

## Sen. John J. Cullerton

## Filed: 5/7/2008

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09500SB2092sam002

LRB095 19298 RLC 50101 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2092 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2092 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 4 changing Sections 6-306.5, 11-208, 11-208.3, and 11-208.6 and 5 6 by adding Sections 11-208.7 and 11-208.8 as follows: 7 (625 ILCS 5/6-306.5) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.5) Sec. 6-306.5. Failure to pay fine or penalty for standing, 8 parking, compliance, or automated traffic law violations; 9 10 suspension of driving privileges. 11 (a) Upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by 12 subsection (c) of this Section, from any municipality stating 13 that the owner of a registered vehicle has: (1) failed to pay

any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 10 or more

violations of a municipality's vehicular standing, parking, or

compliance regulations established by ordinance pursuant to

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Section 11-208.3 of this Code, or (2) failed to pay any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 5 offenses for automated traffic violations as defined in Section 11-208.6, 5 offenses for automated school zone speed enforcement violations as defined in Section 11-208.7, or 5 offenses for automated speed enforcement violations as defined in Section 11-208.8, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of such person in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section. The Secretary shall also suspend the driving privileges of an owner of a registered vehicle upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by subsection (f) of this Section, from any municipality stating that such person has failed to satisfy any fines or penalties imposed by final judgments for 5 or more automated traffic law violations or 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures.

(b) Following receipt of the certified report of the municipality as specified in this Section, the Secretary of State shall notify the person whose name appears on the certified report that the person's drivers license will be suspended at the end of a specified period of time unless the Secretary of State is presented with a notice from the municipality certifying that the fine or penalty due and owing the municipality has been paid or that inclusion of that person's name on the certified report was in error. The Secretary's notice shall state in substance the information

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- contained in the municipality's certified report to the Secretary, and shall be effective as specified by subsection (c) of Section 6-211 of this Code.
  - (c) The report of the appropriate municipal official notifying the Secretary of State of unpaid fines or penalties pursuant to this Section shall be certified and shall contain the following:
    - (1) The name, last known address as recorded with the Secretary of State, as provided by the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease, or as recorded in a United States Post Office approved database if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, and drivers license number of the person who failed to pay the fine or penalty and the registration number of any vehicle known to be registered to such person in this State.
    - (2) The name of the municipality making the report pursuant to this Section.
    - (3) A statement that the municipality sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by ordinance enacted pursuant to Section 11-208.3, to the person named in the report at the address recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, at the last known address recorded in a

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United States Post Office approved database; the date on which such notice was sent; and the address to which such notice was sent. In a municipality with a population of 1,000,000 or more, the report shall also include a statement that the alleged violator's State vehicle registration number and vehicle make, if specified on the automated traffic law violation notice, are correct as they appear on the citations.

- (d) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall notify the Secretary of State, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, whenever a person named in the certified report has paid the previously reported fine or penalty or whenever the municipality determines that the original report was in error. A certified copy of such notification shall also be given upon request and at no additional charge to the person named therein. Upon receipt of the municipality's notification or presentation of a certified copy of such notification, the Secretary of State shall terminate the suspension.
- (e) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall also by ordinance establish procedures for persons to challenge the accuracy of the certified report. The ordinance shall also state the grounds for such a challenge, which may be limited to (1) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the vehicle or vehicles receiving 10 or more standing, parking, or

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- compliance violation notices or 5 or more automated traffic law violations on the date or dates such notices were issued; and (2) the person having already paid the fine or penalty for the 10 or more standing, parking, or compliance violations or 5 or more automated traffic law violations indicated on the certified report.
  - Any municipality, other than a municipality (f) establishing vehicular standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3, or automated traffic law regulations under Section 11-208.6, automated school zone speed enforcement regulations under Section 11-208.7, or automated speed enforcement regulations under Section 11-208.8 may also cause a suspension of a person's drivers license pursuant to this Section. Such municipality may invoke this sanction by making a certified report to the Secretary of State upon a person's failure to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations or 5 or more automated traffic law violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures, but only if:
    - (1) the municipality complies with the provisions of this Section in all respects except in regard to enacting an ordinance pursuant to Section 11-208.3;
    - (2) the municipality has sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by an ordinance enacted pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section; and

