# 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

# 2007 and 2008

#### HB1285

Introduced 2/20/2007, by Rep. Angelo Saviano

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Changes the short title to the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 and makes conforming changes in various other Acts. Adds provisions to the Act requiring the licensure of fingerprint vendors (persons that offer, advertise, or provide services to fingerprint individuals, through electronic or other means, for the purpose of providing fingerprint images and associated demographic data to the Department of State Police for processing fingerprint based criminal history record information inquiries). Preempts home rule powers. Effective immediately.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

AN ACT concerning regulation.

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2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing
Section 4.24 as follows:

Sec. 4.24. Acts repealed on January 1, 2014. The following
Acts are repealed on January 1, 2014:

9 The Electrologist Licensing Act.

(5 ILCS 80/4.24)

10 The Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of 1984.

11 The Illinois Occupational Therapy Practice Act.

12 The Illinois Public Accounting Act.

13 The Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, 14 <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Act of 2004.

The Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical
 Technologist Title Protection Act.

The Veterinary Medicine and Surgery Practice Act of 2004.
(Source: P.A. 92-457, eff. 8-21-01; 92-750, eff. 1-1-03; 93-280, eff. 7-1-04; 93-281, eff. 12-31-03; 93-438, eff. 8-5-03; 93-460, eff. 8-8-03; 93-461, eff. 8-8-03; revised 10-29-04.)

Section 10. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by

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1 changing Section 3.1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2630/3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-3.1) 2 3 Sec. 3.1. (a) The Department may furnish, pursuant to 4 positive identification, records of convictions to the 5 Department of Professional Regulation for the purpose of 6 meeting registration or licensure requirements under The 7 Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, 8 Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004.

9 (b) The Department may furnish, pursuant to positive 10 identification, records of convictions to policing bodies of 11 this State for the purpose of assisting local liquor control 12 commissioners in carrying out their duty to refuse to issue 13 licenses to persons specified in paragraphs (4), (5) and (6) of 14 Section 6-2 of The Liquor Control Act of 1934.

(c) The Department shall charge an application fee, based on actual costs, for the dissemination of records pursuant to this Section. Fees received for the dissemination of records pursuant to this Section shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund. The Department is empowered to establish this fee and to prescribe the form and manner for requesting and furnishing conviction information pursuant to this Section.

(d) Any dissemination of any information obtained pursuant to this Section to any person not specifically authorized hereby to receive or use it for the purpose for which it was disseminated shall constitute a violation of Section 7.

1 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

Section 15. The Service Contract Act is amended by changing
Section 10 as follows:

4 (215 ILCS 152/10)

5 Sec. 10. Exemptions. Service contract providers and 6 related service contract sellers and administrators complying 7 with this Act are not required to comply with and are not 8 subject to any provision of the Illinois Insurance Code. A 9 service contract provider who is the manufacturer or a 10 wholly-owned subsidiary of the manufacturer of the product or 11 the builder, seller, or lessor of the product that is the 12 subject of the service contract is required to comply only with 13 Sections 30, 35, 45, and 50 of this Act; except that, a service 14 contract provider who sells a motor vehicle, excluding a 15 motorcycle as defined in Section 1-147 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or who leases, but is not the manufacturer of, the motor 16 17 vehicle, excluding a motorcycle as defined in Section 1-147 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is the subject of the service 18 contract must comply with this Act in its entirety. Contracts 19 20 for the repair and monitoring of private alarm or private 21 security systems regulated under the Private Detective, 22 Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and 23 Locksmith Act of 2004 are not required to comply with this Act 24 and are not subject to any provision of the Illinois Insurance

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1 Code.

2 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

Section 20. The Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004 is amended by changing Sections 5-5, 5-10, and 10-5 and Sections 35-30, 35-35, 40-5, 40-10, 45-50, 50-10, and 50-25 and by adding Article 31 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 447/5-5)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

10 Sec. 5-5. Short title; Act supersedes the Private 11 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act 12 of 1993. This Act may be cited as the Private Detective, 13 Private Alarm, Private Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and 14 Locksmith Act of 2004 and it supersedes the Private Detective, 15 Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 1993 16 repealed by this Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

18 (225 ILCS 447/5-10)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

20 Sec. 5-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

21 "Advertisement" means any printed material that is 22 published in a phone book, newspaper, magazine, pamphlet, 23 newsletter, or other similar type of publication that is

intended to either attract business or merely provide contact 1 2 information to the public for an agency or licensee. 3 Advertisement shall include any material disseminated by printed or electronic means or media, but shall not include a 4 5 licensee's or an agency's letterhead, business cards, or other 6 stationery used in routine business correspondence or 7 customary name, address, and number type listings in a 8 telephone directory.

9 "Alarm system" means any system, including an electronic 10 access control system, a surveillance video system, a security 11 video system, a burglar alarm system, a fire alarm system, or 12 any other electronic system, that activates an audible, 13 visible, remote, or recorded signal that is designed for the 14 protection or detection of intrusion, entry, theft, fire, 15 vandalism, escape, or trespass.

16 "Armed employee" means a licensee or registered person who 17 is employed by an agency licensed or an armed proprietary security force registered under this Act who carries a weapon 18 while engaged in the performance of official duties within the 19 20 course and scope of his or her employment during the hours and times the employee is scheduled to work or is commuting between 21 22 his or her home or place of employment, provided that commuting 23 is accomplished within one hour from departure from home or 24 place of employment.

25 "Armed proprietary security force" means a security force 26 made up of 5 or more armed individuals employed by a private,

commercial, or industrial operation or one or more armed
 individuals employed by a financial institution as security
 officers for the protection of persons or property.

Board" means the Private Detective, Private Alarm,
Private Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Board.

"Branch office" means a business location removed from the 6 place of business for which an agency license has been issued, 7 8 including but not limited to locations where active employee 9 records that are required to be maintained under this Act are 10 kept, where prospective new employees are processed, or where 11 members of the public are invited in to transact business. A 12 branch office does not include an office or other facility 13 located on the property of an existing client that is utilized solely for the benefit of that client and is not owned or 14 15 leased by the agency.

16 "Corporation" means an artificial person or legal entity 17 created by or under the authority of the laws of a state, 18 including without limitation a corporation, limited liability 19 company, or any other legal entity.

20 "Department" means the Department of Professional 21 Regulation.

"Director" means the Director of Professional Regulation.
"Employee" means a person who works for a person or agency
that has the right to control the details of the work performed
and is not dependent upon whether or not federal or state
payroll taxes are withheld.

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1 <u>"Fingerprint vendor" means a person that offers,</u> 2 <u>advertises, or provides services to fingerprint individuals,</u> 3 <u>through electronic or other means, for the purpose of providing</u> 4 <u>fingerprint images and associated demographic data to the</u> 5 <u>Department of State Police for processing fingerprint based</u> 6 criminal history record information inquiries.

7 <u>"Fingerprint vendor agency" means a person, firm,</u> 8 <u>corporation, or other legal entity that engages in the</u> 9 <u>fingerprint vendor business and employs, in addition to the</u> 10 <u>fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge, at least one other</u> 11 person in conducting that business.

12 "Fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge" means a person who 13 has been designated by a fingerprint vendor agency to be the licensee-in-charge of an agency who is a full-time management 14 employee or owner who assumes sole responsibility for 15 16 maintaining all records required by this Act and who assumes 17 sole responsibility for assuring the licensed agency's compliance with its responsibilities as stated in this Act. The 18 Department shall adopt rules mandating licensee-in-charge 19 20 participation in agency affairs.

"Fire alarm system" means any system that is activated by an automatic or manual device in the detection of smoke, heat, or fire that activates an audible, visible, or remote signal requiring a response.

25 "Firearm authorization card" means a card issued by the 26 Department that authorizes the holder to carry a weapon during

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the performance of his or her duties as specified in this Act.

2 "Firm" means an unincorporated business entity, including3 but not limited to proprietorships and partnerships.

"Locksmith" means a person who engages in a business or 4 5 holds himself out to the public as providing a service that includes, but is not limited to, the servicing, installing, 6 7 originating first keys, re-coding, repairing, maintaining, manipulating, or bypassing of a mechanical or electronic 8 9 locking device, access control or video surveillance system at 10 premises, vehicles, safes, vaults, safe deposit boxes, or automatic teller machines. 11

"Locksmith agency" means a person, firm, corporation, or other legal entity that engages in the locksmith business and employs, in addition to the locksmith licensee-in-charge, at least one other person in conducting such business.

16 "Locksmith licensee-in-charge" means a person who has been 17 designated by agency to be the licensee-in-charge of an agency, who is a full-time management employee or owner who assumes 18 sole responsibility for maintaining all records required by 19 20 this Act, and who assumes sole responsibility for assuring the licensed agency's compliance with its responsibilities as 21 22 stated in this Act. The Department shall adopt rules mandating 23 licensee-in-charge participation in agency affairs.

24 "Peace officer" or "police officer" means a person who, by 25 virtue of office or public employment, is vested by law with a 26 duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for offenses, whether that duty extends to all offenses or is limited to specific offenses. Officers, agents, or employees of the federal government commissioned by federal statute to make arrests for violations of federal laws are considered peace officers.

6 "Permanent employee registration card" means a card issued 7 by the Department to an individual who has applied to the 8 Department and meets the requirements for employment by a 9 licensed agency under this Act.

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"Person" means a natural person.

11 "Private alarm contractor" means a person who engages in a 12 business that individually or through others undertakes, 13 offers to undertake, purports to have the capacity to 14 undertake, or submits a bid to sell, install, monitor, maintain, alter, repair, replace, or service alarm and other 15 16 security-related systems or parts thereof, including fire 17 alarm systems, at protected premises or premises to be protected or responds to alarm systems at a protected premises 18 19 on an emergency basis and not as a full-time security officer. 20 "Private alarm contractor" does not include a person, firm, or corporation that manufactures or sells alarm systems only from 21 22 its place of business and does not sell, install, monitor, 23 maintain, alter, repair, replace, service, or respond to alarm systems at protected premises or premises to be protected. 24

25 "Private alarm contractor agency" means a person, 26 corporation, or other entity that engages in the private alarm

1 contracting business and employs, in addition to the private 2 alarm contractor-in-charge, at least one other person in 3 conducting such business.

