

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB3697

Introduced 2/25/2009, by Rep. Paul D. Froehlich

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

6	25 IL	CS	5/1-111.1a	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	1-171.01
6	25 IL	CS	5/1-197.5	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	1-203.1
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-102	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-102
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-103	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-103
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-107	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-107
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-110	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-110
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-203.1	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-203.1
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-205	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-205
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-206	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-206
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-208	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-208
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-303	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-303
6	25 IL	CS	5/6-601	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	6-601
6	25 IL	CS	5/11-500	from	Ch.	95	1/2,	par.	11-500
6	25 IL	CS	25/4b						

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that a graduated license may not be issued, renewed, or continued to be used by a person who has been convicted of driving without a license in another state or has been convicted under the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act. Provides that upon a second conviction of driving while the person's driving privileges were revoked or suspended and the revocation or suspension was for the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall immediately revoke that person's driving privileges for 5 years, and for a third or subsequent conviction of the same, the revocation is permanent. Amends the definition of "first-time offender" in relation to driving under the influence offenses to include any person who has not had his or her driver's license suspended in this State as the result of refusal of chemical testing in another state. Makes other changes. Amends the Child Passenger Protection Act to provide that a Section requiring every person under the age of 18 years to secure a child between 8 and 18 years old in a properly adjusted and fastened seat safety belt or an appropriate child restraint system also applies to each driver over the age of 18 years who was convicted certain traffic violations in the 6 months prior to the driver's 18th birthday (rather than within 6 months of the birthday), until 6 consecutive months have elapsed without an additional violation. Effective immediately.

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1 AN ACT concerning the Secretary of State.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 1-111.1a, 1-197.5, 6-102, 6-103, 6-107, 6-110, 6-203.1, 6-205, 6-206, 6-208, 6-303, 6-601, and 11-500 as follows:
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/1-111.1a) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 1-171.01)
- 9 Sec. 1-111.1a. Charitable vehicle.
- 10 (a) Any vehicle that is exclusively owned and operated by a
  11 religious or charitable not-for-profit organization and is
  12 used primarily in conducting the official activities of such
  13 organization.
  - (b) This definition does not include:
  - (1) a bus operated by a public utility, municipal corporation or common carrier authorized to conduct local or interurban transportation of passengers when such bus is on a regularly scheduled route for the transportation of other fare paying passengers or furnishing charter service for the transportation of groups on special trips or in connection with special events and not over a regular or customary religious organization bus route;
  - (2) a school bus as defined in Section 1-182 of this

1 Code; or

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(3) a First Division vehicle, other than one designed for transporting not less than 7 nor more than 10 passengers, as defined in Section 1-217 of this Code; except that for purposes of determining the number of persons a vehicle is designed to carry in this Section, in any vehicle equipped with one or more wheelchair tiedowns, each wheelchair tiedown shall be counted as 4 persons. Each wheelchair tiedown shall be counted as 1 person for any other purpose of this Code.

11 (Source: P.A. 90-89, eff. 1-1-98; 91-64, eff. 1-1-00.)

12 (625 ILCS 5/1-197.5) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 1-203.1)

Sec. 1-197.5. Statutory summary alcohol or other drug related suspension of driver's privileges. The withdrawal by the <u>Secretary of State eircuit court</u> of a person's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the public highways for the periods provided in Section 6-208.1. Reinstatement after the suspension period shall occur after all appropriate fees have been paid, unless the court notifies the Secretary of State that the person should be disqualified. The bases for this withdrawal of driving privileges shall be the individual's refusal to submit to or failure to complete a chemical test or tests following an arrest for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, other drugs, or intoxicating compounds, or any combination thereof, or submission to such a test or

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- 1 tests indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more as
- 2 provided in Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 92-834, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 4 (625 ILCS 5/6-102) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-102)
- Sec. 6-102. What persons are exempt. The following persons are exempt from the requirements of Section 6-101 and are not required to have an Illinois drivers license or permit if one or more of the following qualifying exemptions are met and apply:
  - 1. Any employee of the United States Government or any member of the Armed Forces of the United States, while operating a motor vehicle owned by or leased to the United States Government and being operated on official business need not be licensed;
  - 2. A nonresident who has in his immediate possession a valid license issued to him in his home state or country may operate a motor vehicle for which he is licensed for the period during which he is in this State;
  - 3. A nonresident and his spouse and children living with him who is a student at a college or university in Illinois who have a valid license issued by their home State.
  - 4. A person operating a road machine temporarily upon a highway or operating a farm tractor between the home farm buildings and any adjacent or nearby farm land for the

exclusive purpose of conducting farm operations need not be licensed as a driver.

- 5. A resident of this State who has been serving as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States outside the Continental limits of the United States, for a period of  $\underline{90}$  days following his return to the continental limits of the United States.
- 6. A nonresident on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States who has a valid license issued by his home state and such nonresident's spouse, and dependent children and living with parents, who have a valid license issued by their home state.
- 7. A nonresident who becomes a resident of this State, may for a period of the first 90 days of residence in Illinois operate any motor vehicle which he was qualified or licensed to drive by his home state or country so long as he has in his possession, a valid and current license issued to him by his home state or country. Upon expiration of such 90 day period, such new resident must comply with the provisions of this Act and apply for an Illinois license or permit.
- 8. An engineer, conductor, brakeman, or any other member of the crew of a locomotive or train being operated upon rails, including operation on a railroad crossing over a public street, road or highway. Such person is not required to display a driver's license to any law

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enforcement officer in connection with the operation of a locomotive or train within this State.

