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1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 4 as follows:

6 (225 ILCS 225/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.304)

Sec. 4. (a) After January 1, 1974, no person or private sewage disposal system contractor may construct, install, modify, repair, maintain, or service a private sewage disposal system or transport and dispose of waste removed therefrom, in such a manner that does not comply with the requirements of this Act and the private sewage disposal code promulgated hereunder by the Department. A person who owns and occupies a family dwelling who constructs, installs, single and maintains, services or cleans the private sewage disposal system which serves his single family residence shall not be required to be licensed under this Act, however, such person shall comply with all other provisions of this Act and the private sewage disposal code promulgated hereunder by the Department.

Any person who constructs, installs, repairs, modifies, or maintains a private sewage disposal system, other than a system which serves his own single family residence, shall be licensed

- by the Department as a Private Sewage System Installation Contractor and any person who cleans or pumps waste from a private sewage disposal system, other than a system which serves his own single family residence, or hauls or disposes of wastes removed therefrom shall be licensed by the Department as a Private Sewage Disposal System Pumping Contractor in accordance with this Act.
 - (b) No new private sewage disposal system shall be installed by any person until drawings, specifications and other information requested by the Department are submitted to and reviewed by the Department and found to comply with the private sewage disposal code, and until approval for the installation of such system is issued by the Department.
 - (c) The licensing requirements of this Act shall not apply to any person who cleans or pumps, hauls or disposes of waste from chemical toilets located in an underground coal mine. This waste shall be (i) transported to and disposed of at a sewage treatment facility permitted by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and located on the mine property, or (ii) stored on-site in a sanitary manner pending removal and subsequent disposal by a licensed private sewage disposal pumping contractor.
 - (d) Every owner of a discharging private sewage disposal system must file a permit application with the Environmental Protection Agency as required under Section 39 of the Environmental Protection Act, unless the surface discharge

- from the private sewage disposal system does not enter waters
- of commerce, the navigable waters of the State, or surface
- 3 <u>waters that are tributary to the navigable waters of the State.</u>
- 4 (Source: P.A. 86-1195.)

- 5 Section 10. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
- 6 changing Section 39 as follows:
- 7 (415 ILCS 5/39) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1039)
- 8 Sec. 39. Issuance of permits; procedures.
- 9 (a) When the Board has by regulation required a permit for 10 the construction, installation, or operation of any type of 11 equipment, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, facility, applicant shall apply to the Agency for such permit and it 12 13 shall be the duty of the Agency to issue such a permit upon 14 proof by the applicant that the facility, equipment, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft will not cause a violation of this Act or 15 regulations hereunder. The Agency shall adopt such 16 17 procedures as are necessary to carry out its duties under this 18 Section. In making its determinations on permit applications under this Section the Agency may consider prior adjudications 19 20 of noncompliance with this Act by the applicant that involved a 21 release of a contaminant into the environment. In granting 22 permits, the Agency may impose reasonable conditions 23 specifically related to the applicant's past compliance

history with this Act as necessary to correct, detect, or

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- prevent noncompliance. The Agency may impose such other 1 2 conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of 3 this Act, and as are not inconsistent with the regulations promulgated by the Board hereunder. Except as otherwise 4 5 provided in this Act, a bond or other security shall not be 6 required as a condition for the issuance of a permit. If the 7 Agency denies any permit under this Section, the Agency shall 8 transmit to the applicant within the time limitations of this 9 Section specific, detailed statements as to the reasons the 10 permit application was denied. Such statements shall include, 11 but not be limited to the following:
- 12 (i) the Sections of this Act which may be violated if 13 the permit were granted;
 - (ii) the provision of the regulations, promulgated under this Act, which may be violated if the permit were granted;
 - (iii) the specific type of information, if any, which the Agency deems the applicant did not provide the Agency; and
 - (iv) a statement of specific reasons why the Act and the regulations might not be met if the permit were granted.

If there is no final action by the Agency within 90 days after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant may deem the permit issued; except that this time period shall be extended to 180 days when (1) notice and opportunity for

public hearing are required by State or federal law or regulation, (2) the application which was filed is for any permit to develop a landfill subject to issuance pursuant to this subsection, or (3) the application that was filed is for a MSWLF unit required to issue public notice under subsection (p) of Section 39. The 90-day and 180-day time periods for the Agency to take final action do not apply to NPDES permit applications under subsection (b) of this Section, to RCRA permit applications under subsection (d) of this Section, or to UIC permit applications under subsection (e) of this Section.