"Private alarm contractor licensee-in-charge" means a 4 5 person who has been designated by an agency to be the licensee-in-charge of an agency, who is a full-time management 6 7 employee or owner who assumes sole responsibility for 8 maintaining all records required by this Act, and who assumes 9 sole responsibility for assuring the licensed agency's 10 compliance with its responsibilities as stated in this Act. The 11 Department shall adopt rules mandating licensee-in-charge 12 participation in agency affairs.

"Private detective" means any person who by any means, including but not limited to manual or electronic methods, engages in the business of, accepts employment to furnish, or agrees to make or makes investigations for a fee or other consideration to obtain information relating to:

(1) Crimes or wrongs done or threatened against the
United States, any state or territory of the United States,
or any local government of a state or territory.

21 (2) The identity, habits, conduct, business 22 occupation, honesty, integrity, credibility, knowledge, 23 trustworthiness, efficiency, loyalty, activity, movements, whereabouts, affiliations, associations, transactions, 24 25 acts, reputation, or character of any person, firm, or 26 other entity by any means, manual or electronic.

(3) The location, disposition, or recovery of lost or
 stolen property.

3 (4) The cause, origin, or responsibility for fires,
4 accidents, or injuries to individuals or real or personal
5 property.

6 (5) The truth or falsity of any statement or 7 representation.

8 (6) Securing evidence to be used before any court,9 board, or investigating body.

10 (7) The protection of individuals from bodily harm or11 death (bodyguard functions).

12 (8) Service of process in criminal and civil13 proceedings without court order.

"Private detective agency" means 14 а person, firm, 15 corporation, or other legal entity that engages in the private 16 detective business and employs, in addition to the 17 licensee-in-charge, one or more persons in conducting such business. 18

"Private detective licensee-in-charge" means a person who 19 20 has been designated by an agency to be the licensee-in-charge 21 of an agency, who is a full-time management employee or owner 22 who assumes sole responsibility for maintaining all records 23 required by this Act, and who assumes sole responsibility for agency's compliance 24 assuring the licensed with its 25 responsibilities as stated in this Act. The Department shall 26 adopt rules mandating licensee-in-charge participation in 1 agency affairs.

Private security contractor" means a person who engages in the business of providing a private security officer, watchman, patrol, or a similar service by any other title or name on a contractual basis for another person, firm, corporation, or other entity for a fee or other consideration and performing one or more of the following functions:

8 (1) The prevention or detection of intrusion, entry, 9 theft, vandalism, abuse, fire, or trespass on private or 10 governmental property.

(2) The prevention, observation, or detection of any
 unauthorized activity on private or governmental property.

13 (3) The protection of persons authorized to be on the 14 premises of the person, firm, or other entity for which the 15 security contractor contractually provides security 16 services.

17 (4) The prevention of the misappropriation or
18 concealment of goods, money, bonds, stocks, notes,
19 documents, or papers.

20 (5) The control, regulation, or direction of the 21 movement of the public for the time specifically required 22 for the protection of property owned or controlled by the 23 client.

24 (6) The protection of individuals from bodily harm or25 death (bodyguard functions).

26 "Private security contractor agency" means a person, firm,

1 corporation, or other legal entity that engages in the private 2 security contractor business and that employs, in addition to 3 the licensee-in-charge, one or more persons in conducting such 4 business.

"Private security contractor licensee-in-charge" means a 5 6 person who has been designated by an agency to be the licensee-in-charge of an agency, who is a full-time management 7 8 or owner who assumes sole responsibility for employee 9 maintaining all records required by this Act, and who assumes sole responsibility for assuring the licensed agency's 10 11 compliance with its responsibilities as stated in this Act. The 12 Department shall adopt rules mandating licensee-in-charge 13 participation in agency affairs.

14 "Public member" means a person who is not a licensee or 15 related to a licensee, or who is not an employer or employee of 16 a licensee. The term "related to" shall be determined by the 17 rules of the Department.

18 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

19 (225 ILCS 447/10-5)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

21

Sec. 10-5. Requirement of license.

(a) It is unlawful for a person to act as or provide the
functions of a private detective, private security contractor,
private alarm contractor, <u>fingerprint vendor</u>, or locksmith or
to advertise or to assume to act as any one of these, or to use

these or any other title implying that the person is engaged in any of these activities unless licensed as such by the Department. An individual or sole proprietor who does not employ any employees other than himself or herself may operate under a "doing business as" or assumed name certification without having to obtain an agency license, so long as the assumed name is first registered with the Department.

8 (b) It is unlawful for a person, firm, corporation, or 9 other legal entity to act as an agency licensed under this Act, 10 to advertise, or to assume to act as a licensed agency or to 11 use a title implying that the person, firm, or other entity is 12 engaged in the practice as a private detective agency, private 13 security contractor agency, private alarm contractor agency, 14 fingerprint vendor agency, or locksmith agency unless licensed 15 by the Department.

16 (c) No agency shall operate a branch office without first 17 applying for and receiving a branch office license for each 18 location.

19 (d) It is unlawful for a person to operate live scan 20 fingerprint equipment or other equipment designed to obtain fingerprint images for the purpose of providing fingerprint 21 22 images and associated demographic data to the Department of 23 State Police, unless he or she has successfully completed a 24 fingerprint training course conducted or authorized by the 25 Department of State Police and is licensed as a fingerprint 26 vendor.

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1	(Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03	.)			
2	(225 ILCS 447/Art. 31 heading	new)			
3	ARTICLE 31. FINGER	PRINT	VENDOR	<u>S.</u>	
4	(225 ILCS 447/31-5 new)				
5	(Section scheduled to be repea	aled c	on Janua	ry 1, 2	2014)
6	Sec. 31-5. Exemptions. The pro-	ovisio	ons of t	his Ac	t regarding
7	fingerprint vendors do not apply	<sup>,</sup> to a	ny of t	the fol	llowing, if
8	the person performing the servi	<u>ce dc</u>	es not	hold	himself or
9	herself out as a fingerprint w	vendor	or fi	ngerpr	int vendor
10	agency:				
11	(1) An employee of the U	Jnited	States	s, Illi	nois, or a
12	political subdivision, inclue	ding p	oublic	school	districts,
13	of either while the employee	is en	gaged i	n the p	performance
14	of his or her official dutie	s wit	hin the	e scope	e of his or
15	her employment. However, any	such	person	who of:	fers his or
16	<u>her services as a fingerpri</u>	nt ve	ndor o	r uses	<u>a similar</u>
17	title when these services are	perfo	ormed fo	or comp	<u>ensation or</u>
18	other consideration, whet	her	receive	ed di	rectly or
19	indirectly, is subject to this	s Act.	-		
20	(2) A person employed exc	lusiv	ely by	only or	ne employer
21	in connection with the ex	clusi	ve act	ivities	s of that
22	employer, provided that pers	son do	bes not	hold	himself or
23	herself out to the public as a	a fing	erprint	vendoi	r.

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1	(225 ILCS 447/31-10 new)
2	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
3	Sec. 31-10. Qualifications for licensure as a fingerprint
4	vendor.
5	(a) A person is qualified for licensure as a fingerprint
6	vendor if he or she meets all of the following requirements:
7	(1) Is at least 18 years of age.
8	(2) Has not been convicted of any felony in any
9	jurisdiction or at least 10 years have elapsed since the
10	time of full discharge from a sentence imposed for a felony
11	conviction.
12	(3) Is of good moral character. Good moral character is
13	a continuing requirement of licensure. Conviction of
14	crimes other than felonies may be used in determining moral
15	character, but shall not constitute an absolute bar to
16	licensure, except where the applicant is a registered sex
17	<u>offender.</u>
18	(4) Has not been declared by any court of competent
19	jurisdiction to be incompetent by reason of mental or
20	physical defect or disease, unless a court has subsequently
21	declared him or her to be competent.
22	(5) Is not suffering from dependence on alcohol or from
23	narcotic addiction or dependence.
24	(6) Has not been dishonorably discharged from the armed
25	forces of the United States.
26	(7) Submits certification issued by the Department of

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1	State Police that the applicant has successfully completed
2	a fingerprint vendor training course conducted or
3	authorized by the Department of State Police.
4	(8) Submits his or her fingerprints, in accordance with
5	subsection (b).
6	(9) Has not violated any provision of this Act or any
7	rule adopted under this Act.
8	(10) Provides evidence satisfactory to the Department
9	that the applicant has obtained general liability
10	insurance in an amount and with coverage as determined by
11	rule. Failure to maintain general liability insurance and
12	failure to provide the Department with written proof of the
13	insurance, upon request, shall result in cancellation of
14	the license without hearing. A fingerprint vendor employed
15	by a licensed fingerprint vendor agency may provide proof
16	that his or her actions as a fingerprint vendor are covered
17	by the liability insurance of his or her employer.
18	(11) pays the required licensure fee.
19	(12) submits certification issued by the Department of
20	State Police that the applicant's fingerprinting equipment
21	and software meets all specifications required by the
22	Department of State Police. Compliance with Department of
23	State Police fingerprinting equipment and software
24	specifications is a continuing requirement for licensure.
25	(13) Submits proof that the applicant maintains a
26	business office located in the State of Illinois.

