

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB6715

by Rep. Patricia Reid Lindner

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

415 ILCS 5/21

from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1021

Amends the Environmental Protection Act. Requires an owner or operator of land to apply for and receive a permit from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to increase the rate of landscape waste application to greater than the "agronomic rate" (20 tons per acre per year). Specifies the permit application process. Provides that written notice of a permit request must be served to (i) specified land owners, (ii) the governing body of the municipality and county board of the county in which the proposed composting facility is to be located, and (iii) the members of the General Assembly from the legislative district in which the proposed composting facility is to be located. Specifies the permit review process. Provides that any person shall have the right to inspect and to copy any permit application upon a formal written request to the Agency. Provides that a permit shall be valid for up to 2 years from the date of issuance. Effective immediately.

LRB095 22479 RLJ 52857 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 21 as follows:
- 6 (415 ILCS 5/21) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1021)
- 7 Sec. 21. Prohibited acts. No person shall:
- 8 (a) Cause or allow the open dumping of any waste.
- 9 (b) Abandon, dump, or deposit any waste upon the public
- 10 highways or other public property, except in a sanitary
- 11 landfill approved by the Agency pursuant to regulations adopted
- 12 by the Board.
- 13 (c) Abandon any vehicle in violation of the "Abandoned
- 14 Vehicles Amendment to the Illinois Vehicle Code", as enacted by
- the 76th General Assembly.
- 16 (d) Conduct any waste-storage, waste-treatment, or
- 17 waste-disposal operation:
- 18 (1) without a permit granted by the Agency or in
- 19 violation of any conditions imposed by such permit,
- 20 including periodic reports and full access to adequate
- 21 records and the inspection of facilities, as may be
- 22 necessary to assure compliance with this Act and with
- regulations and standards adopted thereunder; provided,

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however, that, except for municipal solid waste landfill units that receive waste on or after October 9, 1993, no permit shall be required for (i) any person conducting a waste-treatment, or waste-storage, waste-disposal operation for wastes generated by such person's own activities which are stored, treated, or disposed within the site where such wastes are generated, or (ii) a facility located in a county with a population over 700,000 as of January 1, 2000, operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act, and used exclusively for the transfer, storage, or treatment of general construction or demolition debris;

- (2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
- (3) which receives waste after August 31, 1988, does not have a permit issued by the Agency, and is (i) a landfill used exclusively for the disposal of waste generated at the site, (ii) a surface impoundment receiving special waste not listed in an NPDES permit, (iii) a waste pile in which the total volume of waste is greater than 100 cubic yards or the waste is stored for over one year, or (iv) a land treatment facility receiving special waste generated at the site; without giving notice of the operation to the Agency by January 1, 1989, or 30 days after the date on which the operation commences, whichever is later, and every 3 years thereafter. The form for such

notification shall be specified by the Agency, and shall be limited to information regarding: the name and address of the location of the operation; the type of operation; the types and amounts of waste stored, treated or disposed of on an annual basis; the remaining capacity of the operation; and the remaining expected life of the operation.

Item (3) of this subsection (d) shall not apply to any person engaged in agricultural activity who is disposing of a substance that constitutes solid waste, if the substance was acquired for use by that person on his own property, and the substance is disposed of on his own property in accordance with regulations or standards adopted by the Board.

This subsection (d) shall not apply to hazardous waste.

- (e) Dispose, treat, store or abandon any waste, or transport any waste into this State for disposal, treatment, storage or abandonment, except at a site or facility which meets the requirements of this Act and of regulations and standards thereunder.
- (f) Conduct any hazardous waste-storage, hazardous waste-treatment or hazardous waste-disposal operation:
  - (1) without a RCRA permit for the site issued by the Agency under subsection (d) of Section 39 of this Act, or in violation of any condition imposed by such permit, including periodic reports and full access to adequate records and the inspection of facilities, as may be

L	necessary	to	assure	complian	ce with	this	Act	and	with
2	regulation	s ar	nd stand	ards adopt	ted there	eunder	or		

- (2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
- (3) in violation of any RCRA permit filing requirement established under standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
- (4) in violation of any order adopted by the Board under this Act.

