1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
 Sections 12-7.3, 12-7.4, and 12-7.5 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.3) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-7.3)

7 Sec. 12-7.3. Stalking.

8 (a) A person commits stalking when he or she₇ knowingly 9 <u>engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person,</u> 10 <u>and he or she knows or should know that this course of conduct</u> 11 <u>would cause a reasonable person to:</u>

12 <u>(1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third</u> 13 person; or

(2) suffer other emotional distress.

15 <u>(a-3) A person commits stalking when he or she, knowingly</u> 16 and without lawful justification, on at least 2 separate 17 occasions follows another person or places the person under 18 surveillance or any combination thereof and:

(1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person; or

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(2) places that person in reasonable apprehension of

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immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault,
 confinement or restraint; or

3 (3) places that person in reasonable apprehension that
4 a family member will receive immediate or future bodily
5 harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint.

6 (a-5) A person commits stalking when he or she has 7 previously been convicted of stalking another person and 8 knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion:

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(1) follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and

(2) transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily
 harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint; and

13 (3) the threat is directed towards that person or a14 family member of that person.

(b) Sentence. Stalking is a Class 4 felony. A second orsubsequent conviction for stalking is a Class 3 felony.

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(c) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

(1) "Course of conduct" means 2 or more acts, including 18 19 but not limited to acts in which a defendant directly, 20 indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, 21 22 surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, 23 engages in other non-consensual contact, or interferes 24 with or damages a person's property or pet. A course of 25 conduct may include contact via electronic communications. 26 (2) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of

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1	signs, signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of
2	any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire,
3	radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical
4	system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions
5	by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
6	(3) "Emotional distress" means significant mental
7	suffering, anxiety or alarm.
8	(4) "Family member" means a parent, grandparent,
9	brother, sister, or child, whether by whole blood,
10	half-blood, or adoption and includes a step-grandparent,
11	step-parent, step-brother, step-sister or step-child.
12	"Family member" also means any other person who regularly
13	resides in the household, or who, within the prior 6
14	months, regularly resided in the household.
15	(5) "Follows another person" means (i) to move in
16	relative proximity to a person as that person moves from
17	place to place or (ii) to remain in relative proximity to a
18	person who is stationary or whose movements are confined to
19	a small area. "Follows another person" does not include a
20	following within the residence of the defendant.
21	(6) "Non-consensual contact" means any contact with
22	the victim that is initiated or continued without the
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24 physical presence of the victim; appearing within the sight 25 of the victim; approaching or confronting the victim in a 26 public place or on private property; appearing at the

victim's consent, including but not limited to being in the

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1	workplace or residence of the victim; entering onto or
2	remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by the
3	victim; or placing an object on, or delivering an object
4	to, property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
5	(7) "Places a person under surveillance" means: (1)
6	remaining present outside the person's school, place of
7	employment, vehicle, other place occupied by the person, or
8	residence other than the residence of the defendant; or (2)
9	placing an electronic tracking device on the person or the
10	person's property.
11	(8) "Reasonable person" means a person in the victim's
12	situation.
13	(9) "Transmits a threat" means a verbal or written
14	threat or a threat implied by a pattern of conduct or a
15	combination of verbal or written statements or conduct.
16	(d) Exemptions.
17	(1) This Section does not apply to any individual or
18	organization (i) monitoring or attentive to compliance
19	with public or worker safety laws, wage and hour
20	requirements, or other statutory requirements, or (ii)
21	picketing occurring at the workplace that is otherwise
22	lawful and arises out of a bona fide labor dispute,
23	including any controversy concerning wages, salaries,
24	hours, working conditions or benefits, including health
25	and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and pension or
26	retirement provisions, the making or maintaining of

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1 collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be 2 included in those agreements. (2) This Section does not apply to an exercise of the 3 right to free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful. 4 5 (3) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, 6 7 including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this 8 9 Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by 10 virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of 11 electronic communications or messages of others or by 12 virtue of the provision of other related 13 telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or 14 information services used by others in violation of this 15 Section.

16 <u>(d-5)</u> (b-5) The incarceration of a person in a penal 17 institution who <u>commits the course of conduct or</u> transmits a 18 threat is not a bar to prosecution under this Section.

19 (c) Exemption. This Section does not apply to picketing 20 occurring at the workplace that is otherwise lawful and arises 21 out of a bona fide labor dispute, or any exercise of the right 22 of free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.

23 (d) For the purpose of this Section, a defendant "places a 24 person under surveillance" by: (1) remaining present outside 25 the person's school, place of employment, vehicle, other place 26 occupied by the person, or residence other than the residence 1 2 of the defendant; or (2) placing an electronic tracking device on the person or the person's property.

3 (c) For the purpose of this Section, "follows another
4 person" means (i) to move in relative proximity to a person as
5 that person moves from place to place or (ii) to remain in
6 relative proximity to a person who is stationary or whose
7 movements are confined to a small area. "Follows another
8 person" does not include a following within the residence of
9 the defendant.

10 (f) For the purposes of this Section and Section 12 7.4, 11 "bona fide labor dispute" means any controversy concerning 12 wages, salaries, hours, working conditions, or benefits, 13 including health and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and 14 pension or retirement provisions, the making or maintaining of 15 collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be included 16 in those agreements.

17 (g) For the purposes of this Section, "transmits a threat" 18 means a verbal or written threat or a threat implied by a 19 pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal or written 20 statements or conduct.