- 1 (3) in municipalities with a population of 1,000,000 or more, the municipality has verified that the alleged 2 violator's State vehicle registration number and vehicle 3 4 make are correct as they appear on the citations.
- 5 Any municipality, other than а municipality 6 establishing standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3, or automated traffic law 7 regulations under Section 11-208.6, automated school zone 8 9 speed enforcement regulations under Section 11-208.7, or 10 automated speed enforcement regulations under Section 11 11-208.8, may provide by ordinance for the sending of a notice of impending drivers license suspension to the person who has 12 13 failed to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment 14 for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or 15 compliance regulations or 5 or more automated traffic law 16 violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures. An ordinance so providing shall specify that the notice sent to 17 the person liable for any fine or penalty shall state that 18 failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the 19 20 notice's date will result in the municipality notifying the 21 Secretary of State that the person's drivers license is 22 eligible for suspension pursuant to this Section. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first 23 24 class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address 25 recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address 26 known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease

- 1 or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is
- returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded 2
- 3 in a United States Post Office approved database.
- 4 (h) An administrative hearing to contest an impending
- 5 suspension or a suspension made pursuant to this Section may be
- had upon filing a written request with the Secretary of State. 6
- The filing fee for this hearing shall be \$20, to be paid at the 7
- time the request is made. A municipality which files a 8
- 9 certified report with the Secretary of State pursuant to this
- 10 Section shall reimburse the Secretary for all reasonable costs
- 11 incurred by the Secretary as a result of the filing of the
- report, including but not limited to the costs of providing the 12
- 13 notice required pursuant to subsection (b) and the costs
- 14 incurred by the Secretary in any hearing conducted with respect
- 15 to the report pursuant to this subsection and any appeal from
- 16 such a hearing.
- 17 (i) The provisions of this Section shall apply on and after
- 18 January 1, 1988.
- (j) For purposes of this Section, the term "compliance 19
- 20 violation" is defined as in Section 11-208.3.
- (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.) 2.1
- 22 (625 ILCS 5/11-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208)
- 23 Sec. 11-208. Powers of local authorities.
- 24 (a) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to
- 25 prevent local authorities with respect to streets and highways

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- under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the police power from:
- 1. Regulating the standing or parking of vehicles,
  4 except as limited by Section 11-1306 of this Act;
  - Regulating traffic by means of police officers or traffic control signals;
    - 3. Regulating or prohibiting processions or assemblages on the highways;
    - 4. Designating particular highways as one-way highways and requiring that all vehicles thereon be moved in one specific direction;
    - 5. Regulating the speed of vehicles in public parks subject to the limitations set forth in Section 11-604;
    - 6. Designating any highway as a through highway, as authorized in Section 11-302, and requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the same or designating any intersection as a stop intersection or a yield right-of-way intersection and requiring all vehicles to stop or yield the right-of-way at one or more entrances to such intersections;
    - 7. Restricting the use of highways as authorized in Chapter 15;
    - 8. Regulating the operation of bicycles and requiring the registration and licensing of same, including the requirement of a registration fee;
      - 9. Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles or

- 1 specified types of vehicles at intersections;
- 2 10. Altering the speed limits as authorized in Section 3 11-604;
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- 11. Prohibiting U-turns;
- 5 12. Prohibiting pedestrian crossings at other than 6 designated and marked crosswalks or at intersections;
  - 13. Prohibiting parking during snow removal operation;
  - 14. Imposing fines in accordance with Section 11-1301.3 as penalties for use of any parking place reserved for persons with disabilities, as defined by Section 1-159.1, or disabled veterans by any person using a motor vehicle not bearing registration plates specified in Section 11-1301.1 or a special decal or device as defined in Section 11-1301.2 as evidence that the vehicle is operated by or for a person with disabilities or disabled veteran;
  - 15. Adopting such other traffic regulations as are specifically authorized by this Code; or
- 19 16. Enforcing the provisions of subsection (f) of Section 3-413 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.
- (b) No ordinance or regulation enacted under subsections 1,
  4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11 or 13 of paragraph (a) shall be effective
  until signs giving reasonable notice of such local traffic
  regulations are posted.
- 25 (c) The provisions of this Code shall not prevent any 26 municipality having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants

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- from prohibiting any person from driving or operating any motor vehicle upon the roadways of such municipality with headlamps on high beam or bright.
  - (d) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to prevent local authorities within the reasonable exercise of their police power from prohibiting, on private property, the unauthorized use of parking spaces reserved for persons with disabilities.
  - (e) No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may enact or enforce an ordinance that applies only to motorcycles if the principal purpose for that ordinance is to restrict the access of motorcycles to any highway or portion of a highway for which federal or State funds have been used for the planning, design, construction, or maintenance of that highway. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may enact an ordinance requiring motorcycle users to wear protective headgear. Nothing in this subsection (e) shall affect the authority of a unit of local government to regulate motorcycles for traffic control purposes or in accordance with Section 12-602 of this Code. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may regulate motorcycles in a manner inconsistent with this Code. This subsection (e) is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.
    - (f) A municipality or county designated in Section 11-208.6

- 1 may enact an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law
- 2 enforcement system, an automated school zone speed enforcement
- 3 system, or an automated speed enforcement system to enforce
- 4 violations of this Code or a similar provision of a local
- 5 ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner of a
- 6 vehicle used in such a violation.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.3) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3)
- 9 Sec. 11-208.3. Administrative adjudication of violations
- 10 of traffic regulations concerning the standing, parking, or
- 11 condition of vehicles and automated traffic law violations.
- 12 (a) Any municipality may provide by ordinance for a system
- of administrative adjudication of vehicular standing and
- 14 parking violations and vehicle compliance violations as
- defined in this subsection and automated traffic law violations
- as defined in Section 11-208.6. The administrative system shall
- 17 have as its purpose the fair and efficient enforcement of
- municipal regulations through the administrative adjudication
- of automated traffic law violations and violations of municipal
- 20 ordinances regulating the standing and parking of vehicles, the
- 21 condition and use of vehicle equipment, and the display of
- 22 municipal wheel tax licenses within the municipality's
- borders. The administrative system shall only have authority to
- 24 adjudicate civil offenses carrying fines not in excess of \$250
- 25 that occur after the effective date of the ordinance adopting

- 1 such a system under this Section. For purposes of this Section,
- 2 "compliance violation" means a violation of a municipal
- 3 regulation governing the condition or use of equipment on a
- 4 vehicle or governing the display of a municipal wheel tax
- 5 license.

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- (b) Any ordinance establishing a system of administrative 6
- 7 adjudication under this Section shall provide for:
  - (1) A traffic compliance administrator authorized to adopt, distribute and process parking, compliance, and automated traffic law violation notices and other notices required by this Section, collect money paid as fines and penalties for violation of parking and compliance ordinances and automated traffic law violations, operate an administrative adjudication system. The traffic compliance administrator also may make a certified report to the Secretary of State under Section 6-306.5.
  - (2) A parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation notice that shall specify the date, time, and place of violation of a parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law regulation; the particular regulation violated; the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment, when so provided by ordinance; the vehicle make and state registration number; and the identification number of the person issuing the notice. With regard to automated traffic law violations, vehicle make shall be specified on the automated traffic

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law violation notice if the make is available and readily discernible. With regard to municipalities with population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number or vehicle make specified is incorrect. violation notice shall state that the payment of the indicated fine, and of any applicable penalty for late payment, shall operate as a final disposition of the violation. The notice also shall contain information as to the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits. The violation notice shall specify the time and manner in which a hearing may be had.

