1 AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

represented in the General Assembly:

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

- 4 Section 5. The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, and Nail
- 5 Technology Act of 1985 is amended by changing the heading of
- 6 Articles IIIB and IIID and Sections 1-1, 1-4, 1-7, 1-7.5, 1-10,
- 7 1-11, 3-8, 3B-1, 3B-10, 3B-11, 3B-12, 3B-15, 3D-5, 4-1, 4-2,
- 8 4-4, 4-6, 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10, 4-12, 4-14, 4-15, 4-16, 4-19,
- 9 and 4-20 and by adding Article IIIE as follows:
- 10 (225 ILCS 410/1-1) (from Ch. 111, par. 1701-1)
- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 12 Sec. 1-1. Title of Act. This Act may be cited as the
- 13 Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail
- 14 Technology Act of 1985.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 86-1475; 87-786.)
- 16 (225 ILCS 410/1-4) (from Ch. 111, par. 1701-4)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 18 Sec. 1-4. Definitions. In this Act the following words
- shall have the following meanings:
- "Board" means the Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, and Nail
- 21 Technology Board.
- 22 "Department" means the Department of Financial and

1 Professional Regulation.

"Director" means the Director of Professional Regulation.

- "Licensed barber" means an individual licensed by the 3 Department to practice barbering as defined in this Act and 4 5 whose license is in good standing.
- 6 "Licensed barber clinic teacher" means an individual 7 licensed by the Department to practice barbering, as defined in 8 this Act, and to provide clinical instruction in the practice 9 of barbering in an approved school of barbering.
- 10 "Licensed cosmetologist" means an individual licensed by 11 the Department to practice cosmetology, nail technology, and 12 esthetics as defined in this Act and whose license is in good 13 standing.
- "Licensed esthetician" means an individual licensed by the 14 15 Department to practice esthetics as defined in this Act and 16 whose license is in good standing.
- 17 "Licensed nail technician" means any individual licensed by the Department to practice nail technology as defined in 18 this Act and whose license is in good standing. 19
- 20 "Licensed barber teacher" means an individual licensed by the Department to practice barbering as defined in this Act and 21 22 to provide instruction in the theory and practice of barbering 23 to students in an approved barber school.
- "Licensed cosmetology teacher" means 24 an 25 licensed by the Department to practice cosmetology, esthetics, and nail technology as defined in this Act and to provide 26

- 1 instruction in the theory and practice of cosmetology,
- 2 esthetics, and nail technology to students in an approved
- 3 cosmetology, esthetics, or nail technology school.
- 4 "Licensed cosmetology clinic teacher" means an individual
- 5 licensed by the Department to practice cosmetology, esthetics,
- 6 and nail technology as defined in this Act and to provide
- 7 clinical instruction in the practice of cosmetology,
- 8 esthetics, and nail technology in an approved school of
- 9 cosmetology, esthetics, or nail technology.
- "Licensed esthetics teacher" means an individual licensed
- 11 by the Department to practice esthetics as defined in this Act
- 12 and to provide instruction in the theory and practice of
- esthetics to students in an approved cosmetology or esthetics
- 14 school.
- "Licensed esthetics clinic teacher" means an individual
- licensed by the Department to practice esthetics as defined in
- 17 this Act and to provide clinical instruction in the practice of
- 18 esthetics in an approved school of cosmetology or an approved
- 19 school of esthetics.
- "Licensed hair braider" means any individual licensed by
- 21 the Department to practice hair braiding as defined in Section
- 3E-1 and whose license is in good standing.
- "Licensed hair braiding teacher" means an individual
- 24 licensed by the Department to practice hair braiding and to
- 25 provide instruction in the theory and practice of hair braiding
- to students in an approved cosmetology school.

- "Licensed nail technology teacher" means an individual licensed by the Department to practice nail technology and to provide instruction in the theory and practice of nail technology to students in an approved nail technology school or cosmetology school.
- "Licensed nail technology clinic teacher" means an individual licensed by the Department to practice nail technology as defined in this Act and to provide clinical instruction in the practice of nail technology in an approved school of cosmetology or an approved school of nail technology.
- "Enrollment" is the date upon which the student signs an enrollment agreement or student contract.
- "Enrollment agreement" or "student contract" is any agreement, instrument, or contract however named, which creates or evidences an obligation binding a student to purchase a course of instruction from a school.
- "Enrollment time" means the maximum number of hours a student could have attended class, whether or not the student did in fact attend all those hours.
- "Elapsed enrollment time" means the enrollment time
 elapsed between the actual starting date and the date of the
 student's last day of physical attendance in the school.
- 23 <u>"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of</u> 24 Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05; 94-871, eff. 6-16-06.)

- 1 (225 ILCS 410/1-7) (from Ch. 111, par. 1701-7)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 3 Sec. 1-7. Licensure required; renewal.
- (a) It is unlawful for any person to practice, or to hold 5 himself or herself out to be a cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, hair braider, or barber without a license as a 6 7 cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, hair braider or 8 barber issued by the Department of Financial and Professional 9 Regulation pursuant to the provisions of this Act and of the 10 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. It is also unlawful for 11 any person, firm, partnership, or corporation to own, operate, 12 or conduct a cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair braiding salon, or barber school without a license issued by 13 14 the Department or to own or operate a cosmetology, esthetics, or nail technology, or hair braiding salon or barber shop 15 16 without a certificate of registration issued by the Department. 17 It is further unlawful for any person to teach in any cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair braiding, or 18 19 barber college or school approved by the Department or hold 20 himself or herself out as a cosmetology, esthetics, hair 21 braiding, nail technology, or barber teacher without a license 22 as a teacher, issued by the Department or as a barber clinic teacher or cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail 23 technology clinic teacher without a license as a clinic teacher 24 25 issued by the Department.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a

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person licensed as a cosmetologist may hold himself or herself out as an esthetician and may engage in the practice of esthetics, as defined in this Act, without being licensed as an esthetician. A person licensed as a cosmetology teacher may teach esthetics or hold himself or herself out as an esthetics teacher without being licensed as an esthetics teacher. A person licensed as a cosmetologist may hold himself or herself out as a nail technician and may engage in the practice of nail technology, as defined in this Act, without being licensed as a nail technician. A person licensed as a cosmetology teacher may teach nail technology and hold himself or herself out as a nail technology teacher without being licensed as a nail technology teacher. A person licensed as a cosmetologist may hold himself or herself out as a hair braider and may engage in the practice of hair braiding, as defined in this Act, without being licensed as a hair braider. A person licensed as a cosmetology teacher may teach hair braiding and hold himself or herself out as a hair braiding teacher without being licensed as a hair braiding teacher.

