

Rep. LaShawn K. Ford

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	09600HB2236ham004	LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE E	BILL 2236
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Hous	se Bill 2236, AS AMENDED,
3	with reference to page and line numbe	ers of House Amendment No.
4	1, on page 1, line 5, by replacin	ng "Section 10-3.1" with
5	"Sections 10-3.1 and 10-16.5"; and	
6	on page 8, immediately below lin	e 17, by inserting the
7	following:	
8	"(305 ILCS 5/10-16.5)	
9	Sec. 10-16.5. Interest on support	obligations.
10	<u>(a)</u> A support obligation, or a	any portion of a support
11	obligation, which becomes due and rer	mains unpaid as of the end
12	of each month, excluding the child	support that was due for
13	that month to the extent that it was	s not paid in that month,
14	shall accrue simple interest as set a	forth in Section 12-109 of
15	the Code of Civil Procedure. An ord	er for support entered or
16	modified on or after January 1, 2006	shall contain a statement

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1 that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that 2 becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, 3 4 excluding the child support that was due for that month to the 5 extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple 6 interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Failure to include the statement in the order for 7 support does not affect the validity of the order or the 8 9 accrual of interest as provided in this Section.

10 (b) A court may enter an order agreed to by the obligor and 11 obligee forgiving interest that has accrued on all or part of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by 12 13 assignment if: the obligor demonstrates that during the time 14 that the past due child support was accumulating, the obligor 15 was unable to pay child support; and the obligor agrees to make 16 future support payments on time provided that if the obligor fails to make future support payments on time, the court may 17 reinstate all or part of the interest that was forgiven. 18

19 (c) If the obligor makes a lump sum payment of all or part 20 of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by 21 assignment, the court may enter an order agreed to by the 22 obligor and obligee forgiving the interest that accrued on the 23 amount of the lump sum payment.

24 (d) The provisions of subsections (b) and (c) shall not
 25 prohibit the court from entering any other order agreed to by
 26 the obligor and the obligee.

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1 (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06.)"; and
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2 on page 9, line 7, immediately after "<u>persons.</u>", by inserting 3 the following:

4 "Section 15. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of
5 Marriage Act is amended by changing Section 505 as follows:

6 (750 ILCS 5/505) (from Ch. 40, par. 505)

7 Sec. 505. Child support; contempt; penalties.

8 (a) In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, declaration of invalidity of 9 marriage, а proceeding for child support following dissolution of the 10 marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the 11 12 absent spouse, a proceeding for modification of a previous 13 order for child support under Section 510 of this Act, or any proceeding authorized under Section 501 or 601 of this Act, the 14 court may order either or both parents owing a duty of support 15 16 to a child of the marriage to pay an amount reasonable and 17 necessary for his support, without regard to marital misconduct. The duty of support owed to a child includes the 18 19 obligation to provide for the reasonable and necessary 20 physical, mental and emotional health needs of the child. For 21 purposes of this Section, the term "child" shall include any 22 child under age 18 and any child under age 19 who is still 23 attending high school.

1 (1) The Court shall determine the minimum amount of support by using the following guidelines: 2 3 Number of Children Percent of Supporting Party's Net Income 4 5 1 20% 28% 6 2 328 7 3 8 4 40% 9 5 45% 10 6 or more 50% (2) The above guidelines shall be applied in each case 11 unless the court makes a finding that application of the 12 guidelines would be inappropriate, after considering the 13 14 best interests of the child in light of evidence including 15 but not limited to one or more of the following relevant factors: 16 17 (a) the financial resources and needs of the child; (b) the financial resources and needs of the 18 19 custodial parent; 20 (c) the standard of living the child would have 21 enjoyed had the marriage not been dissolved; 22 (d) the physical and emotional condition of the 23 child, and his educational needs; and 24 (e) the financial resources and needs of the 25 non-custodial parent. 26 If the court deviates from the guidelines, the court's

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1 finding shall state the amount of support that would have been required under the quidelines, if determinable. The 2 court shall include the reason or reasons for the variance 3 4 from the guidelines. (3) "Net income" is defined as the total of all income 5 from all sources, minus the following deductions: 6 7 Federal income tax (properly calculated (a) 8 withholding or estimated payments); 9 (b) State income tax (properly calculated 10 withholding or estimated payments); 11 (c) Social Security (FICA payments); (d) Mandatory retirement contributions required by 12 13 law or as a condition of employment; (e) Union dues; 14 15 and individual (f) Dependent 16 health/hospitalization insurance premiums; 17 (g) Prior obligations of support or maintenance 18 actually paid pursuant to a court order; 19 (h) Expenditures for repayment of debts that 20 represent reasonable and necessary expenses for the 21 production of income, medical expenditures necessary 22 to preserve life or health, reasonable expenditures 23 for the benefit of the child and the other parent, 24 exclusive of gifts. The court shall reduce net income 25 in determining the minimum amount of support to be 26 ordered only for the period that such payments are due and shall enter an order containing provisions for its
 self-executing modification upon termination of such
 payment period.

