

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 SB1950

Introduced 2/20/2009, by Sen. Michael Noland

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/1-105.1 new
625 ILCS 5/6-306.5 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.5
625 ILCS 5/11-208 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208
625 ILCS 5/11-208.3 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3
625 ILCS 5/11-208.6
625 ILCS 5/11-208.7 new
625 ILCS 5/11-612
30 ILCS 105/5.719 new

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code and the State Finance Act. Provides that the Department of Transportation, a county, or a municipality may authorize the use of an automated speed enforcement system to record speed violations of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar local ordinance. Provides that the Department may place automated speed enforcement systems in high-risk locations on an interstate highway or in high-risk locations of a county or municipality upon approval of a formal request of a county or municipality. Provides for standards for the issuance and adjudication of automated speed enforcement system violation notices. Provides that violations of the automated speed enforcement system in which a civil penalty is imposed may be adjudicated administratively, are not moving violations, and may not be recorded on the person's driving record. Provides for penalties, including the suspension of driving privileges, for the failure to pay for automated speed enforcement system violations. Reduces the application of a home rule preemption that disallows the use of recorded images to capture the speed of a motor vehicle for the purposes of enforcing any law or local ordinance regarding a minimum or maximum speed limit unless a law enforcement officer is present to witness the event. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB096 08742 AJT 18874 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

AN ACT concerning transportation. 1

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing 5 Sections 6-306.5, 11-208, 11-208.3, 11-208.6, and 11-612 and by adding Sections 1-105.1 and 11-208.7 as follows:
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/1-105.1 new)
- 8 Sec. 1-105.1. Automated speed enforcement system
- 9 violation. A violation described in Section 11-208.7 of this
- 10 Code.

- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-306.5) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.5)
- Sec. 6-306.5. Failure to pay fine or penalty for standing, 12
- 13 parking, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law
- violations; suspension of driving privileges. 14
- (a) Upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by 15
- 16 subsection (c) of this Section, from any municipality stating
- 17 that the owner of a registered vehicle has: (1) failed to pay
- 18 any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 10 or more
- violations of a municipality's vehicular standing, parking, or 19
- 20 compliance regulations established by ordinance pursuant to
- Section 11-208.3 of this Code, or (2) failed to pay any fine or 21
- penalty due and owing as a result of 5 offenses for automated 22

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traffic violations as defined in Section 11-208.6 or automated speed enforcement system violations as defined in Section 11-208.7 or any combination thereof, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of such person in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section. The Secretary shall also suspend the driving privileges of an owner of a registered vehicle upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by subsection (f) of this Section, from any municipality stating that such person has failed to satisfy any fines or penalties imposed by final judgments for 5 or more automated speed or traffic law violations or 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures.

(b) Following receipt of the certified report of the municipality as specified in this Section, the Secretary of State shall notify the person whose name appears on the certified report that the person's drivers license will be suspended at the end of a specified period of time unless the Secretary of State is presented with a notice from the municipality certifying that the fine or penalty due and owing the municipality has been paid or that inclusion of that person's name on the certified report was in error. The Secretary's notice shall state in substance the information contained in the municipality's certified report to the Secretary, and shall be effective as specified by subsection (c) of Section 6-211 of this Code.

- (c) The report of the appropriate municipal official notifying the Secretary of State of unpaid fines or penalties pursuant to this Section shall be certified and shall contain the following:
 - (1) The name, last known address as recorded with the Secretary of State, as provided by the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease, or as recorded in a United States Post Office approved database if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, and drivers license number of the person who failed to pay the fine or penalty and the registration number of any vehicle known to be registered to such person in this State.
 - (2) The name of the municipality making the report pursuant to this Section.
 - (3) A statement that the municipality sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by ordinance enacted pursuant to Section 11-208.3, to the person named in the report at the address recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, at the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database; the date on which such notice was sent; and the address to which such notice was sent. In a municipality with a population of

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- 1,000,000 or more, the report shall also include a statement that the alleged violator's State vehicle registration number and vehicle make, if specified on the automated speed or traffic law violation notice, are correct as they appear on the citations.
 - (d) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall notify the Secretary of State, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, whenever a person named in the certified report has paid the previously reported fine or penalty or whenever t.he municipality determines that the original report was in error. A certified copy of such notification shall also be given upon request and at no additional charge to the person named therein. Upon receipt of the municipality's notification or presentation of a certified copy of such notification, the Secretary of State shall terminate the suspension.
 - (e) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall also by ordinance establish procedures for persons to challenge the accuracy of the certified report. The ordinance shall also state the grounds for such a challenge, which may be limited to (1) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the vehicle or vehicles receiving 10 or more standing, parking, or compliance violation notices or 5 or more automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violations on the date or dates such notices were issued; and (2) the person having already paid the fine or