(c) A person licensed as a barber teacher may hold himself or herself out as a barber and may practice barbering without a license as a barber. A person licensed as a cosmetology teacher may hold himself or herself out as a cosmetologist, esthetician, hair braider, and nail technologist and may practice cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, and nail technology without a license as a cosmetologist, esthetician,

- 1 <u>hair braider</u>, or nail technologist. A person licensed as an
- 2 esthetics teacher may hold himself or herself out as an
- 3 esthetician without being licensed as an esthetician and may
- 4 practice esthetics. A person licensed as a nail technician
- 5 teacher may practice nail technology and may hold himself or
- 6 herself out as a nail technologist without being licensed as a
- 7 nail technologist.
- 8 (d) The holder of a license issued under this Act may renew
- 9 that license during the month preceding the expiration date of
- 10 the license by paying the required fee.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05; 94-871, eff. 6-16-06.)
- 12 (225 ILCS 410/1-7.5)
- 13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 1-7.5. Unlicensed practice; violation; civil penalty.
- 15 (a) Any person who practices, offers to practice, attempts
- 16 to practice, or holds himself or herself out to practice
- barbering, cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail
- 18 technology without being licensed under this Act shall, in
- 19 addition to any other penalty provided by law, pay a civil
- penalty to the Department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for
- 21 each offense as determined by the Department. The civil penalty
- shall be assessed by the Department after a hearing is held in
- 23 accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act regarding
- 24 disciplining a licensee.
- 25 (b) The Department has the authority and power to

- 1 investigate any and all unlicensed activity.
- 2 (c) The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after
- 3 the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty. The
- 4 order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and
- 5 execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from
- 6 any court of record.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 8 (225 ILCS 410/1-10) (from Ch. 111, par. 1701-10)
- 9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 1-10. Display. Every holder of a license shall display
- it in a place in the holder's principal office, place of
- 12 business or place of employment. Whenever a licensed
- 13 cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, hair braider, or
- barber practices cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair
- 15 braiding, or barbering outside of or away from the
- 16 cosmetologist's, esthetician's, nail technician's, hair
- braider's, or barber's principal office, place of business, or
- 18 place of employment, the cosmetologist, esthetician, nail
- 19 technician, hair braider, or barber shall deliver to each
- 20 person served a certificate of identification in a form
- 21 specified by the Department.
- 22 Every registered shop shall display its certificate of
- 23 registration at the location of the shop. Each shop where
- 24 barber, cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail
- 25 technology services are provided shall have a certificate of

1 registration.

excluded.

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- 2 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 410/1-11) (from Ch. 111, par. 1701-11)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 5 Sec. 1-11. Exceptions to Act.
- 6 (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to apply to the educational activities conducted in connection with 7 8 monthly, annual or other special educational program of any 9 bona fide association of licensed cosmetologists, estheticians, nail technicians, hair braiders, or barbers, or 10 11 licensed cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair 12 braiding, or barber schools from which the general public is
- (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to apply to the 14 15 activities and services of registered nurses or licensed 16 practical nurses, as defined in the Nurse Practice Act, or to personal care or health care services provided by individuals 17 18 in the performance of their duties as employed or authorized by 19 facilities or programs licensed or certified by State agencies. 20 As used in this subsection (b), "personal care" 21 assistance with meals, dressing, movement, bathing, or other 22 personal needs or maintenance or general supervision and 23 oversight of the physical and mental well-being of 24 individual who is incapable of maintaining a private, 25 independent residence or who is incapable of managing his or

- her person whether or not a quardian has been appointed for 1
- 2 that individual. The definition of "personal care" as used in
- this subsection (b) shall not otherwise be construed to negate 3
- the requirements of this Act or its rules. 4
- 5 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to require
- licensure of individuals employed by the motion picture, film, 6
- 7 television, stage play or related industry for the purpose of
- 8 providing cosmetology or esthetics services to actors of that
- 9 industry while engaged in the practice of cosmetology or
- 10 esthetics as a part of that person's employment.
- (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.) 11
- 12 (225 ILCS 410/3-8) (from Ch. 111, par. 1703-8)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016) 1.3
- 3-8. Cosmetologists, cosmetology teachers, 14
- 15 cosmetology clinic teachers registered or licensed elsewhere.
- 16 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, upon payment
- of the required fee, an applicant who is a cosmetologist, 17
- 18 cosmetology teacher, or cosmetology clinic teacher registered
- or licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the 19
- 20 United States or of a foreign country or province may, without
- 21 examination, be granted a license as a licensed cosmetologist,
- 22 cosmetology teacher, or cosmetology clinic teacher by the
- 23 Department in its discretion upon the following conditions:
- 24 (1) (a) The cosmetologist applicant is at least 16
- 25 years of age and the cosmetology teacher or cosmetology

clinic teacher applicant is at least 18 years of age; and

- (2) (b) The requirements for the registration or licensing of cosmetologists, cosmetology teachers, or cosmetology clinic teachers in the particular state, territory, country, or province were, at the date of the license, substantially equivalent to the requirements then in force for cosmetologists, cosmetology teachers, or cosmetology clinic teachers in this State; or the applicant has established proof of legal practice as a cosmetologist, cosmetology teacher, or cosmetology clinic teacher in another jurisdiction for at least 3 years; and
- (3) If the Department, in its discretion and in accordance with the rules, deems it necessary, then the applicant has passed an examination as required by this Act; and
- (4) (c) The applicant has Has met any other requirements of this Act.

The Department shall prescribe reasonable rules governing the recognition of and the credit to be given to the study of cosmetology under a cosmetologist registered or licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country or province by an applicant for a license as a cosmetologist, and for the recognition of legal practice in another jurisdiction towards the education required under this Act.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, upon payment

1	of the required fee, an applicant who is a cosmetologist,
2	cosmetology teacher, or cosmetology clinic teacher registered
3	or licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the
4	United States shall, without examination, be granted a license
5	as a licensed cosmetologist, cosmetology teacher, or
6	cosmetology clinic teacher, whichever is applicable, by the
7	Department upon the following conditions:
8	(1) The cosmetologist applicant is at least 16 years of
9	age and the cosmetology teacher or cosmetology clinic
10	teacher applicant is at least 18 years of age; and
11	(2) The applicant submits to the Department
12	satisfactory evidence that the applicant is registered or
13	licensed in another state or territory as a cosmetologist,
14	cosmetology teacher, or cosmetology clinic teacher; and
15	(3) The applicant has met any other requirements of
16	this Act.
17	(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
18	(225 ILCS 410/Art. IIIB heading)
19	ARTICLE IIIB. COSMETOLOGY, ESTHETICS, HAIR BRAIDING,
20	AND NAIL TECHNOLOGY SCHOOLS
21	(225 ILCS 410/3B-1) (from Ch. 111, par. 1703B-1)
22	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
23	Sec. 3B-1. Application. The provisions of this Article are
24	applicable only to cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, and

- 1 nail technology schools regulated under this Act.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 410/3B-10)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 5 Sec. 3B-10. Requisites for ownership or operation of
- 6 school. No person, firm, or corporation may own, operate, or
- 7 conduct a school of cosmetology, esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, or
- 8 nail technology for the purpose of teaching cosmetology,
- 9 esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, or nail technology for compensation
- 10 without applying on forms provided by the Department, paying
- 11 the required fees, and complying with the following
- 12 requirements:
- 1. The applicant must submit to the Department for
- 14 approval:
- a. A floor plan, drawn to a scale specified on the
- 16 floor plan, showing every detail of the proposed
- 17 school; and
- b. A lease commitment or proof of ownership for the
- 19 location of the proposed school; a lease commitment
- 20 must provide for execution of the lease upon the
- Department's approval of the school's application and
- the lease must be for a period of at least one year.
- c. (Blank).
- 24 2. An application to own or operate a school shall
- 25 include the following:

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1	a. If the owner is a corporation, a copy of the
2	Articles of Incorporation;
3	b. If the owner is a partnership, a listing of all
4	partners and their current addresses;
5	c. If the applicant is an owner, a completed
6	financial statement showing the owner's ability to
7	operate the school for at least 3 months;
8	d. A copy of the official enrollment agreement or
9	student contract to be used by the school, which shall
10	be consistent with the requirements of this Act;
11	e. A listing of all teachers who will be in the
12	school's employ, including their teacher license
13	numbers;
14	f. A copy of the curricula that will be followed;
15	g. The names, addresses, and current status of all
16	schools in which the applicant has previously owned any
17	interest, and a declaration as to whether any of these
18	schools were ever denied accreditation or licensing or
19	lost accreditation or licensing from any governmental
20	body or accrediting agency;
21	h. Each application for a certificate of approval

shall be signed and certified under oath by the

school's chief managing employee and also by its

individual owner or owners; if the applicant is a

partnership or a corporation, then the application

shall be signed and certified under oath by the

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1	school's chief managing employee and also by each
2	member of the partnership or each officer of the
3	corporation, as the case may be;
4	i. A copy of the school's official transcript; and
5	j. The required fee.
6	3. Each application for a license to operate a school
7	shall also contain the following commitments:
8	a. To conduct the school in accordance with this
9	Act and the standards, and rules from time to time
10	adopted under this Act and to meet standards and
11	requirements at least as stringent as those required by
12	Part H of the Federal Higher Education Act of 1965.
13	b. To permit the Department to inspect the school
14	or classes thereof from time to time with or without
15	notice; and to make available to the Department, at any
16	time when required to do so, information including
17	financial information pertaining to the activities of
18	the school required for the administration of this Act
19	and the standards and rules adopted under this Act;
20	c. To utilize only advertising and solicitation
21	which is free from misrepresentation, deception,
22	fraud, or other misleading or unfair trade practices;

d. To screen applicants to the school prior to

enrollment pursuant to the requirements of the

school's regional or national accrediting agency, if

any, and to maintain any and all records of such

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- e. To post in a conspicuous place a statement, developed by the Department, of student's rights provided under this Act.
- 4. The applicant shall establish to the satisfaction of the Department that the owner possesses sufficient liquid assets to meet the prospective expenses of the school for a period of 3 months. In the discretion of the Department, additional proof of financial ability may be required.
- 5. The applicant shall comply with all rules of the Department determining the necessary curriculum equipment required for the conduct of the school.
- 6. The applicant must demonstrate employment of a sufficient number of qualified teachers who are holders of a current license issued by the Department.
- 7. A final inspection of the cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail technology school shall be made by the Department before the school may commence classes.
- 8. A written inspection report must be made by the State Fire Marshal or a local fire authority approving the use of the proposed premises as a cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail technology school.
- (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.)

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1 (225 ILCS 410/3B-11)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)

Sec. 3B-11. Periodic review of cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, and nail technology schools. The Department shall review at least biennially all approved schools and courses of instruction. The biennial review shall include consideration of a comparison between the graduation or completion rate for the school and the graduation or completion rate for the schools within that classification of schools. Consideration shall be given to complaints and information forwarded to the Department by the Federal Trade Commission, Better Business Bureaus, the Illinois Attorney General's Office, a State's Attorney's Office, other State or official approval agencies, local school officials, and interested persons. The Department shall investigate all complaints filed with the Department about а school or its sales representatives.

A school shall retain the records, as defined by rule, of a student who withdraws from or drops out of the school, by written notice of cancellation or otherwise, for any period longer than 7 years from the student's first day of attendance. However, a school shall retain indefinitely the transcript of each student who completes the program and graduates from the school.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.)

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- (225 ILCS 410/3B-12) 1
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 3 Sec. 3B-12. Enrollment agreements.
- (a) Enrollment agreements shall be used by cosmetology, 5 esthetics, hair braiding, and nail technology schools licensed 6 to operate by the Department and shall include the following 7 written disclosures:
 - (1)The name and address of the school and the addresses where instruction will be given;
 - (2)name and description of the course of instruction, including the number of clock hours in each course and an approximate number of weeks or months required for completion;
 - (3) The scheduled starting date and calculated completion date;
 - (4)The total cost of the course of instruction including any charges made by the school for tuition, books, materials, supplies, and other expenses;
 - (5) A clear and conspicuous statement that the contract is a legally binding instrument when signed by the student and accepted by the school;
 - (6) A clear and conspicuous caption, "BUYER'S RIGHT TO CANCEL" under which it is explained that the student has the right to cancel the initial enrollment agreement until midnight of the fifth business day after the student has been enrolled; and if notice of the right to cancel is not

given to any prospective student at the time the enrollment
agreement is signed, then the student has the right to
cancel the agreement at any time and receive a refund of
all monies paid to date within 10 days of cancellation;

- (7) A notice to the students that the cancellation must be in writing and given to the registered agent, if any, or managing employee of the school;
- (8) The school's refund policy for unearned tuition, fees, and other charges;
- (9) The date of the student's signature and the date of the student's admission;
- (10) The name of the school employee or agent responsible for procuring, soliciting, or enrolling the student;
- (11) A clear statement that the institution does not guarantee employment and a statement describing the school's placement assistance procedures;
 - (12) The graduation requirements of the school;
- (13) The contents of the following notice, in at least 10 point bold type:

"NOTICE TO THE STUDENT"

"Do not sign this contract before you read it or if it contains any blank space. You are entitled to an exact copy of the contract you sign."

(14) A statement either in the enrollment agreement or separately provided and acknowledged by the student

indicating the number of students who did not complete the course of instruction for which they enrolled for the past calendar year as compared to the number of students who enrolled in school during the school's past calendar year;

- (15) The following clear and conspicuous caption: "COMPLAINTS AGAINST THIS SCHOOL MAY BE REGISTERED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION", set forth with the address and telephone number of the Department's Chicago and Springfield offices.
- (b) If the enrollment is negotiated orally in a language other than English, then copies of the above disclosures shall be tendered in the language in which the contract was negotiated prior to executing the enrollment agreement.
- (c) The school shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Retail Installment Sales Act in its enrollment agreement or student contracts.
- (d) No enrollment agreement or student contract shall contain a wage assignment provision or a confession of judgment clause.
- (e) Any provision in an enrollment agreement or student contract that purports to waive the student's right to assert against the school, or any assignee, any claim or defense he or she may have against the school arising under the contract shall be void.
- (f) Two copies of the enrollment agreement shall be signed by the student. One copy shall be given to the student and the

- 1 school shall retain the other copy as part of the student's
- 2 permanent record.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 410/3B-15)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 3B-15. Grounds for disciplinary action. In addition to any other cause herein set forth the Department may refuse to issue or renew and may suspend, place on probation, or revoke any license to operate a school, or take any other action that the Department may deem proper, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation, for any one or any combination of the following causes:
 - (1) Repeated violation of any provision of this Act or any standard or rule established under this Act.
 - (2) Knowingly furnishing false, misleading, or incomplete information to the Department or failure to furnish information requested by the Department.
 - (3) Violation of any commitment made in an application for a license, including failure to maintain standards that are the same as, or substantially equivalent to, those represented in the school's applications and advertising.
 - (4) Presenting to prospective students information relating to the school, or to employment opportunities or opportunities for enrollment in institutions of higher learning after entering into or completing courses offered

by the school, that is false, misleading, or fraudulent.

