

HB0254



96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB0254

Introduced 1/20/2009, by Rep. Richard P. Myers

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction for amounts paid to a taxpayer by his or her employer for the purpose of (i) fully or partially compensating the taxpayer for damage to the taxpayer's principal place of residence caused by a disaster, or (ii) enabling the taxpayer to secure housing after a disaster. Provides that the deduction may not exceed \$20,000. Effective immediately.

LRB096 04003 RCE 14040 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section.

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
2 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
3 any compensation (including but not limited to any
4 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
5 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
6 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
7 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
8 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
9 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
10 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
11 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
12 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
13 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
14 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
15 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
16 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
18 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
19 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
20 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
21 resident by reason of being a member of any component
22 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
23 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
24 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
25 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
26 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of

1 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
2 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
4 state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the
5 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
8 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
9 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
11 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
12 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
13 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
14 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
15 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
17 thereto;

18 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

19 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
25 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
26 of taxable income;

1 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
4 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
5 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
6 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
7 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
8 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
9 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
15 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (K);

20 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
21 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
22 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
23 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code;

25 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
26 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of

1 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
2 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
3 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
4 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
5 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
8 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
9 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
11 250;

12 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
13 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
14 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
15 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
16 United States; provided that, in the case of any
17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
18 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
20 of bond premium amortization;

21 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
22 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
23 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

24 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
25 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
26 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of

1 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

3 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
4 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
5 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
6 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
7 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

8 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
9 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

10 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
12 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
13 medical care savings account established under the
14 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
15 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
16 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
17 as provided in that Act;

18 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
19 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
20 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
21 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
22 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
23 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
24 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

25 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
26 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of

1 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
2 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
3 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
4 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

5 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
6 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
7 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
8 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
9 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
10 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
11 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
12 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
13 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
14 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on
16 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does
17 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that
18 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
19 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
20 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
21 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
22 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
23 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
24 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
25 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
26 determined by multiplying total health insurance and

1 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
2 times a number that represents the fractional
3 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
4 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
5 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

6 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
7 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
8 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
9 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
12 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
13 extent includible in gross income for federal income
14 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
15 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
16 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
26 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
3 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
4 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
5 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
6 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
7 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
8 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
9 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
11 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
12 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
13 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
14 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
15 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
16 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
17 of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
19 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
20 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
21 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
22 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
23 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
25 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
26 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum

1 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
2 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
3 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
4 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
7 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This
8 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0.

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
12 other than salary, received by a driver in a
13 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

14 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

25 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
18 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250; and -

20 (FF) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2009, any amounts paid to the taxpayer by his or
22 her employer during the taxable year for the purpose of
23 (i) fully or partially compensating the taxpayer for
24 damage to the taxpayer's principal place of residence
25 caused by a disaster, or (ii) enabling the taxpayer to
26 secure housing if the taxpayer's principal place of

1 residence is damaged as a result of a disaster; a
2 deduction may be claimed under this subparagraph (FF)
3 only if:

4 (1) the taxpayer's principal place of
5 residence is located in a geographic area that is
6 declared a disaster area by the Federal Emergency
7 Management Agency pursuant to federal law or by the
8 Governor under Section 6 of the Illinois Emergency
9 Management Agency Act;

10 (2) the damage for which the taxpayer is being
11 compensated is a result of the condition that
12 caused the disaster declaration; and

13 (3) the money was paid by the employer to the
14 taxpayer no later than 12 months after the disaster
15 declaration.

16 For the purposes of this subparagraph (FF), the
17 term "disaster" has the meaning ascribed to it in
18 Section 1 of the Disaster Relief Act. A deduction
19 claimed under this subparagraph (FF) may not exceed
20 \$20,000. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250.

22 (b) Corporations.