(h) For the purposes of this Section, "family member" means a parent, grandparent, brother, sister, or child, whether by whole blood, half-blood, or adoption and includes a step-grandparent, step-parent, step-brother, step-sister or step-child. "Family member" also means any other person who regularly resides in the household, or who, within the prior 6

HB2542 Enrolled - 7 - LRB096 10797 RLC 21009 b months, regularly resided in the household. 1 2 (Source: P.A. 95-33, eff. 1-1-08.) 3 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.4) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-7.4) 4 Sec. 12-7.4. Aggravated stalking. 5 (a) A person commits aggravated stalking when he or she, in 6 conjunction with committing the offense of stalking, also does 7 any of the following: 8 (1) causes bodily harm to the victim; 9 (2) confines or restrains the victim: or 10 (3) violates a temporary restraining order, an order of 11 protection, a stalking no contact order, a civil no contact 12 order, or an injunction prohibiting the behavior described in subsection (b)(1) of Section 214 of the Illinois 13 Domestic Violence Act of 1986. 14 15 (b) Sentence. Aggravated stalking is a Class 3 felony. A 16 second or subsequent conviction for aggravated stalking is a Class 2 felony. 17 18 (c) Exemptions Exemption. 19 (1) This Section does not apply to any individual or 20 organization (i) monitoring or attentive to compliance 21 with public or worker safety laws, wage and hour 22 requirements, or other statutory requirements, or (ii) 23 picketing occurring at the workplace that is otherwise 24 lawful and arises out of a bona fide labor dispute 25 including any controversy concerning wages, salaries,

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hours, working conditions or benefits, including health and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and pension or retirement provisions, the managing or maintenance of collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be included in those agreements., or any

6 (2) This Section does not apply to an exercise of the 7 right of free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.

8 (3) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile 9 service providers, and providers of information services, 10 including, but not limited to, Internet service providers 11 and hosting service providers, are not liable under this 12 Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of 13 14 electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related 15 16 telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or 17 information services used by others in violation of this 18 Section.

19 (d) For purposes of this Section, "bona fide labor dispute"
 20 has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 12-7.3.

21 (Source: P.A. 88-402; 88-677, eff. 12-15-94; 89-377, eff. 22 8-18-95.)

23 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.5)

24 Sec. 12-7.5. Cyberstalking.

25 (a) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she <u>engages</u>

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(1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third

in a course of conduct using electronic communication directed at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that would cause a reasonable person to:

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person; or

(2) suffer other emotional distress.

7 <u>(a-3) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she</u>, 8 knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least 2 9 separate occasions, harasses another person through the use of 10 electronic communication and:

(1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person, or

(2) places that person or a family member of that
person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future
bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint; or

18 (3) at any time knowingly solicits the commission of an 19 act by any person which would be a violation of this Code 20 directed towards that person or a family member of that 21 person.

(a-5) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she, knowingly and without lawful justification, creates and maintains an Internet website or webpage which is accessible to one or more third parties for a period of at least 24 hours, and which contains statements harassing another person and: HB2542 Enrolled

1 (1) which communicates a threat of immediate or future 2 bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, 3 where the threat is directed towards that person or a 4 family member of that person, or

5 (2) which places that person or a family member of that 6 person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future 7 bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, or

8 (3) which knowingly solicits the commission of an act 9 by any person which would be a violation of this Code 10 directed towards that person or a family member of that 11 person.

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(b) As used in this Section:

13 "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful course of 14 conduct directed at a specific person that alarms, torments, or 15 terrorizes that person.

16 "Third party" means any person other than the person 17 violating these provisions and the person or persons towards 18 whom the violator's actions are directed.

19 "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, 20 signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature 21 transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, 22 electronmagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical system. 23 "Electronic communication" includes transmissions by a 24 computer through the Internet to another computer.

25 (b) (c) Sentence. Cyberstalking is a Class 4 felony. A
 26 second or subsequent conviction for cyberstalking is a Class 3

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1 felony.

2	(c) For purposes of this Section:
3	(1) "Course of conduct" means 2 or more acts, including
4	but not limited to acts in which a defendant directly,
5	indirectly, or through third parties, by any action,
6	method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes,
7	surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person,
8	engages in other non-consensual contact, or interferes
9	with or damages a person's property or pet. The
10	incarceration in a penal institution of a person who
11	commits the course of conduct is not a bar to prosecution
12	under this Section.
13	(2) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of
14	signs, signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of
15	any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire,
16	radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical
17	system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions
18	by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
19	(3) "Emotional distress" means significant mental
20	suffering, anxiety or alarm.
21	(4) "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful
22	course of conduct directed at a specific person that
23	alarms, torments, or terrorizes that person.
24	(5) "Non-consensual contact" means any contact with
25	the victim that is initiated or continued without the
26	victim's consent, including but not limited to being in the

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physical presence of the victim; appearing within the sight of the victim; approaching or confronting the victim in a public place or on private property; appearing at the workplace or residence of the victim; entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim; or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.

8 <u>(6) "Reasonable person" means a person in the victim's</u> 9 <u>circumstances, with the victim's knowledge of the</u> 10 <u>defendant and the defendant's prior acts.</u>

11 <u>(7) "Third party" means any person other than the</u> 12 person violating these provisions and the person or persons 13 towards whom the violator's actions are directed.

14 (d) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service 15 providers, and providers of information services, including, 16 but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except 17 18 for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the 19 transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications 20 or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or 21 22 information services used by others in violation of this 23 Section.

24 (Source: P.A. 95-849, eff. 1-1-09; revised 9-10-08.)

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Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are

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1 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.