- (5) Failure to provide premises or equipment or to maintain them in a safe and sanitary condition as required by law.
- (6) Failure to maintain financial resources adequate for the satisfactory conduct of the courses of instruction offered or to retain a sufficient and qualified instructional and administrative staff.
- (7) Refusal to admit applicants on account of race, color, creed, sex, physical or mental handicap unrelated to ability, religion, or national origin.
- (8) Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts or services performed in violation of this Act.
- (9) Attempting to confer a fraudulent degree, diploma, or certificate upon a student.
- (10) Failure to correct any deficiency or act of noncompliance under this Act or the standards and rules established under this Act within reasonable time limits set by the Department.
- (11) Conduct of business or instructional services other than at locations approved by the Department.
- (12) Failure to make all of the disclosures or making inaccurate disclosures to the Department or in the enrollment agreement as required under this Act.
 - (13) Failure to make appropriate refunds as required by

this Act.

- (14) Denial, loss, or withdrawal of accreditation by any accrediting agency.
- (15) During any calendar year, having a failure rate of 25% or greater for those of its students who for the first time take the examination authorized by the Department to determine fitness to receive a license as a cosmetologist, cosmetology teacher, esthetician, esthetician teacher, hair braider, hair braiding teacher, nail technician, or nail technology teacher, provided that a student who transfers into the school having completed 50% or more of the required program and who takes the examination during that calendar year shall not be counted for purposes of determining the school's failure rate on an examination, without regard to whether that transfer student passes or fails the examination.
- (16) Failure to maintain a written record indicating the funds received per student and funds paid out per student. Such records shall be maintained for a minimum of 7 years and shall be made available to the Department upon request. Such records shall identify the funding source and amount for any student who has enrolled as well as any other item set forth by rule.
- (17) Failure to maintain a copy of the student record as defined by rule.

26 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.)

(225 ILCS 410/Art. IIID heading)

2 ARTICLE IIID. COSMETOLOGY, ESTHETICS, HAIR BRAIDING,

3 AND NAIL TECHNOLOGY SALONS AND BARBER SHOPS

4 (225 ILCS 410/3D-5)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)

Sec. 3D-5. Requisites for ownership or operation of cosmetology, esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, and nail technology salons and barber shops.

- (a) No person, firm, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation shall own or operate a cosmetology, esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, or nail technology salon or barber shop or employ, rent space to, or independently contract with any licensee under this Act without applying on forms provided by the Department for a certificate of registration.
- (b) The application for a certificate of registration under this Section shall set forth the name, address, and telephone number of the proposed cosmetology, esthetics, <a href="https://hair.braiding.com/hair.b

- 1 salon or shop.
- 2 (c) The Department shall be notified by the owner or
- 3 operator of a salon or shop that is moved to a new location. If
- 4 there is a change in the ownership or operation of a salon or
- 5 shop, the new owner or operator shall report that change to the
- 6 Department along with completion of any additional
- 7 requirements set forth by rule.
- 8 (d) If a person, firm, partnership, limited liability
- 9 company, or corporation owns or operates more than one shop or
- salon, a separate certificate of registration must be obtained
- 11 for each salon or shop.
- 12 (e) A certificate of registration granted under this
- 13 Section may be revoked in accordance with the provisions of
- 14 Article IV and the holder of the certificate may be otherwise
- disciplined by the Department in accordance with rules adopted
- 16 under this Act.
- 17 (f) The Department may promulgate rules to establish
- 18 additional requirements for owning or operating a salon or
- 19 shop.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.)
- 21 (225 ILCS 410/Art. IIIE heading new)
- 22 ARTICLE IIIE. HAIR BRAIDING AND HAIR BRAIDING TEACHERS
- 23 (225 ILCS 410/3E-1 new)
- Sec. 3E-1. Hair braiding defined. "Hair braiding" means a

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natural form of hair manipulation by braiding, cornrowing, extending, lacing, locking, sewing, twisting, weaving, or wrapping human hair, natural fibers, synthetic fibers, and hair extensions. Such practice can be performed by hand or by using simple braiding devices including clips, combs, hairpins, scissors, needles and thread. Hair braiding includes what is commonly known as "African-style hair braiding" or "natural hair care", but is not limited to any particular cultural, ethnic, racial, or religious form of hair style. Hair braiding includes the making of customized wigs from natural hair, natural fibers, synthetic fibers, and hair extensions. Hair braiding does not involve the use of penetrating chemical hair treatments, chemical hair coloring agents, chemical hair straightening agents, chemical hair joining agents, permanent wave styles, or chemical hair bleaching agents applied to growing human hair. Hair braiding does not include the cutting or growing of human hair, but may include the trimming of hair extensions or sewn weave-in extensions only as applicable to the braiding process.

- 20 (225 ILCS 410/3E-2 new)
- 21 Sec. 3E-2. Hair braider licensure; qualifications.
- 22 (a) A person is qualified to receive a license as a hair 23 braider if he or she has filed an application on forms provided by the Department, paid the required fees, and meets the 24
- 25 following qualifications:

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	(1)	Τc	a t	least	16	Wears	\circ f	ane.
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- (2) Is beyond the age of compulsory school attendance or has received a certificate of graduation from a school providing secondary education, or the recognized equivalent of that certificate; and
- (3) Has completed a program consisting of a minimum of 300 clock hours or a 10 credit hour equivalency of instruction, as defined by rule, in a licensed cosmetology school teaching a hair braiding curriculum or in a licensed hair braiding school as follows:
 - (A) Basic training consisting of 35 hours of classroom instruction in general theory, practical application, and technical application in the following subject areas: history of hair braiding, personal hygiene and public health, professional ethics, disinfection and sanitation, bacteriology, disorders and diseases of the hair and scalp, OSHA standards relating to material safety data sheets (MSDS) on chemicals, hair analysis and scalp care, and technical procedures;
 - (B) Related concepts consisting of 35 hours of classroom instruction in the following subject areas:

 Braid removal and scalp care; basic styling knowledge; tools and equipment; growth patterns, styles and sectioning; client consultation and face shapes; and client education, pre-care, post-care, home care and

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- (C) Practices and procedures consisting of 200 hours of instruction, which shall be a combination of classroom instruction and clinical practical application, in the following subject areas: single braids with and without extensions; cornrows with and without extensions; twists and knots; multiple strands; hair locking; weaving/sewn-in; other procedures as they relate to hair-braiding; and product knowledge as it relates to hair braiding; and (D) Business practices consisting of 30 hours of classroom instruction in the following subject areas: Illinois Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding and Nail Technology Act and Rules; salon management; human relations and salesmanship; and Workers' Compensation Act.
- (b) The expiration date and renewal period for each license issued under this Act shall be set by rule.
- (c) Within 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Department may issue a hair braider license to any applicant who does not meet the requirements of items (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this Section if the applicant: (1) files an application in accordance with subsection (a), (2) pays the required fee, (3) has not committed an offense that would be grounds for discipline under this Act, and (4) is able to demonstrate to

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1 the Department through tax records or affidavits that he or she 2 has practiced hair braiding for at least 2 consecutive years

immediately prior to the date of his or her application.