23 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
24 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
25 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

1 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
2 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
3 of the following amounts:

4 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
5 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
6 received from regulated investment companies during
7 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
8 income in the computation of taxable income;

9 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
10 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
11 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

12 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
13 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
14 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
15 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
16 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
18 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
20 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
21 law and is not a new enactment);

22 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
23 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
24 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
25 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

26 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss

1 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
2 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
3 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
4 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
5 the amount by which addition modifications other than
6 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
7 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
8 year, with the following limitations applied in the
9 order that they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
14 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
15 which related to that net operating loss and which
16 was taken into account in calculating the base
17 income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
22 such carryback or carryforward;

23 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
24 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
25 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
26 addition modification provided in this subparagraph

1 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
2 independently under the preceding provisions of this
3 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
6 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
7 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
8 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

9 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
12 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
4 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
5 incurred.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person, during the same taxable
19 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
20 to a person that is not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
23 person did not have as a principal purpose the
24 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
25 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
26 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

1 terms; or

2 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
3 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
4 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
5 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
6 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
7 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
18 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
21 and such regulations provide methods and standards
22 by which the Department will utilize its authority
23 under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
24 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
21 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
22 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
23 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
24 to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
18 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an alternative
22 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
8 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
26 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were

1 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
2 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
3 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
5 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

6 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
7 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
8 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
9 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
10 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
17 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
19 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
20 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
21 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
22 for the taxable year;

23 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as

1 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all
3 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
4 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and
6 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13,
7 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
8 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
9 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
13 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
14 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
15 United States; provided that, in the case of any
16 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
17 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
18 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
19 of bond premium amortization;

20 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
23 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
24 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
25 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
26 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise

1 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
2 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
8 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (L);

13 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
14 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
15 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
16 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
17 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
18 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone
19 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
20 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
21 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
22 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the
23 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
24 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
25 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit
26 property which secures the loan or loans, using for

1 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
2 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise
3 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The
4 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any
5 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
6 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
7 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
8 calculated under the previous sentence. This
9 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
12 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
13 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
14 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
15 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
16 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
17 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
18 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
19 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
20 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
21 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
22 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
23 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
24 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
25 date that it was placed in service in a federally
26 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in

1 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
2 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
3 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
4 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
5 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
6 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
7 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
8 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
9 calculated under the previous sentence;

10 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
11 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
12 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
13 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
14 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
15 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
16 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
17 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
18 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
19 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
22 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
23 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
24 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
25 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
26 amount by which dividends included in taxable income

1 and received from a corporation that is not created or
2 organized under the laws of the United States or any
3 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
5 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
6 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
8 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
9 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
10 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
12 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
13 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
14 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
15 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
16 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
17 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
18 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
19 dividends received from a captive real estate
20 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
21 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
22 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
23 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
24 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
25 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
26 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related

1 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
2 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

3 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
4 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
5 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

11 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
12 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
13 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
14 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
15 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
16 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
17 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
18 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
19 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
20 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
22 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
26 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a

1 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
2 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
3 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
4 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
5 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

14 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
15 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
17 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
18 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
20 the bonus depreciation deduction;

21 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
22 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
23 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December
26 31, 2005:

1 (i) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (ii) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 1.0.

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this
11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
15 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
16 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
19 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
5 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
6 piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
10 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
11 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
12 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
13 modification with respect to such transaction under
14 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
15 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
16 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
17 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
19 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
20 is required to make an addition modification with
21 respect to such transaction under Section
22 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
23 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
24 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
25 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
26 into account for the taxable year with respect to a

1 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
2 addition modification with respect to such transaction
3 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
4 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
5 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
6 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
9 into account for the taxable year (net of the
10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
23 addition modification required to be made for the same
24 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)

1 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

2 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
3 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
4 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
7 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
8 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
17 addition modification required to be made for the same
18 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
19 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
21 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250. ~~(Y)~~

23 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
24 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
25 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
26 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

1 (c) Trusts and estates.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
12 in the computation of taxable income;

