1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 14-8.03 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/14-8.03) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-8.03)
- 7 Sec. 14-8.03. Transition goals, supports, and services.
- (a) For purposes of this Section, "transition services" 8 9 means a coordinated set of activities for a child with a disability that (i) is designed to be within a results-oriented 10 process that is focused on improving the academic and 11 12 functional achievement of the child with a disability to facilitate the child's movement from school to post-school 13 14 activities, including post-secondary education, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported 15 16 employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, 17 independent living, or community participation; (ii) is based on the individual child's needs, taking into account the 18 19 child's strengths, preferences, and interests; and (iii) includes instruction, related services, community experiences, 20 21 the development of employment and other post-school adult 22 living objectives, and, if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills, benefits planning, work incentives education, 23

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and the provision of a functional vocational evaluation. 1 Transition services for a child with a disability may be 2 special education, if provided as specially designed 3 4 instruction, or a related service if required to assist a child

with a disability to benefit from special education.

(a-5) Beginning no later than the first individualized education plan (IEP) in effect when the student turns age 14 1/2 (or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP Team) and updated annually thereafter, the IEP must include (i) measurable post-secondary goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments and other information available regarding the student that are related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills and (ii) the transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals, including courses of study. A school district shall consider, and develop when needed, the transition goals and supports for eligible students with disabilities not later than the school year in which student reaches age 14 1/2 at the individualized education plan meeting and provide services as identified on the student's individualized education plan. Transition goals shall be based on appropriate evaluation procedures and information, take into consideration the preferences of the student and his her parents or quardian, be outcome-oriented, and include employment, post-secondary education, and community living alternatives. Consideration of these goals shall result in

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clarification of a school district's responsibility to deliver specific educational services such as vocational training and community living skills instruction.

(b) Transition planning must be conducted as part of the IEP process and must be governed by the procedures applicable to the development, review, and revision of the IEP, including notices to the parents and student, parent and student participation, and annual review. To appropriately assess and develop IEP transition goals and transition services for a child with a disability plan for the student's transition needs, additional participants individualized education plan team members may be necessary and may be invited asked by the school district, parent, or student to participate assist in the transition planning process. Additional participants individualized education plan team members may include without limitation a representative from the Department of Human Services or another State agency, a case coordinator, or persons representing other public or community agencies or services, such as adult service providers or public community colleges. The IEP individualized education plan shall identify specify each person responsible for coordinating and delivering transition services. If the IEP team determines that the student requires transition services from a public or private entity outside of the school district, the IEP team shall identify potential outside resources, assign one or more IEP team members to contact the appropriate outside entities,

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make the necessary referrals, provide any information and documents necessary to complete the referral, follow up with the entity to ensure that the student has been successfully linked to the entity, and monitor the student's progress to determine if the student's IEP transition goals and benchmarks are being met. The student's IEP shall indicate one or more specific time periods during the school year when the IEP team shall review the services provided by the outside entity and the student's progress in such activities. The public school's responsibility for delivering educational services does not extend beyond the time the student leaves school or when the student's eligibility ends due to age under this Article student reaches age 21.

- (c) A school district shall submit annually a summary of each eligible student's IEP transition goals and transition needed supports resulting from the IEP individualized education plan team meeting to the appropriate Transition Planning Committee. If students local disabilities who are ineligible for special education services request transition services, local public school districts shall assist those students by identifying post-secondary school goals, delivering appropriate education services, and coordinating with other agencies and services for assistance.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to

- 1 make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions 2 of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, 3 however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of 4 5 the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House 6 7 and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those 8 9 suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this 10 11 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be 12 interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise 13 14 explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning 15 16 contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the 17 meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois 18 19 Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such 20 definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the 21 jurisdiction of the Governor.
- 23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.

(Source: P.A. 92-452, eff. 8-21-01.)