(3) Service of the parking, standing, or compliance violation notice by affixing the original or a facsimile of the notice to an unlawfully parked vehicle or by handing the notice to the operator of a vehicle if he or she is present and service of an automated traffic law violation notice by mail to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after the violation. A person authorized by ordinance to issue and serve parking, standing, and compliance violation notices shall certify as to the correctness of the facts entered on the violation notice by signing his or her name to the

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notice at the time of service or in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, by signing a single certificate to be kept by the traffic compliance administrator attesting to the correctness of all notices produced by the device while it was under his or her control. In the case of an automated traffic law violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by a technician employed or contracted by the municipality or county that, based on inspection of recorded images, the motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-208.6 or a local ordinance. If the technician determines that the vehicle entered the intersection as part of a funeral procession or in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle, a citation shall not be issued. The original or a facsimile of the violation notice or, in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, a printed record generated by the device showing the facts entered on the notice, shall be retained by the traffic compliance administrator, and shall be a record kept in the ordinary course of business. A parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation notice issued, signed and served in accordance with this Section, a copy of the notice, or the computer generated record shall be prima facie correct and shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the facts shown on the notice. The notice, copy, or computer generated record

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shall be admissible in any subsequent administrative or legal proceedings.

- (4) An opportunity for a hearing for the registered owner of the vehicle cited in the parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation notice in which the owner may contest the merits of the alleged violation, and during which formal or technical rules of evidence shall not apply; provided, however, that under Section 11-1306 of this Code the lessee of a vehicle cited in the violation notice likewise shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing of the same kind afforded the registered owner. The hearings shall be recorded, and the person conducting the hearing on behalf of the traffic compliance administrator shall be empowered to administer oaths and to secure by subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. Persons appearing at a hearing under this Section may be represented by counsel at their expense. The ordinance may also provide for internal administrative review following the decision of the hearing officer.
- (5) Service of additional notices, sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database,

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or, under Section 11-1306 of this Code, to the lessee of the cited vehicle at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database. The service shall be deemed complete as of the date of deposit in the United States mail. The notices shall be in the following sequence and shall include but not be limited to the information specified herein:

(i) A second notice of parking, standing, or compliance violation. This notice shall specify the date and location of the violation cited in parking, standing, or compliance violation notice, the particular regulation violated, the vehicle make and state registration number, the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment when so provided by ordinance, the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits, and the time and manner in which the hearing may be had. The notice of violation shall also state that failure either to pay the indicated fine and any applicable penalty, or to appear at a hearing on the merits in the time and manner specified, will result in a final determination of violation liability for the cited violation in the amount of the fine or penalty

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indicated, and that, upon the occurrence of a final determination of violation liability for the failure, and the exhaustion of, or failure to exhaust, available administrative or judicial procedures for review, any unpaid fine or penalty will constitute a debt due and owing the municipality.

(ii) A notice of final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic violation liability. This notice shall be sent following a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability and the conclusion of judicial review procedures taken under this Section. The notice shall state that the unpaid fine or penalty is a debt due and owing the municipality. The notice shall contain warnings that failure to pay any fine or penalty due and owing the municipality within the time specified may result in the municipality's filing of a petition in the Circuit Court to have the unpaid fine or penalty rendered a judgment as provided by this Section, or may result in suspension of the person's drivers license for failure to pay fines or penalties for 10 or more parking violations under Section 6-306.5 or 5 or more automated traffic law violations under Section 11 - 208.6.

(6) A Notice of impending drivers license suspension.

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This notice shall be sent to the person liable for any fine or penalty that remains due and owing on 10 or more parking violations or 5 or more unpaid automated traffic law violations. The notice shall state that failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the notice's date will result in the municipality notifying the Secretary of State that the person is eligible for initiation of suspension proceedings under Section 6-306.5 of this Code. The notice shall also state that the person may obtain a photostatic copy of an original ticket imposing a fine or penalty by sending a self addressed, stamped envelope to the municipality along with a request for the photostatic copy. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

(7) Final determinations of violation liability. A final determination of violation liability shall occur following failure to pay the fine or penalty after a hearing officer's determination of violation liability and the exhaustion of or failure to exhaust any administrative review procedures provided by ordinance. Where a person fails to appear at a hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in a prior

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mailed notice, the hearing officer's determination of violation liability shall become final: (A) upon denial of a timely petition to set aside that determination, or (B) upon expiration of the period for filing the petition without a filing having been made.

