### 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

## 2009 and 2010

#### HB3975

Introduced 2/26/2009, by Rep. Charles E. Jefferson

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3 720 ILCS 5/11-9.4 730 ILCS 150/8

from Ch. 38, par. 228

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Sex Offender Registration Act. Prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 1,000 (rather than 500) feet of a school, park, playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, day care home, group day care home, or facility providing services exclusively directed toward children under 18 years of age. Prohibits a child sex offender from loitering within 1,000 feet of a school or on a public way within 1,000 feet of a public park. Establishes exemptions for persons who purchased property before the effective date of the amendatory Act. Amends the Sex Offender Registration Act relating to the statement a child sex offender must sign that he or she understands the prohibitions imposed by Illinois law on residing or loitering in certain places. Effective immediately.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning sex offenders.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Sections 11-9.3 and 11-9.4 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
offenders prohibited.

9 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any school building, on real property comprising any 10 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 11 school to transport students to or from school or a school 12 13 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present 14 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the 15 16 school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a 17 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) 18 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation 19 20 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her 21 child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or 22 her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the 23

principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or 1 2 unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private 3 school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if 4 5 permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex 6 7 offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex 8 9 offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is 10 responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she 11 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from 12 school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the 13 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex 14 15 offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 16 felony.

17 (a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 18 be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or 19 discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by 20 a school to transport students to or from school or a school 21 related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18 22 are present at the site.

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within <u>1,000</u> 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the

offender is a parent or quardian of a student attending the 1 2 school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the 3 progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) 4 5 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation 6 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her 7 child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or 8 9 her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the 10 principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or 11 has permission to be present from the superintendent or the 12 school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is 13 14 granted, the superintendent or school board president must 15 inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will 16 be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex 17 offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for 18 19 notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on 20 school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity 21 22 of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the 23 direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony. 24

25 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 26 reside within <u>1,000</u> <del>500</del> feet of a school building or the real

1 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 2 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or 3 the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 4 5 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act 6 7 of the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) 8 prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 feet 9 and 1,000 feet of a school building or the real property 10 comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the 11 property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased 12 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th 13 General Assembly.

14 (c) Definitions. In this Section:

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(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
substantially similar federal law or law of another
state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an
included sex offense, and:

21 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
22 to commit such offense; or

(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
of such offense or an attempt to commit such
offense; or

(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity

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pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or

10 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 11 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a 12 federal law or the law of another state 13 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 14 15 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 16 offense; or

17 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 18 federal law or the 19 law of another state а 20 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 21 22 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 23 of such offense; or

(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the

1 law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to 2 such certification is committed or attempted against a 3 person less than 18 years of age; or

4 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
5 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
6 Persons Act.

7 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 8 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same 9 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as 10 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is 11 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

12 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
13 "sex offense" means:

14 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 15 the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting 16 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),luring), 17 10-5(b)(10) (child 11-6 (indecent child), 11-6.5 (indecent 18 solicitation of а 19 solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when 20 committed in a school, on the real property comprising 21 a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or 22 contracted by a school to transport students to or from 23 school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual 24 exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a 25 juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of 26 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a

juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 1 2 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 3 pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal 4 5 sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was 6 7 committed in any school, on real property comprising 8 any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or 9 contracted by a school to transport students to or from 10 school or a school related activity). An attempt to 11 commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
these offenses.

19 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections 20 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 21 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a 22 parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

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24 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

25 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

26 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 1 2 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 3 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in clause (2) (i) of subsection (c) of this Section. 4 5 (2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex 6 offense means: 7 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 8 9 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and 10 abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), 11 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 12 (indecent solicitation of adult), 11-15.1 an 13 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 14 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 15 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile 16 pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 17 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal 18 sexual 19 assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a 20 child). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections 21 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 22 23 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual 24 assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 25 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual 26

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abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 1 2 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 3 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a 4 5 parent of the victim: 6 10-1 (kidnapping), 7 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 8 10-3 (unlawful restraint), 9 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 10 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 11 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 12 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this 13 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection. (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the 14 15 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to 16 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of 17 this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually 18 19 dangerous person under any federal law or law of another 20 state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually 21 Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for 22 the purposes of this Section.

23 (4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
24 elementary, or secondary school.

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(5) "Loiter" means:

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(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the

person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
 property.

3 (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
4 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
5 property, for the purpose of committing or attempting
6 to commit a sex offense.

7 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or
8 around school property, other than the offender's
9 residence.

