1 AN ACT concerning elections.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 1A-8, 2A-1.1, 7-8, 8-4, and 9-10 as follows:
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/1A-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-8)
  - Sec. 1A-8. The State Board of Elections shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties in addition to any powers or duties otherwise provided for by law:
    - (1) Assume all duties and responsibilities of the State Electoral Board and the Secretary of State as heretofore provided in this Act;
    - (2) Disseminate information to and consult with election authorities concerning the conduct of elections and registration in accordance with the laws of this State and the laws of the United States;
    - (3) Furnish to each election authority prior to each primary and general election and any other election it deems necessary, a manual of uniform instructions consistent with the provisions of this Act which shall be used by election authorities in the preparation of the official manual of instruction to be used by the judges of election in any such election. In preparing such manual,

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the State Board shall consult with representatives of the election authorities throughout the State. The State Board may provide separate portions of the uniform instructions applicable to different election jurisdictions which administer elections under different options provided by law. The State Board may by regulation require particular portions of the uniform instructions to be included in any official manual of instructions published by election authorities. Any manual of instructions published by any election authority shall be identical with the manual of uniform instructions issued by the Board, but may be adapted by the election authority to accommodate special or unusual local election problems, provided that all manuals published by election authorities must be consistent with the provisions of this Act in all respects and must receive the approval of the State Board of Elections prior to publication; provided further that if the State Board does not approve or disapprove of a proposed manual within 60 days of its submission, the manual shall be deemed approved.

- (4) Prescribe and require the use of such uniform forms, notices, and other supplies not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as it shall deem advisable which shall be used by election authorities in the conduct of elections and registrations;
  - (5) Prepare and certify the form of ballot for any

proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Illinois, or any referendum to be submitted to the electors throughout the State or, when required to do so by law, to the voters of any area or unit of local government of the State;

- (6) Require such statistical reports regarding the conduct of elections and registration from election authorities as may be deemed necessary;
- (7) Review and inspect procedures and records relating to conduct of elections and registration as may be deemed necessary, and to report violations of election laws to the appropriate State's Attorney;
- (8) Recommend to the General Assembly legislation to improve the administration of elections and registration;
- (9) Adopt, amend or rescind rules and regulations in the performance of its duties provided that all such rules and regulations must be consistent with the provisions of this Article 1A or issued pursuant to authority otherwise provided by law;
- (10) Determine the validity and sufficiency of petitions filed under Article XIV, Section 3, of the Constitution of the State of Illinois of 1970;
- (11) Maintain in its principal office a research library that includes, but is not limited to, abstracts of votes by precinct for general primary elections and general elections, current precinct maps and current precinct poll

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lists from all election jurisdictions within the State. The research library shall be open to the public during regular business hours. Such abstracts, maps and lists shall be preserved as permanent records and shall be available for examination and copying at a reasonable cost;

- (12) Supervise the administration of the registration and election laws throughout the State;
- (13) Obtain from the Department of Central Management Services, under Section 405-250 of the Department of Central Management Services Law (20 ILCS 405/405-250), such use of electronic data processing equipment as may be required to perform the duties of the State Board of Elections and to provide election-related information to candidates, public and party officials, interested civic organizations and the general public in a timely and efficient manner; and
- (14) To take such action as may be necessary or required to give effect to directions of the national committee or State central committee of an established political party under Sections 7-8, 7-11 and 7-14.1 or such other provisions as may be applicable pertaining to the selection of delegates and alternate delegates to an political party's national established nominating conventions or, notwithstanding anv candidate certification schedule contained within the Election Code, the certification of the Presidential and Vice

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candidate selected bv 1 Presidential the established 2 political party's national nominating convention in 2004.

The Board may by regulation delegate any of its duties or functions under this Article, except that final determinations and orders under this Article shall be issued only by the Board.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, Minority Leader and t.he Clerk of the House Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of "An Act to revise the law in relation to the General Assembly", approved February 25, 1874, as amended, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-686, eff. 7-8-04.) 18

19 (10 ILCS 5/2A-1.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 2A-1.1)

> Sec. 2A-1.1. All Elections - Consolidated Schedule. (a) In even-numbered years, the general election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November; and an election to be known as the general primary election shall be held on the first third Tuesday in February March;