In cases where the court order provides for 4 (4)5 health/hospitalization insurance coverage pursuant to Section 505.2 of this Act, the premiums for that insurance, 6 7 or that portion of the premiums for which the supporting 8 party is responsible in the case of insurance provided 9 through an employer's health insurance plan where the 10 employer pays a portion of the premiums, shall be subtracted from net income in determining the minimum 11 12 amount of support to be ordered.

13 (4.5) In a proceeding for child support following 14 dissolution of the marriage by a court that lacked personal 15 jurisdiction over the absent spouse, and in which the court 16 is requiring payment of support for the period before the 17 date an order for current support is entered, there is a 18 rebuttable presumption that the supporting party's net 19 income for the prior period was the same as his or her net 20 income at the time the order for current support is 21 entered.

(5) If the net income cannot be determined because of
default or any other reason, the court shall order support
in an amount considered reasonable in the particular case.
The final order in all cases shall state the support level
in dollar amounts. However, if the court finds that the

child support amount cannot be expressed exclusively as a dollar amount because all or a portion of the payor's net income is uncertain as to source, time of payment, or amount, the court may order a percentage amount of support in addition to a specific dollar amount and enter such other orders as may be necessary to determine and enforce, on a timely basis, the applicable support ordered.

8 (6) If (i) the non-custodial parent was properly served 9 with a request for discovery of financial information 10 relating to the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support, (ii) the non-custodial parent failed to 11 12 comply with the request, despite having been ordered to do 13 so by the court, and (iii) the non-custodial parent is not 14 present at the hearing to determine support despite having 15 received proper notice, then any relevant financial information concerning the non-custodial parent's ability 16 to provide child support that was obtained pursuant to 17 18 subpoena and proper notice shall be admitted into evidence 19 without the need to establish any further foundation for 20 its admission.

(a-5) In an action to enforce an order for support based on the respondent's failure to make support payments as required by the order, notice of proceedings to hold the respondent in contempt for that failure may be served on the respondent by personal service or by regular mail addressed to the respondent's last known address. The respondent's last known 09600HB2236ham004 -8- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

address may be determined from records of the clerk of the
 court, from the Federal Case Registry of Child Support Orders,
 or by any other reasonable means.

4 (b) Failure of either parent to comply with an order to pay 5 support shall be punishable as in other cases of contempt. In 6 addition to other penalties provided by law the Court may, 7 after finding the parent guilty of contempt, order that the 8 parent be:

9 (1) placed on probation with such conditions of 10 probation as the Court deems advisable;

(2) sentenced to periodic imprisonment for a period not to exceed 6 months; provided, however, that the Court may permit the parent to be released for periods of time during the day or night to:

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(A) work; or

16 (B) conduct a business or other self-employed17 occupation.

18 The Court may further order any part or all of the earnings 19 of a parent during a sentence of periodic imprisonment paid to 20 the Clerk of the Circuit Court or to the parent having custody 21 or to the guardian having custody of the children of the 22 sentenced parent for the support of said children until further 23 order of the Court.

If there is a unity of interest and ownership sufficient to render no financial separation between a non-custodial parent and another person or persons or business entity, the court may 09600HB2236ham004 -9- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

1 pierce the ownership veil of the person, persons, or business entity to discover assets of the non-custodial parent held in 2 the name of that person, those persons, or that business 3 4 entity. The following circumstances are sufficient to 5 authorize a court to order discovery of the assets of a person, persons, or business entity and to compel the application of 6 any discovered assets toward payment on the judgment for 7 8 support:

9 (1) the non-custodial parent and the person, persons,
10 or business entity maintain records together.

(2) the non-custodial parent and the person, persons,
or business entity fail to maintain an arms length
relationship between themselves with regard to any assets.

(3) the non-custodial parent transfers assets to the
 person, persons, or business entity with the intent to
 perpetrate a fraud on the custodial parent.