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- penalty for the 10 or more standing, parking, or compliance 1 2 violations or 5 or more automated speed or traffic law violations indicated on the certified report. 3
 - municipality, other than municipality Anv а establishing vehicular standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3 or automated traffic law regulations under Section 11-208.6 or automated speed enforcement system violations under Section 11-208.7, may also cause a suspension of a person's drivers license pursuant to this Section. Such municipality may invoke this sanction by making a certified report to the Secretary of State upon a person's failure to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations or 5 or more automated speed or traffic law violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures, but only if:
 - (1) the municipality complies with the provisions of this Section in all respects except in regard to enacting an ordinance pursuant to Section 11-208.3;
 - (2) the municipality has sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by an ordinance enacted pursuant to subsection (q) of this Section; and
 - (3) in municipalities with a population of 1,000,000 or more, the municipality has verified that the alleged violator's State vehicle registration number and vehicle make are correct as they appear on the citations.

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Any municipality, other than а municipality establishing standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3 or automated traffic law under Section 11-208.6 or automated speed regulations regulations under Section 11-208.7, may provide by ordinance for the sending of a notice of impending drivers license suspension to the person who has failed to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations or 5 or more automated speed or traffic law violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures. An ordinance so providing shall specify that the notice sent to the person liable for any fine or penalty shall state that failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the notice's date will result in the municipality notifying the Secretary of State that the person's drivers license is eligible for suspension pursuant to this Section. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

(h) An administrative hearing to contest an impending suspension or a suspension made pursuant to this Section may be

- 1 had upon filing a written request with the Secretary of State.
- 2 The filing fee for this hearing shall be \$20, to be paid at the
- 3 time the request is made. A municipality which files a
- 4 certified report with the Secretary of State pursuant to this
- 5 Section shall reimburse the Secretary for all reasonable costs
- 6 incurred by the Secretary as a result of the filing of the
- 7 report, including but not limited to the costs of providing the
- 8 notice required pursuant to subsection (b) and the costs
- 9 incurred by the Secretary in any hearing conducted with respect
- 10 to the report pursuant to this subsection and any appeal from
- 11 such a hearing.
- 12 (i) The provisions of this Section shall apply on and after
- 13 January 1, 1988.
- 14 (j) For purposes of this Section, the term "compliance
- violation" is defined as in Section 11-208.3.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/11-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208)
- 18 Sec. 11-208. Powers of local authorities.
- 19 (a) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to
- 20 prevent local authorities with respect to streets and highways
- 21 under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of
- 22 the police power from:
- 1. Regulating the standing or parking of vehicles,
- except as limited by Section 11-1306 of this Act;
- 25 2. Regulating traffic by means of police officers or

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- traffic control signals;
- Regulating or prohibiting processions or
 assemblages on the highways;
 - 4. Designating particular highways as one-way highways and requiring that all vehicles thereon be moved in one specific direction;
 - 5. Regulating the speed of vehicles in public parks subject to the limitations set forth in Section 11-604;
 - 6. Designating any highway as a through highway, as authorized in Section 11-302, and requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the same or designating any intersection as a stop intersection or a yield right-of-way intersection and requiring all vehicles to stop or yield the right-of-way at one or more entrances to such intersections;
 - 7. Restricting the use of highways as authorized in Chapter 15;
 - 8. Regulating the operation of bicycles and requiring the registration and licensing of same, including the requirement of a registration fee;
 - 9. Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles or specified types of vehicles at intersections;
- 10. Altering the speed limits as authorized in Section 11-604:
- 25 11. Prohibiting U-turns;
 - 12. Prohibiting pedestrian crossings at other than

designated and marked crosswalks or at intersections;