(b) In odd-numbered years, an election to be known as the

- consolidated election shall be held on the first Tuesday in 1
- 2 April except as provided in Section 2A-1.1a of this Act; and an
- 3 election to be known as the consolidated primary election shall
- be held on the last Tuesday in February. 4
- (Source: P.A. 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.) 5
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/7-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-8)
- 7 Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed of
- 8 one or two members from each congressional district in the
- State and shall be elected as follows: 9
- 10 State Central Committee
- 11 (a) Within 30 days after the effective date of this
- 12 amendatory Act of 1983 the State central committee of each
- political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections 1.3
- 14 which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the
- State central committee of that party. 15
- 16 Alternative A. At the primary held on the third Tuesday in
- March 1970, and at the general primary election held every 4 17
- years thereafter, each primary elector may vote for one 18
- candidate of his party for member of the State central 19
- 20 committee for the congressional district in which he resides.
- 21 The candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be
- 22 declared elected State central committeeman from the district.
- 23 A political party may, in lieu of the foregoing, by a majority
- 24 vote of delegates at any State convention of such party,
- determine to thereafter elect the State central committeemen in 25

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the manner following:

At the county convention held by such political party State central committeemen shall be elected in the same manner as provided in this Article for the election of officers of the county central committee, and such election shall follow the election of officers of the county central committee. Each elected ward, township or precinct committeeman shall cast as his vote one vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his political party. In the case of a county lying partially within one congressional district and partially within another congressional district, each ward, township or precinct committeeman shall vote only with respect to the congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a township or precinct is located. In the case of a congressional district which encompasses more than one county, each ward, precinct committeeman residing within township or congressional district shall cast as his vote one vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his political party for one candidate of his party for member of the State central committee for the congressional district in which he resides and the Chairman of the county central committee shall report the results of the election to the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall certify the candidate receiving the highest number of votes elected

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State central committeeman for that congressional district. 1

The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election of members of the State central committee.

After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chairman of a State central committee, or at the end of the term of office of Chairman, the State central committee of each political party that has selected Alternative A shall elect a Chairman who shall not be required to be a member of the State Central Committee. The Chairman shall be a registered voter in this State and of the same political party as the State central committee.

Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, within 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a person of the sex opposite that of the incumbent member for that congressional district to serve as an additional member of the State central committee until his or her successor is elected at the general primary election in 1986. Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section. In each congressional district at the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, the male candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's male candidates for State central committeeman, and the female candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's

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female candidates for State central committeewoman, shall be declared elected State central committeeman and State central committeewoman from the district. At the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, if all a party's candidates for State central committeemen or State central committeewomen from a congressional district are of the same sex, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected a State central committeeman or State central committeewoman from the district, and, because of a failure to elect one male and one female to the committee, a vacancy shall be declared to exist in the office of the second member of the State central committee from the district. This vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the congressional committee of the political party, and the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional district and of the sex opposite that of the committeeman or committeewoman elected at the general primary election. Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section.

The Chairman of a State central committee composed as provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the committee's members.

Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect to the selection of the Chairman of the State central committee, under both of the foregoing alternatives, the State central committee of each political party shall be composed of members elected or

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appointed from the several congressional districts of State, and of no other person or persons whomsoever. The members of the State central committee shall, within 41 days after each quadrennial election of the full committee, meet in the city of Springfield and organize by electing a chairman, and may at such time elect such officers from among their own number (or otherwise), as they may deem necessary or expedient. The outgoing chairman of the State central committee of the party shall, 10 days before the meeting, notify each member of the State central committee elected at the primary of the time and place of such meeting. In the organization and proceedings of the State central committee, each State central committeeman and State central committeewoman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her congressional district by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the State central committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State central committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the chairmen of the county central committees of the political party of the counties located within the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs and, if applicable, the ward and township committeemen of the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants located congressional district. If the congressional within the district in which the vacancy occurs lies wholly within a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the ward and township

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committeemen of the political party in that congressional 1 2 district shall vote to fill the vacancy. In voting to fill the vacancy, each chairman of a county central committee and each 3 ward and township committeeman in counties of 2,000,000 or more 5 inhabitants shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each precinct of the congressional district in which the vacancy 6 7 exists of his or her county, township, or ward cast by the 8 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election 9 immediately preceding the meeting to fill the vacancy in the 10 State central committee. The person appointed to fill the 11 vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional district in 12 which the vacancy occurs, shall be a qualified voter, and, in a committee composed as provided in Alternative B, shall be of 13 14 the same sex as his or her predecessor. A political party may, 15 by a majority vote of the delegates of any State convention of 16 such party, determine to return to the election of State 17 central committeeman and State central committeewoman by the vote of primary electors. Any action taken by a political party 18 at a State convention in accordance with this Section shall be 19 20 reported to the State Board of Elections by the chairman and secretary of such convention within 10 days after such action. 21