10 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
11 or any other certified employee of the school, the
12 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.

13 (c-5) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet 14 distance shall be measured from the edge of the property of the 15 school building or the real property comprising the school that 16 is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex 17 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering.

18 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty19 of a Class 4 felony.

20 (Source: P.A. 94-158, eff. 7-11-05; 94-164, eff. 1-1-06; 21 94-170, eff. 7-11-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-440, eff. 22 8-27-07; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; 95-819, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 23 8-21-08; revised 9-23-08.)

24 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.4)

25 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 95-983)

Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or
 communicating with a child within certain places by child sex
 offenders prohibited.

(a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
present in any public park building or on real property
comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are
present in the building or on the grounds and to approach,
contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age,
unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under
18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.

11 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 1,000 500 feet of a public park 12 13 building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on 14 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a 15 16 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or 17 quardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds. 18

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 19 20 reside within 1,000 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, day 21 22 care home, group day care home, or a facility providing 23 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a 24 25 child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services 26

exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if 1 2 the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 3 4 the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) 5 prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or part day child 6 care facility if the property is owned by the child sex 7 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this 8 9 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. Nothing in this 10 subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing 11 within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the 12 property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased 13 before August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 14 95-821). Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 feet and 1,000 feet of a 15 16 playground or a facility providing programs or services 17 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was 18 19 purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 20 the 96th General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 feet 21 22 and 1,000 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or 23 part day child care facility if the property is owned by the 24 child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date 25 of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from 26

residing within between 500 feet and 1,000 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

6 (b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 7 reside within 1,000 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender 8 9 from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex 10 11 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this 12 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly. Nothing in this 13 subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 and 1,000 feet of the victim if the property in 14 which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex 15 16 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this 17 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

18 This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the 19 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

(c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under

18 years of age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care 1 2 home. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning 3 the real property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care 4 5 facility, child care institution, or school providing before 6 and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being 7 8 present on the premises for the hours during which: (1) the 9 programs or services are being offered or (2) the day care 10 center, part day child care facility, child care institution, 11 school providing before and after school programs for children 12 under 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is 13 operated.

14 (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 15 operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any 16 county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.

(c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and 17 resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any 18 19 residential unit within the same building in which he or she 20 resides to a person who is the parent or quardian of a child or children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply 21 22 only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after 23 January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820) this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. 24

25 (c-7) (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to 26 knowingly offer or provide any programs or services to persons

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under 18 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or providing such programs or services, whether such programs or services are offered or provided by contract, agreement, arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.

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(d) Definitions. In this Section:

(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

8 (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any 9 substantially similar federal law or law of another 10 state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of 11 this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an 12 included sex offense, and:

13 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt14 to commit such offense; or

(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
of such offense or an attempt to commit such
offense; or

(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
or an attempt to commit such offense; or

22 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting 23 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 24 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 25 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged 26 commission or attempted commission of such

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offense; or

(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to а federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or

9 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting 10 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 11 federal law or the law of another state а 12 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 13 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 14 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 15 of such offense; or

(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
such certification is committed or attempted against a
person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
Persons Act.

25 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 26 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same

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time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

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(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5), "sex offense" means:

6 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 7 the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)), 8 9 10-5(b)(10)(child luring), 11 - 6(indecent 10 solicitation of а child), 11-6.5 (indecent 11 solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when 12 committed in a school, on the real property comprising 13 a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted 14 by a school to transport students to or from school or 15 a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 16 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of 17 prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing 18 juvenile а 19 juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 20 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 21 pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 22 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal 23 sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of 24 a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was 25 committed in any school, on real property comprising 26 any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or

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contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

4 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
6 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
7 assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
8 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
9 criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
10 these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

15 10-1 (kidnapping),

16 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

17 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

18 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

19 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

20 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State
21 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
22 clause (2) (i) of this subsection (d).

23 (2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
24 offense means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections ofthe Criminal Code of 1961:

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10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and 1 2 abetting child abduction under Section 3 10-5(b)(10)), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of 4 child), an 5 adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile 6 prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile 7 prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 8 9 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 10 pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child 11 pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual 12 assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of 13 a child). An attempt to commit any of these 14 offenses.

15 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections 16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 17 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 18 19 12 - 16(aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and 20 subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual 21 abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

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1 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

2 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

3 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

5 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State
6 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
7 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the 8 9 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to 10 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) 11 shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this 12 Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that 13 14 is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous 15 Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the 16 purposes of this Section.

17 (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, or
18 conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a
19 unit of local government.