- 13. Prohibiting parking during snow removal operation;
- 14. Imposing fines in accordance with Section 11-1301.3 as penalties for use of any parking place reserved for persons with disabilities, as defined by Section 1-159.1, or disabled veterans by any person using a motor vehicle not bearing registration plates specified in Section 11-1301.1 or a special decal or device as defined in Section 11-1301.2 as evidence that the vehicle is operated by or for a person with disabilities or disabled veteran;
 - 15. Adopting such other traffic regulations as are specifically authorized by this Code; or
 - 16. Enforcing the provisions of subsection (f) of Section 3-413 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.
 - (b) No ordinance or regulation enacted under subsections 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11 or 13 of paragraph (a) shall be effective until signs giving reasonable notice of such local traffic regulations are posted.
 - (c) The provisions of this Code shall not prevent any municipality having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants from prohibiting any person from driving or operating any motor vehicle upon the roadways of such municipality with headlamps on high beam or bright.
- 25 (d) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to 26 prevent local authorities within the reasonable exercise of

- their police power from prohibiting, on private property, the unauthorized use of parking spaces reserved for persons with
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- (e) No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may enact or enforce an ordinance that applies only to motorcycles if the principal purpose for that ordinance is to restrict the access of motorcycles to any highway or portion of a highway for which federal or State funds have been used for the planning, design, construction, or maintenance of that highway. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may enact an ordinance requiring motorcycle users to wear protective headgear. Nothing in this subsection (e) shall affect the authority of a unit of local government to regulate motorcycles for traffic control purposes or in accordance with Section 12-602 of this Code. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may regulate motorcycles in a manner inconsistent with this Code. This subsection (e) is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.
 - (f) A municipality or county designated in Section 11-208.6 may enact an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner of a vehicle used in such a violation.
 - (q) A municipality or county may enact an ordinance

- 1 providing for an automated speed enforcement system under
- 2 Section 11-208.7 of this Code to enforce violations of Section
- 3 <u>11-605 or a similar provision of a local ordinance and imposing</u>
- 4 liability on a registered owner of a vehicle used in such a
- 5 violation.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.3) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3)
- 8 Sec. 11-208.3. Administrative adjudication of violations
- 9 of traffic regulations concerning the standing, parking, or
- 10 condition of vehicles and automated speed or traffic law
- 11 violations.
- 12 (a) Any municipality may provide by ordinance for a system
- of administrative adjudication of vehicular standing and
- 14 parking violations and vehicle compliance violations as
- defined in this subsection and automated traffic law violations
- as defined in Section 11-208.6 and automated speed enforcement
- 17 system violations as defined in Section 11-208.7. The
- 18 administrative system shall have as its purpose the fair and
- 19 efficient enforcement of municipal regulations through the
- 20 administrative adjudication of automated speed or traffic law
- 21 violations and violations of municipal ordinances regulating
- 22 the standing and parking of vehicles, the condition and use of
- 23 vehicle equipment, and the display of municipal wheel tax
- licenses within the municipality's borders. The administrative
- 25 system shall only have authority to adjudicate civil offenses

- carrying fines not in excess of \$250 that occur after the effective date of the ordinance adopting such a system under this Section. For purposes of this Section, "compliance violation" means a violation of a municipal regulation governing the condition or use of equipment on a vehicle or governing the display of a municipal wheel tax license.
 - (b) Any ordinance establishing a system of administrative adjudication under this Section shall provide for:
 - (1) A traffic compliance administrator authorized to adopt, distribute and process parking, compliance, and automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation notices and other notices required by this Section, collect money paid as fines and penalties for violation of parking and compliance ordinances and automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violations, and operate an administrative adjudication system. The traffic compliance administrator also may make a certified report to the Secretary of State under Section 6-306.5.
 - (2) A parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation notice that shall specify the date, time, and place of violation of a parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law regulation; the particular regulation violated; the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment, when so provided by ordinance; the vehicle make and state registration number; and the identification number of the person issuing the notice. With regard to automated speed

or traffic law violations, vehicle make shall be specified on the automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation notice if the make is available and readily discernible. With regard to municipalities with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number or vehicle make specified is incorrect. The violation notice shall state that the payment of the indicated fine, and of any applicable penalty for late payment, shall operate as a final disposition of the violation. The notice also shall contain information as to the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits. The violation notice shall specify the time and manner in which a hearing may be had.

violation notice by affixing the original or a facsimile of the notice to an unlawfully parked vehicle or by handing the notice to the operator of a vehicle if he or she is present and service of an automated speed or traffic law violation notice by mail to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after the violation. A person authorized by ordinance to issue and serve parking, standing, and compliance