- (8) A petition to set aside a determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability that may be filed by a person owing an unpaid fine or penalty. The petition shall be filed with and ruled upon by the traffic compliance administrator in the manner and within the time specified by ordinance. The grounds for the petition may be limited to: (A) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the cited vehicle on the date the violation notice was issued, (B) the person having already paid the fine or penalty for the violation in question, and (C) excusable failure to appear at or request a new date for a hearing. With regard to municipalities with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number, or vehicle make if specified, is incorrect. After the determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability has been set aside upon a showing of just cause, the registered owner shall be provided with a hearing on the merits for that violation.
  - (9) Procedures for non-residents. Procedures by which

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1 persons who are not residents of the municipality may contest the merits of the alleged violation without 2 3 attending a hearing.

- (10) A schedule of civil fines for violations of vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated traffic law regulations enacted by ordinance pursuant to this Section, and a schedule of penalties for late payment of the fines, provided, however, that the total amount of the fine and penalty for any one violation shall not exceed \$250, except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
- (11) Other provisions as are necessary and proper to carry into effect the powers granted and purposes stated in this Section.
- (c) Any municipality establishing vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated traffic law regulations under this Section may also provide by ordinance for a program of vehicle immobilization for the purpose of facilitating enforcement of those regulations. The program of vehicle immobilization shall provide for immobilizing any eligible vehicle upon the public way by presence of a restraint in a manner to prevent operation of the vehicle. Any ordinance establishing a program of vehicle immobilization under this Section shall provide:
- (1) Criteria for the designation of vehicles eligible for immobilization. A vehicle shall be eligible for

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immobilization when the registered owner of the vehicle has accumulated the number of unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability as determined by ordinance.

- (2) A notice of impending vehicle immobilization and a right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the notice by disproving liability for the unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability listed on the notice.
- (3) The right to a prompt hearing after a vehicle has been immobilized or subsequently towed without payment of the outstanding fines and penalties on parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations for which final determinations have been issued. An order issued after the hearing is a final administrative decision within the meaning of Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (4) A post immobilization and post-towing notice advising the registered owner of the vehicle of the right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the impoundment.
- (d) Judicial review of final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations and final administrative decisions issued after hearings regarding vehicle immobilization and impoundment made under this Section shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review

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- (e) Any fine, penalty, or part of any fine or any penalty remaining unpaid after the exhaustion of, or the failure to exhaust, administrative remedies created under this Section and the conclusion of any judicial review procedures shall be a debt due and owing the municipality and, as such, may be collected in accordance with applicable law. Payment in full of any fine or penalty resulting from a standing, parking, compliance, or automated traffic law violation shall constitute a final disposition of that violation.
- 11 (f) After the expiration of the period within which judicial review may be sought for a final determination of 12 13 parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law 14 violation, the municipality may commence a proceeding in the 15 Circuit Court for purposes of obtaining a judgment on the final 16 determination of violation. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a municipality from consolidating multiple final 17 determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated 18 19 traffic law violations against a person in a proceeding. Upon 20 commencement of the action, the municipality shall file a certified copy or record of the final determination of parking, 21 22 standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation, which shall be accompanied by a certification that recites 23 24 facts sufficient to show that the final determination of 25 violation was issued in accordance with this Section and the applicable municipal ordinance. Service of the summons and a 26

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copy of the petition may be by any method provided by Section 2-203 of the Code of Civil Procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, provided that the total amount of fines and penalties for final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations does not exceed \$2500. If the court is satisfied that the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation was entered in accordance with the requirements of this Section and the applicable municipal ordinance, and that the registered owner or the lessee, as the case may be, had an opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial review as provided in this Section, the court shall render judgment in favor of the municipality and against the registered owner or the lessee for the amount indicated in the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation, plus costs. The judgment shall have the same effect and may be enforced in the same manner as other judgments for the recovery of money.

