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1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 10-20.12a as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.12a)
- Sec. 10-20.12a. Tuition for non-resident pupils. To charge non-resident pupils who attend the schools of the district tuition in an amount not exceeding 110% of the per capita cost of maintaining the schools of the district for the preceding school year.
  - Such per capita cost shall be computed by dividing the total cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district by the average daily attendance, including tuition pupils. Depreciation on the buildings and equipment of the schools of the district, and the amount of annual depreciation on such buildings and equipment shall be dependent upon the useful life of such property.
  - The tuition charged shall in no case exceed 110% of the per capita cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district attended, as determined with reference to the most recent audit prepared under Section 3-7 which is available at the commencement of the current school year. Non-resident

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2 school term shall have their tuition apportioned, however

pupils who become non-resident during a school term shall not

be charged tuition for the remainder of the school term in

which they became non-resident pupils.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties involved and where the educational services are not otherwise provided for, educational services for an Illinois student under the age of 21 in a residential program designed to correct alcohol or other drug dependencies shall be provided by the district in which the facility is located and financed as follows. The cost of educational services shall be paid by the district of the student's residence to the district wherein the facility is located no less than once per month, unless otherwise agreed to by the parties. The funding provision in this paragraph applies to all Illinois students receiving educational services, whether placed pursuant to this Code or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, by court order, or by a State agency or whether the student voluntarily enrolls or is enrolled by a parent or quardian. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to relieve the district of the student's residence of financial responsibility based on the manner in which the student was placed at the facility. Subsections (c), (c-5), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 10-20.12b of this Code do not apply to Illinois students placed, through whatever means, at a residential program designed to correct alcohol or other drug

- dependencies. The changes to this Section made by this 1
- 2 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to all
- placements in effect on July 1, 2007 and all placements 3
- thereafter. The cost of educational services shall be paid by 4
- 5 the district in which the student resides in an amount equal to
- 6 the cost of providing educational services in a treatment
- 7 facility. Payments shall be made by the district of the
- 8 student's residence and shall be made to the district wherein
- 9 the facility is located no less than once per month unless
- 10 otherwise agreed to by the parties.
- (Source: P.A. 89-397, eff. 8-20-95; 90-649, eff. 7-24-98.) 11
- 12 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- changing Section 5-710 as follows: 13
- 14 (705 ILCS 405/5-710)
- 15 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 95-337 and
- 16 95-642)
- Sec. 5-710. Kinds of sentencing orders. 17
- (1) The following kinds of sentencing orders may be made in 18
- respect of wards of the court: 19
- 20 (a) Except as provided in Sections 5-805, 5-810, 5-815,
- 21 a minor who is found quilty under Section 5-620 may be:
- (i) put on probation or conditional discharge and 22
- 23 released to his or her parents, guardian or legal
- 24 custodian, provided, however, that any such minor who

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is not committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under this subsection and who is found to be a delinquent for an offense which is first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a forcible felony shall be placed on probation;

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- (ii) placed in accordance with Section 5-740, with or without also being put on probation or conditional discharge;
- required to undergo a substance abuse assessment conducted by a licensed provider and participate in the indicated clinical level of care;
- (iv) placed in the guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, but only if the delinquent minor is under 13 years of age;
- (v) placed in detention for a period not to exceed 30 days, either as the exclusive order of disposition or, where appropriate, in conjunction with any other order of disposition issued under this paragraph, provided that any such detention shall be in a juvenile detention home and the minor so detained shall be 10 years of age or older. However, the 30-day limitation may be extended by further order of the court for a minor under age 13 committed to the Department of Children and Family Services if the court finds that the minor is a danger to himself or others. The minor shall be given credit on the sentencing order of

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detention for time spent in detention under Sections 5-501, 5-601, 5-710, or 5-720 of this Article as a result of the offense for which the sentencing order was imposed. The court may grant credit on a sentencing order of detention entered under a violation of probation or violation of conditional discharge under Section 5-720 of this Article for time spent in detention before the filing of the petition alleging the violation. A minor shall not be deprived of credit for time spent in detention before the filing of a violation of probation or conditional discharge alleging the same or related act or acts;

(vi) ordered partially or completely emancipated in accordance with the provisions of the Emancipation of Minors Act;

(vii) subject to having his or her driver's license or driving privileges suspended for such time as determined by the court but only until he or she attains 18 years of age;

(viii) put on probation or conditional discharge and placed in detention under Section 3-6039 of the Counties Code for a period not to exceed the period of incarceration permitted by law for adults found quilty of the same offense or offenses for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent, and in any event no longer than upon attainment of age 21; this subdivision (viii)

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notwithstanding any contrary provision of the law; or

- ordered to undergo a medical (ix) or other procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body.
- (b) A minor found to be guilty may be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under Section 5-750 if the minor is 13 years of age or older, provided that the commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be made only if a term of incarceration is permitted by law for adults found quilty of the offense for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent. The time during which a minor is in custody before being released upon the request of a parent, quardian or legal custodian shall be considered as time spent in detention.
- (c) When a minor is found to be guilty for an offense which is a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and made a ward of the court, the court may enter a disposition order requiring the minor to undergo assessment, counseling or treatment in a substance abuse program approved by the Department of Human Services.
- (2) Any sentencing order other than commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice may provide for protective supervision under Section 5-725 and may include an order of protection under Section 5-730.