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violation notices shall certify as to the correctness of the facts entered on the violation notice by signing his or her name to the notice at the time of service or in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, by signing a single certificate to be kept by the traffic compliance administrator attesting to the correctness of all notices produced by the device while it was under his or her control. In the case of an automated traffic law violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by a technician employed or contracted by the municipality or county that, based on inspection of recorded images, the motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-208.6 or a local ordinance. If the technician determines that the vehicle entered the intersection as part of a funeral procession or in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle, a citation shall not be issued. In the case of a automated speed enforcement system violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by a technician employed or contracted by the municipality or county or entity having a contract with the municipality or county that, based on inspection of recorded images, the motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-605 or a similar local ordinance. The original or a facsimile of the violation notice or, in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, a printed record generated by the device showing the facts entered on the

notice, shall be retained by the traffic compliance administrator, and shall be a record kept in the ordinary course of business. A parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation notice issued, signed and served in accordance with this Section, a copy of the notice, or the computer generated record shall be prima facie correct and shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the facts shown on the notice. The notice, copy, or computer generated record shall be admissible in any subsequent administrative or legal proceedings.

(4) An opportunity for a hearing for the registered owner of the vehicle cited in the parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation notice in which the owner may contest the merits of the alleged violation, and during which formal or technical rules of evidence shall not apply; provided, however, that under Section 11-1306 of this Code the lessee of a vehicle cited in the violation notice likewise shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing of the same kind afforded the registered owner. The hearings shall be recorded, and the person conducting the hearing on behalf of the traffic compliance administrator shall be empowered to administer oaths and to secure by subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. Persons appearing at a hearing under this

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Section may be represented by counsel at their expense. The ordinance may also provide for internal administrative review following the decision of the hearing officer.

- (5) Service of additional notices, sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database, or, under Section 11-1306 of this Code, to the lessee of the cited vehicle at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database. The service shall be deemed complete as of the date of deposit in the United States mail. The notices shall be in the following sequence and shall include but not be limited to the information specified herein:
 - (i) A second notice of parking, standing, or compliance violation. This notice shall specify the date and location of the violation cited in the parking, standing, or compliance violation notice, the particular regulation violated, the vehicle make and state registration number, the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment when so provided

by ordinance, the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits, and the time and manner in which the hearing may be had. The notice of violation shall also state that failure either to pay the indicated fine and any applicable penalty, or to appear at a hearing on the merits in the time and manner specified, will result in a final determination of violation liability for the cited violation in the amount of the fine or penalty indicated, and that, upon the occurrence of a final determination of violation liability for the failure, and the exhaustion of, or failure to exhaust, available administrative or judicial procedures for review, any unpaid fine or penalty will constitute a debt due and owing the municipality.

(ii) A notice of final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation liability. This notice shall be sent following a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation liability and the conclusion of judicial review procedures taken under this Section. The notice shall state that the unpaid fine or penalty is a debt due and owing the municipality. The notice shall contain warnings that failure to pay any fine or penalty due and owing the municipality within the time

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specified may result in the municipality's filing of a petition in the Circuit Court to have the unpaid fine or penalty rendered a judgment as provided by this Section, or may result in suspension of the person's drivers license for failure to pay fines or penalties for 10 or more parking violations under Section 6-306.5 or 5 or more automated traffic law violations under Section 11-208.6 or 5 or more automated speed enforcement system violations under Section 11-208.7.

(6) A Notice of impending drivers license suspension. This notice shall be sent to the person liable for any fine or penalty that remains due and owing on 10 or more parking violations or 5 or more unpaid automated speed or traffic law violations. The notice shall state that failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the notice's will result in the municipality notifying Secretary of State that the person is eligible for initiation of suspension proceedings under Section 6-306.5 of this Code. The notice shall also state that the person may obtain a photostatic copy of an original ticket imposing a fine or penalty by sending a self addressed, stamped envelope to the municipality along with a request for the photostatic copy. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is

returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

- (7) Final determinations of violation liability. A final determination of violation liability shall occur following failure to pay the fine or penalty after a hearing officer's determination of violation liability and the exhaustion of or failure to exhaust any administrative review procedures provided by ordinance. Where a person fails to appear at a hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in a prior mailed notice, the hearing officer's determination of violation liability shall become final: (A) upon denial of a timely petition to set aside that determination, or (B) upon expiration of the period for filing the petition without a filing having been made.
- (8) A petition to set aside a determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation liability that may be filed by a person owing an unpaid fine or penalty. The petition shall be filed with and ruled upon by the traffic compliance administrator in the manner and within the time specified by ordinance. The grounds for the petition may be limited to: (A) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the cited vehicle on the date the violation notice was issued, (B) the person having already paid the fine or penalty for the violation in question, and (C) excusable failure to appear at or

request a new date for a hearing. With regard to municipalities with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number, or vehicle make if specified, is incorrect. After the determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation liability has been set aside upon a showing of just cause, the registered owner shall be provided with a hearing on the merits for that violation.