17 With respect to assets which are real property, no order entered under this paragraph shall affect the rights of bona 18 19 fide purchasers, mortgagees, judgment creditors, or other lien 20 holders who acquire their interests in the property prior to 21 the time a notice of lis pendens pursuant to the Code of Civil 22 Procedure or a copy of the order is placed of record in the 23 office of the recorder of deeds for the county in which the 24 real property is located.

The court may also order in cases where the parent is 90 days or more delinquent in payment of support or has been 09600HB2236ham004 -10- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

1 adjudicated in arrears in an amount equal to 90 days obligation 2 or more, that the parent's Illinois driving privileges be 3 suspended until the court determines that the parent is in compliance with the order of support. The court may also order 4 5 that the parent be issued a family financial responsibility 6 driving permit that would allow limited driving privileges for employment and medical purposes in accordance with Section 7 7-702.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The clerk of the circuit 8 9 court shall certify the order suspending the driving privileges 10 of the parent or granting the issuance of a family financial 11 responsibility driving permit to the Secretary of State on forms prescribed by the Secretary. Upon receipt of the 12 13 authenticated documents, the Secretary of State shall suspend the parent's driving privileges until further order of the 14 15 court and shall, if ordered by the court, subject to the 16 provisions of Section 7-702.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, issue a family financial responsibility driving permit to the 17 18 parent.

19 In addition to the penalties or punishment that may be 20 imposed under this Section, any person whose conduct constitutes a violation of Section 15 of the Non-Support 21 22 Punishment Act may be prosecuted under that Act, and a person 23 convicted under that Act may be sentenced in accordance with 24 that Act. The sentence may include but need not be limited to a 25 requirement that the person perform community service under 26 Section 50 of that Act or participate in a work alternative 09600HB2236ham004 -11- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

program under Section 50 of that Act. A person may not be required to participate in a work alternative program under Section 50 of that Act if the person is currently participating in a work program pursuant to Section 505.1 of this Act.

5 support obligation, or any portion of a support А 6 obligation, which becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, excluding the child support that was due for 7 8 that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, 9 shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of 10 the Code of Civil Procedure. An order for support entered or 11 modified on or after January 1, 2006 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any 12 13 portion of a support obligation required under the order, that 14 becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, 15 excluding the child support that was due for that month to the 16 extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil 17 Procedure. Failure to include the statement in the order for 18 support does not affect the validity of the order or the 19 20 accrual of interest as provided in this Section.

(c) A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988 which has accrued under a support order entered by the court. The charge shall be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-21 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and shall be enforced by the court upon petition.

1	(c-5) A court may enter an order agreed to by the obligor
2	and obligee forgiving interest that has accrued on all or part
3	of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by
4	assignment if: the obligor demonstrates that during the time
5	that the past due child support was accumulating, the obligor
6	was unable to pay child support; and the obligor agrees to make
7	future support payments on time provided that if the obligor
8	fails to make future support payments on time, the court may
9	reinstate all or part of the interest that was forgiven.
10	(c-6) If the obligor makes a lump sum payment of all or
11	part of a past due child support obligation not owed to the

12 <u>State by assignment, the court may enter an order agreed to by</u> 13 <u>the obligor and obligee forgiving the interest that accrued on</u> 14 <u>the amount of the lump sum payment.</u>

15 <u>(c-7) The provisions of subsections (c-5) and (c-6) shall</u> 16 <u>not prohibit the court from entering any other order agreed to</u> 17 <u>by the obligor and obligee.</u>

(d) Any new or existing support order entered by the court 18 under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments 19 20 against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or 21 installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed 22 23 entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment 24 becomes due under the terms of the support order. Each such 25 judgment shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be 26

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1 enforced. A lien arises by operation of law against the real 2 and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each 3 installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.

4 (e) When child support is to be paid through the clerk of 5 the court in a county of 1,000,000 inhabitants or less, the order shall direct the obligor to pay to the clerk, in addition 6 to the child support payments, all fees imposed by the county 7 board under paragraph (3) of subsection (u) of Section 27.1 of 8 9 the Clerks of Courts Act. Unless paid in cash or pursuant to an 10 order for withholding, the payment of the fee shall be by a 11 separate instrument from the support payment and shall be made to the order of the Clerk. 12

13 (f) All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall 14 include a provision requiring the obligor to notify the court 15 and, in cases in which a party is receiving child and spouse 16 services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, within 7 days, 17 (i) of the name and address of any new employer of the obligor, 18 19 (ii) whether the obligor has access to health insurance 20 coverage through the employer or other group coverage and, if 21 so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered 22 under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing 23 address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent. In any 24 subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon a sufficient 25 showing that a diligent effort has been made to ascertain the 26 location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or

provision of notice necessary in the case may be made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent in any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due process.