(q) The provisions of this Section also apply to automated school zone speed enforcement systems under the pilot program created under Section 11-208.7 and automated speed enforcement systems under the pilot program created under Section 11-208.8. (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

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- 1 Sec. 11-208.6. Automated traffic law enforcement system.
  - (a) As used in this Section, "automated traffic law enforcement system" means a device with one or more motor vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a red light signal to produce recorded images of motor vehicles entering an intersection against a red signal indication in violation of Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

An automated traffic law enforcement system is a system, in a municipality or county operated by a governmental agency, that produces a recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance and is designed to obtain a clear recorded image of the vehicle and the vehicle's license plate. The recorded image must also display the time, date, and location of the violation.

- (b) As used in this Section, "recorded images" means images recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system on:
  - (1) 2 or more photographs;
  - (2) 2 or more microphotographs;
- 20 (3) 2 or more electronic images; or
- 2.1 (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and, on 22 at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly 23 identifying the registration plate number of the motor 24 vehicle.
- 25 (c) A county or municipality, including a home rule county 26 municipality, may not use an automated traffic

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- 1 enforcement system to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the purpose of recording its speed, except as 2 authorized in Sections 11-208.7 and 11-208.8. The regulation of 3 4 the use of automated traffic law enforcement systems to record 5 vehicle speeds is an exclusive power and function of the State, except as authorized in Sections 11-208.7 and 11-208.8. This 6 subsection (c) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers 7 and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII 8 9 of the Illinois Constitution.
  - (d) For each violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance recorded by an automatic traffic law enforcement system, the county or municipality having jurisdiction shall issue a written notice of the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall be delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after the violation.

The notice shall include:

- 2.1 (1) the name and address of the registered owner of the 22 vehicle;
- 23 (2) the registration number of the motor vehicle 24 involved in the violation;
  - (3) the violation charged;
- 26 (4) the location where the violation occurred;

1 (5)	the	date	and	time	of	the	violation;
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- (6) a copy of the recorded images;
- (7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the date by which the civil penalty should be paid;
  - (8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a violation of a red light signal;
  - (9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of liability and may result in a suspension of the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle; and
- 11 (10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed 12 by:
  - (A) paying the fine; or
- 14 (B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by administrative hearing.
  - (e) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a result of an automated traffic law enforcement system, does not pay or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting from that violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 of this Code for failing to pay any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 5 violations of the automated traffic law enforcement system.
  - (f) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated traffic law enforcement system, a notice alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts

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- 1 contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding 2 alleging a violation under this Section.
  - (g) Recorded images made by an automatic traffic law enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.
  - (h) The court or hearing officer may consider in defense of a violation:
    - (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and not under the control of or in the possession of the owner at the time of the violation;
    - (2) that the driver of the vehicle passed through the intersection when the light was red either (i) in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle or (ii) as part of a funeral procession; and
    - (3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal or county ordinance.
  - demonstrate that the motor vehicle (i) To orthe registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner at the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a

- 1 report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration
- plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely 2
- 3 manner.
- 4 Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a
- 5 Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time of
- the violation, the motor vehicle owner is subject to a civil 6
- penalty not exceeding \$100, plus an additional penalty of not 7
- 8 more than \$100 for failure to pay the original penalty in a
- 9 timely manner, if the motor vehicle is recorded by an automated
- 10 traffic law enforcement system. A violation for which a civil
- 11 penalty is imposed under this Section is not a violation of a
- traffic regulation governing the movement of vehicles and may 12
- 13 not be recorded on the driving record of the owner of the
- vehicle. 14
- 15 (k) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic law
- 16 enforcement system must be posted with a sign visible to
- 17 approaching traffic indicating that the intersection is being
- 18 monitored by an automated traffic law enforcement system.
- 19 (1) The compensation paid for an automated traffic law
- 20 enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment
- 21 or the services provided and may not be based on the number of
- 22 traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by the
- 23 system.
- 24 This Section applies only to the counties of Cook,
- 25 DuPage, Kane, Lake, Madison, McHenry, St. Clair, and Will and
- 26 to municipalities located within those counties.