- (9) Procedures for non-residents. Procedures by which persons who are not residents of the municipality may contest the merits of the alleged violation without attending a hearing.
- (10) A schedule of civil fines for violations of vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law regulations enacted by ordinance pursuant to this Section, and a schedule of penalties for late payment of the fines, provided, however, that the total amount of the fine and penalty for any one violation shall not exceed \$250, except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
- (11) Other provisions as are necessary and proper to carry into effect the powers granted and purposes stated in this Section.
- (c) Any municipality establishing vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law

regulations under this Section may also provide by ordinance for a program of vehicle immobilization for the purpose of facilitating enforcement of those regulations. The program of vehicle immobilization shall provide for immobilizing any eligible vehicle upon the public way by presence of a restraint in a manner to prevent operation of the vehicle. Any ordinance establishing a program of vehicle immobilization under this Section shall provide:

- (1) Criteria for the designation of vehicles eligible for immobilization. A vehicle shall be eligible for immobilization when the registered owner of the vehicle has accumulated the number of unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation liability as determined by ordinance.
- (2) A notice of impending vehicle immobilization and a right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the notice by disproving liability for the unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation liability listed on the notice.
- (3) The right to a prompt hearing after a vehicle has been immobilized or subsequently towed without payment of the outstanding fines and penalties on parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violations for which final determinations have been issued. An order

issued after the hearing is a final administrative decision within the meaning of Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

- (4) A post immobilization and post-towing notice advising the registered owner of the vehicle of the right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the impoundment.
- (d) Judicial review of final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violations and final administrative decisions issued after hearings regarding vehicle immobilization and impoundment made under this Section shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law.
- (e) Any fine, penalty, or part of any fine or any penalty remaining unpaid after the exhaustion of, or the failure to exhaust, administrative remedies created under this Section and the conclusion of any judicial review procedures shall be a debt due and owing the municipality and, as such, may be collected in accordance with applicable law. Payment in full of any fine or penalty resulting from a standing, parking, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation shall constitute a final disposition of that violation.
- (f) After the expiration of the period within which judicial review may be sought for a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated <u>speed or</u> traffic law violation, the municipality may commence a proceeding in the Circuit Court for purposes of obtaining a judgment on the

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final determination of violation. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a municipality from consolidating multiple final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violations against a person in a proceeding. Upon commencement of the action, the municipality a certified copy or record of file the determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation, which shall be accompanied by a certification that recites facts sufficient to show that the final determination of violation was issued in accordance with this Section and the applicable municipal ordinance. Service of the summons and a copy of the petition may be by any method provided by Section 2-203 of the Code of Civil Procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, provided that the total amount of fines and penalties for final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violations does not exceed \$2500. If the court is satisfied that the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law violation was entered in accordance with the requirements of this Section and the applicable municipal ordinance, and that the registered owner or the lessee, as the case may be, had an opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial review as provided in this Section, the court shall render judgment in favor of the municipality and against the registered owner or the lessee for the amount indicated in the final determination of parking,

- 1 standing, compliance, or automated speed or traffic law
- violation, plus costs. The judgment shall have the same effect
- 3 and may be enforced in the same manner as other judgments for
- 4 the recovery of money.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06;
- 6 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.6)
- 8 Sec. 11-208.6. Automated traffic law enforcement system.
- 9 (a) As used in this Section, "automated traffic law
- 10 enforcement system" means a device with one or more motor
- 11 vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a red light signal
- 12 to produce recorded images of motor vehicles entering an
- intersection against a red signal indication in violation of
- 14 Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local
- 15 ordinance.
- An automated traffic law enforcement system is a system, in
- a municipality or county operated by a governmental agency,
- that produces a recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation
- 19 of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance and is
- 20 designed to obtain a clear recorded image of the vehicle and
- 21 the vehicle's license plate. The recorded image must also
- 22 display the time, date, and location of the violation.
- 23 (b) As used in this Section, "recorded images" means images
- recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system on:
- 25 (1) 2 or more photographs;

