

Rep. Sandra M. Pihos

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1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3873
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 3873, AS AMENDED, by
3	replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
6	changing Sections 3.330, 22.26, and 22.34 and by adding
7	Sections 3.197 and 3.282 as follows:
8	(415 ILCS 5/3.197 new)
9	Sec. 3.197. Food scrap. "Food scrap" means garbage that is
10	(i) capable of being decomposed into compost by composting,
11	(ii) separated by the generator from other waste, including,
12	but not limited to, garbage that is not capable of being
13	decomposed into compost by composting, and (iii) managed
14	separately from other waste, including, but not limited to,
15	garbage that is not capable of being decomposed into compost by
16	composting. "Food scrap" includes, but is not limited to,

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1	packaging, utensils, and food containers composed of readily
2	biodegradable material. For the purposes of this Section,
3	packaging, utensils, and food containers are readily
4	biodegradable if they meet the ASTM D6400 standard.
5	(415 ILCS 5/3.282 new)
6	Sec. 3.282. Livestock waste. "Livestock waste" means
7	"livestock waste" as defined in the Livestock Management
8	<u>Facilities Act.</u>
9	(415 ILCS 5/3.330) (was 415 ILCS 5/3.32)
10	Sec. 3.330. Pollution control facility.
11	(a) "Pollution control facility" is any waste storage site,
12	sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste transfer
13	station, waste treatment facility, or waste incinerator. This
14	includes sewers, sewage treatment plants, and any other
15	facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized
16	under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act.
17	The following are not pollution control facilities:
18	(1) (blank);
19	(2) waste storage sites regulated under 40 CFR, Part
20	761.42;
21	(3) sites or facilities used by any person conducting a
22	waste storage, waste treatment, waste disposal, waste
23	transfer or waste incineration operation, or a combination
24	thereof, for wastes generated by such person's own

activities, when such wastes are stored, treated, disposed of, transferred or incinerated within the site or facility owned, controlled or operated by such person, or when such wastes are transported within or between sites or facilities owned, controlled or operated by such person;

6 (4) sites or facilities at which the State is 7 performing removal or remedial action pursuant to Section 8 22.2 or 55.3;

9 (5) abandoned quarries used solely for the disposal of 10 concrete, earth materials, gravel, or aggregate debris 11 resulting from road construction activities conducted by a 12 unit of government or construction activities due to the 13 construction and installation of underground pipes, lines, 14 conduit or wires off of the premises of a public utility 15 company which are conducted by a public utility;

16 (6) sites or facilities used by any person to
 17 specifically conduct a landscape composting operation;

18 (7) regional facilities as defined in the Central
 19 Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact;

(8) the portion of a site or facility where coal
combustion wastes are stored or disposed of in accordance
with subdivision (r) (2) or (r) (3) of Section 21;

(9) the portion of a site or facility used for the
collection, storage or processing of waste tires as defined
in Title XIV;

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(10) the portion of a site or facility used for

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contaminated 1 petroleum treatment of materials by 2 application onto or incorporation into the soil surface and 3 any portion of that site or facility used for storage of petroleum contaminated materials before treatment. Only 4 5 those categories of petroleum listed in Section 57.9(a)(3) are exempt under this subdivision (10); 6

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7 (11) the portion of a site or facility where used oil 8 is collected or stored prior to shipment to a recycling or 9 energy recovery facility, provided that the used oil is 10 generated by households or commercial establishments, and 11 the site or facility is a recycling center or a business 12 where oil or gasoline is sold at retail;

13 (11.5) processing sites or facilities that receive 14 only on-specification used oil, as defined in 35 Ill. 15 Admin. Code 739, originating from used oil collectors for 16 processing that is managed under 35 Ill. Admin. Code 739 to off-site 17 produce products for sale to petroleum 18 facilities, if these processing sites or facilities are: (i) located within a home rule unit of local government 19 20 with a population of at least 30,000 according to the 2000 21 federal census, that home rule unit of local government has 22 been designated as an Urban Round II Empowerment Zone by 23 the United States Department of Housing and Urban 24 Development, and that home rule unit of local government 25 has enacted an ordinance approving the location of the site 26 or facility and provided funding for the site or facility;

1 and (ii) in compliance with all applicable zoning 2 requirements;

3 (12) the portion of a site or facility utilizing coal combustion waste for stabilization and treatment of only 4 5 waste generated on that site or facility when used in connection with response actions pursuant to the federal 6 7 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 8 Liability Act of 1980, the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, or the Illinois Environmental 9 10 Protection Act or as authorized by the Agency;

(13) the portion of a site or facility accepting exclusively general construction or demolition debris, located in a county with a population over 700,000 as of January 1, 2000, and operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act;

16 (14) the portion of a site or facility, located within 17 a unit of local government that has enacted local zoning requirements, used to accept, separate, and process 18 19 uncontaminated broken concrete, with or without protruding 20 metal bars, provided that the uncontaminated broken 21 concrete and metal bars are not speculatively accumulated, 22 are at the site or facility no longer than one year after 23 acceptance, and are returned to the economic their 24 mainstream in the form of raw materials or products;