Notwithstanding the above, no RCRA permit shall be required under this subsection or subsection (d) of Section 39 of this Act for any person engaged in agricultural activity who is disposing of a substance which has been identified as a hazardous waste, and which has been designated by Board regulations as being subject to this exception, if the substance was acquired for use by that person on his own property and the substance is disposed of on his own property in accordance with regulations or standards adopted by the Board.

- (q) Conduct any hazardous waste-transportation operation:
- (1) without registering with and obtaining a permit from the Agency in accordance with the Uniform Program implemented under subsection (1-5) of Section 22.2; or
- (2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act.
- (h) Conduct any hazardous waste-recycling or hazardous

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- waste-reclamation or hazardous waste-reuse operation in violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act.
  - (i) Conduct any process or engage in any act which produces hazardous waste in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under subsections (a) and (c) of Section 22.4 of this Act.
  - (j) Conduct any special waste transportation operation in violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act. However, sludge from a water or sewage treatment plant owned and operated by a unit of local government which (1) is subject to a sludge management plan approved by the Agency or a permit granted by the Agency, and (2) has been tested and determined not to be a hazardous waste as required by applicable State and federal laws and regulations, may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling permit, and the preparation and carrying of a manifest shall not be required for such sludge under the rules of the Pollution Control Board. The unit of local government which operates the treatment plant producing such sludge shall file a semiannual report with the Agency identifying the volume of such sludge transported during the reporting period, the hauler of the sludge, and the disposal sites to which it was transported. This subsection (j) shall not apply to hazardous waste.
    - (k) Fail or refuse to pay any fee imposed under this Act.

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- (1) Locate a hazardous waste disposal site above an active or inactive shaft or tunneled mine or within 2 miles of an active fault in the earth's crust. In counties of population less than 225,000 no hazardous waste disposal site shall be located (1) within 1 1/2 miles of the corporate limits as defined on June 30, 1978, of any municipality without the approval of the governing body of the municipality in an official action; or (2) within 1000 feet of an existing private well or the existing source of a public water supply measured from the boundary of the actual active permitted site and excluding existing private wells on the property of the permit applicant. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to publicly-owned sewage works or the disposal or utilization of sludge from publicly-owned sewage works.
  - (m) Transfer interest in any land which has been used as a hazardous waste disposal site without written notification to the Agency of the transfer and to the transferee of the conditions imposed by the Agency upon its use under subsection (a) of Section 39.
  - (n) Use any land which has been used as a hazardous waste disposal site except in compliance with conditions imposed by the Agency under subsection (g) of Section 39.
- (o) Conduct a sanitary landfill operation which is required to have a permit under subsection (d) of this Section, in a manner which results in any of the following conditions:
  - (1) refuse in standing or flowing waters;

Τ	(2) leadhate flows entering waters of the state;
2	(3) leachate flows exiting the landfill confines (as
3	determined by the boundaries established for the landfill
4	by a permit issued by the Agency);
5	(4) open burning of refuse in violation of Section 9 of
6	this Act;
7	(5) uncovered refuse remaining from any previous
8	operating day or at the conclusion of any operating day,
9	unless authorized by permit;
10	(6) failure to provide final cover within time limits
11	established by Board regulations;
12	(7) acceptance of wastes without necessary permits;
13	(8) scavenging as defined by Board regulations;
14	(9) deposition of refuse in any unpermitted portion of
15	the landfill;
16	(10) acceptance of a special waste without a required
17	manifest;
18	(11) failure to submit reports required by permits or
19	Board regulations;
20	(12) failure to collect and contain litter from the
21	site by the end of each operating day;
22	(13) failure to submit any cost estimate for the site
23	or any performance bond or other security for the site as
24	required by this Act or Board rules.
25	The prohibitions specified in this subsection (o) shall be

enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation

- 1 under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this
- 2 Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit
- 3 the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards
- 4 applicable to sanitary landfills.
- 5 (p) In violation of subdivision (a) of this Section, cause
- 6 or allow the open dumping of any waste in a manner which
- 7 results in any of the following occurrences at the dump site:
- 8 (1) litter;
- 9 (2) scavenging;
- 10 (3) open burning;
- 11 (4) deposition of waste in standing or flowing waters;
- 12 (5) proliferation of disease vectors;
- 13 (6) standing or flowing liquid discharge from the dump
- 14 site:
- 15 (7) deposition of:
- 16 (i) general construction or demolition debris as
- defined in Section 3.160(a) of this Act; or
- 18 (ii) clean construction or demolition debris as
- defined in Section 3.160(b) of this Act.
- The prohibitions specified in this subsection (p) shall be
- 21 enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation
- 22 under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this
- 23 Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit
- 24 the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards
- applicable to open dumping.
- 26 (g) Conduct a landscape waste composting operation without

1	an Agency	permit,	provided,	however,	that	no	permit	shall	be
2	required f	or any po	erson:						

- (1) conducting a landscape waste composting operation for landscape wastes generated by such person's own activities which are stored, treated or disposed of within the site where such wastes are generated; or
- (2) applying landscape waste or composted landscape waste at agronomic rates; or
- (3) operating a landscape waste composting facility on a farm, if the facility meets all of the following criteria:
  - (A) the composting facility is operated by the farmer on property on which the composting material is utilized, and the composting facility constitutes no more than 2% of the property's total acreage, except that the Agency may allow a higher percentage for individual sites where the owner or operator has demonstrated to the Agency that the site's soil characteristics or crop needs require a higher rate;
  - (B) the property on which the composting facility is located, and any associated property on which the compost is used, is principally and diligently devoted to the production of agricultural crops and is not owned, leased or otherwise controlled by any waste hauler or generator of nonagricultural compost materials, and the operator of the composting facility

is not an employee, partner, shareholder, or in any way connected with or controlled by any such waste hauler or generator;

- (C) all compost generated by the composting facility is applied at agronomic rates and used as mulch, fertilizer or soil conditioner on land actually farmed by the person operating the composting facility, and the finished compost is not stored at the composting site for a period longer than 18 months prior to its application as mulch, fertilizer, or soil conditioner;
- (D) the owner or operator, by January 1, 1990 (or the January 1 following commencement of operation, whichever is later) and January 1 of each year thereafter, (i) registers the site with the Agency, (ii) reports to the Agency on the volume of composting material received and used at the site, (iii) certifies to the Agency that the site complies with the requirements set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph (q)(3), and (iv) certifies to the Agency that all composting material was placed more than 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply well, was placed outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or on a part of the site that is floodproofed, was placed at least 1/4 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on

the same property as the facility) and there are not more than 10 occupied non-farm residences within 1/2 mile of the boundaries of the site on the date of application, and was placed more than 5 feet above the water table.

For the purposes of this subsection (q), "agronomic rates" means the application of not more than 20 tons per acre per year, except that the Agency may allow a higher rate for individual sites where the owner or operator has applied for and received a permit pursuant to this subsection (q) demonstrated to the Agency that the site's soil characteristics or crop needs require a higher rate.

