

Sen. Toi W. Hutchinson

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	09600HB2542sam002	LRB096 10797 RLC 26703 a
1	AMENDMENT TO	HOUSE BILL 2542
2	AMENDMENT NO Ame:	nd House Bill 2542 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting of	clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Criminal	. Code of 1961 is amended by
5	changing Sections 12-7.3, 12-7	.4, and 12-7.5 as follows:
6	(720 ILCS 5/12-7.3) (from	Ch. 38, par. 12-7.3)
7	Sec. 12-7.3. Stalking.	
8	(a) A person commits stal	king when he or she, knowingly
9	engages in a course of conduct	directed at a specific person,
10	and he or she knows or should	know that this course of conduct
11	would cause a reasonable person	n to:
12	(1) fear for his or her	safety or the safety of a third
13	person; or	
14	(2) suffer other emotion	onal distress.
15	(a-3) A person commits sta	alking when he or she, knowingly
16	and without lawful justifica	tion, on at least 2 separate

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1	occasions	follo	WS	another	person	or	places	the	person	unc	der
2	surveillar	nce or	any	combina	ation the	ereo	f and:				
3	(1	at	any	time	transmit	s a	threat	of	immedia	te	or

- (1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person; or
 - (2) places that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint; or
- (3) places that person in reasonable apprehension that a family member will receive immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint.
- (a-5) A person commits stalking when he or she has previously been convicted of stalking another person and knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion:
 - (1) follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and
 - (2) transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint; and
 - (3) the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person.
- 22 (b) Sentence. Stalking is a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent conviction for stalking is a Class 3 felony.

(c) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

(1) "Course of conduct" means 2 or more acts, including but not limited to acts in which a defendant directly,

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indirectly, or through third parties, by any action
method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes
surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person
engages in other non-consensual contact, or interfere
with or damages a person's property or pet. A course o
conduct may include contact via electronic communications.

- (2) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
- (3) "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering, anxiety or alarm.
- (4) "Family member" means a parent, grandparent, brother, sister, or child, whether by whole blood, half-blood, or adoption and includes a step-grandparent, step-parent, step-brother, step-sister or step-child. "Family member" also means any other person who regularly resides in the household, or who, within the prior 6 months, regularly resided in the household.
- (5) "Follows another person" means (i) to move in relative proximity to a person as that person moves from place to place or (ii) to remain in relative proximity to a person who is stationary or whose movements are confined to a small area. "Follows another person" does not include a

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following	within	the	residence	of	the	defendant.

- (6) "Non-consensual contact" means any contact with the victim that is initiated or continued without the victim's consent, including but not limited to being in the physical presence of the victim; appearing within the sight of the victim; approaching or confronting the victim in a public place or on private property; appearing at the workplace or residence of the victim; entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim; or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
- (7) "Places a person under surveillance" means: (1) remaining present outside the person's school, place of employment, vehicle, other place occupied by the person, or residence other than the residence of the defendant; or (2) placing an electronic tracking device on the person or the person's property.
- (8) "Reasonable person" means a person in the victim's situation.
- (9) "Transmits a threat" means a verbal or written threat or a threat implied by a pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal or written statements or conduct. (d) Exemptions.
- (1) This Section does not apply to any individual or organization (i) monitoring or attentive to compliance with public or worker safety laws, wage and hour

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requirements, or other statutory requirements, or (ii) picketing occurring at the workplace that is otherwise lawful and arises out of a bona fide labor dispute, including any controversy concerning wages, salaries, hours, working conditions or benefits, including health and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and pension or retirement provisions, the making or maintaining of collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be included in those agreements.

- (2) This Section does not apply to an exercise of the right to free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.
- (3) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or information services used by others in violation of this Section.
- (b-5) The incarceration of a person in a penal institution who commits the course of conduct or transmits a threat is not a bar to prosecution under this Section.
 - (c) Exemption. This Section does not apply to picketing

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occurring at the workplace that is otherwise lawful and arises
out of a bona fide labor dispute, or any exercise of the right
of free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.

(d) For the purpose of this Section, a defendant "places a person under surveillance" by: (1) remaining present outside the person's school, place of employment, vehicle, other place occupied by the person, or residence other than the residence of the defendant; or (2) placing an electronic tracking device on the person or the person's property.

(e) For the purpose of this Section, "follows another person" means (i) to move in relative proximity to a person as that person moves from place to place or (ii) to remain in relative proximity to a person who is stationary or whose movements are confined to a small area. "Follows another person" does not include a following within the residence of the defendant.

(f) For the purposes of this Section and Section 12 7.4, "bona fide labor dispute" means any controversy concerning wages, salaries, hours, working conditions, or benefits, including health and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and pension or retirement provisions, the making or maintaining of collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be included in those agreements.