A hair braider who obtains his or her license under this subsection (c) may renew his or her license if he or she applies to the Department for renewal and has completed at least 65 hours of relevant training in health, safety, hygiene, and business management in accordance with the requirements of this Section or any rule adopted pursuant to this Section. A hair braider who renews his or her license under this subsection (c) may thereafter only renew his or her license if he or she meets the requirements of Section 3E-5 of this Act.

1.3 (225 ILCS 410/3E-3 new)

> Sec. 3E-3. Hair braiding teacher licensure. A hair braiding teacher license shall be made available by the Department. The qualifications for a hair braiding teacher license shall be provided by rule, and shall include at least 600 clock hours or a 20 credit hour equivalency in relevant teaching methods and curriculum content, or at least 500 clock hours of hair braiding teacher training for an individual who is able to establish that he or she has had at least 2 years of practical experience.

23 (225 ILCS 410/3E-4 new)

24 Sec. 3E-4. Internship program.

1	(a) An internship program may be part of the curriculum for
2	hair braiding and shall be an organized, pre-planned training
3	program designed to allow a student to learn hair braiding
4	under the direct supervision of a licensed cosmetologist or
5	licensed hair braider in a registered salon. A licensed
6	cosmetology or hair braiding school may establish an internship
7	program as part of its curriculum subject to the following
8	<pre>conditions:</pre>
9	(1) Students may only participate in the internship
10	program after completing 150 hours of training and must
11	maintain a minimum average grade of 80 out of 100. A school
12	may set the minimum grade average higher and establish
13	additional standards for participation in an internship
14	program.
15	(2) Students may not spend more than 30 hours in the
16	internship program.
17	(3) Students may not be paid for participating in the
18	internship program that is part of the hair braiding
19	curriculum of the school.
20	(4) Students may not work more than 8 hours per day in
21	the internship program and must spend at least one day per
22	week at the school.
23	(5) Students shall be under the direct supervision of
24	an on-site licensed cosmetologist or licensed hair
25	braider, and the supervising cosmetologist or hair braider

may only supervise one hair braiding student at a time.

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1	(6) The hair braiding school shall state clearly in its
2	student contract that the school offers an internship
3	program as part of its hair braiding curriculum.
4	(7) The hair braiding school shall enter into a written

- (7) The hair braiding school shall enter into a written internship contract with the student, the registered salon, and the licensed cosmetologist or licensed hair braider that contains all of the provisions set forth in this Section and Section 3E-2. The contract shall be signed by the student, an authorized representative of the school, and the licensed cosmetologist or licensed hair braider who will supervise the student. The internship contract may be terminated by any of the parties at any time.
- (b) If an internship program meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this Section, a maximum of 30 hours spent under the internship program may be credited toward meeting the 300 hours of instruction required by Section 3E-2.
- (c) A hair braiding student shall not be permitted to practice on the public until he or she has successfully completed the 35 hours of general theory, practical application, and technical application instruction as specified in Section 3E-2.
- 22 (225 ILCS 410/3E-5 new)
- 23 Sec. 3E-5. License renewal. To renew a license issued under 24 this Article, an individual must produce proof of successful completion of 10 hours of continuing education for a hair 25

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braider license and 20 hours of continuing education for a hair 1 2 braiding teacher license.

A license that has been expired for more than 5 years may be restored by payment of the restoration fee and submitting evidence satisfactory to the Department of the current qualifications and fitness of the licensee, which shall include completion of continuing education hours for the period subsequent to expiration. The Department may establish additional rules for the administration of this Section and other requirements for the renewal of a hair braider or hair braiding teacher license issued under this Act.

12 (225 ILCS 410/3E-6 new)

> Sec. 3E-6. Immunity from prosecution. The Department shall take no action against any person for unlicensed practice as a hair braider that occurred prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. The Department shall not use any information provided in an application for a license pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 3E-2 as evidence of unlicensed practice under Article III prior to the date of application.

- 21 (225 ILCS 410/4-1) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-1)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016) 22
- 23 Sec. 4-1. Powers and duties of Department. The Department 24 shall exercise, subject to the provisions of this Act, the

following functions, powers and duties:

- (1) To cause to be conducted examinations to ascertain the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure as cosmetologists, estheticians, nail technicians, <u>hair braiders</u>, or barbers and as cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, <u>hair braiding</u>, or <u>barber</u> barbering teachers.
- (2) To determine the qualifications for licensure as (i) a cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, hair braider, or barber, or (ii) a cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair braiding, or barber teacher, or (iii) a cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail technology clinic teacher teachers for persons currently holding similar licenses licensed as cosmetologists, estheticians, nail technology, or barbers or cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, or barber teachers or cosmetology, esthetics, esthetics, or nail technology clinic teachers outside the State of Illinois or the continental U.S.

(3) To prescribe rules for:

- (i) The method of examination of candidates for licensure as a cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, <u>hair braider</u>, or barber or cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, <u>hair braiding</u>, or <u>barber</u> barbering teacher.
- (ii) Minimum standards as to what constitutes an approved school of cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair braiding, or barber school barbering.

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- 1 (4) To conduct investigations or hearings on 2 proceedings to determine disciplinary action.
 - (5) To prescribe reasonable rules governing the sanitary regulation and inspection of cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, <u>hair braiding</u>, or <u>barber</u> barbering schools, salons, or shops.
 - (6) To prescribe reasonable rules for the method of renewal for each license as a cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, <u>hair braider</u>, or barber or cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, <u>hair braiding</u>, or <u>barber</u> barbering teacher or cosmetology, esthetics, <u>hair</u> braiding, or nail technology clinic teacher.
 - (7) To prescribe reasonable rules for the method of registration, the issuance, fees, renewal and discipline of a certificate of registration for the ownership or operation of cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding. and nail technology salons and barber shops.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.)
- 19 (225 ILCS 410/4-2) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-2)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 4-2. The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, <u>Hair</u>

 <u>Braiding</u>, and Nail Technology Board. There is established

 within the Department the Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, <u>Hair</u>

 <u>Braiding</u>, and Nail Technology Board, composed of 11 persons,
- 25 which shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary

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Director in all matters related to the practice of barbering, cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, and nail technology.

