether the delivery of the item occurs after the</u> 19 tax holiday period.

An item of qualified merchandise that is placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan during the holiday period is not eligible for the exemption unless the item is delivered to the purchaser during the period. An item that was placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan before the holiday period and is then delivered to the purchaser during the holiday period is eligible for the exemption.

1	(d) Any discount, coupon, or other credit offered either by
2	the retailer or by a vendor of the retailer to reduce the final
3	price to the customer must be taken into account in determining
4	the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday.
5	If the price of an item is free or reduced with the purchase of
6	another item, then the total price of the items may not be
7	averaged in order for both items to qualify for the holiday.
8	The amount of any rebate may not be considered when
9	determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of
10	this holiday.
11	(e) Articles that are normally sold as a unit must continue
12	to be sold in that manner; they may not be priced separately
13	and sold as individual items in order to be subject to the
14	holiday. For example, if a pair of shoes sells for \$220, the
15	pair cannot be split in order to sell each shoe for \$110 to
16	qualify for the holiday. If a uniform is normally priced at
17	\$250 on a single price tag, the uniform cannot be split into
18	separate articles so that any of the components may be sold for
19	less than \$200 in order to qualify for the holiday. Components
20	that are normally priced as separate articles, however, may
21	continue to be sold as separate articles.
22	(f) Qualified merchandise that customers purchase during
23	the holiday period with the use of a rain check qualify for the
24	holiday regardless of when the rain check was issued. The

26 does not qualify merchandise for the exemption if the

issuance of a rain check, however, during the holiday period

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1 merchandise is actually purchased after the holiday period.

2 <u>(g) If a customer purchases an item of qualified</u> 3 <u>merchandise during the holiday period but later exchanges the</u> 4 <u>item for a substantially similar item of a different size,</u> 5 <u>different color, or other feature, then no additional tax is</u> 6 due even if the exchange is made after the holiday period.

7 If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise 8 during the holiday period, but after the holiday period has 9 ended, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the 10 purchase of a different item, then the newly purchased item is 11 subject to the full tax rate.

12 If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise 13 before the holiday period, but during the holiday period, the 14 customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase 15 of a different item of qualified merchandise, then the newly 16 purchased item is subject to the exemption.

17 (h) Each unit of local government that imposes a use tax 18 may, by resolution or ordinance, declare a tax holiday with 19 respect to its use tax for the same items, during the same 20 periods, and under the same conditions and is encouraged to do 21 so.

22 Section 10. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by 23 adding Section 2-75 as follows:

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(35 ILCS 120/2-75 new)

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1	Sec. 2-75. Back-To-School Tax Holiday.
2	(a) No tax is imposed under this Act upon persons engaged
3	in the business of selling, at retail, qualified merchandise if
4	the qualified merchandise is purchased during the holiday
5	period.
6	(b) For the purpose of this Section:
7	"Holiday period" means the period from 12:01 a.m. on the
8	first Friday in August through midnight of the Sunday that
9	follows 9 days later.
10	"Qualified merchandise" means:
11	(1) an article of clothing or footwear that is
12	purchased for a selling price of \$200 or less; and
13	(2) a computer that is purchased for a selling price of
14	\$3,000 or less.
15	"Clothing or footwear" means an article of apparel designed
16	to be worn about the human body. The term does not include
17	accessories such as jewelry, handbags, purses, briefcases,
18	luggage, wallets, watches, and similar items that are carried
19	on or about the human body, without regard to whether the item
20	is worn on the body in a manner that is characteristic of
21	<u>clothing.</u>
22	"Computer" means a central processing unit for personal use
23	plus any peripheral sold with it and any computer software
24	installed in it at the time of purchase. The term "computer"
25	includes desktop computers, laptop computers, hand-held
26	computers, and personal digital assistants. The term

"computer" does not include any device designed primarily for 1 2 video game applications. The term "peripheral" includes any 3 monitor, keyboard, printer, scanner, web/PC camera, 4 microphone, external drive, network card, internal drive, and 5 additional storage. (c) For purpose of this Section, a "purchase" occurs during 6 7 the tax holiday if the buyer places an order and pays the 8 purchase price by cash or credit during the tax holiday period 9 regardless of whether the delivery of the item occurs after the 10 tax holiday period. 11 An item of qualified merchandise that is placed in a 12 layaway or similar deferred plan during the holiday period is not eligible for the exemption unless the item is delivered to 13 14 the purchaser during the period. An item that was placed in a 15 layaway or similar deferred plan before the holiday period and 16 is then delivered to the purchaser during the holiday period is eligible for the exemption. 17 (d) Any discount, coupon, or other credit offered either by 18 19 the retailer or by a vendor of the retailer to reduce the final 20 price to the customer must be taken into account in determining 21 the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday. 22 If the price of an item is free or reduced with the purchase of 23 another item, then the total price of the items may not be 24 averaged in order for both items to qualify for the holiday. 25 The amount of any rebate may not be considered when 26 determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of

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1 this holiday.

2 (e) Articles that are normally sold as a unit must continue 3 to be sold in that manner; they may not be priced separately 4 and sold as individual items in order to be subject to the 5 holiday. For example, if a pair of shoes sells for \$220, the 6 pair cannot be split in order to sell each shoe for \$110 to qualify for the holiday. If a uniform is normally priced at 7 \$250 on a single price tag, the uniform cannot be split into 8 9 separate articles so that any of the components may be sold for 10 less than \$200 in order to qualify for the holiday. Components 11 that are normally priced as separate articles, however, may 12 continue to be sold as separate articles.

13 (f) Qualified merchandise that customers purchase during 14 the holiday period with the use of a rain check qualify for the 15 holiday regardless of when the rain check was issued. The 16 issuance of a rain check, however, during the holiday period 17 does not qualify merchandise for the exemption if the 18 merchandise is actually purchased after the holiday period.

19 (g) If a customer purchases an item of qualified 20 merchandise during the holiday period but later exchanges the 21 item for a substantially similar item of a different size, 22 different color, or other feature, then no additional tax is 23 due even if the exchange is made after the holiday period.

If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise during the holiday period, but after the holiday period has ended, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the - 8 - LRB095 05249 BDD 25326 b

purchase of a different item, then the newly purchased item is subject to the full tax rate.

3 If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise 4 before the holiday period, but during the holiday period, the 5 customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase 6 of a different item of qualified merchandise, then the newly 7 purchased item is subject to the exemption.

8 <u>(h) Each unit of local government that imposes a retailers'</u> 9 <u>occupation tax may, by resolution or ordinance, declare a tax</u> 10 <u>holiday with respect to its use tax for the same items, during</u> 11 <u>the same periods, and under the same conditions and is</u> 12 <u>encouraged to do so.</u>

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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