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5 (g) An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date 6 shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by 7 the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will 8 9 not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 10 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the 11 earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age 12 13 of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination 14 date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on 15 that date. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 16 prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated. 17

18 (g-5) If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support 19 20 Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the 21 termination date stated in the order for support or, if there 22 is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the 23 child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, 24 the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of 25 that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically 26 continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as 09600HB2236ham004 -15- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

1 periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or 2 delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any 3 periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the 4 arrearage or delinguency. The total periodic amount to be paid 5 toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be 6 enforced and collected by any method provided by law for enforcement and collection of child support, including but not 7 8 limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for 9 Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or 10 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 11 General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this subsection. Failure to include the 12 13 statement in the order for support does not affect the validity 14 of the order or the operation of the provisions of this 15 subsection with regard to the order. This subsection shall not 16 be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for support of a minor child or the 17 establishment or modification of an order for support of a 18 19 non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of 20 this Act.

(h) An order entered under this Section shall include a provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to the clerk of court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and 09600HB2236ham004 -16- LRB096 08683 AJO 39465 a

1 address of the new employer. Failure to report new employment or the termination of current employment, if coupled with 2 nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is 3 4 indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for 5 failure to report new employment bond shall be set in the 6 amount of the child support that should have been paid during the period of unreported employment. An order entered under 7 this Section shall also include a provision requiring the 8 9 obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in 10 residence within 5 days of the change except when the court 11 finds that the physical, mental, or emotional health of a party or that of a child, or both, would be seriously endangered by 12 13 disclosure of the party's address.

14 (i) The court does not lose the powers of contempt, 15 driver's license suspension, or other child support 16 mechanisms, including, but not enforcement limited to, criminal prosecution as set forth in this Act, upon the 17 18 emancipation of the minor child or children.

19 (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

20 Section 20. The Non-Support Punishment Act is amended by 21 changing Section 23 as follows:

22 (750 ILCS 16/23)

23 Sec. 23. Interest on support obligations.

24 (a) A support obligation, or any portion of a support

obligation, which becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

6 (b) A court may enter an order agreed to by the obligor and obligee forgiving interest that has accrued on all or part of a 7 past due child support obligation not owed to the State by 8 9 assignment if: the obligor demonstrates that during the time 10 that the past due child support was accumulating, the obligor 11 was unable to pay child support; and the obligor agrees to make future support payments on time provided that if the obligor 12 13 fails to make future support payments on time, the court may 14 reinstate all or part of the interest that was forgiven.

15 (c) If the obligor makes a lump sum payment of all or part 16 of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by 17 assignment, the court may enter an order agreed to by the 18 obligor and obligee forgiving the interest that accrued on the 19 amount of the lump sum payment.

20 <u>(d) The provisions of subsections (b) and (c) shall not</u> 21 prohibit the court from entering any other order agreed to by 22 the obligor and obligee.

23 (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06.)

24 Section 25. The Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 is amended 25 by changing Section 20.7 as follows:

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1 (750 ILCS 45/20.7)
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Sec. 20.7. Interest on support obligations.

3 (a) A support obligation, or any portion of a support 4 obligation, which becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end 5 of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, 6 shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of 7 8 the Code of Civil Procedure. An order for support entered or 9 modified on or after January 1, 2006 shall contain a statement 10 that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that 11 12 becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, 13 excluding the child support that was due for that month to the 14 extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple 15 interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Failure to include the statement in the order for 16 17 support does not affect the validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section. 18

(b) A court may enter an order agreed to by the obligor and obligee forgiving interest that has accrued on all or part of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by assignment if: the obligor demonstrates that during the time that the past due child support was accumulating, the obligor was unable to pay child support; and the obligor agrees to make future support payments on time provided that if the obligor

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1	fails to make future support payments on time, the court may
2	reinstate all or part of the interest that was forgiven.
3	(c) If the obligor makes a lump sum payment of all or part
4	of a past due child support obligation not owed to the State by
5	assignment, the court may enter an order agreed to by the
6	obligor and obligee forgiving the interest that accrued on the
7	amount of the lump sum payment.
8	(d) The provisions of subsections (b) and (c) shall not
9	prohibit the court from entering any other order agreed to by
10	the obligor and obligee.
11	(Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06.)".