The provisions of this Section granting exemption to any nonresident shall be operative to the same extent that the laws of the State or country of such nonresident grant like exemption to residents of this State.

The Secretary of State may implement the exemption provisions of this Section by inclusion thereof in a reciprocity agreement, arrangement or declaration issued pursuant to this Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 86-1258.)

12 (625 ILCS 5/6-103) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-103)

Sec. 6-103. What persons shall not be licensed as drivers or granted permits. The Secretary of State shall not issue, renew, or allow the retention of any driver's license nor issue any permit under this Code:

1. To any person, as a driver, who is under the age of 18 years except as provided in Section 6-107, and except that an instruction permit may be issued under Section 6-107.1 to a child who is not less than 15 years of age if the child is enrolled in an approved driver education course as defined in Section 1-103 of this Code and requires an instruction permit to participate therein, except that an instruction permit may be issued under the provisions of Section 6-107.1 to a child who is 17 years

and 3 months of age without the child having enrolled in an approved driver education course and except that an instruction permit may be issued to a child who is at least 15 years and  $\underline{3}$  6 months of age, is enrolled in school, meets the educational requirements of the Driver Education Act, and has passed examinations the Secretary of State in his or her discretion may prescribe;

- 2. To any person who is under the age of 18 as an operator of a motorcycle other than a motor driven cycle unless the person has, in addition to meeting the provisions of Section 6-107 of this Code, successfully completed a motorcycle training course approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and successfully completes the required Secretary of State's motorcycle driver's examination;
- 3. To any person, as a driver, whose driver's license or permit has been suspended, during the suspension, nor to any person whose driver's license or permit has been revoked, except as provided in Sections 6-205, 6-206, and 6-208;
- 4. To any person, as a driver, who is a user of alcohol or any other drug to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle;
- 5. To any person, as a driver, who has previously been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental or physical disability or disease and who has not at the

time of application been restored to competency by the methods provided by law;

- 6. To any person, as a driver, who is required by the Secretary of State to submit an alcohol and drug evaluation or take an examination provided for in this Code unless the person has successfully passed the examination and submitted any required evaluation;
- 7. To any person who is required under the provisions of the laws of this State to deposit security or proof of financial responsibility and who has not deposited the security or proof;
- 8. To any person when the Secretary of State has good cause to believe that the person by reason of physical or mental disability would not be able to safely operate a motor vehicle upon the highways, unless the person shall furnish to the Secretary of State a verified written statement, acceptable to the Secretary of State, from a competent medical specialist to the effect that the operation of a motor vehicle by the person would not be inimical to the public safety;
- 9. To any person, as a driver, who is 69 years of age or older, unless the person has successfully complied with the provisions of Section 6-109;
- 10. To any person convicted, within 12 months of application for a license, of any of the sexual offenses enumerated in paragraph 2 of subsection (b) of Section

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11. To any person who is under the age of 21 years with a classification prohibited in paragraph (b) of Section 6-104 and to any person who is under the age of 18 years with a classification prohibited in paragraph (c) of Section 6-104;

- 12. To any person who has been either convicted of or adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based upon a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act while that person was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. For purposes of this Section, any person placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall not be considered convicted. Any person found guilty of this offense, while in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the judge that this offense did occur while the person was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State as such. The Secretary of State shall not issue a new license or permit for a period of one year;
- 13. To any person who is under the age of 18 years and who has committed the offense of operating a motor vehicle

without a valid license or permit in violation of Section 6-101 or a similar out of state offense;

- 14. To any person who is 90 days or more delinquent in court ordered child support payments or has been adjudicated in arrears in an amount equal to 90 days' obligation or more and who has been found in contempt of court for failure to pay the support, subject to the requirements and procedures of Article VII of Chapter 7 of the Illinois Vehicle Code;
- 14.5. To any person certified by the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services as being 90 days or more delinquent in payment of support under an order of support entered by a court or administrative body of this or any other State, subject to the requirements and procedures of Article VII of Chapter 7 of this Code regarding those certifications;
- 15. To any person released from a term of imprisonment for violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide or for violating subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code relating to aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, if the violation was the proximate cause of a death, within 24 months of release from a term of imprisonment;

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- 16. To any person who, with intent to influence any act related to the issuance of any driver's license or permit, by an employee of the Secretary of State's Office, or the owner or employee of any commercial driver training school licensed by the Secretary of State, or any other individual authorized by the laws of this State to give driving instructions or administer all or part of a driver's license examination, promises or tenders to that person any property or personal advantage which that person is not authorized by law to accept. Any persons promising or tendering such property or personal advantage shall be disqualified from holding any class of driver's license or permit for 120 consecutive days. The Secretary of State shall establish by rule the procedures for implementing this period of disqualification and the procedures by which persons so disqualified may obtain administrative review of the decision to disqualify;
  - 17. To any person for whom the Secretary of State cannot verify the accuracy of any information or documentation submitted in application for a driver's license; or
- 18. To any person who has been adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based upon an offense that is determined by the court to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang, as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that