- (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.) 1
- 2 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.7 new)
- 3 Sec. 11-208.7. Pilot program; automated school zone speed
- 4 enforcement systems.
- 5 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Automated school zone speed enforcement system" means a 6 device installed with one or more motor vehicle sensors 7 8 producing recorded images of motor vehicles whose operators are 9 violating Section 11-605 or a similar provision of a local 10 ordinance. The system shall be designed to obtain a clear photograph of the vehicle's rear including the vehicle 11 12 registration plate. The photograph or other recorded image shall also display the time, date, and location of the
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- 14 violation.

(b) Commencing on the effective date of this amendatory Act 15 of the 95th General Assembly, a pilot program using automated 16 school zone speed enforcement systems is established for a 17 18 3-year period in the counties listed in subsection (m) of 19 Section 11-208.6 and municipalities located within those counties. Under the pilot program, for each violation of 20 21 Section 11-605 or a similar provision of a local ordinance 22 recorded by an automated school zone speed enforcement system, the unit of government having jurisdiction shall issue a 23 24 written notice of the violation to the registered owner of the

vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall be delivered

1	to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 days
2	after the Secretary of State notifies the unit of government of
3	the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later
4	than 90 days after the violation.
5	The notice shall include:
6	(1) the name and address of the registered owner of the
7	vehicle;
8	(2) the registration number of the motor vehicle
9	involved in the violation;
10	(3) the violation charged;
11	(4) the location where the violation occurred;
12	(5) the date and time of the violation;
13	(6) a copy of the recorded images;
14	(7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the
15	date by which the civil penalty should be paid;
16	(8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a
17	violation of this Section;
18	(9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or
19	to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of
20	liability and may result in a suspension of the driving
21	privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle;
22	(10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed
23	by:
24	(A) paying the fine; or
25	(B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by
26	administrative hearing; and

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- (c) If a person charged with traffic violations as a result of an automated school zone speed enforcement system does not pay or successfully contest the civil penalties resulting from the violations, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 for failing to pay any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 5 violations of the automated school zone speed enforcement system.
- (d) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated school zone speed enforcement system, a notice alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section.
- (e) Recorded images made by an automated school zone speed enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.
- (f) The court or hearing officer may consider the following in the defense of a violation:
  - (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of

1	the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred
2	and not under the control of or in the possession of the
3	owner at the time of the violation;
4	(2) that the driver of the motor vehicle received a
5	Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time
6	of the violation for the same offense;
7	(3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal
8	or county ordinance.
9	(g) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the
10	registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred
11	and were not under the control or possession of the owner at
12	the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a
13	report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration
14	plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely
15	manner.
16	(h) School zones equipped with an automatic speed
17	enforcement system shall be posted with a sign visible to
18	approaching traffic stating that the speed is being monitored,
19	that citations will be issued, and the amount of the fine for
20	violation.
21	(i) If any part or parts of this Section are held by a
22	court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the
23	unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity of the
24	remaining parts of this Section. The General Assembly hereby
25	declares that it would have passed the remaining parts of this

Section if it had known that the other part or parts of this

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1	Section would be declared unconstitutional.
2	(j) A violation of this Section is punishable by a civil
3	fine of \$150.
4	(k) A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed under
5	this Section:
6	(1) is not a moving violation;
7	(2) may not be recorded by the administration on the
8	driving record of the owner of the vehicle; and
9	(3) may not be considered in the provision of motor
10	vehicle insurance coverage.
11	(1) Before a unit of government may issue citations under
12	this Section for violations of the automated school zone speed
13	enforcement system, only warning notices may be issued for 30
14	days after the installation of the automated school zone speed
15	enforcement device.
16	(625 ILCS 5/11-208.8 new)
17	Sec. 11-208.8. Pilot program; automated speed enforcement
18	systems.
19	(a) For the purposes of this Section, "automated speed
20	enforcement system" means a device installed on a State highway
21	selected by the Department of State Police under subsection (b)
22	with one or more motor vehicle sensors producing recorded
23	images of motor vehicles traveling at speeds in excess of