Ward, Township and Precinct Committeemen

(b) At the primary held on the third Tuesday in March, 1972, and at the general primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in cities having a population of 200,000 or over may vote for one candidate of his party in

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his ward for ward committeeman. Each candidate for ward committeeman must be a resident of and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such ward committeeman of such party for such ward. At the primary election held on the third Tuesday in March, 1970, and at the general primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more, outside of cities containing a population of 200,000 or more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township committeeman. Each candidate for township committeeman must be a resident of and in the township or part of a township (which lies outside of a city having a population of 200,000 or more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to be elected township committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such township committeeman of such party for such township or part of a township. At the primary held on the third Tuesday in March, 1970 and at the general primary election every 2 years thereafter, each primary elector, except in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or over, may vote for one candidate of his party in his precinct for precinct committeeman. Each candidate for precinct committeeman must be a bona fide resident of the precinct where he seeks to be elected precinct committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such precinct committeeman of such

shall show the name of the committeeman of each political

3 party.

Terms of Committeemen. All precinct committeemen elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as such committeemen until the date of the primary to be held in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise provided in this Section for certain State central committeemen who have 2 year terms, all State central committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen shall continue as such committeemen until the date of primary to be held in the fourth year after their election. However, a vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeman when a precinct committeeman ceases to reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such precinct committeeman shall thereafter neither have nor exercise any rights, powers or duties as committeeman in that precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or appointed.

(c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist of the precinct committeemen of such party, in the multi-township assessing district formed pursuant to Section 2-10 of the Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. In the organization and proceedings of the Multi-Township Central Committee each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of

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his party at the primary at which he was elected.

County Central Committee

(d) The county central committee of each political party in each county shall consist of the various township committeemen, precinct committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of such party in the county. In the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected; each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of county central committee; and in the organization proceedings of the county central committee, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the county central committee.

Cook County Board of Review Election District Committee

(d-1) Each board of review election district committee of each political party in Cook County shall consist of the various township committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of that party in the portions of the county composing the board of

review election district. In the organization and proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her township or part of a township, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review election district committee; and in the organization and proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her ward or part of that ward, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review election district committee.

### Congressional Committee

(e) The congressional committee of each party in each congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties composing the congressional district, except that in congressional districts wholly within the territorial limits of one county, or partly within 2 or more counties, but not coterminous with the county lines of all of such counties, the precinct committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of the party representing the precincts within the limits of the congressional district, shall compose the congressional committee. A State central committeeman in each district shall be a member and the chairman or, when a district has 2 State

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central committeemen, a co-chairman of the congressional 1 2 committee, but shall not have the right to vote except in case of a tie. 3

In the organization and proceedings of congressional committees composed of precinct committeemen or township committeemen or ward committeemen, or any combination thereof, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the the congressional committee, and meeting of each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each precinct of his ward located in such congressional district by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional in the organization and proceedings committee; and congressional committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional committee.

Judicial District Committee

(f) The judicial district committee of each political party

1 in each judicial district shall be composed of the chairman of

the county central committees of the counties composing the

3 judicial district.

In the organization and proceedings of judicial district committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial district committee.

## Circuit Court Committee

(g) The circuit court committee of each political party in each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties composing the judicial circuit.

In the organization and proceedings of circuit court committees, each chairman of a county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court committee.

# Judicial Subcircuit Committee

(g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each political party in each judicial subcircuit in a judicial circuit divided into subcircuits shall be composed of (i) the ward and township committeemen of the townships and wards composing the judicial

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subcircuit in Cook County and (ii) the precinct committeemen of the precincts composing the judicial subcircuit in any county other than Cook County.

In the organization and proceedings of each judicial subcircuit committee, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct or part of a precinct, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; and each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee.