- 1 (2) 2 or more microphotographs;
- 2 (3) 2 or more electronic images; or
- (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and, on at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly identifying the registration plate number of the motor vehicle.
 - (c) A county or municipality, including a home rule county or municipality, may not use an automated traffic law enforcement system to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the purpose of recording its speed. The regulation of the use of automated traffic law enforcement systems to record vehicle speeds is an exclusive power and function of the State. This subsection (c) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. Nothing in this subsection (c) limits the authority of a county or municipality to implement and use an automated speed enforcement system under Section 11-208.7 of this Code.
 - (d) For each violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance recorded by an automatic traffic law enforcement system, the county or municipality having jurisdiction shall issue a written notice of the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall be delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the

1	owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after										
2	the violation.										
3	The notice shall include:										
4	(1) the name and address of the registered owner of the										
5	vehicle;										
6	(2) the registration number of the motor vehicle										
7	involved in the violation;										
8	(3) the violation charged;										
9	(4) the location where the violation occurred;										
10	(5) the date and time of the violation;										
11	(6) a copy of the recorded images;										
12	(7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the										
13	date by which the civil penalty should be paid;										
14	(8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a										
15	violation of a red light signal;										
16	(9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or										
17	to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of										
18	liability and may result in a suspension of the driving										
19	privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle; and										
20	(10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed										
21	by:										
22	(A) paying the fine; or										
23	(B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by										
24	administrative hearing.										
25	(e) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a										

result of an automated traffic law enforcement system, does not

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- pay or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting from that violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 of this Code for failing to pay any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 5 violations of the automated traffic law enforcement system.
 - (f) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated traffic law enforcement system, a notice alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section.
 - enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.
 - (h) The court or hearing officer may consider in defense of a violation:
 - (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and not under the control of or in the possession of the owner at the time of the violation;
 - (2) that the driver of the vehicle passed through the

- intersection when the light was red either (i) in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle or (ii) as part of a funeral procession; and
 - (3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal or county ordinance.
 - (i) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner at the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely manner.
 - (j) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time of the violation, the motor vehicle owner is subject to a civil penalty not exceeding \$100, plus an additional penalty of not more than \$100 for failure to pay the original penalty in a timely manner, if the motor vehicle is recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system. A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed under this Section is not a violation of a traffic regulation governing the movement of vehicles and may not be recorded on the driving record of the owner of the vehicle.
 - (k) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic law enforcement system must be posted with a sign visible to approaching traffic indicating that the intersection is being

- 1 monitored by an automated traffic law enforcement system.
- 2 (1) The compensation paid for an automated traffic law
- 3 enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment
- 4 or the services provided and may not be based on the number of
- 5 traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by the
- 6 system.
- 7 (m) This Section applies only to the counties of Cook,
- 8 DuPage, Kane, Lake, Madison, McHenry, St. Clair, and Will and
- 9 to municipalities located within those counties.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.7 new)
- Sec. 11-208.7. Automated speed enforcement system.
- 13 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Automated speed enforcement system" means a technology
- 15 that:
- 16 <u>(1) is designed to record the speed of a vehicle and</u>
- 17 obtain quality recorded images of a motor vehicle, a
- 18 driver's face, and the motor vehicle registration plate
- while a driver is violating Section 11-605 of this Code or
- 20 a similar local ordinance in high-risk locations,
- including, but not limited to, school speed zones,
- interstate highways, and areas with a high volume of motor
- 23 <u>vehicle accidents; a law enforcement officer is not</u>
- required to be present or to witness the violation;
- 25 (2) averages speed over a set distance rather than

1	capturing a driver's speed at a moment in time;
2	(3) has a demonstrated capability of producing quality
3	pictures of both a driver's face and license plates in
4	varying weather conditions; and
5	(4) is designed for multi-functional capabilities
6	beyond automated speed enforcement, including (i) locating
7	and apprehending criminals, (ii) locating and apprehending
8	individuals that are the subject of Amber Alerts, and (iii)
9	recovery of stolen vehicles.
10	"Owner" means the registered owner of a motor vehicle or a
11	lessee of a motor vehicle under a lease of 6 months or more.
12	"Recorded images" means images recorded by an automated
13	speed enforcement system displaying the time, date, and
14	location of the violation and showing the motor vehicle and
15	clearly identifying the driver's face and registration plate of
16	the motor vehicle on:
17	(1) one or more photographs;
18	(2) one or more microphotographs;
19	(3) one or more electronic images; or
20	(4) a video recording.
21	(b) The Department:
22	(1) may enact rules to place automated speed
23	enforcement systems on interstate highways in areas
24	determined to be high-risk locations due to traffic
25	congestion or a high volume of motor vehicle accidents or
26	other similar criteria;