1	(b) Each applicant for a fingerprint vendor license shall
2	have his or her fingerprints submitted to the Department of
3	State Police in an electronic format that complies with the
4	form and manner for requesting and furnishing criminal history
5	record information as prescribed by the Department of State
6	Police. These fingerprints shall be checked against the
7	Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation
8	criminal history record databases now and hereafter filed. The
9	Department of State Police shall charge applicants a fee for
10	conducting the criminal history records check, which shall be
11	deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not
12	exceed the actual cost of the records check. The Department of
13	State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive
14	identification, records of Illinois convictions to the
14 15	identification, records of Illinois convictions to the Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a
15	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a
15 16	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or
15 16 17	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may
15 16 17 18	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a
15 16 17 18 19	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an
15 16 17 18 19 20	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department, in its discretion, may also
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department, in its discretion, may also use other procedures in performing or obtaining criminal
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department, in its discretion, may also use other procedures in performing or obtaining criminal background checks of applicants. Instead of submitting his or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department, in its discretion, may also use other procedures in performing or obtaining criminal background checks of applicants. Instead of submitting his or her fingerprints, an individual may submit proof that is

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1	submit verification, on forms provided by the Department and
2	signed by his or her employer, of his or her previous full-time
3	employment as a peace officer.
4	(225 ILCS 447/31-15 new)
5	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
6	Sec. 31-15. Qualifications for licensure as a fingerprint
7	vendor agency.
8	(a) Upon receipt of the required fee and proof that the
9	applicant is an Illinois licensed fingerprint vendor who shall
10	assume responsibility for the operation of the agency and the
11	directed actions of the agency's employees, which is a
12	continuing requirement for agency licensure, the Department
13	may issue a license as a fingerprint vendor agency to any of
14	the following:
15	(1) An individual who submits an application and is a
16	licensed fingerprint vendor under this Act.
17	(2) A firm that submits an application and all of the
18	members of the firm are licensed fingerprint vendors under
19	this Act.
20	(3) A corporation or limited liability company doing
21	business in Illinois that is authorized by its articles of
22	incorporation or organization to engage in the business of
23	conducting a fingerprint vendor agency if at least one
24	officer or executive employee is a licensed fingerprint
25	vendor under this Act and all unlicensed officers and

1	directors of the corporation or limited liability company
2	are determined by the Department to be persons of good
3	moral character.
4	(4) Submits proof that the applicant has successfully
5	completed a fingerprint vendor course conducted or
6	authorized by the Department of State Police and that the
7	applicant's fingerprinting equipment and software meet all
8	specifications required by the Department of State Police.
9	<u>(b) An individual licensed as a fingerprint vendor</u>
10	operating under a business name other than the licensed
11	fingerprint vendor's own name shall not be required to obtain a
12	fingerprint vendor agency license if that licensed fingerprint
13	vendor does not employ any persons to provide fingerprinting
14	services.
14 15	<u>services.</u> (c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor
15	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor
15 16	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor
15 16 17	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency,
15 16 17 18	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency, within 10 days after the loss of a fingerprint vendor
15 16 17 18 19	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency, within 10 days after the loss of a fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge of an agency because of the death of that
15 16 17 18 19 20	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency, within 10 days after the loss of a fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge of an agency because of the death of that individual or because of the termination of the employment of
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency, within 10 days after the loss of a fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge of an agency because of the death of that individual or because of the termination of the employment of that individual, the Department shall issue a temporary certificate of authority allowing the continuing operation of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(c) No fingerprint vendor may be the fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge for more than one fingerprint vendor agency. Upon written request by a representative of the agency, within 10 days after the loss of a fingerprint vendor licensee-in-charge of an agency because of the death of that individual or because of the termination of the employment of that individual, the Department shall issue a temporary certificate of authority allowing the continuing operation of the licensed agency. No temporary certificate of authority

1	be granted to any agency. No temporary permit shall be issued
2	for loss of the licensee-in-charge because of disciplinary
3	action by the Department related to his or her conduct on
4	behalf of the agency.
5	(225 ILCS 447/31-20 new)
6	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
7	Sec. 31-20. Training; fingerprint vendor and employees.
8	(a) Registered employees of a licensed Fingerprint Vendor
9	agency shall complete a minimum of 20 hours of training
10	provided by a qualified instructor within 31 days of their
11	employment. The substance of the training shall be prescribed
12	by rule.
13	(b) It is the responsibility of the employer to certify, on
14	a form provided by the Department, that the employee has
15	successfully completed the training. The form shall be a
16	permanent record of training completed by the employee and
17	shall be placed in the employee's file with the employer for
18	the period the employee remains with the employer. An agency
19	may place a notarized copy of the Department form, in lieu of
20	the original, into the permanent employee registration card
21	file. The original form shall be given to the employee when his
22	or her employment is terminated. Failure to return the original
23	form to the employee is grounds for disciplinary action. The
24	employee shall not be required to repeat the required training
25	once the employee has been issued the form. An employer may

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1 provide or require additional training.

<u>(c) Any certification of completion of the 20-hour basic</u>
<u>training issued under the Private Detective</u>, Private Alarm,
<u>Private Security</u>, and Locksmith Act of 2004 or any prior Act
<u>shall be accepted as proof of training under this Act</u>.

6 <u>(d) No registered employee of a licensed fingerprint vendor</u> 7 <u>agency may operate live scan fingerprint equipment or other</u> 8 <u>equipment designed to obtain fingerprint images for the purpose</u> 9 <u>of providing fingerprint images and associated demographic</u> 10 <u>data to the Department of State Police.</u>

11 (225 ILCS 447/31-25 new)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014) Sec. 31-25. Customer identification; record keeping. A 13 fingerprint vendor or fingerprint vendor agency shall document 14 15 in the form of a work order when and where each and every 16 fingerprint service is provided. The work order shall also include the name, address, date of birth, telephone number, and 17 18 driver's license number or other identification number of the person requesting the service to be done, the signature of that 19 20 person, the routing number and any other information or 21 documentation as provided by rule. All work orders shall be 22 kept by the licensed fingerprint vendor for a period of 2 years 23 from the date of service and shall include the name and license 24 number of the fingerprint vendor and, if applicable, the name and identification number of the registered employee who 25

performed the services. Work order forms required to be kept
 under this Section shall be available for inspection by the
 Department or by the Department of State Police.

4 (225 ILCS 447/31-30 new) 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014) Sec. 31-30. Restrictions on firearms. 6 7 (a) Nothing in the Act or the rules adopted under this Act 8 shall authorize a person licensed as a fingerprint vendor or any employee of a licensed fingerprint vendor agency to possess 9 10 or carry a firearm in the course of providing fingerprinting 11 services.

12 (b) Nothing in this Act or the rules adopted under this Act 13 shall grant or authorize the issuance of a firearm 14 authorization card to a fingerprint vendor or any employee of a 15 licensed fingerprint vendor agency.

16 (225 ILCS 447/35-30)

17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

Sec. 35-30. Employee requirements. All employees of a licensed agency, other than those exempted, shall apply for a permanent employee registration card. The holder of an agency license issued under this Act, known in this Section as "employer", may employ in the conduct of his or her business employees under the following provisions:

24 (a) (1) No person shall be issued a permanent employee

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1 registration card who:

(1) (A) Is younger than 18 years of age.

3 (2) (B) Is younger than 21 years of age if the services
 4 will include being armed.

5 <u>(3)</u> (C) Has been determined by the Department to be 6 unfit by reason of conviction of an offense in this or 7 another state, other than a traffic offense. The Department 8 shall adopt rules for making those determinations that 9 shall afford the applicant due process of law.

10 (4) (D) Has had a license or permanent employee 11 registration card denied, suspended, or revoked under this 12 Act (i) within one year before the date the person's application for permanent employee registration card is 13 14 received by the Department; and (ii) that refusal, denial, 15 suspension, or revocation was based on any provision of this Act other than Section 40-50, item (6) or (8) of 16 17 subsection (a) of Section 15-10, subsection (b) of Section 15-10, item (6) or (8) of subsection (a) of Section 20-10, 18 19 subsection (b) of Section 20-10, item (6) or (8) of 20 subsection (a) of Section 25-10, subsection (b) of Section 25-10, item (7) of subsection (a) of Section 30-10, 21 22 subsection (b) of Section 30-10, or Section 10-40.

23 (5) (E) Has been declared incompetent by any court of
 24 competent jurisdiction by reason of mental disease or
 25 defect and has not been restored.

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(6) (F) Has been dishonorably discharged from the armed

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services of the United States.

2 (b) (2) No person may be employed by a private detective 3 agency, private security contractor agency, private alarm contractor agency, fingerprint vendor agency, or locksmith 4 5 agency under this Section until he or she has executed and 6 furnished to the employer, on forms furnished bv the 7 Department, a verified statement to be known as "Employee's 8 Statement" setting forth:

9 <u>(1)</u> <del>(A)</del> The person's full name, age, and residence 10 address.

11 (2) (B) The business or occupation engaged in for the 5 12 years immediately before the date of the execution of the 13 statement, the place where the business or occupation was 14 engaged in, and the names of employers, if any.

15 (3) (C) That the person has not had a license or 16 employee registration denied, revoked, or suspended under 17 this Act (i) within one year before the date the person's application for permanent employee registration card is 18 19 received by the Department; and (ii) that refusal, denial, 20 suspension, or revocation was based on any provision of this Act other than Section 40-50, item (6) or (8) of 21 22 subsection (a) of Section 15-10, subsection (b) of Section 23 15-10, item (6) or (8) of subsection (a) of Section 20-10, subsection (b) of Section 20-10, item (6) or (8) of 24 25 subsection (a) of Section 25-10, subsection (b) of Section 26 25-10, item (7) of subsection (a) of Section 30-10,

subsection (b) of Section 30-10, or Section 10-40.

1 2

(4) (D) Any conviction of a felony or misdemeanor.

3 4 (5) (E) Any declaration of incompetence by a court of competent jurisdiction that has not been restored.

5 <u>(6)</u> <del>(F)</del> Any dishonorable discharge from the armed 6 services of the United States.

7 <u>(7)</u> (G) Any other information as may be required by any 8 rule of the Department to show the good character, 9 competency, and integrity of the person executing the 10 statement.