### Municipal Central Committee

(h) The municipal central committee of each political party shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward committeemen, as the case may be, of such party representing the precincts or wards, embraced in such city, incorporated town or village. The voting strength of each precinct, township or ward committeeman on the municipal central committee shall

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be the same as his voting strength on the county central

For political parties, other than a statewide political party, established only within a municipality or township, the municipal or township managing committee shall be composed of the party officers of the local established party. The party 7 officers of a local established party shall be as follows: the chairman and secretary of the caucus for those municipalities and townships authorized by statute to nominate candidates by caucus shall serve as party officers for the purpose of filling vacancies in nomination under Section 7-61; for municipalities and townships authorized by statute or ordinance to nominate candidates by petition and primary election, the party officers shall be the party's candidates who are nominated at the primary. If no party primary was held because of the provisions

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officers.

(i) Each committee and its officers shall have the powers usually exercised by such committees and by the officers thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article. The several committees herein provided for shall not have power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any other person, officer or committee, but this shall not be construed to prevent a committee from appointing from its own membership

of Section 7-5, vacancies in nomination shall be filled by the

party's remaining candidates who shall serve as the party's

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- (j) The State central committee of a political party which elects it members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the delegate selection rules of the national political party and file a copy of such plan with the State Board of Elections when approved by a national political party.
- (k) For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State central committeeman or committeewoman at meetings of the State central committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section, the proxy shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and township committeemen, if any, of the wards and townships which lie entirely or partially within the Congressional District from which the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman was elected and the vote of the chairmen of the county central committees of those counties which lie entirely or partially within that Congressional District and in which there are no ward or township committeemen. When voting for such proxy the county chairman, ward committeeman or township committeeman, as the case may be shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county, ward or township, or portion thereof within the Congressional District, by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected. However, the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman may designate a proxy

- when permitted by the rules of a political party which elects
- 2 its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this
- 3 Section.
- 4 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person is
- 5 ineligible to hold the position of committeeperson in any
- 6 committee established pursuant to this Section if he or she is
- 7 statutorily ineligible to vote in a general election because of
- 8 conviction of a felony. When a committeeperson is convicted of
- 9 a felony, the position occupied by that committeeperson shall
- 10 automatically become vacant.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 93-541, eff. 8-18-03; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03;
- 12 93-847, eff. 7-30-04; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 13 (10 ILCS 5/8-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-4)
- 14 Sec. 8-4. The A primary shall be held on the third Tuesday
- 15 in March of each even numbered year for the nomination of
- 16 candidates for legislative offices shall be made at the general
- 17 primary election.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 82-750.)
- 19 (10 ILCS 5/9-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-10)
- Sec. 9-10. Financial reports.
- 21 (a) The treasurer of every state political committee and
- 22 the treasurer of every local political committee shall file
- 23 with the Board, and the treasurer of every local political
- 24 committee shall file with the county clerk, reports of campaign

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contributions, and semi-annual reports of campaign contributions and expenditures on forms to be prescribed or approved by the Board. The treasurer of every political committee that acts as both a state political committee and a local political committee shall file a copy of each report with the State Board of Elections and the county clerk. Entities subject to Section 9-7.5 shall file reports required by that Section at times provided in this Section and are subject to the penalties provided in this Section.

(b) This subsection does not apply with respect to general primary elections. Reports of campaign contributions shall be filed no later than the 15th day next preceding each election including a primary election in connection with which the political committee has accepted or is accepting contributions or has made or is making expenditures. Such reports shall be complete as of the 30th day next preceding each election including a primary election. The Board shall assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a violation of this subsection, except that for State officers and candidates and political committees formed for statewide office, the civil penalty may not exceed \$10,000. The fine, however, shall not exceed \$500 for a first filing violation for filing less than 10 days after the deadline. There shall be no fine if the report is mailed and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the filing deadline. For the purpose of this subsection, "statewide office" and "State officer" means the Governor, Lieutenant

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Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer. However, a continuing political committee that does not make expenditures in excess of \$500 on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate or public question on the ballot at an election shall not be required to file the reports heretofore prescribed in this subsection (b) and subsection in lieu thereof a Statement file (b-5) but may Nonparticipation in the Election with the Board or the Board and the county clerk; except that if the political committee, by the terms of its statement of organization filed in accordance with this Article, is organized to support or oppose a candidate or public question on the ballot at the next election or primary, that committee must file reports required by this subsection (b) and by subsection (b-5).