posted speed limits. The system shall be designed to obtain a

clear photograph of the vehicle's rear including the vehicle

1	registration plate. The photograph or other recorded image
2	shall also display the time, date and location of the
3	violation.
4	(b) A pilot program using automated school zone speed
5	enforcement systems is established in the counties listed in
6	subsection (m) of Section 11-208.6 and municipalities located
7	within those counties. The pilot program is limited to State
8	highways selected by the Department of State Police; however,
9	the pilot program shall be administered by the participating
10	counties or municipalities in which the violations occur. Under
11	the pilot program, for each violation of a provision of this
12	Code or a local ordinance recorded by an automated speed
13	enforcement system, the unit of government having jurisdiction
14	shall issue a written notice of the violation to the registered
15	owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall
16	be delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail,
17	within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the unit
18	of government of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but
19	in no event later than 90 days after the violation.
20	The notice shall include:
21	(1) the name and address of the registered owner of the
22	<pre>vehicle;</pre>
23	(2) the registration number of the motor vehicle
24	involved in the violation;

(3) the violation charged;

(4) the location where the violation occurred;

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Τ	(5) the date and time of the violation;
2	(6) a copy of the recorded images;
3	(7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the
4	date by which the civil penalty should be paid;
5	(8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a
6	violation of this Section;
7	(9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or
8	to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of
9	liability and may result in a suspension of the driving
10	privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle;
11	(10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed
12	by:
13	(A) paying the fine; or
14	(B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by
15	administrative hearing; and
16	(11) a statement on how the alleged violator may view a
17	copy of the violation.
18	(c) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a
19	result of an automated speed enforcement system, does not pay
20	or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting from that
21	violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving
22	privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section
23	6-306.5 of this Code for failing to pay any fine or penalty due
24	and owing as a result of 5 violations of the automated speed
25	enforcement system.
26	(d) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an

1	automated speed enforcement system, a notice alleging that the
2	violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in
3	the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a
4	violation under this Section.
5	(e) Recorded images made by an automated speed enforcement
6	system are confidential and shall be made available only to the
7	alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies
8	for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for
9	statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes. Any
10	recorded image evidencing a violation of this Section, however,
11	may be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance
12	of the citation.
13	(f) The court or hearing officer may consider the following
14	in the defense of a violation:
15	(1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of
16	the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred
17	and not under the control of or in the possession of the
18	owner at the time of the violation;
19	(2) that the driver of the motor vehicle received a
20	Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time
21	of the violation for the same offence;
22	(3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal
23	or county ordinance.
24	(g) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the
25	registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred

and were not under the control or possession of the owner at

1	the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a
2	report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration
3	plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely
4	manner.
5	(h) Roads equipped with an automatic speed enforcement
6	system shall be posted with a sign visible to approaching
7	traffic stating that the speed is being monitored, that
8	citations will be issued, and the amount of the fine for
9	violation.
10	(i) If any part or parts of this Section are held by a
11	court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the
12	unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity of the
13	remaining parts of this Section. The General Assembly hereby
14	declares that it would have passed the remaining parts of this
15	Section if it had known that the other part or parts of this
16	Section would be declared unconstitutional.
17	(j) A violation of this Section is punishable by a civil
18	<pre>fine as follows:</pre>
19	(1) for a speed not exceeding 10 miles per hour over
20	the posted speed limit, a warning notice shall be sent to
21	the alleged violator;
22	(2) for a speed at least 11 miles per hour over the
23	posted speed limit and not exceeding 21 miles per hour over
24	the posted speed, \$50;
25	(3) for a speed at least 22 miles per hour over the

posted speed limit, \$100;

1	(k) A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed under
2	this Section:
3	(1) is not a moving violation;
4	(2) may not be recorded by the administration on the
5	driving record of the owner of the vehicle; and
6	(3) may not be considered in the provision of motor
7	vehicle insurance coverage.
8	(1) Before the unit of government may issue citations under
9	this Section for violations of the automated speed enforcement
10	system, only warning notices may be issued for 30 days after
11	the installation of the automated speed enforcement device.".