The 11 members of the Board shall be appointed as follows: 6 licensed cosmetologists, all of whom hold a current license as a cosmetologist or cosmetology teacher and, for appointments made after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996, at least 2 of whom shall be an owner of or a major stockholder in a school of cosmetology, 2 of whom shall be representatives of either a franchiser or an owner operating salons in 2 or more locations within the State, one of whom shall be an independent salon owner, and no one of the cosmetologist members shall be a manufacturer, jobber, or stockholder in a factory of cosmetology articles or an immediate family member of any of the above; one 2 of whom shall be a barber barbers holding a current license; one member who shall be a licensed esthetician or esthetics teacher; one member who shall be a licensed nail technician or nail technology teacher; one member who shall be a licensed hair braider or hair braiding teacher; and one public member who holds no licenses issued by the Department. The Secretary **Director** shall give due consideration for membership to recommendations by members of the professions and by their professional organizations. Members shall serve 4 year terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified. No member shall be reappointed to the Board for more than 2 terms. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments for

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the unexpired portion of the vacated term. Members of the Board in office on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996 shall continue to serve for the duration of the terms to which they have been appointed, but beginning on that effective date all appointments of licensed cosmetologists and barbers to serve as members of the Board shall be made in a manner that will effect at the earliest possible date the changes made by this amendatory Act of 1996 in the representative composition of the Board.

For the initial appointment of a member who shall be a hair braider or hair braiding teacher to the Board, such individual shall not be required to possess a license at the time of appointment, but shall have at least 5 years active practice in the field of hair braiding and shall obtain a license as a hair braider or a hair braiding teacher within 18 months after appointment to the Board.

Six A majority of Board members of the Board shall constitute then appointed constitutes a quorum. A majority of the quorum is required for a Board decisions decision.

Whenever the Secretary Director is satisfied that substantial justice has not been done in an examination, the Secretary Director may order a reexamination by the same or other examiners.

(Source: P.A. 93-253, eff. 7-22-03; 94-451, eff. 12-31-05.) 24

(225 ILCS 410/4-4) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-4)

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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016) 1

Sec. 4-4. Issuance of license. Whenever the provisions of this Act have been complied with, the Department shall issue a license as a cosmetologist, esthetician, nail technician, hair braider, or barber, a license as a cosmetology, esthetics, nail technology, hair braiding, or barber barbering teacher, or a license as a cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail technology clinic teacher as the case may be.

- 9 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
- (225 ILCS 410/4-6) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-6) 10
- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)

Sec. 4-6. Payments; penalty for insufficient funds. Any person who delivers a check or other payment to the Department that is returned to the Department unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn shall pay to the Department, in addition to the amount already owed to the Department, a fine of \$50. The fines imposed by this Section are in addition to any other discipline provided under this Act for unlicensed practice or practice on a nonrenewed license. The Department shall notify the person that payment of fees and fines shall be paid to the Department by certified check or money order within 30 calendar days of the notification. If, after the expiration of 30 days from the date of the notification, the person has failed to submit the necessary remittance, the Department shall automatically terminate the license or certificate or deny the

- application, without hearing. If, after termination or denial, 1
- 2 the person seeks a license or certificate, he or she shall
- apply to the Department for restoration or issuance of the 3
- license or certificate and pay all fees and fines due to the
- 5 Department. The Department may establish a fee for the
- processing of an application for restoration of a license or 6
- 7 certificate to pay all expenses of processing this application.
- 8 The Secretary Director may waive the fines due under this
- 9 Section in individual cases where the Secretary Director finds
- 10 that the fines would be unreasonable or unnecessarily
- 11 burdensome.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 92-146, eff. 1-1-02.)
- (225 ILCS 410/4-7) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-7) 1.3
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 15 Sec. 4-7. Refusal, suspension and revocation of licenses;
- 16 causes; disciplinary action.
- (1) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, and may 17
- 18 suspend, revoke, place on probation, reprimand or take any
- 19 other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper,
- 20 including civil penalties not to exceed \$500 for each
- 21 violation, with regard to any license for any one, or any
- 22 combination, of the following causes:
- a. Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United 23
- 24 States or any state or territory thereof that is (i) a
- 25 felony, (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which

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- is dishonesty, or (iii) a crime which is related to the 1 2 practice of the profession.
 - b. Conviction of any of the violations listed in Section 4-20.
 - c. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - d. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license or violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - e. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - f. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - g. Discipline by another state, territory, or country if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same as or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - h. Practice in the barber, nail technology, esthetics, hair braiding, or cosmetology profession, or an attempt to practice in those professions, by fraudulent misrepresentation.
 - i. Gross malpractice or gross incompetency.
 - j. Continued practice by a person knowingly having an infectious or contagious disease.
- 25 k. Solicitation of professional services by using 26 false or misleading advertising.

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- 1 1. A finding by the Department that the licensee, after 2 having his or her license placed on probationary status, 3 has violated the terms of probation.
 - m. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered.
 - n. Violating any of the provisions of this Act or rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
 - o. Willfully making or filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice, including but not limited to, false records filed with State agencies or departments.
 - p. Habitual or excessive use addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - in dishonorable, unethical q. Engaging orunprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public as may be defined by rules of the Department, or violating the rules of professional conduct which may be adopted by the Department.
 - r. Permitting any person to use for any unlawful or fraudulent purpose one's diploma or license or certificate registration as a cosmetologist, nail technician,

- s. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (2) In rendering an order, the <u>Secretary Director</u> shall take into consideration the facts and circumstances involving the type of acts or omissions in paragraph (1) of this Section including, but not limited to:
 - (a) the extent to which public confidence in the cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, or barbering profession was, might have been, or may be, injured;
 - (b) the degree of trust and dependence among the involved parties;
 - (c) the character and degree of harm which did result or might have resulted;
- 23 (d) the intent or mental state of the licensee at the time of the acts or omissions.
 - (3) The Department shall reissue the license or registration upon certification by the Committee that the

- disciplined licensee or registrant has complied with all of the terms and conditions set forth in the final order or has been
- 3 sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust.
- 4 (4) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the
- 5 license or certificate of registration of any person who fails
- 6 to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown
- 7 in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax,
- 8 penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by
- 9 the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the
- 10 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.
- 11 (5) The Department shall deny without hearing any
- 12 application for a license or renewal of a license under this
- 13 Act by a person who has defaulted on an educational loan
- 14 guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission;
- 15 however, the Department may issue or renew a license if the
- 16 person in default has established a satisfactory repayment
- 17 record as determined by the Illinois Student Assistance
- 18 Commission.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
- 20 (225 ILCS 410/4-8) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-8)
- 21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 4-8. Persons in need of mental treatment. The
- 23 determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to
- involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the
- 25 Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as

- 1 an automatic suspension. Such suspension shall end only upon a
- 2 finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to
- 3 involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order
- 4 so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the
- 5 recommendation of the Committee to the Secretary Director that
- 6 the licensee be allowed to resume his practice.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 8 (225 ILCS 410/4-9) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-9)
- 9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 4-9. Practice without a license or after suspension or
- 11 revocation thereof.
- 12 (a) If any person violates the provisions of this Act, the
- 13 Secretary Director may, in the name of the People of the State
- of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the State of
- 15 Illinois, petition, for an order enjoining such violation or
- 16 for an order enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon the
- filing of a verified petition in such court, the court may
- issue a temporary restraining order, without notice or bond,
- 19 and may preliminarily and permanently enjoin such violation,
- 20 and if it is established that such person has violated or is
- 21 violating the injunction, the Court may punish the offender for
- 22 contempt of court. Proceedings under this Section shall be in
- 23 addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and
- 24 penalties provided by this Act.
- 25 (b) If any person shall practice as a barber,

