95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

HB2921

Introduced 2/26/2007, by Rep. Tom Cross

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.6

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning a non-home rule municipal retailers' occupation tax imposed in certain municipalities with a population of more than 20,000 but less than 25,000.

LRB095 06289 HLH 26384 b

HB2921

1

AN ACT concerning local government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 5 changing Section 8-11-1.6 as follows:

6 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.6)

7 8-11-1.6. Non-home rule municipal Sec. retailers 8 occupation tax; municipalities between 20,000 and and 25,000. 9 The corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality with a population of more than 20,000 but less than 25,000 that has, 10 prior to January 1, 1987, established a Redevelopment Project 11 Area that has been certified as a State Sales Tax Boundary and 12 13 has issued bonds or otherwise incurred indebtedness to pay for 14 costs in excess of \$5,000,000, which is secured in part by a allocation fund, in accordance with the 15 tax increment 16 provisions of Division 11-74.4 of this Code may, by passage of 17 an ordinance, impose a tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than on 18 19 an item of tangible personal property that is titled and registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail 20 21 in the municipality. This tax may not be imposed on the sales 22 of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 23

and food that has been prepared for immediate 1 drinks, 2 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 3 medical appliances and insulin, urine testing drugs, materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics. If imposed, 4 5 the tax shall only be imposed in .25% increments of the gross receipts from such sales made in the course of business. Any 6 7 tax imposed by a municipality under this Sec. and all civil 8 penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be 9 collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. An 10 ordinance imposing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the 11 rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof 12 filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer 13 and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next 14 15 following such adoption and filing. The certificate of 16 registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer 17 under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable under any 18 ordinance or resolution enacted under this Section without 19 20 registering separately with the Department under the ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have 21 22 full power to administer and enforce this Section, to collect 23 all taxes and penalties due hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and 24 25 to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account 26 of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the

administration of, and compliance with this Section, the 1 2 Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, 3 the have powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, 4 5 restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of 6 terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are 7 prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 8 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than 9 the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of 10 taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 11 12 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the 13 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein. 14

A tax may not be imposed by a municipality under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.7 of this Act.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section, may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

25 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 26 made under this Section to a claimant, instead of issuing a

1 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State 2 Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the 3 amount specified, and to the person named in the notification 4 from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State 5 Treasurer out of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' 6 Occupation Tax Fund, which is hereby created.

7 The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State 8 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties 9 collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar 10 month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the 11 Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named 12 municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which 13 retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the 14 Department during the second preceding calendar month. The 15 amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not 16 including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the 17 second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any 18 19 amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, 20 and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made 21 during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on 22 behalf of the municipality, and not including any amount that 23 the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were 24 25 erroneously paid to the municipality. Within 10 days after 26 receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to

the municipalities provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit 5 whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or 6 other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the 7 place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is 8 9 extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal 10 or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller 11 to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale 12 exempt under the federal Constitution as a is sale in 13 interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" means a city, village, or incorporated town, including an incorporated town that has superseded a civil township.

HB2921 - 6 - LRB095 06289 HLH 26384 b

1 (Source: P.A. 88-334; 89-399, eff. 8-20-95.)