- 1 involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use
- of a driver's license or permit. The person shall be denied
- a license or permit for the period determined by the court.
- 4 The Secretary of State shall retain all conviction
- 5 information, if the information is required to be held
- 6 confidential under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08;
- 8 95-337, eff. 6-1-08; 95-685, eff. 6-23-07; 95-876, eff.
- 9 8-21-08.)
- 10 (625 ILCS 5/6-107) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-107)
- 11 Sec. 6-107. Graduated license.
- 12 (a) The purpose of the Graduated Licensing Program is to
- develop safe and mature driving habits in young, inexperienced
- 14 drivers and reduce or prevent motor vehicle accidents,
- 15 fatalities, and injuries by:
- 16 (1) providing for an increase in the time of practice
- period before granting permission to obtain a driver's
- 18 license;
- 19 (2) strengthening driver licensing and testing
- standards for persons under the age of 21 years;
- 21 (3) sanctioning driving privileges of drivers under
- 22 age 21 who have committed serious traffic violations or
- other specified offenses; and
- 24 (4) setting stricter standards to promote the public's
- 25 health and safety.

(b) The application of any person under the age of 18 years, and not legally emancipated by marriage, for a drivers license or permit to operate a motor vehicle issued under the laws of this State, shall be accompanied by the written consent of either parent of the applicant; otherwise by the guardian having custody of the applicant, or in the event there is no parent or guardian, then by another responsible adult. The written consent must accompany any application for a driver's license under this subsection (b), regardless of whether or not the required written consent also accompanied the person's previous application for an instruction permit.

No graduated driver's license shall be issued to any applicant under 18 years of age, unless the applicant is at least 16 years of age and has:

- (1) Held a valid instruction permit for a minimum of 9 months.
  - (2) Passed an approved driver education course and submits proof of having passed the course as may be required.
  - (3) Certification by the parent, legal guardian, or responsible adult that the applicant has had a minimum of 50 hours of behind-the-wheel practice time, at least 10 hours of which have been at night, and is sufficiently prepared and able to safely operate a motor vehicle.
- (b-1) No graduated driver's license shall be issued to any applicant who is under 18 years of age and not legally

emancipated by marriage, unless the applicant has graduated from a secondary school of this State or any other state, is enrolled in a course leading to a general educational development (GED) certificate, has obtained a GED certificate, is enrolled in an elementary or secondary school or college or university of this State or any other state and is not a chronic or habitual truant as provided in Section 26-2a of the School Code, or is receiving home instruction and submits proof of meeting any of those requirements at the time of application.

An applicant under 18 years of age who provides proof acceptable to the Secretary that the applicant has resumed regular school attendance or home instruction or that his or her application was denied in error shall be eligible to receive a graduated license if other requirements are met. The Secretary shall adopt rules for implementing this subsection (b-1).

(c) No graduated driver's license or permit shall be issued to any applicant under 18 years of age who has committed the offense of operating a motor vehicle without a valid license or permit in violation of Section 6-101 of this Code or a similar out of state offense and no graduated driver's license or permit shall be issued to any applicant under 18 years of age who has committed an offense that would otherwise result in a mandatory revocation of a license or permit as provided in Section 6-205 of this Code or who has been either convicted of

or adjudicated a delinquent based upon a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act while that individual was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. For purposes of this Section, any person placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall not be considered convicted. Any person found guilty of this offense, while in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the judge that this offense did occur while the person was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State as such.

- (d) No graduated driver's license shall be issued for 9 months to any applicant under the age of 18 years who has committed and subsequently been convicted of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code.
- (e) No graduated driver's license holder under the age of 18 years shall operate any motor vehicle, except a motor driven cycle or motorcycle, with more than one passenger in the front seat of the motor vehicle and no more passengers in the back seats than the number of available seat safety belts as set forth in Section 12-603 of this Code. If a graduated driver's

license holder over the age of 18 committed an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code in the 6 months prior to the graduated driver's license holder's 18th birthday, and was subsequently convicted of the violation, the provisions of this paragraph shall continue to apply until such time as a period of 6 consecutive months has elapsed without an additional violation and subsequent conviction of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code.

(f) No graduated driver's license holder under the age of 18 shall operate a motor vehicle unless each driver and passenger under the age of 19 is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened seat safety belt and each child under the age of 8 is protected as required under the Child Passenger Protection Act. If a graduated driver's license holder over the age of 18 committed an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code in the 6 months prior to the graduated driver's license holder's 18th birthday, and was subsequently convicted of the violation, the provisions of this paragraph shall continue to apply until such time as a period of 6 consecutive months has elapsed without an additional violation and subsequent conviction of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any

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1 violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code.