11 (c) Each applicant for a permanent employee registration 12 card shall have his or her fingerprints submitted to the 13 Department of State Police in an electronic format that complies with the form and manner for requesting and furnishing 14 15 criminal history record information as prescribed by the 16 Department of State Police. These fingerprints shall be checked 17 against the Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record databases now 18 and 19 hereafter filed. The Department of State Police shall charge 20 applicants a fee for conducting the criminal history records 21 check, which shall be deposited in the State Police Services 22 Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the records check. 23 The Department of State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of Illinois convictions to 24 25 the Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or 26

directly to the vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may 1 2 allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an 3 alternative manner. The Department, in its discretion, may also 4 5 use other procedures in performing or obtaining criminal 6 background checks of applicants. Instead of submitting his or 7 her fingerprints, an individual may submit proof that is 8 satisfactory to the Department that an equivalent security 9 clearance has been conducted. Also, an individual who has 10 retired as a peace officer within 12 months of application may 11 submit verification, on forms provided by the Department and 12 signed by his or her employer, of his or her previous full-time 13 employment as a peace officer.

14 The Department shall issue a permanent employee (d) 15 registration card, in a form the Department prescribes, to all 16 qualified applicants. The holder of a permanent employee 17 registration card shall carry the card at all times while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of his or her 18 19 employment. Expiration and requirements for renewal of 20 permanent employee registration cards shall be established by rule of the Department. Possession of a permanent employee 21 22 registration card does not in any way imply that the holder of 23 the card is employed by an agency unless the permanent employee 24 registration card is accompanied by the employee 25 identification card required by subsection (f) of this Section. 26 (e) Each employer shall maintain a record of each employee

1 that is accessible to the duly authorized representatives of 2 the Department. The record shall contain the following 3 information:

4 (1) A photograph taken within 10 days of the date that 5 the employee begins employment with the employer. The 6 photograph shall be replaced with a current photograph 7 every 3 calendar years.

8 (2) The Employee's Statement specified in subsection
9 (b) of this Section.

10 (3) All correspondence or documents relating to the 11 character and integrity of the employee received by the 12 employer from any official source or law enforcement 13 agency.

14 In the case of former employees, the employee (4) 15 identification card of that person issued under subsection 16 (f) of this Section. Each employee record shall duly note 17 if the employee is employed in an armed capacity. Armed employee files shall contain a copy of an active firearm 18 19 owner's identification card and a copy of an active firearm 20 authorization card. Each employer shall maintain a record for each armed employee of each instance in which the 21 22 employee's weapon was discharged during the course of his 23 or her professional duties or activities. The record shall 24 be maintained on forms provided by the Department, a copy 25 of which must be filed with the Department within 15 days 26 of an instance. The record shall include the date and time

of the occurrence, the circumstances involved in the 1 2 occurrence, and any other information as the Department may 3 require. Failure to provide this information to the Department or failure to maintain the record as a part of 4 5 each armed employee's permanent file is grounds for disciplinary action. The Department, upon receipt of a 6 7 report, shall have the authority to make any investigation 8 it considers appropriate into any occurrence in which an 9 employee's weapon was discharged and to take disciplinary 10 action as may be appropriate.

11 (5) The Department may, by rule, prescribe further 12 record requirements.

13 shall furnish (f) Every employer employee an 14 identification card to each of his or her employees. This 15 employee identification card shall contain a recent photograph 16 of the employee, the employee's name, the name and agency 17 license number of the employer, the employee's personal description, the signature of the employer, the signature of 18 19 that employee, the date of issuance, and an employee 20 identification card number.

(g) No employer may issue an employee identification card to any person who is not employed by the employer in accordance with this Section or falsely state or represent that a person is or has been in his or her employ. It is unlawful for an applicant for registered employment to file with the Department the fingerprints of a person other than himself or herself.

1 2

(h) Every employer shall obtain the identification card of every employee who terminates employment with him or her.

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(i) Every employer shall maintain a separate roster of the names of all employees currently working in an armed capacity 4 5 and submit the roster to the Department on request.

6 (j) No agency may employ any person to perform a licensed activity under this Act unless the person possesses a valid 7 8 permanent employee registration card or a valid license under 9 this Act, or is exempt pursuant to subsection (n).

10 (k) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (j), an 11 agency may employ a person in a temporary capacity if all of 12 the following conditions are met:

13 (1) The agency completes in its entirety and submits to 14 the Department an application for a permanent employee registration card, including the required fingerprint 15 16 receipt and fees.

17 (2) The agency has verification from the Department that the applicant has no record of any criminal conviction 18 pursuant to the criminal history check conducted by the 19 20 Department of State Police. The agency shall maintain the verification of the results of the Department of State 21 22 Police criminal history check as part of the employee 23 record as required under subsection (e) of this Section.

(3) The agency exercises due diligence to ensure that 24 25 the person is qualified under the requirements of the Act 26 to be issued a permanent employee registration card.

1 (4) The agency maintains a separate roster of the names 2 of all employees whose applications are currently pending 3 with the Department and submits the roster to the 4 Department on a monthly basis. Rosters are to be maintained 5 by the agency for a period of at least 24 months.

An agency may employ only a permanent employee applicant for which it either submitted a permanent employee application and all required forms and fees or it confirms with the Department that a permanent employee application and all required forms and fees have been submitted by another agency, licensee or the permanent employee and all other requirements of this Section are met.

13 The Department shall have the authority to revoke, without a hearing, the temporary authority of an individual to work 14 15 upon receipt of Federal Bureau of Investigation fingerprint 16 data or a report of another official authority indicating a 17 criminal conviction. If the Department has not received a temporary employee's Federal Bureau of 18 Investigation 19 fingerprint data within 120 days of the date the Department 20 received the Department of State Police fingerprint data, the Department may, at its discretion, revoke the employee's 21 22 temporary authority to work with 15 days written notice to the 23 individual and the employing agency.

An agency may not employ a person in a temporary capacity if it knows or reasonably should have known that the person has been convicted of a crime under the laws of this State, has

been convicted in another state of any crime that is a crime 1 2 under the laws of this State, has been convicted of any crime 3 in a federal court, or has been posted as an unapproved applicant by the Department. Notice by the Department to the 4 5 agency, via certified mail, personal delivery, electronic mail, or posting on the Department's Internet site accessible 6 to the agency that the person has been convicted of a crime 7 8 shall be deemed constructive knowledge of the conviction on the 9 part of the agency. The Department may adopt rules to implement 10 this subsection (k).

11 (1) No person may be employed under this Section in any 12 capacity if:

(1) the person, while so employed, is being paid by the
United States or any political subdivision for the time so
employed in addition to any payments he or she may receive
from the employer; or

17 (2) the person wears any portion of his or her official
18 uniform, emblem of authority, or equipment while so
19 employed.

20 (m) If information is discovered affecting the 21 registration of a person whose fingerprints were submitted 22 under this Section, the Department shall so notify the agency 23 that submitted the fingerprints on behalf of that person.

(n) Peace officers shall be exempt from the requirements of
 this Section relating to permanent employee registration
 cards. The agency shall remain responsible for any peace

1 officer employed under this exemption, regardless of whether 2 the peace officer is compensated as an employee or as an 3 independent contractor and as further defined by rule.

(o) Persons who have no access to confidential or security 4 5 information and who otherwise do not provide traditional security services are exempt from employee registration. 6 7 Examples of exempt employees include, but are not limited to, 8 employees working in the capacity of ushers, directors, ticket 9 takers, cashiers, drivers, and reception personnel. 10 Confidential or security information is that which pertains to 11 employee files, scheduling, client contracts, or technical 12 security and alarm data.

13 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03; revised 10-18-05.)

#### 14 (225 ILCS 447/35-35)

15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

16 Sec. 35-35. Requirement of a firearm authorization card.

(a) No person shall perform duties that include the use, carrying, or possession of a firearm in the performance of those duties without complying with the provisions of this Section and having been issued a valid firearm authorization card by the Department.

(b) No employer shall employ any person to perform the duties for which employee registration is required and allow that person to carry a firearm unless that person has complied with all the firearm training requirements of this Section and

has been issued a firearm authorization card. This Act permits 1 2 only the following to carry firearms while actually engaged in the performance of their duties or while commuting directly to 3 or from their places of employment: persons licensed as private 4 5 detectives and their registered employees; persons licensed as private security contractors and their registered employees; 6 7 licensed as private alarm contractors and their persons 8 registered employees; and employees of a registered armed 9 proprietary security force.

10 (c) Possession of a valid firearm authorization card allows 11 an employee to carry a firearm not otherwise prohibited by law 12 while the employee is engaged in the performance of his or her 13 duties or while the employee is commuting directly to or from 14 the employee's place or places of employment, provided that 15 this is accomplished within one hour from departure from home 16 or place of employment.

17 (d) The Department shall issue a firearm authorization card to a person who has passed an approved firearm training course, 18 19 who is currently employed by an agency licensed by this Act and 20 has met all the requirements of this Act, and who possesses a valid firearm owner identification card. Application for the 21 22 firearm authorization card shall be made by the employer to the 23 Department on forms provided by the Department. The Department 24 shall forward the card to the employer who shall be responsible for its issuance to the employee. The firearm authorization 25 26 card shall be issued by the Department and shall identify the

person holding it and the name of the course where the employee received firearm instruction and shall specify the type of weapon or weapons the person is authorized by the Department to carry and for which the person has been trained.

5 (e) Expiration and requirements for renewal of firearm 6 authorization cards shall be determined by rule.

7 The Department may, in addition to (f) any other disciplinary action permitted by this Act, refuse to issue, 8 9 suspend, or revoke a firearm authorization card if the 10 applicant or holder has been convicted of any felony or crime 11 involving the illegal use, carrying, or possession of a deadly 12 weapon or for a violation of this Act or rules promulgated 13 under this Act. The Department shall refuse to issue or shall revoke a firearm authorization card if the applicant or holder 14 15 fails to possess a valid firearm owners identification card. 16 The Director shall summarily suspend a firearm authorization 17 card if the Director finds that its continued use would constitute an imminent danger to the public. A hearing shall be 18 19 held before the Board within 30 days if the Director summarily 20 suspends a firearm authorization card.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all requirements relating to firearms authorization cards do not apply to a peace officer.

