

Rep. Jay C. Hoffman

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09500HB2670ham001

LRB095 01090 JAM 35115 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2670

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 2670 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing

5 Sections 4-50, 5-50, 6-100, 19-8, 19A-35, 19A-75, and 20-8 as

6 follows:

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7 (10 ILCS 5/4-50)

Sec. 4-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and for change of address during the period from the close of registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day before the primary or election. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter

1 registration location specifically designated for this purpose

2 by the election authority. The election authority shall

3 register that individual, or change a registered voter's

address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this

Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct list of persons to whom absentee and early ballots have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9 and 18-5.

A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be

permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location, at the same time provided in subsections (b) and (f) of Section 19-8 for the counting of absentee ballots, and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the appropriate county central committee chairperson of each established political party with written notice of the time and location of the counting of grace period ballots.

If the election authority begins the counting of absentee ballots before the close of the polls on election day, then the election authority shall begin the counting of grace period ballots at the same time before the close of the polls on election day and the authorization of pollwatchers at the counting of absentee ballots before the close of the polls on election day under subsection (h) of Section 19-8 shall apply to the counting of grace period ballots before the close of the polls on election day (but shall not increase the number of pollwatchers authorized by subsection (h) of Section 19-8). Results of grace period voting may be made public in accordance

- 1 with the provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than
- 2 the close of the polls on election day.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/5-50)

Sec. 5-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and for change of address during the period from the close of registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day before the primary or election. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. The election authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall

be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article

19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct list of persons to whom absentee and early ballots have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9 and 18-5.

A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location, at the same time provided in subsections (b) and (f) of Section 19-8 for the counting of absentee ballots, and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the appropriate county central

- 1 committee chairperson of each established political party with
- written notice of the time and location of the counting of 2
- 3 grace period ballots.
- 4 If the election authority begins the counting of absentee
- 5 ballots before the close of the polls on election day, then the
- election authority shall begin the counting of grace period 6
- ballots at the same time before the close of the polls on 7
- election day and the authorization of pollwatchers at the 8
- 9 counting of absentee ballots before the close of the polls on
- 10 election day under subsection (h) of Section 19-8 shall apply
- 11 to the counting of grace period ballots before the close of the
- polls on election day (but shall not increase the number of 12
- 13 pollwatchers authorized by subsection (h) of Section 19-8).
- 14 Results of grace period voting may be made public in accordance
- 15 with the provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than
- 16 the close of the polls on election day.
- (Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.) 17
- (10 ILCS 5/6-100) 18
- 19 Sec. 6-100. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other
- provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority 20
- shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and 21
- for change of address during the period from the close of 22
- 23 registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day
- 24 before the primary or election. During this grace period, an
- 25 unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a

registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. The election authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct list of persons to whom absentee and early ballots have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9

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A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location, at the same time provided in subsections (b) and (f) of Section 19-8 for the counting of absentee ballots, and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the appropriate county central committee chairperson of each established political party with written notice of the time and location of the counting of grace period ballots.

If the election authority begins the counting of absentee ballots before the close of the polls on election day, then the election authority shall begin the counting of grace period ballots at the same time before the close of the polls on election day and the authorization of pollwatchers at the counting of absentee ballots before the close of the polls on election day under subsection (h) of Section 19-8 shall apply to the counting of grace period ballots before the close of the polls on election day (but shall not increase the number of

- 1 pollwatchers authorized by subsection (h) of Section 19-8).
- 2 Results of grace period voting may be made public in accordance
- 3 with the provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than
- 4 the close of the polls on election day.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)
- 7 Sec. 19-8. Time and place of counting ballots.
- 8 (a) (Blank.)
- 9 (b) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election 10 authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority before the closing of the 11 12 polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall 13 14 be counted in the central ballot counting location of the 15 election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in subsections (q) and (q-5). 16
- (c) Each absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an 17 18 election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the 19 opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by 20 the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional 21 22 ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall 23 24 be counted at the central ballot counting location of the 25 election authority during the period for counting provisional

ballots.