- (1) A permit applicant must submit to the Agency a soil analysis that includes: (i) a minimum of one soil analysis test per every acre to which landscape waste will be applied and a site map indicating from where the soil tests were taken, and (ii) all of the soil analysis records for the subject property from the last 5 years, including maps indicating from where the samples were taken.
- (2) No later than 14 days after filing a permit application with the Agency to apply landscape waste or composted landscape waste above the agronomic rate, the applicant shall cause written notice of such request to be served upon the following persons and entities:
  - (A) The owners of all property within the subject area not solely owned by the applicant, and on the

owners of all property within 1,000 feet in each direction of the lot line of the subject property; provided, that the number of all feet occupied by all public roads, streets, alleys, and other public ways shall be excluded in computing the 1,000 foot requirement; provided further, that in no event shall this requirement exceed 1,500 feet, including public streets, alleys, and other public ways. The notice shall be served either in person or by registered mail, return receipt requested. For the purposes of this subdivision (1), "owners" means the persons or entities which appear from the authentic tax records of the county in which the composting facility is to be located.

(B) The members of the Illinois General Assembly from the legislative district in which the proposed facility is to be located. The notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the proposed site is to be located.

The written notice shall include the following information: (i) the name and address of the applicant, (ii) the location of the site, (iii) the requested amount of landscape waste to be applied, (iv) the probable life of the proposed activity, (v) the date, time, and location of the public hearing, and (vi) a description of the right of

## persons to comment on the request.

- (3) No later than 14 days after receiving a complete application, the Agency shall cause written notice to be served upon the governing body of the municipality and the county board of the county in which the proposed facility is to be located. The written notice shall include the following information: (i) the name and address of the applicant, (ii) the location of the site, (iii) the requested amount of landscape waste to be applied, (iv) the probable life of the proposed activity, (v) the date, time, and location of the public hearing, and (vi) a description of the right of persons to comment on the request.
- application, the Agency shall schedule a public hearing at which members of the public, the governing body of the municipality in which the proposed facility is to be located, and the county board of the county in which the proposed facility is to be located may present objections to the issuance of a permit to increase the rate of landscape waste application above the agronomic rate. The hearing shall take place within 45 days after the Agency receives the application. Any person appearing at the public hearing shall have the right to file a formal written objection that specifies the basis for the objection. The objection may also include any supporting materials.

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(5) In reviewing an application to apply landscape waste or composted landscape waste above the agronomic rate, the Agency shall perform an on-site inspection of the property to which the landscape waste is to be applied. In reviewing the application materials, the Agency shall perform independent calculations to determine the nitrogen needs of the crops and soil. The Agency shall review the potassium, phosphorus, and pH levels of the soil to determine the crop needs and soil requirements. The applicant has the burden of proving that the crop needs and soil requirements require a higher rate of landscape waste application. The Agency shall issue a written decision within 60 days of receiving an application, and it shall give notice of its decision to the applicant and to all persons who filed a formal written objection to the permit. (6) Any person shall have the right to inspect and to

copy any application and its supporting materials filed with the Agency under this subsection (q) and the Agency file associated with the application upon a formal written request to the Agency.

(7) Any person, including a governmental entity, who files a formal written objection at the public hearing, has the right to appeal an Agency decision permitting an increase in the rate of landscape waste application to the Illinois Pollution Control Board. To appeal a decision of the Board, a person must follow the procedures set forth in

1	Section	40	of	this	Act.	Judicial	revie	w of	the	Board's
2	decision	is	per	mitted	l unde:	Section	41 of	this	Act.	

- (8) A permit issued under this subsection (q) shall be valid for a period of up to 2 years from the date of issuance.
- (r) Cause or allow the storage or disposal of coal combustion waste unless:
  - (1) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or facility for which a permit has been obtained or is not otherwise required under subsection (d) of this Section; or
  - (2) such waste is stored or disposed of as a part of the design and reclamation of a site or facility which is an abandoned mine site in accordance with the Abandoned Mined Lands and Water Reclamation Act; or
  - (3) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or facility which is operating under NPDES and Subtitle D permits issued by the Agency pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board for mine-related water pollution and permits issued pursuant to the Federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (P.L. 95-87) or the rules and regulations thereunder or any law or rule or regulation adopted by the State of Illinois pursuant thereto, and the owner or operator of the facility agrees to accept the waste; and either
    - (i) such waste is stored or disposed of in accordance with requirements applicable to refuse