- (q) If a graduated driver's license holder is under the age of 18 when he or she receives the license, for the first 12 months he or she holds the license or until he or she reaches the age of 18, whichever occurs sooner, the graduated license holder may not operate a motor vehicle with more than one passenger in the vehicle who is under the age of 20, unless any additional passenger passengers or are siblings, step-siblings, children, or stepchildren of the driver. If a graduated driver's license holder committed an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code during the first 12 months the license is held and subsequently is convicted of the violation, the provisions of this paragraph shall remain in effect until such time as a period of 6 consecutive months has elapsed without an additional violation and subsequent conviction of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of this Section or Section 12-603.1 of this Code.
- (h) It shall be an offense for a person that is age 15, but under age 20, to be a passenger in a vehicle operated by a driver holding a graduated driver's license during the first 12 months the driver holds the license or until the driver reaches the age of 18, whichever occurs sooner, if another passenger under the age of 20 is present, excluding a sibling, step-sibling, child, or step-child of the driver.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 94-239, eff. 1-1-06; 94-241, eff. 1-1-06; 94-556,
- 2 eff. 9-11-05; 94-897, eff. 6-22-06; 94-916, eff. 7-1-07;
- 3 95-310, eff. 1-1-08; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 4 (625 ILCS 5/6-110) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-110)
- 5 Sec. 6-110. Licenses issued to drivers.
- 6 (a) The Secretary of State shall issue to every qualifying
- 7 applicant a driver's license as applied for, which license
- 8 shall bear a distinguishing number assigned to the licensee,
- 9 the legal name, <u>signature</u>, zip code, date of birth, residence
- 10 address, and a brief description of the licensee, and a space
- 11 where the licensee may write his usual signature.
- 12 Licenses issued shall also indicate the classification and
- 13 the restrictions under Section 6-104 of this Code.
- In lieu of the social security number, the Secretary may in
- 15 his discretion substitute a federal tax number or other
- 16 distinctive number.
- 17 A driver's license issued may, in the discretion of the
- 18 Secretary, include a suitable photograph of a type prescribed
- 19 by the Secretary.
- 20 (a-1) If the licensee is less than 18 years of age, unless
- one of the exceptions in subsection (a-2) apply, the license
- shall, as a matter of law, be invalid for the operation of any
- 23 motor vehicle during the following times:
- 24 (A) Between 11:00 p.m. Friday and 6:00 a.m. Saturday;
- 25 (B) Between 11:00 p.m. Saturday and 6:00 a.m. on

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- 2 (C) Between 10:00 p.m. on Sunday to Thursday, 3 inclusive, and 6:00 a.m. on the following day.
  - (a-2) The driver's license of a person under the age of 18 shall not be invalid as described in subsection (a-1) of this Section if the licensee under the age of 18 was:
    - (1) accompanied by the licensee's parent or guardian or other person in custody or control of the minor;
    - (2) on an errand at the direction of the minor's parent or guardian, without any detour or stop;
      - (3) in a motor vehicle involved in interstate travel;
    - (4) going to or returning home from an employment activity, without any detour or stop;
      - (5) involved in an emergency;
    - (6) going to or returning home from, without any detour an official school, religious, recreational activity supervised by adults and sponsored governmental agency, government or civic by a а organization, or another similar entity that takes responsibility for the licensee, without any detour or stop;
    - (7) exercising First Amendment rights protected by the United States Constitution, such as the free exercise of religion, freedom of speech, and the right of assembly; or
    - (8) married or had been married or is an emancipated minor under the Emancipation of Minors Act.

- (a-2.5) The driver's license of a person who is 17 years of age and has been licensed for at least 12 months is not invalid as described in subsection (a-1) of this Section while the licensee is participating as an assigned driver in a Safe Rides program that meets the following criteria:
- 6 (1) the program is sponsored by the Boy Scouts of
  7 America or another national public service organization;
  8 and
  - (2) the sponsoring organization carries liability insurance covering the program.
  - (a-3) If a graduated driver's license holder over the age of 18 committed an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of this Code in the 6 months prior to the graduated driver's license holder's 18th birthday, and was subsequently convicted of the offense, the provisions of subsection (a-1) shall continue to apply until such time as a period of 6 consecutive months has elapsed without an additional violation and subsequent conviction of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of this Code.
  - (b) Until the Secretary of State establishes a First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry under Section 6-117 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall provide a format on the reverse of each driver's license issued which the licensee may use to execute a document of gift conforming to the provisions

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of the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act. The format shall allow the licensee to indicate the gift intended, whether specific organs, any organ, or the entire body, and shall accommodate the signatures of the donor and 2 witnesses. The Secretary shall also inform each applicant or licensee of this format, describe the procedure for its execution, and may offer the necessary witnesses; provided that in so doing, the Secretary shall advise the applicant or licensee that he or she is under no compulsion to execute a document of gift. A brochure explaining this method of executing an anatomical gift document shall be given to each applicant or licensee. The brochure shall advise the applicant or licensee that he or she is under no compulsion to execute a document of gift, and that he or she may wish to consult with family, friends or clergy before doing so. The Secretary of State may undertake additional efforts, including education and awareness activities, to promote organ and tissue donation.

(c) The Secretary of State shall designate on each driver's license issued a space where the licensee may place a sticker or decal of the uniform size as the Secretary may specify, which sticker or decal may indicate in appropriate language that the owner of the license carries an Emergency Medical Information Card.