(h) The Department shall not issue a firearm authorization
card to employees of a licensed fingerprint vendor agency.
(Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

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1 (225 ILCS 447/40-5)
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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014) 2 3 Sec. 40-5. Injunctive relief. The practice of a private 4 detective, private security contractor, private alarm 5 contractor, fingerprint vendor agency, locksmith, private detective agency, private security contractor agency, private 6 7 alarm contractor agency, fingerprint vendor agency, or 8 locksmith agency by any person, firm, corporation, or other 9 legal entity that has not been issued a license by the 10 Department or whose license has been suspended, revoked, or not 11 renewed is hereby declared to be inimical to the public safety 12 and welfare and to constitute a public nuisance. The Director, 13 through the Attorney General, the State's Attorney of any 14 county, any resident of the State, or any legal entity within 15 the State may apply for injunctive relief in any court to 16 enjoin any person, firm, or other entity that has not been issued a license or whose license has been suspended, revoked, 17 or not renewed from conducting a licensed activity. Upon the 18 filing of a verified petition in court, if satisfied by 19 20 affidavit or otherwise that the person, firm, corporation, or 21 other legal entity is or has been conducting activities in 22 violation of this Act, the court may enter a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction, without bond, 23 24 enjoining the defendant from further activity. A copy of the 25 verified complaint shall be served upon the defendant and the

proceedings shall be conducted as in civil cases. If it is 1 2 established the defendant has been or is conducting activities 3 in violation of this Act, the court may enter a judgment enjoining the defendant from that activity. In case of 4 5 violation of any injunctive order or judgment entered under this Section, the court may punish the offender for contempt of 6 7 court. Injunctive proceedings shall be in addition to all other 8 penalties under this Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

10 (225 ILCS 447/40-10)

11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

12 Sec. 40-10. Disciplinary sanctions.

13 (a) The Department may deny issuance, refuse to renew, or restore or may reprimand, place on probation, suspend, or 14 15 revoke any license, registration, permanent employee 16 registration card, or firearm authorization card, and it may impose a fine not to exceed \$1,500 for a first violation and 17 18 not to exceed \$5,000 for a second or subsequent violation for 19 any of the following:

20 (1) Fraud or deception in obtaining or renewing of a 21 license or registration.

22 (2) Professional incompetence as manifested by poor standards of service. 23

24 (3)in dishonorable, unethical, Engaging or 25 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,

1 defraud, or harm the public.

(4) Conviction in Illinois or another state of any
crime that is a felony under the laws of Illinois; a felony
in a federal court; a misdemeanor, an essential element of
which is dishonesty; or directly related to professional
practice.

7 (5) Performing any services in a grossly negligent
8 manner or permitting any of a licensee's employees to
9 perform services in a grossly negligent manner, regardless
10 of whether actual damage to the public is established.

11 (6) Continued practice, although the person has become12 unfit to practice due to any of the following:

(A) Physical illness, including, but not limited
to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of
motor skills that results in the inability to serve the
public with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

(B) Mental disability demonstrated by the entry of
an order or judgment by a court that a person is in
need of mental treatment or is incompetent.

20 (C) Addiction to or dependency on alcohol or drugs 21 that is likely to endanger the public. If the 22 Department has reasonable cause to believe that a 23 person is addicted to or dependent on alcohol or drugs 24 that may endanger the public, the Department may 25 require the person to undergo an examination to 26 determine the extent of the addiction or dependency.

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(7) Receiving, directly or indirectly, compensation for any services not rendered.

3 (8) Willfully deceiving or defrauding the public on a
 4 material matter.

5 (9) Failing to account for or remit any moneys or 6 documents coming into the licensee's possession that 7 belong to another person or entity.

8 (10) Discipline by another United States jurisdiction 9 or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the 10 discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those 11 set forth in this Act.

(11) Giving differential treatment to a person that is
to that person's detriment because of race, color, creed,
sex, religion, or national origin.

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(12) Engaging in false or misleading advertising.

16 (13) Aiding, assisting, or willingly permitting
 17 another person to violate this Act or rules promulgated
 18 under it.

19 (14) Performing and charging for services without20 authorization to do so from the person or entity serviced.

(15) Directly or indirectly offering or accepting any benefit to or from any employee, agent, or fiduciary without the consent of the latter's employer or principal with intent to or the understanding that this action will influence his or her conduct in relation to his or her employer's or principal's affairs.

(16) Violation of any disciplinary order imposed on a
 licensee by the Department.

3 4 (17) Failing to comply with any provision of this Act or rule promulgated under it.

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(18) Conducting an agency without a valid license.

6 (19) Revealing confidential information, except as 7 required by law, including but not limited to information 8 available under Section 2-123 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (20) Failing to make available to the Department, upon 10 request, any books, records, or forms required by this Act.

(21) Failing, within 30 days, to respond to a written
 request for information from the Department.

(22) Failing to provide employment information or
 experience information required by the Department
 regarding an applicant for licensure.

16 (23) Failing to make available to the Department at the
 17 time of the request any indicia of licensure or
 18 registration issued under this Act.

19 (24) Purporting to be a licensee-in-charge of an agency20 without active participation in the agency.

(b) The Department shall seek to be consistent in theapplication of disciplinary sanctions.

23 <u>(c) The Department shall adopt rules that set forth</u> 24 <u>standards of service for the following: (i) acceptable error</u> 25 <u>rate in the transmission of fingerprint images and other data</u> 26 <u>to the Department of State Police; (ii) acceptable error rate</u>

- 41 - LRB095 04494 RAS 24545 b HB1285 1 in the collection and documentation of information used to generate fingerprint work orders; and (iii) any other standard 2 3 of service that affects fingerprinting services as determined by the Department. 4 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.) 5 6 (225 ILCS 447/45-50) 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014) 8 Sec. 45-50. Unlicensed practice; fraud in obtaining a 9 license. 10 (a) A person who violates any of the following provisions 11 shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor; a person who commits 12 a second or subsequent violation of these provisions is guilty 13 of a Class 4 felony: 14 (1) The practice of or attempted practice of or holding 15 out as available to practice as a private detective, 16 private security contractor, private alarm contractor, fingerprint vendor, or locksmith without a license. 17 18 (2) Operation of or attempt to operate a private 19 detective agency, private security contractor agency, 20 private alarm contractor agency, fingerprint vendor 21 agency, or locksmith agency without ever having been issued 22 a valid agency license. (3) The obtaining of or the attempt to obtain any 23 24 or authorization issued under this license Act by

25 fraudulent misrepresentation.

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(b) Whenever a licensee is convicted of a felony related to 1 2 the violations set forth in this Section, the clerk of the court in any jurisdiction shall promptly report the conviction 3 to the Department and the Department shall immediately revoke 4 5 any license as a private detective, private security 6 contractor, private alarm contractor, fingerprint vendor, or locksmith held by that licensee. The individual shall not be 7 eligible for licensure under this Act until at least 10 years 8 9 have elapsed since the time of full discharge from any sentence 10 imposed for a felony conviction. If any person in making any 11 oath or affidavit required by this Act swears falsely, the 12 person is guilty of perjury and may be punished accordingly.

(c) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person who violates any provision of this Section shall pay a civil penalty to the Department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each offense, as determined by the Department. The civil penalty shall be imposed in accordance with this Act. (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

19 (225 ILCS 447/50-10)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)

Sec. 50-10. The Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private
 Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Board.

(a) The Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private
 Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Board shall
 consist of <u>12</u> <del>11</del> members appointed by the Director and

comprised of 2 licensed private detectives, 3 licensed private 1 2 security contractors, 2 licensed private alarm contractors, 1 licensed fingerprint vendor, 2 licensed locksmiths, one public 3 member who is not licensed or registered under this Act and who 4 5 has no connection with a business licensed under this Act, and one member representing the employees registered under this 6 7 Act. Each member shall be a resident of Illinois. Except for 8 the initial appointment of a licensed fingerprint vendor after 9 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General 10 Assembly, each Each licensed member shall have at least 5 years 11 experience as a licensee in the professional area in which the 12 person is licensed and be in good standing and actively engaged in that profession. In making appointments, the Director shall 13 consider the recommendations of the professionals and the 14 15 professional organizations representing the licensees. The 16 membership shall reasonably reflect the different geographic 17 areas in Illinois.

(b) Members shall serve 4 year terms and may serve until 18 19 their successors are appointed. No member shall serve for more 20 than 2 successive terms. Appointments to fill vacancies shall 21 be made in the same manner as the original appointments for the 22 unexpired portion of the vacated term. Members of the Board in 23 office on the effective date of this Act pursuant to the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, 24 and 25 Locksmith Act of 1993 shall serve for the duration of their 26 terms and may be appointed for one additional term.

1 (c) A member of the Board may be removed for cause. A 2 member subject to formal disciplinary proceedings shall 3 disqualify himself or herself from all Board business until the 4 charge is resolved. A member also shall disqualify himself or 5 herself from any matter on which the member cannot act 6 objectively.

7 (d) Members shall receive compensation as set by law. Each
8 member shall receive reimbursement as set by the Governor's
9 Travel Control Board for expenses incurred in carrying out the
10 duties as a Board member.

(e) A majority of Board members constitutes a quorum. A
 majority vote of the quorum is required for a decision.

13 (f) The Board shall elect a chairperson and vice 14 chairperson.

(g) Board members are not liable for their acts, omissions, decisions, or other conduct in connection with their duties on the Board, except those determined to be willful, wanton, or intentional misconduct.

(h) The Board may recommend policies, procedures, and rules
relevant to the administration and enforcement of this Act.
(Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

22 (225 ILCS 447/50-25)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
24 Sec. 50-25. Home rule. Pursuant to paragraph (h) of Section
25 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, the

power to regulate the private detective, private security, private alarm, <u>fingerprint vending</u>, or locksmith business or their employees shall be exercised exclusively by the State and may not be exercised by any unit of local government, including home rule units.