(g) For the purposes of this Section, "transmits a threat"
means a verbal or written threat or a threat implied by a
pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal or written

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1 statements or conduct.
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- (h) For the purposes of this Section, "family member" means
 a parent, grandparent, brother, sister, or child, whether by
 whole blood, half-blood, or adoption and includes a
 step grandparent, step parent, step brother, step sister or
 step child. "Family member" also means any other person who
 regularly resides in the household, or who, within the prior 6
 months, regularly resided in the household.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 95-33, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 10 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.4) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-7.4)
- 11 Sec. 12-7.4. Aggravated stalking.
- 12 (a) A person commits aggravated stalking when he or she, in 13 conjunction with committing the offense of stalking, also does 14 any of the following:
- 15 (1) causes bodily harm to the victim;
- 16 (2) confines or restrains the victim; or
- 17 (3) violates a temporary restraining order, an order of
 18 protection, a stalking no contact order, a civil no contact
 19 order, or an injunction prohibiting the behavior described
 20 in subsection (b)(1) of Section 214 of the Illinois
 21 Domestic Violence Act of 1986.
- 22 (b) Sentence. Aggravated stalking is a Class 3 felony. A 23 second or subsequent conviction for aggravated stalking is a 24 Class 2 felony.
- 25 (c) <u>Exemptions</u> Exemption.

(1) This Section does not apply to any individual or
organization (i) monitoring or attentive to compliance
with public or worker safety laws, wage and hour
requirements, or other statutory requirements, or (ii)
picketing occurring at the workplace that is otherwise
lawful and arises out of a bona fide labor dispute
including any controversy concerning wages, salaries,
hours, working conditions or benefits, including health
and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and pension or
retirement provisions, the managing or maintenance of
collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be
included in those agreements., or any

- (2) This Section does not apply to an exercise of the right of free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.
- (3) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or information services used by others in violation of this Section.
- (d) For purposes of this Section, "bona fide labor dispute"

- 1 has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- (Source: P.A. 88-402; 88-677, eff. 12-15-94; 89-377, eff. 2
- 8-18-95.3
- 4 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.5)
- 5 Sec. 12-7.5. Cyberstalking.
- 6 (a) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she engages
- in a course of conduct using electronic communication directed 7
- 8 at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that
- 9 would cause a reasonable person to:
- 10 (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third
- 11 person; or
- 12 (2) suffer other emotional distress.
- (a-3) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she, 13
- 14 knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least 2
- 15 separate occasions, harasses another person through the use of
- electronic communication and: 16
- (1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or 17
- 18 future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement,
- 19 restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or
- 20 a family member of that person, or
- 21 (2) places that person or a family member of that
- 22 person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future
- 23 bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint; or
- 24 (3) at any time knowingly solicits the commission of an
- 25 act by any person which would be a violation of this Code

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1	directed	towards	that	person	or	a	family	member	of	that
2	person.									

- (a-5) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she, knowingly and without lawful justification, creates and maintains an Internet website or webpage which is accessible to one or more third parties for a period of at least 24 hours, and which contains statements harassing another person and:
 - (1) which communicates a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, where the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person, or
 - (2) which places that person or a family member of that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, or
 - (3) which knowingly solicits the commission of an act by any person which would be a violation of this Code directed towards that person or a family member of that person.
 - (b) As used in this Section:
- "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that alarms, torments, or terrorizes that person.
- "Third party" means any person other than the person violating these provisions and the person or persons towards whom the violator's actions are directed.
- 26 "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs,

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signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of 1 transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, 2 3 electronmagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical 4 "Electronic communication" includes transmissions

computer through the Internet to another computer.

(b) (c) Sentence. Cyberstalking is a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent conviction for cyberstalking is a Class 3 felony.

(c) For purposes of this Section:

- (1) "Course of conduct" means 2 or more acts, including but not limited to acts in which a defendant directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, engages in other non-consensual contact, or interferes with or damages a person's property or pet. The incarceration in a penal institution of a person who commits the course of conduct is not a bar to prosecution under this Section.
- (2) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
 - (3) "Emotional distress" means significant mental

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suffering, anxiety or alarm.

- (4) "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that alarms, torments, or terrorizes that person.
- (5) "Non-consensual contact" means any contact with the victim that is initiated or continued without the victim's consent, including but not limited to being in the physical presence of the victim; appearing within the sight of the victim; approaching or confronting the victim in a public place or on private property; appearing at the workplace or residence of the victim; entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim; or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
- (6) "Reasonable person" means a person in the victim's circumstances, with the victim's knowledge of the defendant and the defendant's prior acts.
- (7) "Third party" means any person other than the person violating these provisions and the person or persons towards whom the violator's actions are directed.
- (d) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications

- or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other 1
- related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or 2
- information services used by others in violation of this 3
- 4 Section.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 95-849, eff. 1-1-09; revised 9-10-08.)
- 6 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- 7 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.".