The sticker may be provided by any person, hospital, school, medical group, or association interested in assisting in implementing the Emergency Medical Information Card, but

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- shall meet the specifications as the Secretary may by rule or regulation require.
- 3 (d) The Secretary of State shall designate on each driver's 4 license issued a space where the licensee may indicate his 5 blood type and RH factor.
  - (e) The Secretary of State shall provide that each original or renewal driver's license issued to a licensee under 21 years of age shall be of a distinct nature from those driver's licenses issued to individuals 21 years of age and older. The color designated for driver's licenses for licensees under 21 years of age shall be at the discretion of the Secretary of State.
  - (e-1) The Secretary shall provide that each driver's license issued to a person under the age of 21 displays the date upon which the person becomes 18 years of age and the date upon which the person becomes 21 years of age.
- 17 (f) The Secretary of State shall inform all Illinois commercial motor vehicle 18 licensed operators of the requirements of the Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, 19 20 Article V of this Chapter, and shall make provisions to insure that all drivers, seeking to obtain a commercial driver's 21 22 license, be afforded an opportunity prior to April 1, 1992, to 23 obtain the license. The Secretary is authorized to extend driver's license expiration dates, and assign specific times, 24 25 dates and locations where these commercial driver's tests shall be conducted. Any applicant, regardless of the current 26

- 1 expiration date of the applicant's driver's license, may be
- 2 subject to any assignment by the Secretary. Failure to comply
- 3 with the Secretary's assignment may result in the applicant's
- 4 forfeiture of an opportunity to receive a commercial driver's
- 5 license prior to April 1, 1992.
- 6 (g) The Secretary of State shall designate on a driver's
- 7 license issued, a space where the licensee may indicate that he
- 8 or she has drafted a living will in accordance with the
- 9 Illinois Living Will Act or a durable power of attorney for
- 10 health care in accordance with the Illinois Power of Attorney
- 11 Act.
- 12 (g-1) The Secretary of State, in his or her discretion, may
- designate on each driver's license issued a space where the
- 14 licensee may place a sticker or decal, issued by the Secretary
- of State, of uniform size as the Secretary may specify, that
- shall indicate in appropriate language that the owner of the
- 17 license has renewed his or her driver's license.
- 18 (h) A person who acts in good faith in accordance with the
- 19 terms of this Section is not liable for damages in any civil
- 20 action or subject to prosecution in any criminal proceeding for
- 21 his or her act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 94-75, eff. 1-1-06; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-310,
- 23 eff. 1-1-08; 95-747, eff. 7-22-08.)
- 24 (625 ILCS 5/6-203.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-203.1)
- 25 Sec. 6-203.1. (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to

- suspend, for the period set forth in Section 6-208.1, the
  driving privileges of persons arrested in another state for
  driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or
  intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
  thereof, or a similar provision, and who has refused to submit
- 6 to a chemical test or tests under the provisions of implied
- 7 consent.
- 8 (b) When a driving privilege has been suspended for a 9 refusal as provided in paragraph (a) and the person is 10 subsequently convicted of the underlying charge, for the same 11 incident, any period served on suspension shall be credited 12 toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges 13 imposed pursuant to Section 6-206.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 15 (625 ILCS 5/6-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205)
- Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit;

  Hardship cases.
- 18 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
  19 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
  20 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the
  21 driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
- 24 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a 25 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the

1	offense	of	operating	or	being	in	physical	contr	ol c	f a
2	vehicle	whil	e under th	e in	nfluenc	e of	alcohol,	other	dru	g or
3	drugs,	int	oxicating	СО	mpound	01	compour	nds,	or	any
4	combinat	cion	thereof;							

- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
- 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or personal injury;
- 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
- 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
- 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
- 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
  - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
- 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
- 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace

L	officer
L	officer

- 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
  - 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense;
  - 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;  $\div$
  - 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit or privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense.
  - (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
    - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;

- 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;
- 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court. Upon the direction of the court, the Secretary shall issue the person a judicial driving permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1, except that the court may direct that a JDP issued under this subdivision (b) (3) be effective immediately.
- (c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c-5), whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member

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of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner transport children living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue restricted driving permit. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b) 4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eliqible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these

offenses,	arising	out c	of s	eparate	occurrence	s, that
person, i	if issued	a rest	ricte	ed drivin	g permit,	may not
operate a	a vehicle	unless	it	has been	equipped	with an
ignition :	interlock	device a	as dei	fined in S	Section 1-1	.29.1.

## (3) If:

- (A) a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
  - (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
  - (ii) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or
  - (iii) a suspension pursuant to Section
    6-203.1;

arising out of separate occurrences; or

(B) a person has been convicted of one violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide where the use of alcohol or other drugs was

recited as an element of the offense, or a similar provision of a law of another state; 7

that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the

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Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of these offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, cancellation of a restricted driving permit. Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner participate in а designated driver remedial rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if an individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(c-5) (Blank). The Secretary may not issue a restricted driving permit to any person who has been convicted of a second

or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

(c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) (15) of this Section. The person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment, whichever is later.

violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person may never apply for a license or permit.

(d)(1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, the

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Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each.

(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

	(3)	Ιf	a	persor	n's	li	cense	or	per	rmit	is	revo	ked	or
susp	pende	d 2	or	more	tim	es	withir	n a	10	year	pe	riod	due	to
any	comb	inat	ion	of:										

- (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
- (B) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or
- (C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational

- vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
  - (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit.
  - (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at any time, issue a license or permit to that person.
  - (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.
- 23 (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under 24 subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on 25 December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like 26 period of time.

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- 1 (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted 2 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose 3 driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of 4 this Code.
  - (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
  - (i) (Blank).
- (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
  State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
  operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
  CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,
  cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08;
- 22 95-337, eff. 6-1-08; 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-382, eff. 8-23-07;
- 23 95-627, eff. 6-1-08; 95-848, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08;
- 24 revised 9-10-08.)

- Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing.
  - (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other sufficient evidence that the person:
    - 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction:
    - 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
    - 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
    - 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except

that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary
of State under the provisions of this subsection shall
start no later than 6 months after being convicted of
violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of
traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or
shall start not more than one year after the date of the
accident, whichever date occurs later;

- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
- 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
  - 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this

State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a monitoring device driving permit, judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;

- 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
- 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person

1	has	not	sought	a	hearing	as	provided	for	in	Section
2	11-5	01.1:	<b>;</b>							

- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or

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for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;

- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of а previous conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis

prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;
- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an

alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;

- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or

1	suspension	shall	be	entered	more	than	6	months	after	the
2	date of las	t conv	ict	ion;						

- 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code that resulted in damage to the property of another or the death or injury of another;
- 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
- 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
- 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall be for 90 days;
- 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code;
- 43. Has received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of subsection (a), (d), or (e) of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, in which case the suspension shall be for a period of 3 months;
- 44. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles after

having previously had his or her driving privileges suspended or revoked pursuant to subparagraph 36 of this Section; or

- 45. Has, in connection with or during the course of a formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code:

  (i) committed perjury; (ii) submitted fraudulent or falsified documents; (iii) submitted documents that have been materially altered; or (iv) submitted, as his or her own, documents that were in fact prepared or composed for another person.
- For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.
- (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.

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- (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
  - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a issued prior to the effective date of permit suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's

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regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship (as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State), issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place employment or within the scope of the petitioner's

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employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself, or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility, to receive necessary medical care, to allow the petitioner transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow t.he petitioner transport children living in the to petitioner's household to and from daycare. The petitioner demonstrate that must no alternative means oftransportation is reasonably available and that petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b) 4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(A) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate

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1	occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted
2	driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has
3	been equipped with an ignition interlock device as
4	defined in Section 1-129.1.
5	(B) If a person's license or permit is revoked or
6	suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due
7	to any combination of:
8	(i) a single conviction of violating Section
9	11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a
10	local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense
11	or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where
12	the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an
13	element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state
14	offense; or
15	(ii) a statutory summary suspension under
16	Section 11-501.1; or
17	(iii) a suspension under Section 6-203.1;
18	arising out of separate occurrences; that person, if
19	issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a
20	vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition
21	interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
22	(C) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the
23	use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the
24	Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount

not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall

establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms,

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and conditions relating to these fees.

- (D) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as

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a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be sufficient. cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

(c-3) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities, the driver licensing administrator of any other state, or the Secretary of State, or the parent or legal guardian of a driver under the age of 18. However, beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon request.

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- 1 (c-4) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of 2 subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall notify the person 3 by mail that his or her driving privileges and driver's license 4 will be suspended one month after the date of the mailing of 5 the notice.
  - (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 21 18 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- 13 (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the
  14 Drivers License Compact.
  - (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any provisions of this Code.
- 19 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
  20 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
  21 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
  22 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended, revoked,
  23 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05;
- 25 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-166, eff. 1-1-08; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08;
- 26 95-382, eff. 8-23-07; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-627, eff. 6-1-08;

- 1 95-848, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 95-894, eff. 1-1-09;
- 2 revised 9-5-08.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/6-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208)
- Sec. 6-208. Period of Suspension Application After Revocation.
- (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Code or any other
  law of this State, the Secretary of State shall not suspend a
  driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle
  on the highways for a period of more than one year.
  - (b) Any person whose license, permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the highways has been revoked shall not be entitled to have such license, permit, or privilege renewed or restored. However, such person may, except as provided under subsections (d) and (d-5) of Section 6-205, make application for a license pursuant to Section 6-106 (i) if the revocation was for a cause that has been removed or (ii) as provided in the following subparagraphs:
    - 1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 1.5, 2, 3, 4, and 5, the person may make application for a license (A) after the expiration of one year from the effective date of the revocation, (B) in the case of a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the revocation, or (C) in the case of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or

a similar provision of a law of another state relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code relating to aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, if the violation was the proximate cause of a death, after the expiration of 2 years from the effective date of the revocation or after the expiration of 24 months from the date of release from a period of imprisonment as provided in Section 6-103 of this Code, whichever is later.

- 1.5. If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the conviction most recent revocation.
- 2. If such person is convicted of committing a second violation within a 20-year period of:
  - (A) Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
  - (B) Paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

1	(C)	Section	9-3	of	the	Criminal	Code	of	1961,
2	relating	to the	offense	e of	recl	kless hom	nicide;	or	

- (D) any combination of the above offenses committed at different instances;
- 2.5. If a person is convicted of a second violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while the person's driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 5 years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment.

then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. The 20-year period shall be computed by using the dates the offenses were committed and shall also include similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation.

3. However, except as provided in subparagraph 4, if such person is convicted of committing a third or subsequent violation or any combination of the above offenses, including similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation, contained in subparagraph 2, then such person may not make

application for a license until after the expiration of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation.

- 4. The person may not make application for a license if the person is convicted of committing a fourth or subsequent violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a combination of these offenses, similar provisions of local ordinances, similar out-of-state offenses, or similar offenses committed on a military installation.
- 5. The person may not make application for a license or permit if the person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, all persons referred to in this paragraph (b) may not have their privileges restored until the Secretary receives payment of the required reinstatement fee pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 6-118.