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disposal under regulations adopted by the Board for mine-related water pollution and pursuant to NPDES and Subtitle D permits issued by the Agency under such regulations; or

(ii) the owner or operator of the facility demonstrates all of the following to the Agency, and facility is operated in accordance with the demonstration as approved by the Agency: (1) the disposal area will be covered in a manner that will support continuous vegetation, (2) the facility will be adequately protected from wind and water erosion, (3) the pH will be maintained so as to prevent excessive leaching of metal ions, and (4) adequate containment or other measures will be provided to surface water and groundwater contamination at levels prohibited by this Act, the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act, or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, the disposal of coal combustion waste pursuant to item (2) or (3) of this subdivision (r) shall be exempt from the other provisions of this Title V, and notwithstanding the provisions of Title X of this Act, the Agency is authorized to grant experimental permits which include provision for the disposal of wastes from the combustion of coal and other materials pursuant to items (2) and (3) of this subdivision (r).

- 1 (s) After April 1, 1989, offer for transportation, 2 transport, deliver, receive or accept special waste for which a 3 manifest is required, unless the manifest indicates that the 4 fee required under Section 22.8 of this Act has been paid.
  - (t) Cause or allow a lateral expansion of a municipal solid waste landfill unit on or after October 9, 1993, without a permit modification, granted by the Agency, that authorizes the lateral expansion.
  - (u) Conduct any vegetable by-product treatment, storage, disposal or transportation operation in violation of any regulation, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act. However, no permit shall be required under this Title V for the land application of vegetable by-products conducted pursuant to Agency permit issued under Title III of this Act to the generator of the vegetable by-products. In addition, vegetable by-products may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling permit, and without the preparation and carrying of a manifest.
  - (v) (Blank).
    - (w) Conduct any generation, transportation, or recycling of construction or demolition debris, clean or general, or uncontaminated soil generated during construction, remodeling, repair, and demolition of utilities, structures, and roads that is not commingled with any waste, without the maintenance of documentation identifying the hauler, generator, place of origin of the debris or soil, the weight or volume of the

debris or soil, and the location, owner, and operator of the 1 2 facility where the debris or soil was transferred, disposed, recycled, or treated. This documentation must be maintained by 3 the generator, transporter, or recycler for 3 years. This 4 5 subsection (w) shall not apply to (1) a permitted pollution 6 control facility that transfers or accepts construction or 7 demolition debris, clean or general, or uncontaminated soil for 8 final disposal, recycling, or treatment, (2) a public utility 9 (as that term is defined in the Public Utilities Act) or a 10 municipal utility, (3) the Illinois Department 11 Transportation, or (4) a municipality or a county highway 12 department, with the exception of any municipality or county 13 highway department located within a county having a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants or located in a county that is 14 15 contiguous to a county having a population of over 3,000,000 16 inhabitants; but it shall apply to an entity that contracts 17 with a public utility, a municipal utility, the Illinois Department of Transportation, or a municipality or a county 18 highway department. The terms "generation" and "recycling" as 19 20 used in this subsection do not apply to clean construction or demolition debris when (i) used as fill material below grade 21 22 outside of а setback zone if covered by sufficient 23 uncontaminated soil to support vegetation within 30 days of the completion of filling or if covered by a road or structure, 24 25 (ii) solely broken concrete without protruding metal bars is 26 used for erosion control, or (iii) milled asphalt or crushed

- 1 concrete is used as aggregate in construction of the shoulder
- of a roadway. The terms "generation" and "recycling", as used
- 3 in this subsection, do not apply to uncontaminated soil that is
- 4 not commingled with any waste when (i) used as fill material
- 5 below grade or contoured to grade, or (ii) used at the site of
- 6 generation.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-179, eff. 7-11-03; 94-94, eff. 7-1-05.)
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 9 becoming law.