- 1 cosmetologist, nail technician, <u>hair braider</u>, or esthetician,
- or teacher thereof or cosmetology, esthetics, <u>hair braiding</u>, or
- 3 nail technology clinic teacher or hold himself or herself out
- 4 as such without being licensed under the provisions of this
- 5 Act, any licensee, any interested party, or any person injured
- 6 thereby may, in addition to the <u>Secretary</u> Director, petition
- 7 for relief as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- 8 (c) Whenever in the opinion of the Department any person
- 9 violates any provision of this Act, the Department may issue a
- 10 rule to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not
- 11 be entered against him. The rule shall clearly set forth the
- 12 grounds relied upon by the Department and shall provide a
- period of 7 days from the date of the rule to file an answer to
- 14 the satisfaction of the Department. Failure to answer to the
- 15 satisfaction of the Department shall cause an order to cease
- and desist to be issued immediately.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 410/4-10) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-10)
- 19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- Sec. 4-10. Refusal, suspension and revocation of licenses;
- 21 investigations and hearing. The Department may upon its own
- 22 motion and shall, upon the verified complaint in writing of any
- 23 person setting forth the facts which if proven would constitute
- 24 grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Section 4-7,
- 25 investigate the actions of any person holding or claiming to

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hold a license. The Department shall, at least 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify in writing the applicant or the holder of that license of any charges made and shall afford the accused person an opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel in reference thereto. The Department shall direct the applicant or licensee to file a written answer to the Board under oath within 20 days after the service of the notice and inform the applicant or licensee that failure to file an answer will result in default being taken against the applicant or licensee and that the license may be suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or other disciplinary action may be taken, including limiting the scope, nature or extent of practice, as the <u>Secretary Director</u> may deem proper. written notice may be served by the delivery of the notice personally to the accused person, or by mailing the notice by registered or certified mail to the place of business last specified by the accused person in his last notification to the Department. In case the person fails to file an answer after receiving notice, his or her license or certificate may, in the discretion of the Department be suspended, revoked, or placed on probationary status, or the Department, may take whatever disciplinary action deemed proper, including limiting the scope, nature, or extent of the person's practice or the imposition of a fine, without a hearing, if the act or acts charged constitute sufficient grounds for such action under this Act. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the

Committee designated by the Secretary Director, as provided in 1 2 this Act, shall proceed to hearing of the charges and both the accused person and the complainant shall be accorded ample 3 opportunity to present in person or by counsel, any statements, 5 testimony, evidence and arguments as may be pertinent to the 6 charges or their defense. The Committee may continue a hearing 7 from time to time. If the Committee is not sitting at the time 8 and place fixed in the notice or at the time and place to which 9 hearing has been continued, the Department shall continue the

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.) 11

hearing for not more than 30 days.

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- 12 (225 ILCS 410/4-12) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-12)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016) 1.3
- 14 Sec. 4-12. Department may take testimony - oaths. The 15 Department shall have power to subpoena and bring before it any
- 16 person in this State and to take testimony either orally or by

deposition, or both, with the same fees and mileage and in the

- 18 same manner as prescribed by law in judicial procedure in civil
- 19 cases in courts of this State.
- 20 The Secretary Director and any member of the Committee
- 21 shall each have power to administer oaths to witnesses at any
- 22 hearing which the Department is authorized by law to conduct,
- and any other oaths required or authorized in any Act 23
- 24 administered by the Department.
- (Source: P.A. 84-657.) 25

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(225 ILCS 410/4-14) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-14) 1

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)

Sec. 4-14. Report of committee; rehearing. The Committee shall present to the Secretary Director its written report of its findings and recommendations. A copy of such report shall be served upon the accused person, either personally or by registered mail as provided in this Section for the service of the citation. Within 20 days after such service, said accused person may present to the Department his or her motion in writing for rehearing, which written motion shall specify the particular grounds therefor. If said accused person shall order and pay for a transcript of the record as provided in this Section, the time elapsing thereafter and before transcript is ready for delivery to him or her shall not be counted as part of such 20 days. Whenever the Secretary Director is satisfied that substantial justice has not been done, he or she may order a re-hearing by the same or a special committee. At the expiration of the time specified for filing a motion or a rehearing the Secretary Director shall have the right to take the action recommended by the Committee. Upon the suspension or revocation of his or her license a licensee shall be required to surrender his or her license to the Department, and upon his or her failure or refusal so to do, the Department shall have the right to seize the same.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

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(225 ILCS 410/4-15) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-15)
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2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)

4 - 15.Hearing officer. Notwithstanding provisions of Section 4-10, the Secretary Director shall have the authority to appoint any attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing officer in any action for refusal to issue or renew, or discipline of a license. The hearing officer shall have full authority to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall report his or her findings and recommendations to the Committee and the Secretary Director. The Committee shall have 60 days from receipt of the report to review the report of the hearing officer and present their findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Secretary Director. If the Committee fails to present its report within the 60 day period, then the Secretary Director shall issue an order based on the report of the hearing officer. If the Secretary Director determines that the Committee's report is contrary to the manifest weight of evidence, then he or she may issue an order contravention of the Committee's report.

- 21 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 22 (225 ILCS 410/4-16) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-16)
- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 24 Sec. 4-16. Order or certified copy; prima facie proof.

- order of revocation or suspension or a certified copy thereof,
- 2 over the seal of the Department and purporting to be signed by
- 3 the Secretary Director, shall be prima facie proof that:
- 4 1. the signature is the genuine signature of the
- 5 Secretary Director;
- 6 2. the <u>Secretary</u> Director is duly appointed and
- 7 qualified; and
- 8 3. the Committee and the members thereof are qualified
- 9 to act.
- 10 Such proof may be rebutted.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 12 (225 ILCS 410/4-19) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-19)
- 13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 14 Sec. 4-19. Emergency suspension. The Secretary Director
- may temporarily suspend the license of a barber, cosmetologist,
- nail technician, <u>hair braider</u>, esthetician or teacher thereof
- or of a cosmetology, esthetics, hair braiding, or nail
- 18 technology clinic teacher without a hearing, simultaneously
- 19 with the institution of proceedings for a hearing provided for
- 20 in Section 4-10 of this Act, if the Secretary Director finds
- 21 that evidence in his possession indicates that the licensee's
- 22 continuation in practice would constitute an imminent danger to
- the public. In the event that the Secretary Director suspends,
- temporarily, this license without a hearing, a hearing must be
- 25 held within 30 days after such suspension has occurred.