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- Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots (d) returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by the election authority at any time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same period provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsections (b), (q), and (q-5). Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same periods provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (c).
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on an election day shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving them with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the

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- 1 period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at 2 the election, and shall then, without being opened, be 3 destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
 - (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. The counting shall continue until all absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots required to be counted on election day have been counted. At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the appropriate county central committee chairperson of each established political party with written notice of the time and location of the counting of absentee ballots.
 - (q) The procedures set forth in Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section. In addition, within 2 days after an absentee ballot, other than an in-person absentee ballot, is received, but in all cases before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots, the election judge or official shall compare the voter's signature on the certification envelope of that absentee ballot with the signature of the voter on file in the office of the election authority. If the election judge or official determines that the 2 signatures match, and that the absentee voter is otherwise qualified to cast an absentee ballot, the election authority shall cast and count the ballot on election day or

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- 1 the day the ballot is determined to be valid, whichever is later, adding the results to the precinct in which the voter is 2 3 registered. If the election judge or official determines that 4 the signatures do not match, or that the absentee voter is not 5 qualified to cast an absentee ballot, then without opening the certification envelope, the judge or official shall mark across 6 the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and 7 8 shall not cast or count the ballot.
 - In addition to the voter's signatures not matching, an absentee ballot may be rejected by the election judge or official:
- (1) if the ballot envelope is open or has been opened 12 13 and resealed;
 - (2) if the voter has already cast an early or grace period ballot;
 - (3) if the voter voted in person on election day or the voter is not a duly registered voter in the precinct; or
 - (4) on any other basis set forth in this Code.
 - If the election judge or official determines that any of these reasons apply, the judge or official shall mark across the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not cast or count the ballot.
- 23 (g-5) If an absentee ballot, other than an in-person 24 absentee ballot, is rejected by the election judge or official 25 for any reason, the election authority shall, within 2 days 26 after the rejection but in all cases before the close of the

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period for counting provisional ballots, notify the absentee voter that his or her ballot was rejected. The notice shall inform the voter of the reason or reasons the ballot was rejected and shall state that the voter may appear before the election authority, on or before the 14th day after the election, to show cause as to why the ballot should not be rejected. The voter may present evidence to the election authority supporting his or her contention that the ballot should be counted. The election authority shall appoint a panel 3 election judges to review the contested ballot, application, and certification envelope, as well as any evidence submitted by the absentee voter. No more than 2 election judges on the reviewing panel shall be of the same political party. The reviewing panel of election judges shall make a final determination as to the validity of the contested absentee ballot. The judges' determination shall not be reviewable either administratively or judicially.

An absentee ballot subject to this subsection that is determined to be valid shall be counted before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots.

(q-10) All absentee ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. Results of absentee voting may be made public in accordance with the provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than the closing of the polls on election day.

- 1 (h) Each political party, candidate, and qualified civic
- organization shall be entitled to have present, including at 2
- any counting before the close of the polls on election day, one 3
- 4 pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- (10 ILCS 5/19A-35) 6
- 7 Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.
- (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of the election, 8
- 9 the county clerk shall make available to the election official
- 10 conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient
- number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting 11
- 12 instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election
- official shall receipt for all ballots received and shall 13
- 14 return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early
- 15 voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for
- all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election 16
- 17 official must include early ballots for each precinct in the
- election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate 18
- 19 ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election
- of officers or a referendum at that election. 20
- 21 (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the
- 22 election judge or official is required to verify the signature
- of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the 23
- 24 official registration card, and the judge or official must
- 25 verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the

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applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. The applicant's identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of an Illinois driver's license, a identification issued non-driver card by the Secretary of State, or another government-issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.

(b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if the person submits that absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot.

(b-10) Within one day after a voter casts an early voting

- 1 ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name,
- 2 street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district
- numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, 3
- 4 which shall maintain those names and that information in an
- 5 electronic format on its website, arranged by county and
- 6 accessible to State and local political committees.
- (b-15) This subsection applies to early voting polling 7
- places using optical scan technology voting equipment subject 8
- 9 to Article 24B. Immediately after voting an early ballot, the
- 10 voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment accepted
- or rejected the ballot. A voter whose early voting ballot is 11
- not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the 12
- 13 ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The
- voter's ballot that was not accepted shall be initialed by the 14
- 15 election judge or official conducting the early voting and
- 16 handled as provided in Article 24B.
- (c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope 17
- shall be delivered by the election authority to the central 18
- ballot counting location before the close of the polls on the 19
- 20 day of the election; except that if the election authority
- begins the counting of absentee ballots before the close of the 21
- polls on election day, then the election authority must begin 22
- counting early voting ballots at the same time before the close 23
- 24 of the polls on election day and (i) the early voting ballots
- 25 must be delivered to the central ballot counting location in
- sufficient time for the commencement of counting and (ii) the 26