In no event shall the Secretary issue such license unless and until such person has had a hearing pursuant to this Code and the appropriate administrative rules and the Secretary is

- 1 satisfied, after a review or investigation of such person, that
- 2 to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the
- 3 highways will not endanger the public safety or welfare.
- 4 (c) (Blank).

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- 5 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-355, eff. 1-1-08;
- 6 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)
- 8 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 95-991)
- 9 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or 10 privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
- 11 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), any 12 person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor 13 vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such 14 person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the 15 privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked or 16 suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by a judicial driving 17 permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device 18 driving permit, family financial responsibility driving 19 20 permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving 21 permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another 22 state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (a-5) Any person who violates this Section as provided in subsection (a) while his or her driver's license, permit or privilege is revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of

the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless

2 homicide or a similar provision of a law of another state, is

guilty of a Class 4 felony. The person shall be required to

undergo a professional evaluation, as provided in Section

11-501 of this Code, to determine if an alcohol, drug, or

intoxicating compound problem exists and the extent of the

problem, and to undergo the imposition of treatment as

appropriate.

- (b) (Blank). The Secretary of State upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when said person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary, by the appropriate authority of another state, or pursuant to Section 11-501.1; except as may be specifically allowed by a probationary license to drive, judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, or restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; however, if the period of suspension has then expired, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend said person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension.
- (b-1) Upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or

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privilege was suspended by the Secretary of State or the driver's licensing administrator of another state, except as specifically allowed by a probationary license, judicial driving permit, restricted driving permit or monitoring device driving permit the Secretary shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension unless the suspension has already expired, in which case the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension.

(b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b-6), upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked by the Secretary of State or the driver's license administrator of any other state, except as specifically allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.

(b-3) (Blank). When the Secretary of State receives conviction of any violation indicating vehicle was operated during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, except as may allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to

Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction.

(b-4) When the Secretary of State receives a report of a conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle that was not equipped with an ignition interlock device during a time when the person was prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with such a device, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for an additional period of one year from the date of the conviction.

(b-5) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 consecutive days or 300 hours of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

(b-6) Upon receiving a report of a first conviction of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of three years from the date of such conviction.

- (c) Except as provided in subsections (c-3) and (c-4), any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
  - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof; or
  - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
  - (3) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.
  - (c-1) Except as provided in subsections (c-5) and (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of community service.
- (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth time of violating this Section any of the following:
  - (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's

1 vehicle.

- 2 (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period 3 of time to be determined by the court.
  - (c-3) Any person convicted of a violation of this Section during a period of summary suspension imposed pursuant to Section 11-501.1 when the person was eligible for a MDDP shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
    - (c-4) Any person who has been issued a MDDP and who is convicted of a violation of this Section as a result of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device at the time of the offense shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
    - (c-5) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and shall serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
    - (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401

- or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a
- 2 similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary
- 3 suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 4 (d-1) Except as provided in subsections (d-2), (d-2.5), and
- 5 (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation
- 6 of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of
- 7 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the
- 8 court.
- 9 (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this
- 10 Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum
- 11 term of imprisonment of 30 days if the revocation or suspension
- was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code,
- or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a
- 14 local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under
- 15 Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 16 (d-2.5) Any person convicted of a third violation of this
- 17 Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for
- probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory
- 19 term of imprisonment if the revocation or suspension was for a
- 20 violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating
- 21 to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state
- offense. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for
- the remainder of the person's life.
- 24 (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth,
- 25 seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty
- of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of

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- imprisonment of 180 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local
- 4 ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section
- 5 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 6 (d-3.5) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not 7 8 eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve 9 a mandatory term of imprisonment, and is eligible for an 10 extended term, if the revocation or suspension was for a 11 violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating 12 to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state 13 offense.
  - (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a

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- similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the release by the vehicle owner.
- 12 (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified 13 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 14 as proof of any prior conviction.
- 15 (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section 16 is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 17 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the person's 18 driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a 19 violation listed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection 20 (c) of this Section or as a result of a summary suspension as 21 provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of this Section.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 94-112, eff. 1-1-06; 95-27, eff. 1-1-08; 95-377,
- eff. 1-1-08; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-578, eff. 6-1-08; 95-876,
- 24 eff. 8-21-08.)

- Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
  - (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), any person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by a judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, family financial responsibility driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (a-5) Any person who violates this Section as provided in subsection (a) while his or her driver's license, permit or privilege is revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar provision of a law of another state, is guilty of a Class 4 felony. The person shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation, as provided in Section 11-501 of this Code, to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound problem exists and the extent of the problem, and to undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate.
    - (b) (Blank). The Secretary of State upon receiving a report

of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when said person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary, by the appropriate authority of another state, or pursuant to Section 11 501.1; except as may be specifically allowed by a probationary license to drive, judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, or restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; however, if the period of suspension has then expired, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend said person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension.