13 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
14 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
15 required to distribute all of its income currently,
16 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
17 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
18 the computation of taxable income;

19 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
21 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

22 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
23 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
24 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
25 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

1 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
2 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
3 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
4 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
6 the amount by which addition modifications other than
7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
8 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
9 the following limitations applied in the order that
10 they are listed:

11 (i) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
16 which related to that net operating loss and which
17 was taken into account in calculating the base
18 income of an earlier taxable year, and

19 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
23 such carryback or carryforward;

24 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
25 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
26 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the

1 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
2 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
3 independently under the preceding provisions of this
4 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

5 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
6 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
7 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
8 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
9 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
10 Act;

11 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
12 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
13 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
14 computation of taxable income;

15 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
17 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
18 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
19 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

20 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code; and

25 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

1 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
2 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
3 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
4 deductions taken in all taxable years under
5 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
11 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
14 modification under this subparagraph only once with
15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the same unitary business group but for the
22 fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
6 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
7 extent that dividends were included in base income of
8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
13 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
15 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
16 incurred.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such interest; or

24 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer can establish, based on a

1 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
8 person did not have as a principal purpose the
9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
12 terms; or

13 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
14 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
15 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
16 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
17 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
18 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

19 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
23 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
24 to the application or use of an alternative method
25 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
10 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
11 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
14 foreign person who would be a member of the same
15 unitary business group but for the fact that the
16 foreign person's business activity outside the United
17 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
18 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
20 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
21 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
22 from being included in the unitary business group
23 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
24 business income under different subsections of Section
25 304. The addition modification required by this
26 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that

1 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
2 group for the same taxable year and received by the
3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
4 business group (including amounts included in gross
5 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
7 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
8 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
9 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
10 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
11 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
12 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
13 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
14 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
15 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
16 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
17 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
18 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
19 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
21 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
22 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
23 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
24 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
25 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
26 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,

1 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
6 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
7 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
8 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
9 to such item; or

10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person during the same taxable
16 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
17 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
18 not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 intangible expense or cost between the
21 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
22 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
23 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
25 or

26 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
3 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
5 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
6 writing to the application or use of an alternative
7 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
14 and such regulations provide methods and standards
15 by which the Department will utilize its authority
16 under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
19 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
20 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
2 addition modification required by this subparagraph
3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
4 included in base income of the unitary group for the
5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
7 (including amounts included in gross income under
8 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
11 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
12 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
13 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
14 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
15 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
16 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act.

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
21 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

1 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
3 thereto;

4 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
10 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
11 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
12 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
13 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
14 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
15 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
16 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
17 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
18 amortization;

19 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
20 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
22 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
24 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
25 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
26 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
2 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of
3 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
4 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
5 250;

6 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total which were paid by a corporation which
8 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
9 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
10 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
11 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
12 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
13 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
14 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
18 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (O);

2 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
3 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
4 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
5 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

7 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
8 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
9 extent includible in gross income for federal income
10 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
11 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
12 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
13 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
14 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
15 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
16 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
17 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
18 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
19 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
20 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
21 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
22 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
23 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
24 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
25 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
26 provided, however, this subtraction from federal

1 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
2 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
3 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
4 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
5 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
6 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
7 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
8 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
9 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
10 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
11 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
12 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
13 of Section 250;

14 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
26 the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
11 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
12 piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
26 is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
11 the fact the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
21 addition modification required to be made for the same
22 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
23 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
25 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

26 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
15 addition modification required to be made for the same
16 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
17 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
19 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250. ~~(W)~~

21 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
22 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
23 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
24 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
25 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
26 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue

1 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

2 (d) Partnerships.