The Agency shall publish notice of all final permit determinations for development permits for MSWLF units and for significant permit modifications for lateral expansions for existing MSWLF units one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the unit is or is proposed to be located.

After January 1, 1994 and until July 1, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution permitted to emit less than 25 tons per year of any combination of regulated air pollutants, as defined in Section 39.5 of this Act, shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and regulations promulgated hereunder. Such operating permits shall expire 180 days after the date of such a request. The Board shall revise its regulations for the existing State air pollution operating permit program

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consistent with this provision by January 1, 1994. 1

After June 30, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution that are not subject to Section 39.5 of this Act and are not required to have a federally enforceable State operating permit shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and its rules. Such operating permits shall expire 180 days after the date of such a request. Before July 1, 1998, the Board shall revise its rules for the existing State air pollution operating permit program consistent with this paragraph and shall adopt rules that require a source to demonstrate that it qualifies for a permit under this paragraph.

(b) The Agency may issue NPDES permits exclusively under this subsection for the discharge of contaminants from point sources into navigable waters, all as defined in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, within the jurisdiction of the State, or into any well.

All NPDES permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act.

The Agency may issue general NPDES permits for discharges from categories of point sources which are subject to the same permit limitations and conditions. Such general permits may be issued without individual applications and shall conform to 1 regulations promulgated under Section 402 of the Federal Water

- 2 Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended.
- 3 The Agency may include, among such conditions, effluent
- 4 limitations and other requirements established under this Act,
- 5 Board regulations, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as
- 6 now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and
- 7 schedules for achieving compliance therewith at the earliest
- 8 reasonable date.
- 9 The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures
- which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of NPDES
- 11 permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations
- 12 adopted by the Board, and with the Federal Water Pollution
- 13 Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations
- 14 pursuant thereto.
- The Agency, subject to any conditions which may be
- 16 prescribed by Board regulations, may issue NPDES permits to
- 17 allow discharges beyond deadlines established by this Act or by
- 18 regulations of the Board without the requirement of a variance,
- 19 subject to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or
- 20 hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.
- 21 (b-5) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act or any rule
- adopted by the Agency in accordance with this Act, every owner
- of a discharging private sewage disposal system with surface
- 24 discharge that enters waters of commerce, the navigable waters
- of the State, or surface waters that are tributary to the
- 26 navigable waters of the State must file a permit application

with the Agency to allow coverage of the system under the

blanket NPDES permit of the State.

(c) Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, no permit for the development or construction of a new pollution control facility may be granted by the Agency unless the applicant submits proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved by the County Board of the county if in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the municipality when in an incorporated area, in which the facility is to be located in accordance with Section 39.2 of this Act.

In the event that siting approval granted pursuant to Section 39.2 has been transferred to a subsequent owner or operator, that subsequent owner or operator may apply to the Agency for, and the Agency may grant, a development or construction permit for the facility for which local siting approval was granted. Upon application to the Agency for a development or construction permit by that subsequent owner or operator, the permit applicant shall cause written notice of the permit application to be served upon the appropriate county board or governing body of the municipality that granted siting approval for that facility and upon any party to the siting proceeding pursuant to which siting approval was granted. In that event, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the subsequent owner or operator's prior experience in waste

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1 management operations in the manner conducted under subsection
2 (i) of Section 39 of this Act.

Beginning August 20, 1993, if the pollution control facility consists of a hazardous or solid waste disposal facility for which the proposed site is located in an unincorporated area of a county with a population of less than 100,000 and includes all or a portion of a parcel of land that was, on April 1, 1993, adjacent to a municipality having a population of less than 5,000, then the local siting review required under this subsection (c) in conjunction with any permit applied for after that date shall be performed by the governing body of that adjacent municipality rather than the county board of the county in which the proposed site is located; and for the purposes of that local siting review, any references in this Act to the county board shall be deemed to the governing body of that adjacent municipality; provided, however, that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any proposed site which was, on April 1, 1993, owned in whole or in part by another municipality.