(5) "Facility providing programs or services directed
towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility
providing programs or services exclusively directed
towards persons under the age of 18.

(6) "Loiter" means:

(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not theperson is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public

1 park property.

2 (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
3 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public
4 park property, for the purpose of committing or
5 attempting to commit a sex offense.

6 (7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or 7 controlled by a unit of local government that is designated 8 by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily 9 for children's recreation.

10 (8) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed
11 to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(9) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in
Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

14 (10) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning 15 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 16 1969.

17 (11) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in18 Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(12) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed toit in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(d-5) For the purposes of this Section, the 1,000  $\frac{500}{500}$  feet 21 22 distance shall be measured from the edge of the property 23 comprising the public park building or the real property 24 comprising the public park, playground, child care 25 institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or 26 a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age to the edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or where he or she is loitering.

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5 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty6 of a Class 4 felony.

7 (Source: P.A. 94-925, eff. 6-26-06; 95-32, eff. 1-1-08; 95-640, 8 eff. 6-1-08; 95-819, eff. 1-1-09; 95-820, eff. 1-1-09; 95-821, 9 eff. 8-14-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; revised 10-20-08.)

10 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-983)

Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or communicating with a child within certain places by child sex offenders prohibited.

(a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
present in any public park building or on real property
comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are
present in the building or on the grounds and to approach,
contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age,
unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under
18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within <u>1,000</u> <del>500</del> feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a 1 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or 2 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the 3 building or on the grounds.

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 4 5 reside within 1,000 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, day 6 care home, group day care home, or a facility providing 7 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 8 9 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a 10 child sex offender from residing within 1,000 500 feet of a 11 playground or a facility providing programs or services 12 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if 13 the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 14 the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) 15 16 prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of 17 a child care institution, day care center, or part day child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex 18 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this 19 20 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing 21 22 within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the 23 property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 24 25 95-821). Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 feet and 1,000 feet of a 26

1	playground or a facility providing programs or services
2	exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if
3	the property is owned by the child sex offender and was
4	purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of
5	the 96th General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5)
6	prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 feet
7	and 1,000 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or
8	part day child care facility if the property is owned by the
9	child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date
10	of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. Nothing in
11	this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from
12	residing within between 500 feet and 1,000 feet of a day care
13	home or group day care home if the property is owned by the
14	child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date
15	of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly this
16	amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

(b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 17 18 reside within 1,000 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender 19 20 from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in 21 which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex 22 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this 23 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly. Nothing in this 24 subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender from residing 25 between 500 and 1,000 feet of the victim if the property in 26 which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex HB3975 - 25 - LRB096 10058 RLC 20223 b

# offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

5 (b-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 6 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois 7 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a 8 person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she 9 believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the 10 offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years 11 of age.

12 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated 13 14 with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing 15 programs or services exclusively directed towards persons 16 under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child 17 care facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 19 18 years of age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care 20 home. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real property upon which the programs or services are 21 22 offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care 23 facility, child care institution, or school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is 24 25 located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being 26 present on the premises for the hours during which: (1) the

1 programs or services are being offered or (2) the day care 2 center, part day child care facility, child care institution, 3 school providing before and after school programs for children 4 under 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is 5 operated.

6 (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 7 operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any 8 county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.

9 (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and 10 resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any 11 residential unit within the same building in which he or she 12 resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or 13 children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply 14 only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820) this 15 16 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

17 <u>(c-7)</u> (c 6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to 18 knowingly offer or provide any programs or services to persons 19 under 18 years of age in his or her residence or the residence 20 of another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or 21 providing such programs or services, whether such programs or 22 services are offered or provided by contract, agreement, 23 arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.

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(d) Definitions. In this Section:

(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

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(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any

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substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:

(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

7 (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 8 of such offense or an attempt to commit such 9 offense; or

10 (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 11 pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the 12 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense 13 or an attempt to commit such offense; or

14(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting15in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to16subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of17Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged18commission or attempted commission of such19offense; or

20 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant 21 to a 22 federal law or the law of another state 23 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 24 25 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 26 offense; or

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1 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting 2 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 3 a federal law or the law of another state 4 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 5 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 6 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 7 of such offense; or

8 (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person 9 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons 10 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the 11 law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to 12 such certification is committed or attempted against a 13 person less than 18 years of age; or

14 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
15 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
16 Persons Act.