6 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

7 Section 25. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
8 changing Section 10-4 as follows:

9 (305 ILCS 5/10-4) (from Ch. 23, par. 10-4)

10 10-4. Notification of Support Obligation. Sec. The 11 administrative enforcement unit within the authorized area of its operation shall notify each responsible relative of an 12 applicant or recipient, or responsible relatives of other 13 14 persons given access to the child support enforcement services 15 of this Article, of his legal obligation to support and shall request such information concerning his financial status as may 16 be necessary to determine whether he is financially able to 17 provide such support, in whole or in part. In cases involving a 18 child born out of wedlock, the notification shall include a 19 20 statement that the responsible relative has been named as the 21 biological father of the child identified in the notification.

In the case of applicants, the notification shall be sent as soon as practical after the filing of the application. In the case of recipients, the notice shall be sent at such time - 46 - LRB095 04494 RAS 24545 b

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as may be established by rule of the Illinois Department.

2 accompanied by the The notice shall be forms or questionnaires provided in Section 10-5. It shall inform the 3 relative that he may be liable for reimbursement of any support 4 5 furnished from public aid funds prior to determination of the 6 relative's financial circumstances, as well as for future support. In the alternative, when support is sought on behalf 7 8 of applicants for or recipients of financial aid under Article 9 IV of this Code and other persons who are given access to the 10 child support enforcement services of this Article as provided 11 in Section 10-1, the notice shall inform the relative that the 12 relative may be required to pay support for a period before the 13 date an administrative support order is entered, as well as 14 future support.

15 Neither the mailing nor receipt of such notice shall be 16 deemed a jurisdictional requirement for the subsequent 17 exercise of the investigative procedures undertaken by an administrative enforcement unit or the entry of any order or 18 determination of paternity or support or reimbursement by the 19 20 administrative enforcement unit; except that notice shall be 21 served by certified mail addressed to the responsible relative 22 at his or her last known address, return receipt requested, or 23 by a person who is licensed or registered as a private 24 detective under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private 25 Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 or by a 26 registered employee of a private detective agency certified under that Act, or in counties with a population of less than 2,000,000 by any method provided by law for service of summons, 3 in cases where a determination of paternity or support by 4 default is sought on behalf of applicants for or recipients of 5 financial aid under Article IV of this Act and other persons 6 who are given access to the child support enforcement services 7 of this Article as provided in Section 10-1.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-92, eff. 6-30-05.)

9 Section 30. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by10 changing Section 2-123 as follows:

11 (625 ILCS 5/2-123) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-123)

12 Sec. 2-123. Sale and Distribution of Information.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the 13 14 Secretary may make the driver's license, vehicle and title 15 registration lists, in part or in whole, and any statistical information derived from these lists available to local 16 17 governments, elected state officials, state educational 18 institutions, and all other governmental units of the State and 19 Federal Government requesting them for governmental purposes. 20 The Secretary shall require any such applicant for services to 21 pay for the costs of furnishing such services and the use of the equipment involved, and in addition is empowered to 22 23 establish prices and charges for the services so furnished and 24 for the use of the electronic equipment utilized.

(b) The Secretary is further empowered to and he may, in 1 2 his discretion, furnish to any applicant, other than listed in subsection (a) of this Section, vehicle or driver data on a 3 computer tape, disk, other electronic format or computer 4 5 processable medium, or printout at a fixed fee of \$250 for orders received before October 1, 2003 and \$500 for orders 6 7 received on or after October 1, 2003, in advance, and require in addition a further sufficient deposit based upon the 8 9 Secretary of State's estimate of the total cost of the 10 information requested and a charge of \$25 for orders received 11 before October 1, 2003 and \$50 for orders received on or after 12 October 1, 2003, per 1,000 units or part thereof identified or 13 the actual cost, whichever is greater. The Secretary is authorized to refund any difference between the additional 14 15 deposit and the actual cost of the request. This service shall 16 not be in lieu of an abstract of a driver's record nor of a 17 title or registration search. This service may be limited to entities purchasing a minimum number of records as required by 18 administrative rule. The information sold pursuant to this 19 20 subsection shall be the entire vehicle or driver data list, or part thereof. The information sold pursuant to this subsection 21 22 shall not contain personally identifying information unless 23 the information is to be used for one of the purposes identified in subsection (f-5) of this Section. Commercial 24 purchasers of driver and vehicle record databases shall enter 25 26 into a written agreement with the Secretary of State that includes disclosure of the commercial use of the information to
 be purchased.

(b-1) The Secretary is further empowered to and may, in his 3 or her discretion, furnish vehicle or driver data on a computer 4 5 tape, disk, or other electronic format or computer processible medium, at no fee, to any State or local governmental agency 6 7 that uses the information provided by the Secretary to transmit 8 data back to the Secretary that enables the Secretary to 9 maintain accurate driving records, including dispositions of 10 traffic cases. This information may be provided without fee not 11 more often than once every 6 months.

12 (c) Secretary of State may issue registration lists. The 13 Secretary of State shall compile and publish, at least annually, a list of all registered vehicles. Each list of 14 15 registered vehicles shall be arranged serially according to the 16 registration numbers assigned to registered vehicles and shall 17 contain in addition the names and addresses of registered owners and a brief description of each vehicle including the 18 19 serial or other identifying number thereof. Such compilation 20 may be in such form as in the discretion of the Secretary of State may seem best for the purposes intended. 21

(d) The Secretary of State shall furnish no more than 2 current available lists of such registrations to the sheriffs of all counties and to the chiefs of police of all cities and villages and towns of 2,000 population and over in this State at no cost. Additional copies may be purchased by the sheriffs or chiefs of police at the fee of \$500 each or at the cost of
 producing the list as determined by the Secretary of State.
 Such lists are to be used for governmental purposes only.

4 (e) (Blank).

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(e-1) (Blank).

Secretary of State shall make a title 6 (f) The or registration search of the records of his office and a written 7 8 report on the same for any person, upon written application of 9 such person, accompanied by a fee of \$5 for each registration 10 or title search. The written application shall set forth the 11 intended use of the requested information. No fee shall be 12 charged for a title or registration search, or for the 13 certification thereof requested by a government agency. The report of the title or registration search shall not contain 14 15 personally identifying information unless the request for a 16 search was made for one of the purposes identified in 17 subsection (f-5) of this Section. The report of the title or registration search shall not contain highly restricted 18 personal information unless specifically authorized by this 19 20 Code.

21 The Secretary of State shall certify а title or 22 registration record upon written request. The fee for 23 certification shall be \$5 in addition to the fee required for a title or registration search. Certification shall be made under 24 25 signature of the Secretary of State and shall be the 26 authenticated by Seal of the Secretary of State.

1 The Secretary of State may notify the vehicle owner or 2 registrant of the request for purchase of his title or 3 registration information as the Secretary deems appropriate.

No information shall be released to the requestor until 4 5 expiration of a 10 day period. This 10 day period shall not apply to requests for information made by law enforcement 6 7 officials, government agencies, financial institutions, 8 insurers, employers, automobile associated attorneys, 9 businesses, persons licensed as a private detective or firms 10 licensed as a private detective agency under the Private 11 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint 12 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, who are employed by or are 13 acting on behalf of law enforcement officials, government 14 agencies, financial institutions, attorneys, insurers, 15 employers, automobile associated businesses, and other 16 business entities for purposes consistent with the Illinois 17 Vehicle Code, the vehicle owner or registrant or other entities as the Secretary may exempt by rule and regulation. 18

Any misrepresentation made by a requestor of title or vehicle information shall be punishable as a petty offense, except in the case of persons licensed as a private detective or firms licensed as a private detective agency which shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions under Section 40-10 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004.

26 (f-5) The Secretary of State shall not disclose or

otherwise make available to any person or entity any personally identifying information obtained by the Secretary of State in connection with a driver's license, vehicle, or title registration record unless the information is disclosed for one of the following purposes:

6 (1) For use by any government agency, including any 7 court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its 8 functions, or any private person or entity acting on behalf 9 of a federal, State, or local agency in carrying out its 10 functions.

11 (2) For use in connection with matters of motor vehicle 12 or driver safety and theft; motor vehicle emissions; motor 13 vehicle product alterations, recalls, or advisories; 14 performance monitoring of motor vehicles, motor vehicle 15 parts, and dealers; and removal of non-owner records from 16 the original owner records of motor vehicle manufacturers.

17 (3) For use in the normal course of business by a
18 legitimate business or its agents, employees, or
19 contractors, but only:

20 (A) to verify the accuracy of personal information
21 submitted by an individual to the business or its
22 agents, employees, or contractors; and

(B) if such information as so submitted is not
correct or is no longer correct, to obtain the correct
information, but only for the purposes of preventing
fraud by, pursuing legal remedies against, or

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recovering on a debt or security interest against, the individual.

3 (4) For use in research activities and for use in 4 producing statistical reports, if the personally 5 identifying information is not published, redisclosed, or 6 used to contact individuals.

7 (5) For use in connection with any civil, criminal, 8 administrative, or arbitral proceeding in any federal, 9 local court or agency or State, or before anv 10 self-regulatory body, including the service of process, 11 investigation in anticipation of litigation, and the 12 execution or enforcement of judgments and orders, or pursuant to an order of a federal, State, or local court. 13

14 (6) For use by any insurer or insurance support
15 organization or by a self-insured entity or its agents,
16 employees, or contractors in connection with claims
17 investigation activities, antifraud activities, rating, or
18 underwriting.

19 (7) For use in providing notice to the owners of towed20 or impounded vehicles.

(8) For use by any person licensed as a private
detective or firm licensed as a private detective agency
under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private
Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Act of <u>2004</u>
<del>1993</del>, private investigative agency or security service
licensed in Illinois for any purpose permitted under this

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1 subsection.

(9) For use by an employer or its agent or insurer to
obtain or verify information relating to a holder of a
commercial driver's license that is required under chapter
313 of title 49 of the United States Code.

6 (10) For use in connection with the operation of 7 private toll transportation facilities.