In the case of a pollution control facility for which a development permit was issued before November 12, 1981, if an operating permit has not been issued by the Agency prior to August 31, 1989 for any portion of the facility, then the Agency may not issue or renew any development permit nor issue an original operating permit for any portion of such facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that the

location of the facility has been approved by the appropriate 1

county board or municipal governing body pursuant to Section

39.2 of this Act. 3

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After January 1, 1994, if a solid waste disposal facility, any portion for which an operating permit has been issued by the Agency, has not accepted waste disposal for 5 or more consecutive calendars years, before that facility may accept any new or additional waste for disposal, the owner and operator must obtain a new operating permit under this Act for that facility unless the owner and operator have applied to the Agency for a permit authorizing the temporary suspension of waste acceptance. The Agency may not issue a new operation permit under this Act for the facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved or re-approved by the appropriate county board or municipal governing body under Section 39.2 of this Act after the facility ceased accepting waste.

Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, and except for new pollution control facilities governed by Section 39.2, and except for fossil fuel mining facilities, the granting of a permit under this Act shall not relieve the applicant from meeting and securing all necessary zoning approvals from the unit of government having zoning jurisdiction over the proposed facility.

Before beginning construction on any new sewage treatment

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plant or sludge drying site to be owned or operated by a sanitary district organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act for which a new permit (rather than the renewal or amendment of an existing permit) is required, such sanitary district shall hold a public hearing within the municipality within which the proposed facility is to be located, or within the nearest community if the proposed facility is to be located within an unincorporated area, at which information concerning the proposed facility shall be made available to the public, and members of the public shall be given the opportunity to express their views concerning the proposed facility.

The Agency may issue a permit for a municipal waste transfer station without requiring approval pursuant Section 39.2 provided that the following demonstration is made:

- the municipal waste transfer station was existence on or before January 1, 1979 and was in continuous operation from January 1, 1979 to January 1, 1993;
- (2) the operator submitted a permit application to the Agency to develop and operate the municipal waste transfer station during April of 1994;
- (3) the operator can demonstrate that the county board of the county, if the municipal waste transfer station is in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the municipality, if the station is in an incorporated area,

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does not object to resumption of the operation of the station; and

- (4) the site has local zoning approval.
- (d) The Agency may issue RCRA permits exclusively under this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste as defined under this Act.

All RCRA permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions standards and requirements established under this other Act, Board regulations, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and may include schedules for achieving compliance therewith as soon as possible. The Agency shall require that a performance bond or other security be provided as a condition for the issuance of a RCRA permit.

In the case of a permit to operate a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator as defined in subsection (k) of Section 44, the Agency shall require, as a condition of the permit, that the operator of the facility perform such analyses of the waste to be incinerated as may be necessary and appropriate to ensure the safe operation of the incinerator.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of RCRA

adopted by the Board, and with the Resource Conservation and

Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and regulations

pursuant thereto.

The applicant shall make available to the public for inspection all documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.

(e) The Agency may issue UIC permits exclusively under this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for the underground injection of contaminants as defined under this Act.

All UIC permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions standards and other requirements established under this Act, Board regulations, the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 93-523), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and may include schedules for achieving compliance therewith. The Agency shall require that a performance bond or other security be provided

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1 as a condition for the issuance of a UIC permit.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of UIC permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 93-523), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

The applicant shall make available to the public for inspection, all documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.

- (f) In making any determination pursuant to Section 9.1 of this Act:
 - The Agency shall have authority to make determination of any question required to be determined by the Clean Air Act, as now or hereafter amended, this Act, or the regulations of the Board, including the determination of the Lowest Achievable Emission Rate, Maximum Achievable Control Technology, or Best Available Control consistent Technology, with the Board's regulations, if any.
- (2) The Agency shall, after conferring with the

applicant, give written notice to the applicant of its proposed decision on the application including the terms and conditions of the permit to be issued and the facts, conduct or other basis upon which the Agency will rely to support its proposed action.