(15) the portion of a site or facility located in a
 county with a population over 3,000,000 that has obtained

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local siting approval under Section 39.2 of this Act for a municipal waste incinerator on or before July 1, 2005 and that is used for a non-hazardous waste transfer station;

(16) a site or facility that temporarily holds in 4 5 transit for 10 days or less, non-petruscible solid waste in original containers, no larger in capacity than 500 6 7 gallons, provided that such waste is further transferred to 8 a recycling, disposal, treatment, or storage facility on a 9 non-contiguous site and provided such site or facility 10 complies with the applicable 10-day transfer requirements of the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 11 12 1976 and United States Department of Transportation 13 hazardous material requirements. For purposes of this 14 Section only, "non-petruscible solid waste" means waste 15 other than municipal garbage that does not rot or become putrid, including, but not limited to, paints, solvent, 16 17 filters, and absorbents;

(17) the portion of a site or facility located in a 18 19 county with a population greater than 3,000,000 that has 20 obtained local siting approval, under Section 39.2 of this 21 Act, for a municipal waste incinerator on or before July 1, 22 2005 and that is used for wood combustion facilities for 23 energy recovery that accept and burn only wood material, as 24 included in a fuel specification approved by the Agency; 25 and

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(18) a transfer station used exclusively for landscape

waste, including a transfer station where landscape waste 1 is ground to reduce its volume, where the landscape waste 2 is held no longer than 24 hours from the time it was 3 received; and-4 5 (19) the portion of a site or facility that (i) is used for the composting of food scrap, livestock waste, crop 6 residue, uncontaminated wood waste, or paper waste, 7 including, but not limited to, corrugated paper or 8 9 cardboard, and (ii) meets all of the following 10 requirements: (A) There must not be more than a total of 30,000 11 cubic yards of livestock waste in raw form or in the 12 13 process of being composted at the site or facility at 14 any one time. 15 (B) All food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue, 16 uncontaminated wood waste, and paper waste must, by the end of each operating day, be processed and placed into 17 an enclosed vessel in which air flow and temperature 18 19 are controlled, or all of the following additional 20 requirements must be met: 21 (i) The portion of the site or facility used 22 for the composting operation must include a setback of at least 200 feet from the nearest 23 24 potable water supply well. 25 (ii) The portion of the site or facility used 26 for the composting operation must be located

outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or 1 2 floodproofed. 3 (iii) The portion of the site or facility used for the composting operation must be located at 4 5 least one-eighth of a mile from the nearest residence, other than a residence located on the 6 7 same property as the site or facility. 8 (iv) The portion of the site or facility used 9 for the composting operation must be located at 10 least one-eighth of a mile from the property line of all of the following areas: 11 12 (I) Facilities that primarily serve to 13 house or treat people that are 14 immunocompromised or immunosuppressed, such as 15 cancer or AIDS patients; people with asthma, cystic fibrosis, or bioaerosol allergies; or 16 17 children under the age of one year. (II) Primary and secondary schools and 18 19 adjacent areas that the schools use for 20 recreation. 21 (III) Any facility for child care licensed 22 under Section 3 of the Child Care Act of 1969; preschools; and adjacent areas that the 23 24 facilities or preschools use for recreation. 25 (v) By the end of each operating day, all food 26 scrap, livestock waste, crop residue,

1	uncontaminated wood waste, and paper waste must be
2	(i) processed into windrows or other piles and (ii)
3	covered in a manner that prevents scavenging by
4	birds and animals and that prevents other
5	nuisances.
6	(C) Food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue,
7	uncontaminated wood waste, paper waste, and compost
8	must not be placed within 5 feet of the water table.
9	(D) The site or facility must meet all of the
10	requirements of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16
11	<u>U.S.C. 1271 et seq.).</u>
12	(E) The site or facility must not (i) restrict the
13	flow of a 100-year flood, (ii) result in washout of
14	food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue,
15	uncontaminated wood waste, or paper waste from a
16	100-year flood, or (iii) reduce the temporary water
17	storage capacity of the 100-year floodplain, unless
18	measures are undertaken to provide alternative storage
19	capacity, such as by providing lagoons, holding tanks,
20	or drainage around structures at the facility.
21	(F) The site or facility must not be located in any
22	area where it may pose a threat of harm or destruction
23	to the features for which:
24	(i) an irreplaceable historic or
25	archaeological site has been listed under the
26	National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470