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- (3) Unless the sentencing order expressly so provides, it 1 2 does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition, subject to modification until final closing and 3 but is discharge of the proceedings under Section 5-750. 4
  - (4) In addition to any other sentence, the court may order any minor found to be delinquent to make restitution, in monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the "presentencing hearing" referred to in that Section shall be the sentencing hearing for purposes of this Section. The parent, quardian or legal custodian of the minor may be ordered by the court to pay some or all of the restitution on the minor's behalf, pursuant to the Parental Responsibility Law. The State's Attorney is authorized to act on behalf of any victim in seeking restitution in proceedings under this Section, up to the maximum amount allowed in Section 5 of the Parental Responsibility Law.
  - (5) Any sentencing order where the minor is committed or placed in accordance with Section 5-740 shall provide for the parents or guardian of the estate of the minor to pay to the legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such sums as are determined by the custodian or guardian of the person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. The payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.
    - (6) Whenever the sentencing order requires the minor to

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- attend school or participate in a program of training, the truant officer or designated school official shall regularly report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in instances in which educational services are to be provided to a minor in a residential program designed to correct alcohol or other drug dependencies, costs incurred in the provision of those services must be allocated based on the requirements of Section 10-20.12a of the School Code.
- (7) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice for a period of time in excess of that period for which an adult could be committed for the same act.
- (8) A minor found to be quilty for reasons that include a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be ordered to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of the damage that was caused by the violation or similar damage to property located in the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. The order may be in addition to any other order authorized by this Section.
  - (8.5) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care

1 for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section

21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be ordered to undergo

medical or psychiatric treatment rendered by a psychiatrist or

psychological treatment rendered by a clinical psychologist.

The order may be in addition to any other order authorized by

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(9) In addition to any other sentencing order, the court shall order any minor found to be quilty for an act which would constitute, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or criminal sexual abuse if committed by an adult to undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agency of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any medical test shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the minor's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of the test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the sentencing order was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to

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whom the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the minor of the results of the test for infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or the legal guardian, of the results of the test for infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at the Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed. The court shall order that the cost of any test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the minor.

(10) When a court finds a minor to be guilty the court shall, before entering a sentencing order under this Section, make a finding whether the offense committed either: (a) was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang, or (b) involved a violation of subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a violation of any statute that involved the wrongful use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the affirmative, and the court does not commit the minor to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the

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minor to perform community service for not less than 30 hours nor more than 120 hours, provided that community service is

3 available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the

county board of the county where the offense was committed. The

5 community service shall include, but need not be limited to,

the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of

Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damage

to property located in the municipality or county in which the

violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the

community service shall be performed in the minor's

neighborhood. This order shall be in addition to any other

order authorized by this Section except for an order to place

the minor in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

14 For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the

meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang

16 Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-696, eff. 6-1-06.)

- 18 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-337 and 95-642)

  19 Sec. 5-710. Kinds of sentencing orders.
- 20 (1) The following kinds of sentencing orders may be made in 21 respect of wards of the court:
- 22 (a) Except as provided in Sections 5-805, 5-810, 5-815, 23 a minor who is found guilty under Section 5-620 may be:
- 24 (i) put on probation or conditional discharge and 25 released to his or her parents, quardian or legal

custodian, provided, however, that any such minor who is not committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under this subsection and who is found to be a delinquent for an offense which is first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a forcible felony shall be placed on probation;

- (ii) placed in accordance with Section 5-740, with or without also being put on probation or conditional discharge;
- (iii) required to undergo a substance abuse assessment conducted by a licensed provider and participate in the indicated clinical level of care;
- (iv) placed in the guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, but only if the delinquent minor is under 15 years of age or, pursuant to Article II of this Act, a minor for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency exists. An independent basis exists when the allegations or adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency do not arise from the same facts, incident, or circumstances which give rise to a charge or adjudication of delinquency;
- (v) placed in detention for a period not to exceed 30 days, either as the exclusive order of disposition or, where appropriate, in conjunction with any other order of disposition issued under this paragraph,

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provided that any such detention shall be in a juvenile detention home and the minor so detained shall be 10 years of age or older. However, the 30-day limitation may be extended by further order of the court for a minor under age 15 committed to the Department of Children and Family Services if the court finds that the minor is a danger to himself or others. The minor shall be given credit on the sentencing order of detention for time spent in detention under Sections 5-501, 5-601, 5-710, or 5-720 of this Article as a result of the offense for which the sentencing order was imposed. The court may grant credit on a sentencing order of detention entered under a violation of probation or violation of conditional discharge under Section 5-720 of this Article for time spent in detention before the filing of the petition alleging the violation. A minor shall not be deprived of credit for time spent in detention before the filing of a violation of probation or conditional discharge alleging the same or related act or acts;

