

## Judiciary II - Criminal Law Committee

## Filed: 3/11/2010

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## 09600HB5762ham001 LRB096 19636 RLC 38675 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5762 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 5762 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against 4 5 Youth Registration Act is amended by changing Section 5 as 6 follows: 7 (730 ILCS 154/5) 8 Sec. 5. Definitions. (a) As used in this Act, "violent offender against youth" 9 means any person who is: 10 (1)charged pursuant to Illinois law, or 11 substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military 12 13 Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a violent offense against youth set forth in subsection (b) 14

of this Section or the attempt to commit an included

violent offense against youth, and:

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1	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to
2	commit such offense; or
3	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of
4	such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
5	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
6	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
7	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or
8	an attempt to commit such offense; or
9	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
10	acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
11	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
12	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission
13	or attempted commission of such offense; or
14	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
15	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
16	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
17	foreign country law substantially similar to
18	subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
19	Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
20	attempted commission of such offense; or
21	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
22	acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
23	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
24	foreign country law substantially similar to

subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of

Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or

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attempted commission of such offense; or

(2) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Act as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Act.

For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated". For the purposes of this Act, a person who is defined as a violent offender against youth as a result of being adjudicated a juvenile delinquent under paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) upon attaining 17 years of age shall be considered as having committed the violent offense against youth on or after the 17th birthday of the violent

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1	offender	against	youth.	. Regis	stration	of j	uveni	les upon
2	attaining	17 year	s of	age sha	ill not	extend	the	original
3	registrati	lon of 10	years f	from the	date of	convict	ion.	

- 4 (b) As used in this Act, "violent offense against youth" 5 means:
  - (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
- 10 10-1 (kidnapping),
- 11 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 12 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 13 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
- 14 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
  - (2) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense.
    - (3) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998.
      - (4) A violation or attempted violation of any of the

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1	following	Sections	of	the	Crimina	al Code	of	1961	when	the
2	offense wa	s committ	ed d	on or	after 3	July 1,	199	9:		

- 3 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 years of age).
  - (4.1) Involuntary manslaughter under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 where baby shaking was the proximate cause of death of the victim of the offense.
  - (4.2) Endangering the life or health of a child under Section 12-21.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 that results in the death of the child where baby shaking was the proximate cause of the death of the child.
  - (5) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this subsection (b).
  - (c) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (b) and (c-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Act.
  - (c-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense

- 1 listed in this subsection (c-5) shall constitute a conviction
- for the purpose of this Act. This subsection (c-5) applies to a
- 3 person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 only if
- 4 the person is incarcerated in an Illinois Department of
- 5 Corrections facility on August 20, 2004.
- 6 (d) As used in this Act, "law enforcement agency having
- 7 jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the
- 8 municipalities in which the violent offender against youth
- 9 expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her
- 10 discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his
- or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the
- 12 Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or
- if the offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an
- 14 unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency having
- 15 jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state
- 16 students attend school and where out-of-state employees are
- 17 employed or are otherwise required to register.
- 18 (e) As used in this Act, "supervising officer" means the
- 19 assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or
- 20 county probation officer.
- 21 (f) As used in this Act, "out-of-state student" means any
- violent offender against youth who is enrolled in Illinois, on
- 23 a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private
- 24 educational institution, including, but not limited to, any
- 25 secondary school, trade or professional institution, or
- institution of higher learning.

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- 1 (g) As used in this Act, "out-of-state employee" means any 2 violent offender against youth who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for 3 services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or 4 5 for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any 6 calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day 7 8 spent in Illinois.
  - (h) As used in this Act, "school" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.
    - (i) As used in this Act, "fixed residence" means any and all places that a violent offender against youth resides for an aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
  - (j) As used in this Act, "baby shaking" means the vigorous shaking of an infant or a young child that may result in bleeding inside the head and cause one or more of the following conditions: irreversible brain damage; blindness, retinal hemorrhage, or eye damage; cerebral palsy; hearing loss; spinal cord injury, including paralysis; seizures; learning disability; central nervous system injury; closed head injury; rib fracture; subdural hematoma; or death.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.)".