3 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
4 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
5 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

6 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
7 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
8 of the following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
12 in the computation of taxable income;

13 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
14 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
15 the taxable year;

16 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
17 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

19 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
20 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
21 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
22 computation of taxable income;

23 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
24 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
25 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

1 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code;

3 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
4 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
6 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
8 deductions taken in all taxable years under
9 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which the
12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
14 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
15 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
18 modification under this subparagraph only once with
19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the same unitary business group but for the
26 fact the foreign person's business activity outside

1 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
11 extent that dividends were included in base income of
12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
19 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
20 incurred.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such interest; or

2 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
18 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
19 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
20 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
21 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
22 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

23 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act; and

13 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
20 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
21 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
22 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
23 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
25 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
26 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other

1 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
2 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
3 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
4 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
5 similar types of intangible assets;

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
10 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
11 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
12 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
13 to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person during the same taxable
20 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
21 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
22 not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 intangible expense or cost between the
25 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
26 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

1 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
2 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
3 or

4 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
7 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
10 writing to the application or use of an alternative
11 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
23 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
24 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
25 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
26 person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
15 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
16 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
17 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
18 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
19 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
20 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act.

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
22 amounts:

23 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
3 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
4 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
5 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
6 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (H) Any income of the partnership which
12 constitutes personal service income as defined in
13 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
14 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
15 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
16 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

17 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
18 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
19 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
20 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
21 including amounts distributable to organizations
22 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
23 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
2 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
3 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
4 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
7 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
9 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
10 250;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
14 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
15 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
18 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or
19 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This
20 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Real
24 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
3 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (M);

8 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

13 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
25 the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0.

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
10 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
11 piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
4 from Section 250;

5 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
24 Section 250; and

25 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
18 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250. ~~(T)~~

19 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

20 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
21 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
22 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
23 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
24 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
25 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax

1 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
2 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
3 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
5 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
6 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
7 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
8 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
9 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
10 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
11 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
12 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
14 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
15 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
16 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
17 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
18 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
19 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
20 addition modification must be made under those
21 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
22 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
23 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
24 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
25 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code.

1 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
2 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
3 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

4 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
5 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
6 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
7 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
8 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
9 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
10 Internal Revenue Code;

11 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
12 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
13 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 insurance company taxable income;

15 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
16 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
17 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 investment company taxable income;

19 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
20 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
21 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
22 estate investment trust taxable income;

23 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
24 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
25 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
26 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,

1 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
2 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
3 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
4 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
5 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
6 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
7 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code had been in effect for all such years;

9 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
10 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
11 organization determined in accordance with the
12 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code;

14 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
15 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
16 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
18 corporation determined in accordance with Section
19 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
20 taxable income shall take into account those items
21 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
23 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
24 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
25 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
26 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in

1 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
2 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
3 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

4 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
5 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
6 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
7 income shall take into account those items which are
8 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
9 but which would be taken into account by an individual
10 in calculating his taxable income.

11 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
12 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
13 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
14 business has been classified as business income and in a
15 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
16 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
17 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
18 related to that asset or business that generated the
19 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
20 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
21 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
22 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
23 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
24 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
25 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
26 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding

1 taxable years.

2 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

3 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
4 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
5 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

6 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
7 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
8 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
10 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

11 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
12 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
13 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
14 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
15 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
16 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
17 such gain included in the amount determined under
18 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

19 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

20 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
21 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
22 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
23 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
24 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
25 determining gain) for such property on that date

1 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
2 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
3 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
4 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
5 such property.

6 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
7 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
8 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
9 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
10 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
11 property for federal income tax purposes for the
12 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
13 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
14 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
15 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
16 period for the property.

17 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
18 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
19 purposes of this paragraph.

20 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
21 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
22 to be deducted more than once.

23 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
24 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on

1 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
2 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
3 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
4 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
5 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
6 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
7 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-776, eff. 5-19-06; 94-789, eff. 5-19-06;
9 94-1021, eff. 7-12-06; 94-1074, eff. 12-26-06; 95-23, eff.
10 8-3-07; 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 95-286, eff. 8-20-07; 95-331,
11 eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08;
12 revised 10-15-08.)

13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
14 becoming law.