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1 authorization of pollwatchers at the counting of absentee 2 ballots before the close of the polls on election day under subsection (h) of Section 19-8 shall apply to the counting of 3 early voting ballots before the close of the polls on election day (but shall not increase the number of pollwatchers 6 authorized by subsection (h) of Section 19-8). At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the 7 appropriate county central committee chairperson of each established political party with written notice of the time and location of the counting of early voting ballots. Results of early voting nay be made public in accordance with the 11 provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than the close 13 of the polls on election day.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

(10 ILCS 5/19A-75)

Sec. 19A-75. Early voting in jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C. Election authorities that have adopted for use Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C may either use those voting systems to conduct early voting or, so long as at least one Direct Recording Electronic Voting System device is available at each early voting polling place, use whatever method the election authority uses for absentee balloting conducted by mail; provided that no early ballots are counted before the polls close on election day.

- (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 1
- (10 ILCS 5/20-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-8) 2
- 3 Sec. 20-8. Time and place of counting ballots.
- 4 (a) (Blank.)

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- (b) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in the central ballot counting location of the election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in subsections (q) and (q-5).
 - (c) Each absent voter's ballot that is mailed to election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots.
- 23 Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots (d) 24 returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by 25 this Article, and received by the election authority at any

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time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same period provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsections (b), (q), and (q-5). Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballot that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked by midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same periods provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (c).

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on the day of election shall be endorsed by the person receiving the ballots with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at the election, and shall then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
 - (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on

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election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. The counting shall continue until all absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots required to be counted on election day have been counted. At least one day before the election, the election authority shall provide the appropriate county central committee chairperson of each established political party with written notice of the time and location of the counting of absentee ballots.

(q) The procedures set forth in Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section. In addition, within 2 days after a ballot subject to this Article is received, but in all cases before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots, the election judge or shall compare the voter's signature on official certification envelope of that ballot with the signature of the voter on file in the office of the election authority. If the election judge or official determines that the 2 signatures match, and that the voter is otherwise qualified to cast a ballot under this Article, the election authority shall cast and count the ballot on election day or the day the ballot is determined to be valid, whichever is later, adding the results to the precinct in which the voter is registered. If the election judge or official determines that the signatures do not match, or that the voter is not qualified to cast a ballot

- 1 under this Article, then without opening the certification
- envelope, the judge or official shall mark across the face of 2
- 3 the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not
- 4 cast or count the ballot.
- 5 In addition to the voter's signatures not matching, a
- ballot subject to this Article may be rejected by the election 6
- 7 judge or official:
- 8 (1) if the ballot envelope is open or has been opened
- 9 and resealed;
- 10 (2) if the voter has already cast an early or grace
- period ballot; 11
- (3) if the voter voted in person on election day or the 12
- 13 voter is not a duly registered voter in the precinct; or
- 14 (4) on any other basis set forth in this Code.
- 15 If the election judge or official determines that any of
- 16 these reasons apply, the judge or official shall mark across
- the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and 17
- 18 shall not cast or count the ballot.
- 19 (q-5) If a ballot subject to this Article is rejected by
- 20 the election judge or official for any reason, the election
- 21 authority shall, within 2 days after the rejection but in all
- 22 cases before the close of the period for counting provisional
- 23 ballots, notify the voter that his or her ballot was rejected.
- 24 The notice shall inform the voter of the reason or reasons the
- 25 ballot was rejected and shall state that the voter may appear
- 26 before the election authority, on or before the 14th day after

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the election, to show cause as to why the ballot should not be rejected. The voter may present evidence to the election authority supporting his or her contention that the ballot should be counted. The election authority shall appoint a panel of 3 election judges to review the contested ballot, application, and certification envelope, as well as any evidence submitted by the absentee voter. No more than 2 election judges on the reviewing panel shall be of the same political party. The reviewing panel of election judges shall make a final determination as to the validity of the contested ballot. The judges' determination shall not be reviewable either administratively or judicially.

A ballot subject to this subsection that is determined to be valid shall be counted before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots.

(q-10) All ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. Results of absentee voting may be made public in accordance with the provisions of this Code but in no event earlier than the closing of the polls on election day.

(h) Each political party, candidate, and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present, including at any counting before the close of the polls on election day, one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned.

(Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 1
- 2 becoming law.".