8 (11) For use by any requester, if the requester 9 demonstrates it has obtained the written consent of the 10 individual to whom the information pertains.

11 (12) For use by members of the news media, as defined 12 in Section 1-148.5, for the purpose of newsgathering when 13 the request relates to the operation of a motor vehicle or 14 public safety.

(13) For any other use specifically authorized by law,
if that use is related to the operation of a motor vehicle
or public safety.

18 (f-6) The Secretary of State shall not disclose or 19 otherwise make available to any person or entity any highly 20 restricted personal information obtained by the Secretary of 21 State in connection with a driver's license, vehicle, or title 22 registration record unless specifically authorized by this 23 Code.

(g) 1. The Secretary of State may, upon receipt of a
written request and a fee of \$6 before October 1, 2003 and
a fee of \$12 on and after October 1, 2003, furnish to the

person or agency so requesting a driver's record. Such 1 2 document may include a record of: current driver's license 3 issuance information, except that the information on judicial driving permits shall be available only as 4 5 otherwise provided by this Code; convictions; orders 6 entered revoking, suspending or cancelling a driver's 7 license privilege; and notations of or accident 8 involvement. All other information, unless otherwise 9 permitted by this Code, shall remain confidential. 10 Information released pursuant to a request for a driver's 11 record shall not contain personally identifying 12 information, unless the request for the driver's record was 13 made for one of the purposes set forth in subsection (f-5)14 of this Section.

15 2. The Secretary of State shall not disclose or 16 otherwise make available to any person or entity any highly 17 restricted personal information obtained by the Secretary of State in connection with a driver's license, vehicle, or 18 19 title registration record unless specifically authorized 20 by this Code. The Secretary of State may certify an 21 abstract of a driver's record upon written request 22 therefor. Such certification shall be made under the 23 the Secretary of State signature of and shall be 24 authenticated by the Seal of his office.

3. All requests for driving record information shall be
 made in a manner prescribed by the Secretary and shall set

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forth the intended use of the requested information.

The Secretary of State may notify the affected driver of the request for purchase of his driver's record as the Secretary deems appropriate.

5 No information shall be released to the requester until 6 expiration of a 10 day period. This 10 day period shall not 7 apply to requests for information made by law enforcement 8 officials, government agencies, financial institutions, 9 attorneys, insurers, employers, automobile associated businesses, persons licensed as a private detective or 10 11 firms licensed as a private detective agency under the 12 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, who are 13 14 employed by or are acting on behalf of law enforcement 15 officials, government agencies, financial institutions, 16 attorneys, insurers, employers, automobile associated 17 businesses, and other business entities for purposes consistent with the Illinois Vehicle Code, the affected 18 19 driver or other entities as the Secretary may exempt by 20 rule and regulation.

21 Any misrepresentation made by a requestor of driver 22 information shall be punishable as a petty offense, except 23 in the case of persons licensed as a private detective or 24 firms licensed as a private detective agency which shall be 25 subject to disciplinary sanctions under Section 40-10 of 26 the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security,

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Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004.

2 4. The Secretary of State may furnish without fee, upon 3 the written request of a law enforcement agency, any information from a driver's record on file with 4 the 5 Secretary of State when such information is required in the enforcement of this Code or any other law relating to the 6 7 operation of motor vehicles, including records of 8 dispositions; documented information involving the use of 9 a motor vehicle; whether such individual has, or previously 10 had, a driver's license; and the address and personal 11 description as reflected on said driver's record.

12 5. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the Secretary of State may furnish, without fee, information 13 14 from an individual driver's record on file, if a written 15 request therefor is submitted by any public transit system 16 or authority, public defender, law enforcement agency, a 17 federal agency, or Illinois state or an local intergovernmental association, if the request is for the 18 19 purpose of a background check of applicants for employment 20 with the requesting agency, or for the purpose of an 21 official investigation conducted by the agency, or to 22 determine a current address for the driver so public funds 23 can be recovered or paid to the driver, or for any other 24 purpose set forth in subsection (f-5) of this Section.

The Secretary may also furnish the courts a copy of an abstract of a driver's record, without fee, subsequent to an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance. Such abstract may include records of dispositions; documented information involving the use of a motor vehicle as contained in the current file; whether such individual has, or previously had, a driver's license; and the address and personal description as reflected on said driver's record.

6. Any certified abstract issued by the Secretary of 8 9 State or transmitted electronically by the Secretary of 10 State pursuant to this Section, to a court or on request of 11 a law enforcement agency, for the record of a named person 12 as to the status of the person's driver's license shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated and if the 13 14 name appearing in such abstract is the same as that of a 15 person named in an information or warrant, such abstract 16 shall be prima facie evidence that the person named in such 17 information or warrant is the same person as the person named in such abstract and shall be admissible for any 18 19 prosecution under this Code and be admitted as proof of any 20 prior conviction or proof of records, notices, or orders 21 recorded on individual driving records maintained by the 22 Secretary of State.

7. Subject to any restrictions contained in the
Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and upon receipt of a proper
request and a fee of \$6 before October 1, 2003 and a fee of
\$12 on or after October 1, 2003, the Secretary of State

shall provide a driver's record to the affected driver, or 1 2 the affected driver's attorney, upon verification. Such record shall contain all the information referred to in 3 paragraph 1 of this subsection (q) plus: any recorded 4 5 accident involvement as a driver; information recorded pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 6-117 and paragraph 6 7 (4) of subsection (a) of Section 6-204 of this Code. All other information, unless otherwise permitted by this 8 9 Code, shall remain confidential.

10 The Secretary shall not disclose social security (h) 11 numbers or any associated information obtained from the Social 12 Security Administration except pursuant to a written request by, or with the prior written consent of, the individual 13 14 except: (1) to officers and employees of the Secretary who have 15 a need to know the social security numbers in performance of 16 their official duties, (2) to law enforcement officials for a 17 lawful, civil or criminal law enforcement investigation, and if the head of the law enforcement agency has made a written 18 19 request to the Secretary specifying the law enforcement 20 investigation for which the social security numbers are being 21 sought, (3) to the United States Department of Transportation, 22 or any other State, pursuant to the administration and 23 enforcement of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, 24 (4) pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, 25 or (5) to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) for utilization in the 26

1 child support enforcement duties assigned to that Department 2 under provisions of the <u>Illinois</u> Public Aid Code after the 3 individual has received advanced meaningful notification of 4 what redisclosure is sought by the Secretary in accordance with 5 the federal Privacy Act.

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(i) (Blank).

7 (j) Medical statements or medical reports received in the 8 Secretary of State's Office shall be confidential. No 9 confidential information may be open to public inspection or 10 the contents disclosed to anyone, except officers and employees 11 of the Secretary who have a need to know the information 12 contained in the medical reports and the Driver License Medical Advisory Board, unless so directed by an order of a court of 13 14 competent jurisdiction.

15 (k) All fees collected under this Section shall be paid 16 into the Road Fund of the State Treasury, except that (i) for 17 fees collected before October 1, 2003, \$3 of the \$6 fee for a driver's record shall be paid into the Secretary of State 18 Special Services Fund, (ii) for fees collected on and after 19 20 October 1, 2003, of the \$12 fee for a driver's record, \$3 shall be paid into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund and 21 22 \$6 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund, and (iii) for 23 fees collected on and after October 1, 2003, 50% of the amounts collected pursuant to subsection (b) shall be paid into the 24 25 General Revenue Fund.

26 (l) (Blank).

(m) Notations of accident involvement that may be disclosed 1 2 under this Section shall not include notations relating to 3 damage to a vehicle or other property being transported by a tow truck. This information shall remain confidential, 4 5 provided that nothing in this subsection (m) shall limit 6 disclosure of any notification of accident involvement to any 7 law enforcement agency or official.

8 (n) Requests made by the news media for driver's license, 9 vehicle, or title registration information may be furnished 10 without charge or at a reduced charge, as determined by the 11 Secretary, when the specific purpose for requesting the 12 documents is deemed to be in the public interest. Waiver or 13 reduction of the fee is in the public interest if the principal 14 purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information 15 regarding the health, safety, and welfare or the legal rights 16 of the general public and is not for the principal purpose of 17 gaining a personal or commercial benefit. The information provided pursuant to this subsection shall not contain 18 personally identifying information unless the information is 19 20 to be used for one of the purposes identified in subsection (f-5) of this Section. 21

(o) The redisclosure of personally identifying information
obtained pursuant to this Section is prohibited, except to the
extent necessary to effectuate the purpose for which the
original disclosure of the information was permitted.

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(p) The Secretary of State is empowered to adopt rules to

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3 eff. 1-1-05; 94-56, eff. 6-17-05; revised 12-15-05.)

4 Section 35. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by 5 changing Section 24-2 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/24-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-2)

7 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

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8 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and 9 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,
while in the performance of their official duty, or while
commuting between their homes and places of employment.

18 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
 19 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the
 20 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance
 21 of their official duty.

(4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public
utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored
car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of

1 the duties of their employment or commuting between their 2 homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually 3 engaged in the performance of the duties of their 4 employment.

(5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, 5 6 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or 7 employed by an agency certified by the Department of 8 Professional Regulation, if their duties include the 9 carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private 10 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint 11 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, while actually engaged 12 in the performance of the duties of their employment or 13 commuting between their homes and places of employment, 14 provided that such commuting is accomplished within one 15 hour from departure from home or place of employment, as 16 the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision 17 (a) (5) shall be required to have completed a course of study in firearms handling and training approved and 18 19 supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as 20 prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith 21 22 Act of 2004, prior to becoming eligible for this exemption. 23 The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide 24 suitable documentation demonstrating the successful 25 completion of the prescribed firearms training. Such documentation shall be carried at all times when such 26

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persons are in possession of a concealable weapon.