- (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
- 2 (225 ILCS 410/4-20) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-20)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 4 Sec. 4-20. Violations; penalties. Whoever violates any of
- 5 the following shall, for the first offense, be guilty of a
- 6 Class B misdemeanor; for the second offense, shall be guilty of
- 7 a Class A misdemeanor; and for all subsequent offenses, shall
- 8 be guilty of a Class 4 felony and be fined not less than \$1,000
- 9 or more than \$5,000.
- 10 (1) The practice of cosmetology, nail technology,
- 11 esthetics, hair braiding, or barbering or an attempt to
- 12 practice cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, hair
- 13 braiding, or barbering without a license as a cosmetologist,
- nail technician, esthetician, hair braider, or barber; or the
- 15 practice or attempt to practice as a cosmetology, nail
- 16 technology, esthetics, hair braiding, or barber barbering
- teacher without a license as a cosmetology, nail technology,
- 18 esthetics, hair braiding, or barber barbering teacher; or the
- 19 practice or attempt to practice as a cosmetology, esthetics,
- 20 hair braiding, or nail technology clinic teacher without a
- 21 proper license.
- 22 (2) The obtaining of or an attempt to obtain a license or
- 23 money or any other thing of value by fraudulent
- 24 misrepresentation.
- 25 (3) Practice in the barber, nail technology, cosmetology,

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- 1 <u>hair braiding</u>, or esthetic profession, or an attempt to
- 2 practice in those professions, by fraudulent
- 3 misrepresentation.
- 4 (4) Wilfully making any false oath or affirmation whenever
- 5 an oath or affirmation is required by this Act.
- 6 (5) The violation of any of the provisions of this Act.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96; 90-302, eff. 8-1-97.)
- 8 Section 10. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
- 9 changing Section 4.26 as follows:
- 10 (5 ILCS 80/4.26)
- 11 Sec. 4.26. Acts repealed on January 1, 2016. The following
- 12 Acts are repealed on January 1, 2016:
- 13 The Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act.
- 14 The Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act.
- The Illinois Dental Practice Act.
- The Collection Agency Act.
- 17 The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and
- 18 Nail Technology Act of 1985.
- 19 The Respiratory Care Practice Act.
- The Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act.
- 21 The Illinois Physical Therapy Act.
- The Professional Geologist Licensing Act.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 94-246, eff. 1-1-06; 94-254, eff. 7-19-05;
- 24 94-409, eff. 12-31-05; 94-414, eff. 12-31-05; 94-451, eff.

- 1 12-31-05; 94-523, eff. 1-1-06; 94-527, eff. 12-31-05; 94-651,
- 2 eff. 1-1-06; 94-708, eff. 12-5-05; 94-1085, eff. 1-19-07;
- 3 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)
- 4 Section 20. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 5 changing Section 5-5-5 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-5)
- 7 Sec. 5-5-5. Loss and Restoration of Rights.
- 8 (a) Conviction and disposition shall not entail the loss by
- 9 the defendant of any civil rights, except under this Section
- and Sections 29-6 and 29-10 of The Election Code, as now or
- 11 hereafter amended.
- 12 (b) A person convicted of a felony shall be ineligible to
- 13 hold an office created by the Constitution of this State until
- the completion of his sentence.
- 15 (c) A person sentenced to imprisonment shall lose his right
- to vote until released from imprisonment.
- 17 (d) On completion of sentence of imprisonment or upon
- 18 discharge from probation, conditional discharge or periodic
- imprisonment, or at any time thereafter, all license rights and
- 20 privileges granted under the authority of this State which have
- 21 been revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense
- 22 shall be restored unless the authority having jurisdiction of
- 23 such license rights finds after investigation and hearing that
- 24 restoration is not in the public interest. This paragraph (d)

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- shall not apply to the suspension or revocation of a license to 1 2 operate a motor vehicle under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (e) Upon a person's discharge from incarceration or parole, or upon a person's discharge from probation or at any time thereafter, the committing court may enter an order certifying that the sentence has been satisfactorily completed when the court believes it would assist in the rehabilitation of the person and be consistent with the public welfare. Such order may be entered upon the motion of the defendant or the State or upon the court's own motion.
 - (f) Upon entry of the order, the court shall issue to the person in whose favor the order has been entered a certificate stating that his behavior after conviction has warranted the issuance of the order.
 - (q) This Section shall not affect the right of a defendant to collaterally attack his conviction or to rely on it in bar of subsequent proceedings for the same offense.
 - (h) No application for any license specified in subsection (i) of this Section granted under the authority of this State shall be denied by reason of an eligible offender who has obtained a certificate of relief from disabilities, as defined in Article 5.5 of this Chapter, having been previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses, or by reason of a finding of lack of "good moral character" when the finding is based upon the fact that the applicant has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses, unless:

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1	(1) there is a direct relationship between one or more
2	of the previous criminal offenses and the specific license
3	sought; or
4	(2) the issuance of the license would involve an
5	unreasonable risk to property or to the safety or welfare
6	of specific individuals or the general public.
7	In making such a determination, the licensing agency shall
8	consider the following factors:
9	(1) the public policy of this State, as expressed in
10	Article 5.5 of this Chapter, to encourage the licensure and
11	employment of persons previously convicted of one or more
12	criminal offenses;
13	(2) the specific duties and responsibilities
14	necessarily related to the license being sought;
15	(3) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or
16	offenses for which the person was previously convicted will
17	have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or
18	more such duties and responsibilities;
19	(4) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of
20	the criminal offense or offenses;
21	(5) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of
22	the criminal offense or offenses;
23	(6) the seriousness of the offense or offenses;
24	(7) any information produced by the person or produced
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on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation

and good conduct, including a certificate of relief from

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1	disabilities issued to the applicant, w	which certificate
2	shall create a presumption of rehabilitat	tion in regard to
3	the offense or offenses specified in the co	ertificate; and

- (8) the legitimate interest of the licensing agency in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public.
- (i) A certificate of relief from disabilities shall be issued only for a license or certification issued under the following Acts:
 - (1) the Animal Welfare Act; except that a certificate of relief from disabilities may not be granted to provide for the issuance or restoration of a license under the Animal Welfare Act for any person convicted of violating Section 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act or Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
 - (2) the Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act;
 - (3) the Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985;
- (4) the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Repairer Regulation Act;
 - (5) the Professional Boxing Act;
- 23 (6) the Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of 24 1984:
- 25 (7) the Illinois Farm Labor Contractor Certification 26 Act;

1	(8) the Interior Design Title Act;
2	(9) the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of
3	1989;
4	(10) the Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989;
5	(11) the Marriage and Family Therapy Licensing Act;
6	(12) the Private Employment Agency Act;
7	(13) the Professional Counselor and Clinical
8	Professional Counselor Licensing Act;
9	(14) the Real Estate License Act of 2000;
10	(15) the Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act;
11	(16) the Professional Engineering Practice Act of
12	1989;
13	(17) the Water Well and Pump Installation Contractor's
14	License Act;
15	(18) the Electrologist Licensing Act;
16	(19) the Auction License Act;
17	(20) Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989;
18	(21) the Dietetic and Nutrition Services Practice Act;
19	(22) the Environmental Health Practitioner Licensing
20	Act;
21	(23) the Funeral Directors and Embalmers Licensing
22	Code;
23	(24) the Land Sales Registration Act of 1999;
24	(25) the Professional Geologist Licensing Act;
25	(26) the Illinois Public Accounting Act; and
26	(27) the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04; 93-914, eff. 1-1-05;
- 2 94-1067, eff. 8-1-06.)