- (3) Following such notice, the Agency shall give the applicant an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of Sections 10-25 through 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- (g) The Agency shall include as conditions upon all permits issued for hazardous waste disposal sites such restrictions upon the future use of such sites as are reasonably necessary to protect public health and the environment, including permanent prohibition of the use of such sites for purposes which may create an unreasonable risk of injury to human health or to the environment. After administrative and judicial challenges to such restrictions have been exhausted, the Agency shall file such restrictions of record in the Office of the Recorder of the county in which the hazardous waste disposal site is located.
- (h) A hazardous waste stream may not be deposited in a permitted hazardous waste site unless specific authorization is obtained from the Agency by the generator and disposal site owner and operator for the deposit of that specific hazardous waste stream. The Agency may grant specific authorization for disposal of hazardous waste streams only after the generator

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1 has reasonably demonstrated that, considering technological 2 feasibility and economic reasonableness, the hazardous waste cannot be reasonably recycled for reuse, nor incinerated or 3 chemically, physically or biologically treated so as 5 neutralize the hazardous waste and render it nonhazardous. In granting authorization under this Section, the Agency may 6 7 impose such conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and are consistent with this Act and 8 9 regulations promulgated by the Board hereunder. If the Agency refuses to grant authorization under this 10 Section, 11 applicant may appeal as if the Agency refused to grant a 12 permit, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 13 40 of this Act. For purposes of this subsection (h), the term "generator" has the meaning given in Section 3.205 of this Act, 14 15 unless: (1) the hazardous waste is treated, incinerated, or 16 partially recycled for reuse prior to disposal, in which case 17 the last person who treats, incinerates, or partially recycles the hazardous waste prior to disposal is the generator; or (2) 18 19 the hazardous waste is from a response action, in which case 20 the person performing the response action is the generator. This subsection (h) does not apply to any hazardous waste that 21 22 is restricted from land disposal under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.

(i) Before issuing any RCRA permit, any permit for a waste storage site, sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste transfer station, waste treatment facility, waste incinerator, or any waste-transportation operation, or any permit or interim

- (1) repeated violations of federal, State, or local laws, regulations, standards, or ordinances in the operation of waste management facilities or sites or clean construction or demolition debris fill operation facilities or sites; or
- (2) conviction in this or another State of any crime which is a felony under the laws of this State, or conviction of a felony in a federal court; or conviction in this or another state or federal court of any of the following crimes: forgery, official misconduct, bribery, perjury, or knowingly submitting false information under any environmental law, regulation, or permit term or condition; or
- (3) proof of gross carelessness or incompetence in handling, storing, processing, transporting or disposing of waste or clean construction or demolition debris, or proof of gross carelessness or incompetence in using clean construction or demolition debris as fill.

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- (i-5) Before issuing any permit or approving any interim authorization for a clean construction or demolition debris fill operation in which any ownership interest is transferred between January 1, 2005, and the effective date of the prohibition set forth in Section 22.52 of this Act, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the operation if any previous activities at the site or facility may have caused or allowed contamination of the site. It shall be the responsibility of owner or operator seeking the permit or interim authorization to provide to the Agency all of the information necessary for the Agency to conduct its evaluation. The Agency may deny a permit or interim authorization if previous activities at the site may have caused or allowed contamination at the site, unless such contamination is authorized under any permit issued by the Agency.
- (j) The issuance under this Act of a permit to engage in the surface mining of any resources other than fossil fuels shall not relieve the permittee from its duty to comply with any applicable local law regulating the commencement, location or operation of surface mining facilities.
- (k) A development permit issued under subsection (a) of Section 39 for any facility or site which is required to have a permit under subsection (d) of Section 21 shall expire at the end of 2 calendar years from the date upon which it was issued, unless within that period the applicant has taken action to develop the facility or the site. In the event that review of

1 the conditions of the development permit is sought pursuant to

Section 40 or 41, or permittee is prevented from commencing

development of the facility or site by any other litigation

beyond the permittee's control, such two-year period shall be

deemed to begin on the date upon which such review process or

6 litigation is concluded.

- (1) No permit shall be issued by the Agency under this Act for construction or operation of any facility or site located within the boundaries of any setback zone established pursuant to this Act, where such construction or operation is prohibited.
- (m) The Agency may issue permits to persons owning or operating a facility for composting landscape waste. In granting such permits, the Agency may impose such conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, and as are not inconsistent with applicable regulations promulgated by the Board. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a bond or other security shall not be required as a condition for the issuance of a permit. If the Agency denies any permit pursuant to this subsection, the Agency shall transmit to the applicant within the time limitations of this subsection specific, detailed statements as to the reasons the permit application was denied. Such statements shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - (1) the Sections of this Act that may be violated if the permit were granted;

1 (2)

- (2) the specific regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act that may be violated if the permit were granted;
- (3) the specific information, if any, the Agency deems the applicant did not provide in its application to the Agency; and
- (4) a statement of specific reasons why the Act and the regulations might be violated if the permit were granted.