(vi) ordered partially or completely emancipated in accordance with the provisions of the Emancipation of Minors Act;

(vii) subject to having his or her driver's license or driving privileges suspended for such time as determined by the court but only until he or she

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attains 18 years of age;

(viii) put on probation or conditional discharge and placed in detention under Section 3-6039 of the Counties Code for a period not to exceed the period of incarceration permitted by law for adults found quilty of the same offense or offenses for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent, and in any event no longer than upon attainment of age 21; this subdivision (viii) notwithstanding any contrary provision of the law; or

- (ix)ordered to undergo a medical or other procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body.
- (b) A minor found to be quilty may be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under Section 5-750 if the minor is 13 years of age or older, provided that the commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be made only if a term of incarceration is permitted by law for adults found quilty of the offense for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent. The time during which a minor is in custody before being released upon the request of a parent, guardian or legal custodian shall be considered as time spent in detention.
- (c) When a minor is found to be quilty for an offense which is a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and made a ward of the

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- court, the court may enter a disposition order requiring 1 2 the minor to undergo assessment, counseling or treatment in a substance abuse program approved by the Department of 3 Human Services. 4
  - (2) Any sentencing order other than commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice may provide for protective supervision under Section 5-725 and may include an order of protection under Section 5-730.
  - (3) Unless the sentencing order expressly so provides, it does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition, but is subject to modification until final closing and discharge of the proceedings under Section 5-750.
- 13 (4) In addition to any other sentence, the court may order 14 any minor found to be delinquent to make restitution, in 15 monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except 16 17 that the "presentencing hearing" referred to in that Section shall be the sentencing hearing for purposes of this Section. 18 The parent, quardian or legal custodian of the minor may be 19 ordered by the court to pay some or all of the restitution on 20 the minor's behalf, pursuant to the Parental Responsibility 21 22 Law. The State's Attorney is authorized to act on behalf of any 23 victim in seeking restitution in proceedings under this Section, up to the maximum amount allowed in Section 5 of the 24 25 Parental Responsibility Law.
  - (5) Any sentencing order where the minor is committed or

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- placed in accordance with Section 5-740 shall provide for the parents or guardian of the estate of the minor to pay to the legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such sums as are determined by the custodian or quardian of the person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. The payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.
- (6) Whenever the sentencing order requires the minor to attend school or participate in a program of training, the truant officer or designated school official shall regularly report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in instances in which educational services are to be provided to a minor in a residential program designed to correct alcohol or other drug dependencies, costs incurred in the provision of those services must be allocated based on the requirements of Section 10-20.12a of the School Code.
- (7) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice for a period of time in excess of that period for which an adult could be committed for the same act.
- (8) A minor found to be quilty for reasons that include a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be ordered to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available

- in the jurisdiction. The community service shall include, but
  need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of the damage
  that was caused by the violation or similar damage to property
  located in the municipality or county in which the violation
  occurred. The order may be in addition to any other order
  authorized by this Section.
  - (8.5) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be ordered to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a clinical psychologist. The order may be in addition to any other order authorized by this Section.
  - (9) In addition to any other sentencing order, the court shall order any minor found to be guilty for an act which would constitute, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or criminal sexual abuse if committed by an adult to undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agency of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any medical test shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids

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as well as an examination of the minor's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of the test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the sentencing order was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the minor of the results of the test for infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or the legal quardian, of the results of the test for infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at the Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed. The court shall order that the cost of any test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the minor.

(10) When a court finds a minor to be quilty the court shall, before entering a sentencing order under this Section, make a finding whether the offense committed either: (a) was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an

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organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang, or (b) involved a violation of subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a violation of any statute that involved the wrongful use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the affirmative, and the court does not commit the minor to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the minor to perform community service for not less than 30 hours nor more than 120 hours, provided that community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damage to property located in the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the shall community service be performed in the minor's neighborhood. This order shall be in addition to any other order authorized by this Section except for an order to place the minor in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice. For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(11) If the court determines that the offense was committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang,

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as provided in subsection (10), and that the offense involved 1 2 the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a 3 driver's license or permit, the court shall notify the Secretary of State of that determination and of the period for 5 which the minor shall be denied driving privileges. If, at the 6 time of the determination, the minor does not hold a driver's license or permit, the court shall provide that the minor shall 7 8 not be issued a driver's license or permit until his or her 9 18th birthday. If the minor holds a driver's license or permit 10 at the time of the determination, the court shall provide that 11 the minor's driver's license or permit shall be revoked until 12 his or her 21st birthday, or until a later date or occurrence determined by the court. If the minor holds a driver's license 13 14 at the time of the determination, the court may direct the 15 Secretary of State to issue the minor a judicial driving 16 permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the 17 same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, except that the court may direct that 18 19 the JDP be effective immediately. (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-696, eff. 6-1-06; 20

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does

95-337, eff. 6-1-08; 95-642, eff. 6-1-08; revised 11-19-07.)

- not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 1
- 2 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 3 Public Act.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 4
- 5 becoming law.