(b-1) Upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary of State or the driver's licensing administrator of another state, except as specifically allowed by a probationary license, judicial driving permit, restricted driving permit or monitoring device driving permit the Secretary shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension unless the suspension has already expired, in which case the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally

- (b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b-6), upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked by the Secretary of State or the driver's license administrator of any other state, except as specifically allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.
- report of a conviction of any violation indicating that a vehicle was operated during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, except as may be allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction.
- (b-4) When the Secretary of State receives a report of a conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle that was not equipped with an ignition interlock device during a time when the person was prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with such a device, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for

- an additional period of one year from the date of the conviction.
  - (b-5) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 consecutive days or 300 hours of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
  - (b-6) Upon receiving a report of a first conviction of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of three years from the date of such conviction.
  - (c) Except as provided in subsections (c-3) and (c-4), any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
    - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other

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arug	or	any	combination	tnereoi;	or

- (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
- 6 (3) a statutory summary suspension under Section 7 11-501.1 of this Code.

Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.

- (c-1) Except as provided in subsections (c-5) and (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of community service.
- (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth time of violating this Section any of the following:
- 17 (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's vehicle.
- 19 (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period 20 of time to be determined by the court.
  - (c-3) Any person convicted of a violation of this Section during a period of summary suspension imposed pursuant to Section 11-501.1 when the person was eligible for a MDDP shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
- (c-4) Any person who has been issued a MDDP and who is

- convicted of a violation of this Section as a result of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device at the time of the offense shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
  - (c-5) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and shall serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
  - (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if the original revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (d-1) Except as provided in subsections (d-2), (d-2.5), and (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court.
- 26 (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this

- Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (d-2.5) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of the person's life.
  - (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (d-3.5) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, and is eligible for an

- extended term, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
  - (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
  - (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle

- that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the release by the vehicle owner.
- 3 (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified 4 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 5 as proof of any prior conviction.
- (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation listed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (c) of this Section or as a result of a summary suspension as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of this Section.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-112, eff. 1-1-06; 95-27, eff. 1-1-08; 95-377,
- eff. 1-1-08; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-578, eff. 6-1-08; 95-876,
- 15 eff. 8-21-08; 95-991, eff. 6-1-09.)
- 16 (625 ILCS 5/6-601) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-601)
- 17 Sec. 6-601. Penalties.
- 18 (a) It is a petty offense for any person to violate any of
  19 the provisions of this Chapter unless such violation is by this
  20 Code or other law of this State declared to be a misdemeanor or
  21 a felony.
- (b) General penalties. Unless another penalty is in this
  Code or other laws of this State, every person convicted of a
  petty offense for the violation of any provision of this
  Chapter shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500.

- 1 (c) Unlicensed driving. Except as hereinafter provided a violation of Section 6-101 shall be:
  - 1. A Class A misdemeanor if the person failed to obtain a driver's license or permit after expiration of a period of revocation.
    - 2. A Class B misdemeanor if the person has been issued a driver's license or permit, which has expired, and if the period of expiration is greater than one year; or if the person has never been issued a driver's license or permit, or is not qualified to obtain a driver's license or permit because of his age.
    - If a licensee under this Code is convicted of violating Section 6-101 for operating a motor vehicle during a time when such licensee's driver's license was invalid under the provisions of Section 6-110, then conviction under such circumstances shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$25.
    - If a licensee under this Code is convicted of violating Section 6-303 for operating a motor vehicle during a time when such licensee's driver's license was suspended under the provisions of Section 6-306.3, then such act shall be a petty offense (provided the licensee has answered the charge which was the basis of the suspension under Section 6-306.3), and there shall be imposed no additional like period of suspension as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 6-303.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 92-622, eff. 1-1-03; 92-647, eff. 1-1-03; 92-883,

1 eff. 1-13-03.)

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2 (625 ILCS 5/11-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-500)

Sec. 11-500. Definitions. For the purposes of interpreting Sections 6-206.1 and 6-208.1 of this Code, "first offender" shall mean any person who has not had a previous conviction or court assigned supervision for violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a conviction in any other state for a violation of driving while under the influence or a similar offense where the cause of action is the same or substantially similar to this Code or similar offenses committed on a military installation, or any person who has not had a driver's license suspension pursuant to paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 6-206 as the result of refusal of chemical testing in another state, or any person who has not had a driver's license suspension for violating 11-501.1 within 5 years prior to the date of the current offense, except in cases where the driver submitted to chemical testing resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in t.he Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and

- 1 was subsequently found not guilty of violating Section 11-501,
- 2 or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-355, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 4 Section 15. The Child Passenger Protection Act is amended
- 5 by changing Section 4b as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 25/4b)
- 7 Sec. 4b. Children 8 years of age or older but under the age 8 of 19; seat belts. Every person under the age of 18 years, when 9 transporting a child 8 years of age or older but under the age 10 of 19 years, as provided in Section 4 of this Act, shall be 11 responsible for securing that child in a properly adjusted and 12 fastened seat safety belt or an appropriate child restraint 13 system. This Section shall also apply to each driver over the 14 age of 18 years who committed an offense against traffic 15 regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of this Code in the within 16 17 6 months prior to <del>of</del> the driver's 18th birthday and was subsequently convicted of the violation, until such time as a 18 period of 6 consecutive months has elapsed without 19 20 additional violation and subsequent conviction of an offense 21 against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of this 22 23 Code.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 94-241, eff. 1-1-06; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08.)

- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.
- 8 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.