(b-5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) and Section 1.25 of the Statute on Statutes, any contribution of more than \$500 received (i) with respect to elections other than the general primary election, in the interim between the last date of the period covered by the last report filed under subsection (b) prior to the election and the date of the election or (ii) with respect to general primary elections, in the period beginning January 1 of the year of the general primary election and prior to the date of the general primary election shall be filed with and must actually be received by the State Board of Elections within 2 business days after receipt of such contribution. A continuing political committee

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that does not support or oppose a candidate or public question on the ballot at a general primary election and does not make expenditures in excess of \$500 on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate or public question on the ballot at the general primary election shall not be required to file the report prescribed in this subsection unless the committee makes an expenditure in excess of \$500 on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate or public question on the ballot at the general primary election. The committee shall timely file the report required under this subsection beginning with the date the expenditure that triggered participation was made. The State Board shall allow filings of reports of contributions of more than \$500 under this subsection (b-5) by political committees that are not required to file electronically to be made by facsimile transmission. For the purpose of this subsection, a contribution is considered received on the date the public official, candidate, or political committee (or equivalent person in the case of a reporting entity other than a political committee) actually receives it or, in the case of goods or services, 2 business days after the date the public official, candidate, committee, or other reporting entity receives the certification required under subsection (b) of Section 9-6. Failure to report each contribution is a separate violation of this subsection. In the final disposition of any matter by the Board on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the Board may impose fines for

- 1 violations of this subsection not to exceed 100% of the total
- 2 amount of the contributions that were untimely reported, but in
- 3 no case when a fine is imposed shall it be less than 10% of the
- 4 total amount of the contributions that were untimely reported.
- 5 When considering the amount of the fine to be imposed, the
- 6 Board shall consider, but is not limited to, the following
- 7 factors:
- 8 (1) whether in the Board's opinion the violation was
- 9 committed inadvertently, negligently, knowingly, or
- 10 intentionally;
- 11 (2) the number of days the contribution was reported
- 12 late; and
- 13 (3) past violations of Sections 9-3 and 9-10 of this
- 14 Article by the committee.
- 15 (c) In addition to such reports the treasurer of every
- political committee shall file semi-annual reports of campaign
- 17 contributions and expenditures no later than July 20th 31st,
- 18 covering the period from January 1st through June 30th
- immediately preceding, and no later than January 20th 31st,
- 20 covering the period from July 1st through December 31st of the
- 21 preceding calendar year. Reports of contributions and
- 22 expenditures must be filed to cover the prescribed time periods
- even though no contributions or expenditures may have been
- 24 received or made during the period. The Board shall assess a
- 25 civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a violation of this
- 26 subsection, except that for State officers and candidates and

and Treasurer.

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- political committees formed for statewide office, the civil 1 2 penalty may not exceed \$10,000. The fine, however, shall not exceed \$500 for a first filing violation for filing less than 3 10 days after the deadline. There shall be no fine if the 4 5 report is mailed and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the 6 filing deadline. For the purpose of this subsection, "statewide 7 office" and "State officer" means the Governor, Lieutenant 8 Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller,
- 10 (c-5) A political committee that acts as either (i) a State 11 and local political committee or (ii) a local political 12 committee and that files reports electronically under Section 9-28 is not required to file copies of the reports with the 13 14 appropriate county clerk if the county clerk has a system that 15 permits access to, and duplication of, reports that are filed 16 with the State Board of Elections. A State and local political 17 committee or a local political committee shall file with the county clerk a copy of its statement of organization pursuant 18 to Section 9-3. 19
- 20 (d) A copy of each report or statement filed under this Article shall be preserved by the person filing it for a period 21 22 of two years from the date of filing.
- (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 23
- 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 24
- 25 Section 10. The General Assembly Compensation Act is

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amended by changing Section 4 as follows:

2 (25 ILCS 115/4) (from Ch. 63, par. 15.1)

Sec. 4. Office allowance. Beginning July 1, 2001, each member of the House of Representatives is authorized to approve the expenditure of not more than \$61,000 per year and each member of the Senate is authorized to approve the expenditure of not more than \$73,000 per year to pay for "personal services", "contractual services", "commodities", "printing", "travel", "operation of automotive equipment", "telecommunications services", as defined in the State Finance Act, and the compensation of one or more legislative assistants authorized pursuant to this Section, in connection with his or her legislative duties and not in connection with any political campaign. On July 1, 2002 and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the amount authorized per year under this Section for each member of the Senate and each member of the House of Representatives shall be increased by a percentage increase equivalent to the lesser of (i) the increase in the designated cost of living index or (ii) 5%. The designated cost of living index is the index known as the "Employment Cost Index, Wages and Salaries, By Occupation and Industry Groups: State and Local Government Workers: Public Administration" as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor for the calendar year immediately preceding the year of the respective July 1st increase date. The increase shall be

added to the then current amount, and the adjusted amount so determined shall be the annual amount beginning July 1 of the

increase year until July 1 of the next year. No increase under

this provision shall be less than zero.