If no final action is taken by the Agency within 90 days after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant may deem the permit issued. Any applicant for a permit may waive the 90 day limitation by filing a written statement with the Agency.

The Agency shall issue permits for such facilities upon receipt of an application that includes a legal description of the site, a topographic map of the site drawn to the scale of 200 feet to the inch or larger, a description of the operation, including the area served, an estimate of the volume of materials to be processed, and documentation that:

- (1) the facility includes a setback of at least 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply well;
- (2) the facility is located outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or the site will be floodproofed;
- (3) the facility is located so as to minimize incompatibility with the character of the surrounding area, including at least a 200 foot setback from any residence, and in the case of a facility that is developed

or the permitted composting area of which is expanded after November 17, 1991, the composting area is located at least 1/8 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on the same property as the facility);

- (4) the design of the facility will prevent any compost material from being placed within 5 feet of the water table, will adequately control runoff from the site, and will collect and manage any leachate that is generated on the site;
- (5) the operation of the facility will include appropriate dust and odor control measures, limitations on operating hours, appropriate noise control measures for shredding, chipping and similar equipment, management procedures for composting, containment and disposal of non-compostable wastes, procedures to be used for terminating operations at the site, and recordkeeping sufficient to document the amount of materials received, composted and otherwise disposed of; and
- (6) the operation will be conducted in accordance with any applicable rules adopted by the Board.

The Agency shall issue renewable permits of not longer than 10 years in duration for the composting of landscape wastes, as defined in Section 3.155 of this Act, based on the above requirements.

The operator of any facility permitted under this subsection (m) must submit a written annual statement to the

- 1 Agency on or before April 1 of each year that includes an
- 2 estimate of the amount of material, in tons, received for
- 3 composting.
- 4 (n) The Agency shall issue permits jointly with the
- 5 Department of Transportation for the dredging or deposit of
- 6 material in Lake Michigan in accordance with Section 18 of the
- 7 Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Act.
- 8 (o) (Blank.)
- 9 (p) (1) Any person submitting an application for a permit
- 10 for a new MSWLF unit or for a lateral expansion under
- 11 subsection (t) of Section 21 of this Act for an existing MSWLF
- 12 unit that has not received and is not subject to local siting
- approval under Section 39.2 of this Act shall publish notice of
- 14 the application in a newspaper of general circulation in the
- 15 county in which the MSWLF unit is or is proposed to be located.
- The notice must be published at least 15 days before submission
- of the permit application to the Agency. The notice shall state
- 18 the name and address of the applicant, the location of the
- 19 MSWLF unit or proposed MSWLF unit, the nature and size of the
- 20 MSWLF unit or proposed MSWLF unit, the nature of the activity
- 21 proposed, the probable life of the proposed activity, the date
- the permit application will be submitted, and a statement that
- 23 persons may file written comments with the Agency concerning
- the permit application within 30 days after the filing of the
- 25 permit application unless the time period to submit comments is
- extended by the Agency.

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- When a permit applicant submits information to the Agency
 to supplement a permit application being reviewed by the
 Agency, the applicant shall not be required to reissue the
 notice under this subsection.
 - (2) The Agency shall accept written comments concerning the permit application that are postmarked no later than 30 days after the filing of the permit application, unless the time period to accept comments is extended by the Agency.
- 9 (3) Each applicant for a permit described in part (1) of 10 this subsection shall file a copy of the permit application 11 with the county board or governing body of the municipality in 12 which the MSWLF unit is or is proposed to be located at the 13 same time the application is submitted to the Agency. The 14 permit application filed with the county board or governing 15 body of the municipality shall include all documents submitted 16 to or to be submitted to the Agency, except trade secrets as 17 determined under Section 7.1 of this Act. The application and other documents on file with the county board 18 19 or governing body of the municipality shall be made available 20 for public inspection during regular business hours at the office of the county board or the governing body of the 21 22 municipality and may be copied upon payment of the actual cost 23 of reproduction.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 93-575, eff. 1-1-04; 94-272, eff. 7-19-05;
- 25 94-725, eff. 6-1-06.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

becoming law. 1