2 (6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or 3 industrial operation as a security guard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such 4 5 commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged 6 in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between 7 sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as 8 a security quard, is a member of a security force of at 9 persons registered with the Department least 5 of 10 Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard 11 has successfully completed a course of study, approved by 12 of Professional and supervised by the Department Regulation, consisting of not less than 13 40 hours of 14 training that includes the theory of law enforcement, 15 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person 16 shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or 17 she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, 18 19 and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the 20 Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the 21 22 provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those 23 cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, 24 Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm authorization card 25 26 shall be carried by the security quard at all times when he - 65 - LRB095 04494 RAS 24545 b

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or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

2 the (7)Agents and investigators of Illinois 3 Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 4 5 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of 6 any investigation for the Commission.

7 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the 8 protection of other employees and property related to such 9 financial institution, while actually engaged in the 10 performance of their duties, commuting between their homes 11 and places of employment, or traveling between sites or 12 financial properties owned or operated by such 13 institution, provided that any person so employed has 14 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and 15 supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, 16 consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which 17 includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be 18 19 eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the 20 required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a 21 22 firearm authorization card by Department the of 23 Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this 24 25 Section shall be the same as for those issued under the 26 provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm,

Private Security, <u>Fingerprint Vendor</u>, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm authorization card shall be carried by 3 the person so trained at all times when such person is in 4 possession of a concealable weapon. For purposes of this 5 subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings 6 and loan association, credit union or company providing 7 armored car services.

8 (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to 9 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the 10 performance of his duties.

(10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers
 pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

(11) Investigators of the Office of the State's
Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of
governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate
Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the
State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

18 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's
19 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

20 (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of 21 their duties, or while commuting between their homes, 22 places of employment or specific locations that are part of 23 their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge 24 of the circuit for which they are employed.

(13) Court Security Officers while in the performance
 of their official duties, or while commuting between their

homes and places of employment, with the consent of the
 Sheriff.

3 (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at
4 a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or
5 facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
6 who has completed the background screening and training
7 mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear
8 Regulatory Commission.

9 (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons 10 to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through 11 (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

(b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

14 (1) Members of any club or organization organized for
15 the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon
16 established target ranges, whether public or private, and
17 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are
18 using their firearms on those target ranges.

19 (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations
 20 while parading, with the special permission of the
 21 Governor.

(3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license orpermit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.

(4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a
non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
(c) Subsection 24-1(a) (7) does not apply to or affect any

1 of the following:

2 (1) Peace officers while in performance of their3 official duties.

4 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
5 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
6 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

7 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
8 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
9 the performance of their official duty.

10 (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine
11 guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
12 (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the
13 machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or
14 are not immediately accessible.

(5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture 15 16 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be 17 discharged by a single function of the firing device, or ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the 18 19 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but 20 only with respect to activities which are within the lawful 21 scope of such business, such as the manufacture, 22 transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. 23 This exemption does not authorize the general private 24 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or 25 bullets can be discharged by a single function of the 26 firing device, but only such possession and activities as

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are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

3 During transportation, such weapons shall be broken 4 down in a non-functioning state or not immediately 5 accessible.

6 (6) The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, 7 transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental 8 activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and 9 weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for 10 such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a 11 person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant 12 to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply 13 of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the 14 United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces 15 of the United States, when such activities are necessary 16 and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

(d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,

possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace officer.

3 (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
4 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
5 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.

6 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and 7 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or 8 organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting 9 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or 10 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

11 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply 12 to:

(1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
the performance of their official duty.

16 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military17 ordinance.

18 (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
19 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
20 ammunition or explosive ordinance.

(4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of
explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed
by the federal government, in connection with the supply of
those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision
(g) (1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons
outside this State, or the transportation of explosive

bullets to any organization or person exempted in this 1 2 Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased 3 by an exempted manufacturer.

(q-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect 4 5 persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in 6 silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition 7 8 for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually 9 engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices, 10 firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities 11 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the 12 manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, 13 firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the 14 general private possession of any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the 15 16 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities 17 as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing subsection described in this 18 business (a-5). During 19 transportation, those devices shall be detached from any weapon 20 or not immediately accessible.

(h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of 21 22 any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions 23 contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden of proving such an exemption. 24

25 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or 26 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any

pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned 1 2 to a common carrier operating under license of the State of Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, 3 possession is incident to the lawful 4 carrving, or 5 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and 6 nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the 7 transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, 8 revolver, stun qun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of 9 and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of 10 this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm 11 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the 12 possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card. 13 (Source: P.A. 92-325, eff. 8-9-01; 93-438, eff. 8-5-03; 93-439, eff. 8-5-03; 93-576, eff. 1-1-04; revised 9-15-03.) 14

Section 40. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 2-202 as follows:

17 (735 ILCS 5/2-202) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-202)

Sec. 2-202. Persons authorized to serve process; Place of service; Failure to make return.

(a) Process shall be served by a sheriff, or if the sheriff
is disqualified, by a coroner of some county of the State. A
sheriff of a county with a population of less than 1,000,000
may employ civilian personnel to serve process. In counties
with a population of less than 1,000,000, process may be

served, without special appointment, by a person who is 1 2 licensed or registered as a private detective under the Private 3 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 or by a registered employee 4 5 of a private detective agency certified under that Act. A private detective or licensed employee must supply the sheriff 6 of any county in which he serves process with a copy of his 7 license or certificate; however, the failure of a person to 8 9 supply the copy shall not in any way impair the validity of 10 process served by the person. The court may, in its discretion 11 upon motion, order service to be made by a private person over 12 18 years of age and not a party to the action. It is not 13 necessary that service be made by a sheriff or coroner of the 14 county in which service is made. If served or sought to be served by a sheriff or coroner, he or she shall endorse his or 15 16 her return thereon, and if by a private person the return shall 17 be by affidavit.

(a-5) Upon motion and in its discretion, the court may 18 19 appoint as a special process server a private detective agency 20 certified under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private 21 Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Under 22 the appointment, any employee of the private detective agency 23 who is registered under that Act may serve the process. The motion and the order of appointment must contain the number of 24 25 the certificate issued to the private detective agency by the 26 Department of Professional Regulation under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, <u>Fingerprint</u>
 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004.

3 (b) Summons may be served upon the defendants wherever they 4 may be found in the State, by any person authorized to serve 5 process. An officer may serve summons in his or her official 6 capacity outside his or her county, but fees for mileage 7 outside the county of the officer cannot be taxed as costs. The 8 person serving the process in a foreign county may make return 9 by mail.

10 (c) If any sheriff, coroner, or other person to whom any 11 process is delivered, neglects or refuses to make return of the 12 same, the plaintiff may petition the court to enter a rule 13 requiring the sheriff, coroner, or other person, to make return 14 of the process on a day to be fixed by the court, or to show 15 cause on that day why that person should not be attached for 16 contempt of the court. The plaintiff shall then cause a written 17 notice of the rule to be served on the sheriff, coroner, or other person. If good and sufficient cause be not shown to 18 19 excuse the officer or other person, the court shall adjudge him 20 or her quilty of a contempt, and shall impose punishment as in other cases of contempt. 21

(d) If process is served by a sheriff or coroner, the court may tax the fee of the sheriff or coroner as costs in the proceeding. If process is served by a private person or entity, the court may establish a fee therefor and tax such fee as costs in the proceedings.

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1 (e) In addition to the powers stated in Section 8.1a of the 2 Housing Authorities Act, in counties with a population of 3 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, members of a housing authority 4 police force may serve process for forcible entry and detainer 5 actions commenced by that housing authority and may execute 6 orders of possession for that housing authority.

7 (f) In counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more, 8 process may be served, with special appointment by the court, 9 by a private process server or a law enforcement agency other 10 than the county sheriff in proceedings instituted under the 11 Forcible Entry and Detainer Article of this Code as a result of 12 a lessor or lessor's assignee declaring a lease void pursuant to Section 11 of the Controlled Substance and Cannabis Nuisance 13 14 Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 93-438, eff. 8-5-03.)

Section 45. The Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act is amended by changing Section 20 as follows:

18 (765 ILCS 1025/20) (from Ch. 141, par. 120)

19

Sec. 20. Determination of claims.

(a) The State Treasurer shall consider any claim filed
under this Act and may, in his discretion, hold a hearing and
receive evidence concerning it. Such hearing shall be conducted
by the State Treasurer or by a hearing officer designated by
him. No hearings shall be held if the payment of the claim is

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if the claimant is under 1 ordered by a court, court 2 jurisdiction, or if the claim is paid under Article XXV of the Probate Act of 1975. The State Treasurer or hearing officer 3 shall prepare a finding and a decision in writing on each 4 5 hearing, stating the substance of any evidence heard by him, 6 his findings of fact in respect thereto, and the reasons for 7 his decision. The State Treasurer shall review the findings and decision of each hearing conducted by a hearing officer and 8 9 issue a final written decision. The final decision shall be a 10 public record. Any claim of an interest in property that is 11 filed pursuant to this Act shall be considered and a finding 12 and decision shall be issued by the Office of the State 13 Treasurer in a timely and expeditious manner.

(b) If the claim is allowed, and after deducting an amount not to exceed \$20 to cover the cost of notice publication and related clerical expenses, the State Treasurer shall make payment forthwith.

(c) In order to carry out the purpose of this Act, no 18 person or company shall be entitled to a fee for discovering 19 presumptively abandoned property until it has been in the 20 custody of the Unclaimed Property Division of the Office of the 21 22 State Treasurer for at least 24 months. Fees for discovering 23 property that has been in the custody of that division for more than 24 months shall be limited to not more than 10% of the 24 25 amount collected.

26

(d) A person or company attempting to collect a contingent

1 fee for discovering, on behalf of an owner, presumptively 2 abandoned property must be licensed as a private detective 3 pursuant to the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private 4 Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 1993.

5 (e) This Section shall not apply to the fees of an attorney 6 at law duly appointed to practice in a state of the United 7 States who is employed by a claimant with regard to probate 8 matters on a contractual basis.

9 (Source: P.A. 93-531, eff. 8-14-03.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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