A member may purchase office equipment if the member certifies to the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House, as applicable, that the purchase price, whether paid in lump sum or installments, amounts to less than would be charged for renting or leasing the equipment over its anticipated useful life. All such equipment must be purchased through the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House, as applicable, for proper identification and verification of purchase.

Each member of the General Assembly is authorized to employ one or more legislative assistants, who shall be solely under the direction and control of that member, for the purpose of assisting the member in the performance of his or her official duties. A legislative assistant may be employed pursuant to this Section as a full-time employee, part-time employee, or contractual employee, at the discretion of the member. If employed as a State employee, a legislative assistant shall receive employment benefits on the same terms and conditions that apply to other employees of the General Assembly. Each member shall adopt and implement personnel policies for legislative assistants under his or her direction and control relating to work time requirements, documentation for

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those legislative assistants who may be eligible to receive

those benefits. The policies shall also require legislative

assistants to periodically submit time sheets documenting, in

quarter-hour increments, the time spent each day on official

State business. The policies shall require the time sheets to

be submitted on paper, electronically, or both and to be

maintained in either paper or electronic format by the

applicable fiscal office for a period of at least 2 years.

Contractual employees may satisfy the time sheets requirement

by complying with the terms of their contract, which shall

provide for a means of compliance with this requirement. A

member may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph by

adopting and implementing the personnel policies promulgated

16 by that member's legislative leader under the State Officials

and Employees Ethics Act with respect to that member's

legislative assistants.

As used in this Section the term "personal services" shall include contributions of the State under the Federal Insurance Contribution Act and under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code. As used in this Section the term "contractual services" shall not include improvements to real property unless those improvements are the obligation of the lessee under the lease agreement. Beginning July 1, 1989, as used in the Section, the term "travel" shall be limited to travel in connection with a

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member's legislative duties and not in connection with any political campaign. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, as used in this Section, the term "printing" includes, but is not limited to, newsletters, brochures, certificates, congratulatory mailings, greeting or welcome messages, anniversary or birthday cards, and congratulations for prominent achievement cards. As used in "printing" includes this Section, the term fees non-substantive resolutions charged by the Clerk of the House of Representatives under subsection (c-5) of Section 1 of the Legislative Materials Act. No newsletter or brochure that is paid for, in whole or in part, with funds provided under this Section may be printed or mailed during a period beginning December 15 February 1 of the year preceding of a general primary election and ending the day after the general primary election and during a period beginning September 1 of the year of a general election and ending the day after the general election, except that such a newsletter or brochure may be mailed during those times if it is mailed to a constituent in response to that constituent's inquiry concerning the needs of that constituent or questions raised by that constituent. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize expenditures for lodging and meals while a member is in attendance at sessions of the General Assembly.

Any utility bill for service provided to a member's district office for a period including portions

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consecutive fiscal years may be paid from funds appropriated 1 2 for such expenditure in either fiscal year.

vacancy occurs in the office of Senator Ιf Representative in the General Assembly, any office equipment in the possession of the vacating member shall transfer to the member's successor; if the successor does not want such equipment, it shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Senate or Clerk of the House of Representatives, as the case may be, and if not wanted by other members of the General Assembly then to the Department of Central Management Services for treatment as surplus property under the State Property Control Act. Each member, on or before June 30th of each year, shall conduct an inventory of all equipment purchased pursuant to this Act. Such inventory shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House, as the case may be. Whenever a vacancy occurs, the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House, as the case may be, shall conduct an inventory of equipment purchased.

In the event that a member leaves office during his or her term, any unexpended or unobligated portion of the allowance granted under this Section shall lapse. The vacating member's successor shall be granted an allowance in an amount, rounded nearest dollar, computed by dividing the annual allowance by 365 and multiplying the quotient by the number of days remaining in the fiscal year.