17 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 18 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same 19 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as 20 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is 21 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

22 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
23 "sex offense" means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting
child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),

luring), 1 10-5(b)(10) (child 11-6 (indecent 2 child), 11-6.5 solicitation of а (indecent 3 solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising 4 5 a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or 6 7 a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 8 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting 9 for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of 10 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a 11 juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 12 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 13 14 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of 15 16 a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising 17 any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or 18 19 contracted by a school to transport students to or from 20 school or a school related activity, or in a public 21 park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated

criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of 1 these offenses. 2 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections 3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 4 5 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a 6 parent of the victim: 7 10-1 (kidnapping), 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 8 9 10-3 (unlawful restraint), 10 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 11 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 12 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 13 clause (2) (i) of this subsection (d). 14 15 (2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex 16 offense means: 17 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 18 19 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and 20 abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a 21 22 child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an 23 adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile 24 prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile 25 prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile 26 prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2

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(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

7 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 8 9 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual 10 assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and 12 subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual 13 abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

18 10-1 (kidnapping),

19 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

20 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

21 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

22 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

26 (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the

law of another state that is substantially equivalent to 1 2 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this 3 Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous 4 5 person under any federal law or law of another state that substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous 6 is 7 Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the 8 purposes of this Section.

9 (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, or 10 conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a 11 unit of local government.

12 (5) "Facility providing programs or services directed
13 towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility
14 providing programs or services exclusively directed
15 towards persons under the age of 18.

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(6) "Loiter" means:

17 (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
18 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public
19 park property.

(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public
park property, for the purpose of committing or
attempting to commit a sex offense.

(7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or
controlled by a unit of local government that is designated
by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily

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1 for children's recreation.

2 (8) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed
3 to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(9) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

6 (10) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning 7 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 8 1969.

9 (11) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in
10 Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(12) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to
it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

13 (13) (11) "Internet" means an interactive computer 14 service or system or an information service, system, or 15 access software provider that provides or enables computer 16 access by multiple users to a computer server, and 17 includes, but is not limited to, an information service, system, or access software provider that provides access to 18 19 a network system commonly known as the Internet, or any 20 comparable system or service and also includes, but is not 21 limited to, a World Wide Web page, newsgroup, message 22 board, mailing list, or chat area on any interactive 23 computer service or system or other online service.

(d-5) For the purposes of this Section, the <u>1,000</u> <del>500</del> feet
 distance shall be measured from the edge of the property
 comprising the public park building or the real property

1 comprising the public park, playground, child care 2 institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed 3 toward persons under 18 years of age, or a victim of the sex 4 5 offense who is under 21 years of age to the edge of the child 6 sex offender's place of residence or where he or she is 7 loitering.

8 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty9 of a Class 4 felony.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-925, eff. 6-26-06; 95-32, eff. 1-1-08; 95-640, 11 eff. 6-1-08; 95-819, eff. 1-1-09; 95-820, eff. 1-1-09; 95-821, 12 eff. 8-14-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 95-983, eff. 6-1-09; 13 revised 10-20-08.)

Section 10. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by changing Section 8 as follows:

16 (730 ILCS 150/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 228)

17 Sec. 8. Registration Requirements. Registration as required by this Article shall consist of a statement in 18 writing signed by the person giving the information that is 19 20 required by the Department of State Police, which may include 21 the fingerprints and must include a current photograph of the person, to be updated annually. If the sex offender is a child 22 23 sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the 24 Criminal Code of 1961, he or she shall sign a statement that he

or she understands that according to Illinois law as a child 1 2 sex offender he or she may not reside within 1,000 500 feet of a school, park, or playground, child care institution, day care 3 center, part day child care facility, day care home, or group 4 5 day care home. The offender may also not reside within 1,000 500 feet of a facility providing services directed exclusively 6 toward persons under 18 years of age unless the sex offender 7 8 meets specified exemptions. The offender may also not reside 9 within 1,000 feet of the victim of the sex offense if the victim is under 21 years of age. The offender may also not 10 11 loiter within 1,000 feet of a school building or school grounds 12 or on a public way within 1,000 feet of a public park building. The registration information must include whether the person is 13 a sex offender as defined in the Sex Offender Community 14 15 Notification Law. Within 3 days, the registering law 16 enforcement agency shall forward any required information to 17 the Department of State Police. The registering law enforcement agency shall enter the information into the Law Enforcement 18 Agencies Data System (LEADS) as provided in Sections 6 and 7 of 19 20 the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984.

21 (Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 22 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.)

23 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 24 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 25 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section HB3975 - 36 - LRB096 10058 RLC 20223 b represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon6 becoming law.