1	et seq.) or the Illinois Historic Preservation
2	<u>Act;</u>
3	(ii) a natural landmark has been designated by
4	the National Park Service or the Illinois State
5	Historic Preservation Office; or
6	(iii) a natural area has been designated as a
7	Dedicated Illinois Nature Preserve under the
8	Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act.
9	(G) The site or facility must not be located in an
10	area where it may jeopardize the continued existence of
11	any designated endangered species, result in the
12	destruction or adverse modification of the critical
	habitat for such species, or cause or contribute to the
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	taking of any endangered or threatened species of
14	taking of any endangered or threatened species of plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered
13 14 15 16	
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14 15 16 17 18	plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is:
14 15 16 17 18 19	<pre>plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is: (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is: (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is: (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or (2) the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is: (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or (2) the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a currently permitted pollution control facility; or</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act. (b) A new pollution control facility is: (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or (2) the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a currently permitted pollution control facility; or (3) a permitted pollution control facility requesting</pre>

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1 eff. 6-2-06; 95-131, eff. 8-13-07; 95-177, eff. 1-1-08; 95-331,

2	eff. 8-21-07; 95-408, eff. 8-24-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)
3	(415 ILCS 5/22.26) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1022.26)
4	Sec. 22.26. The Agency shall not issue a development or
5	construction permit after December 31, 1990 for any composting
6	facility, unless the applicant has given notice thereof (1) in
7	person or by mail to the members of the General Assembly from
8	the legislative district in which the proposed facility is to
9	be located, (2) by registered or certified mail to the owners
10	of all real property located within 250 feet of the site of the
11	proposed facility (determined as provided in subsection (b) of
12	Section 39.2), and (3) to the general public by publication in
13	a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the
14	proposed facility is to be located. The notice required under
15	this Section must include: (i) a description of the type of
16	facility being proposed, (ii) the location of the proposed
17	facility, (iii) the name of the person proposing the
18	construction or development of the facility and the contact
19	information (including a phone number) for that person, (iv)
20	instructions directing the recipient of the notice to send
21	written comments relating to the construction or development of
22	the facility to the Agency within 21 days after the notice is
23	either received by mail or last published in a newspaper of
24	general circulation, and (v) the Agency's address, as well as
25	the phone numbers for the Bureaus and Sections responsible for

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- 1 issuing the permit.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 86-1195.)
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(415 ILCS 5/22.34)

Sec. 22.34. Organic waste compost quality standards.

5 (a) <u>The Agency may</u> By January 1, 1994, the Agency shall 6 develop and make recommendations to the Board concerning (i) 7 performance standards for organic waste compost facilities and 8 (ii) testing procedures and standards for the end-product 9 compost produced by organic waste compost facilities.

10 The Agency, in cooperation with the Department, shall appoint a Technical Advisory Committee for the purpose of 11 12 developing these recommendations. Among other things, the 13 Committee shall evaluate environmental and safetv 14 considerations, compliance costs, and regulations adopted in 15 other states and countries. The Committee shall have balanced shall include 16 representation and members representing 17 academia, the composting industry, the Department of 18 Agriculture, the landscaping industry, environmental 19 organizations, municipalities, and counties.

20 Performance standards for organic waste compost facilities 21 <u>may include, but are not limited to shall at a minimum include</u>: 22 (1) the management of potential exposures for human 23 disease vectors and odor;

contingency planning for handling end-product

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(2) the management of surface water;

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(3)

1 compost material that does not meet end-product compost standards adopted by the Board requirements of subsection 2 3 (b); 4 (4) plans for intended purposes of end-use product; and 5 (5) a financial assurance plan necessary to restore the site as specified in Agency permit. The financial assurance 6 plan may include, but is not limited to, posting with the 7 Agency a performance bond or other security for the purpose 8 9 of ensuring site restoration. 10 No later than one year after the Agency makes (b) recommendations to the Board under subsection (a) of this 11 Section By December 1, 1997, the Board shall adopt, as 12 13 applicable: 14 (1) performance standards for organic waste compost 15 facilities; and 16 testing procedures and standards (2) for the end-product compost produced by organic waste compost 17 18 facilities. The Board shall evaluate the merits of different standards 19 20 for end-product compost applications. 21 (c) On-site residential composting that is used solely for 22 the purpose of composting organic waste generated on-site and that will not be offered for off-site sale or use is exempt 23 24 from any standards promulgated under subsections (a) and (b). 25 Subsection (b)(2) shall not apply to end-product compost used 26 as daily cover or vegetative amendment in the final layer.

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Subsection (b) applies to any end-product compost offered for
 sale or use in Illinois.

3 (d) For the purposes of this Section, "organic waste" means
4 food <u>scrap waste</u>, landscape waste, wood waste<u>, livestock waste</u>,
5 <u>crop residue, paper waste</u>, or other non-hazardous carbonaceous
6 waste that is collected and processed separately from the rest
7 of the municipal waste stream.

8 <u>(e) Except as otherwise provided in Board rules, solid</u> 9 <u>waste permits for organic waste composting facilities shall be</u> 10 <u>issued under the Board's Solid Waste rules at 35 Ill. Adm. Code</u> 11 <u>807. The permits must include, but shall not be limited to,</u> 12 <u>measures designed to reduce pathogens in the compost.</u>

13 (Source: P.A. 87-1227; 88-690, eff. 1-24-95.)".