From any appropriation for the purposes of this Section for

- a fiscal year which overlaps 2 General Assemblies, no more than 1
- 2 1/2 of the annual allowance per member may be spent or
- 3 encumbered by any member of either the outgoing or incoming
- General Assembly, except that any member of the incoming 4
- 5 General Assembly who was a member of the outgoing General
- 6 Assembly may encumber or spend any portion of his annual
- 7 allowance within the fiscal year.
- The appropriation for the annual allowances permitted by 8
- 9 this Section shall be included in an appropriation to the
- 10 President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of
- 11 Representatives for their respective members. The President of
- 12 the Senate and the Speaker of the House shall voucher for
- 13 payment individual members' expenditures from their annual
- 14 office allowances to the State Comptroller, subject to the
- authority of the Comptroller under Section 9 of the State 15
- 16 Comptroller Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- Section 15. The Legislative Commission Reorganization Act 18
- of 1984 is amended by changing Section 9-2.5 as follows: 19
- 20 (25 ILCS 130/9-2.5)
- 21 Sec. 9-2.5. Newsletters and brochures. The Legislative
- 22 Printing Unit may not print for any member of the General
- 23 Assembly any newsletters or brochures during the period
- beginning December 15 February 1 of the year preceding of a 24

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general primary election and ending the day after the general primary election and during a period beginning September 1 of the year of a general election and ending the day after the general election. A member of the General Assembly may not mail, during a period beginning December 15 February 1 of the year preceding of a general primary election and ending the day after the general primary election and during a period beginning September 1 of the year of a general election and ending the day after the general election, any newsletters or brochures that were printed, at any time, by the Legislative Printing Unit, except that such a newsletter or brochure may be mailed during those times if it is mailed to a constituent in response to that constituent's inquiry concerning the needs of that constituent or questions raised by that constituent.

16 Section 20. The School Code is amended by changing Section 33-1 as follows: 17

(Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/33-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 33-1)

> Sec. 33-1. Board of Education - Election - Terms. In all school districts, including special charter districts having a population of 100,000 and not more than 500,000, which adopt Article, as hereinafter provided, there shall maintained a system of free schools in charge of a board of education, which shall be a body politic and corporate by the

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name of "Board of Education of the City of....". The board shall consist of 7 members elected by the voters of the district. Except as provided in Section 33-1b of this Act, the regular election for members of the board shall be held at the consolidated election on the first Tuesday of April in odd numbered years and at the general primary election on the third Tuesday of March in even numbered years. The law governing the registration of voters for the primary election shall apply to the regular election. At the first regular election 7 persons shall be elected as members of the board. The person who receives the greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 5 years. The 2 persons who receive the second and third greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 4 years. The person who receives the fourth greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 3 years. The 2 persons who receive the fifth and sixth greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 2 years. The person who receives the seventh greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 1 year. Thereafter, at each regular election for members of the board, the successors of the members whose terms expire in the year of election shall be elected for a term of 5 years. All terms shall commence on July 1 next succeeding the elections. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the board shall be filled by appointment until the next regular election for members of the board.

In any school district which has adopted this Article, a

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proposition for the election of board members by school board district rather than at large may be submitted to the voters of the district at the regular school election of any year in the manner provided in Section 9-22. If the proposition is approved by a majority of those voting on the propositions, the board shall divide the school district into 7 school board districts as provided in Section 9-22. At the regular school election in the year following the adoption of such proposition, one member shall be elected from each school board district, and the 7 members so elected shall, by lot, determine one to serve for one year, 2 for 2 years, one for 3 years, 2 for 4 years, and one for 5 years. Thereafter their respective successors shall be elected for terms of 5 years. The terms of all incumbent members expire July 1 of the year following the adoption of such a proposition.

Any school district which has adopted this Article may, by referendum in accordance with Section 33-1a, adopt the method of electing members of the board of education provided in that Section.

Reapportionment of the voting districts provided for in this Article or created pursuant to a court order, shall be completed pursuant to Section 33-1c.

A board of education may appoint a student to the board to serve in an advisory capacity. The student member shall serve for a term as determined by the board. The board may not grant the student member any voting privileges, but shall consider

- the student member as an advisor. The student member may not 1
- 2 participate in or attend any executive session of the board.
- (Source: P.A. 94-231, eff. 7-14-05.) 3
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 4
- 5 becoming law.