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1	(2) must enact rules to place automated speed
2	enforcement systems in high-risk locations of a county or
3	municipality upon a formal request by the county or
4	municipality and approval by the Department pursuant to
5	subsection (c) of this Section;
6	(3) may enact rules to provide for a system of
7	enforcement and administrative adjudication of violation
8	notices issued pursuant to this Section where the violation
9	occurs on an interstate highway and a civil penalty is
10	assessed;
11	(4) may enter into contracts with private vendors to
12	establish a system of providing uniform automated speed
13	enforcement systems under this Section;
14	(5) must hire a firm that is independent of the private
15	vendor in subdivision (4) of this subsection (b) and the
16	independent firm in subdivision (6) of this subsection (b)
17	to regularly test the accuracy of automated speed
18	enforcement systems under this Section;
19	(6) must hire a firm that is independent of the private
20	vendor in subdivision (4) of this subsection (b) and the
21	independent firm in subdivision (5) of this subsection (b)
22	to conduct a formal evaluation of automated speed
23	enforcement systems under this Section and the impact of
24	those systems on high-risk locations. The evaluation must
25	occur within 2 years of the first violation notice issued

by a automated speed enforcement system;

Τ	(7) may enact fules to determine the amounts of each
2	civil penalty assessed for a violation of this Section or a
3	similar local ordinance that will be distributed to the
4	public entities under subsection (1) of this Section. The
5	rules must include, at a minimum, that amount of funds
6	collected from each violation of this Section or a similar
7	local ordinance that will be disbursed from the Automated
8	Speed Enforcement Fund:
9	(A) to the Department for the purposes in
10	subsection (1) of this Section;
11	(B) if a county or municipality issued the
12	violation notice, to the county or municipality that
13	issued the notice for the purposes in subsection (1);
14	(C) if the violation occurred in a school speed
15	zone, to the school district where the violation
16	occurred for the purposes in subsection (1); and
17	(D) to the State for the purposes in subsection
18	<u>(1).</u>
19	(8) must conduct a public information campaign
20	regarding automated speed enforcement systems before the
21	issuance of violation notices pursuant to this Section. The
22	public information must continue throughout the life of the
23	automated speed enforcement system.
24	(c) A county or municipality may enact ordinances to
25	request that the Department place an automated speed
26	enforcement system in areas determined to be high-risk

1	locations due to pedestrian or traffic congestion or a high
2	volume of motor vehicle accidents or other similar criteria. A
3	formal request to place an automated speed enforcement system
4	in a high-risk location pursuant to this subsection (c) is
5	subject to the final approval of the Department. The county or
6	municipality may enact ordinances to provide for enforcement of
7	automated speed enforcement system violations and provide for a
8	system of administrative adjudication of violation notices
9	where a civil penalty is assessed for a violation pursuant to
10	Section 11-208.3 of this Code.
11	(d) For each violation of a provision of Section 11-605 of
12	this Code or a similar local ordinance recorded by an automated
13	speed enforcement system, the Department or the county or
14	municipality having jurisdiction must issue a written notice of
15	the violation to the owner of the vehicle. The notice must be
16	delivered to the owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 7 days
17	after the municipality or county is notified of the identity of
18	the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 120 days
19	after the violation.
20	The notice must include:
21	(1) the name and address of the owner of the vehicle;
22	(2) the registration number of the motor vehicle
23	involved in the violation;
24	(3) the violation charged;
25	(4) the location where the violation occurred;
26	(5) the date and time of the violation;

1	(6) a copy of the recorded images, including a photo of
2	the driver's face and license plate;
3	(7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the
4	date by which the civil penalty should be paid;
5	(8) a signed statement by a technician employed by the
6	Department or county or municipality having jurisdiction
7	that, based on inspection of recorded images, the motor
8	vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-605
9	of this Code or a similar local ordinance;
10	(9) a signed statement by a technician employed by the
11	Department that the automated speed enforcement system
12	recording the person was tested and correctly calibrated on
13	the date of the violation;
14	(10) a statement that recorded images are evidence of
15	an automated speed enforcement system violation;
16	(11) information advising the person alleged to have
17	violated the automated speed enforcement system:
18	(A) of the manner, time, and place that the
19	violation may be contested; and
20	(B) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty
21	or to contest liability in a timely manner is an
22	admission of liability and may result in a suspension
23	of the driving privileges of the owner of the vehicle;
24	<u>and</u>
25	(12) a statement that the person may elect to proceed
26	by:

1	(A) paying the citation or civil penalty;
2	(B) challenging the charge by trial or by
3	administrative hearing; or
4	(C) identifying the person operating the motor
5	vehicle at the time of the violation, including the
6	person's name and current address.
7	(e) If the person named in the violation notice is the
8	owner of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in Section
9	6-500 of this Code, named in the violation notice, the person
10	may demonstrate that the person did not violate this Section or
11	similar local ordinance by mailing a certified letter
12	containing an affidavit that (i) swears that the person named
13	in the violation notice was not operating the commercial motor
14	vehicle at the time of the violation and (ii) provides the
15	name, current address, and driver's license number of the
16	person who was operating the commercial motor vehicle at the
17	time of the violation.
18	(f) In any hearing for which a civil penalty is assessed
19	for a violation of this Section or a similar local ordinance,
20	the rules of evidence must include:
21	(1) based on inspection of recorded images produced by
22	an automated speed enforcement system, a notice alleging
23	that the violation occurred is evidence of the facts
24	contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding
25	alleging a violation under this Section;
26	(2) the standard of proof is by the preponderance of

the evidence; and

- (3) the court or hearing officer may consider in defense of a violation:
 - (A) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and not under the control of or in the possession of the owner at the time of the violation; to demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner at the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely manner;
 - (B) that evidence satisfactory to the court or hearing officer that the person named in the violation notice was not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation; if the court or hearing officer finds that the person named in the violation notice was not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation, the owner is not liable; if the court or hearing officer has evidence that another identified person was driving the vehicle at the time of the violation, the court or hearing officer must provide the Department or unit of local government that evidence and the Department or unit of local government may issue a

1	notice violation to the identified person pursuant to
2	this Section; or
3	(C) any other evidence the court or hearing officer
4	deems pertinent to the hearing.
5	(g) Recorded images made by an automated speed enforcement
6	system are confidential and shall be made available only to the
7	alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies
8	for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for
9	statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes
10	including, but not limited to, evaluation of an automated speed
11	enforcement system under subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of
12	this Section. Any recorded image evidencing a violation,
13	however, may be admissible in any hearing resulting from the
14	issuance of the citation.
15	(h) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle was cited by a
16	police officer at the time of the violation, the motor vehicle
17	owner is subject to a civil penalty. A violation for which a
18	civil penalty is imposed under this Section is not a violation
19	of a traffic regulation governing the movement of vehicles and
20	may not be recorded on the driving record of the owner of the
21	vehicle. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the civil
22	penalty for a violation under this Section is as follows:
23	(1) For violations issued by the Department:
24	(A) \$165 for traveling 15 mph over the posted speed
25	limit on an interstate highway;
26	(B) \$200 for traveling 16 through 30 mph over the

1	posted speed limit on an interstate highway; and
2	(C) \$300 for traveling 31 mph or more over the
3	posted speed limit on an interstate highway.
4	(2) For violations issued by a county of municipality,
5	the civil penalty for violation of this Section or a
6	similar local ordinance is in the discretion of the county
7	or municipality and must be enacted by local ordinance.
8	(i) All civil penalties collected for a violation of this
9	Section or a similar local ordinance shall be deposited into an
10	Automated Speed Enforcement Fund. Funds in the Automated Speed
11	Enforcement Fund shall be disbursed according to rules adopted
12	by the Department pursuant to subdivision (7) of subsection (b)
13	and as provided for in subsection (1) of this Section.
14	(j) The Secretary of State may suspend the driving
15	privileges of the owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 of
16	this Code for failing to pay any fine or penalty due and owing
17	as a result of 5 violations of the automated traffic law
18	enforcement system under Section 11-208.6 of this Code or the
19	automated speed enforcement system under this Section or any
20	combination thereof. The Secretary of State may refuse to issue
21	or renew registration for vehicles owned by a person failing to
22	pay a civil penalty for violation of this Section or a similar
23	<pre>local ordinance.</pre>
24	(k) A high-risk location that is equipped with an automated
25	speed enforcement system must be posted with a sign visible to
26	approaching traffic one-half mile before the high-risk

1	location	indicating	that	the	area	is	being	monitored	by	an
2	automated	l speed enfoi	rcemen	t svs	stem.					

- (1) The Automated Speed Enforcement Fund is created a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Automated Speed Enforcement Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, to:
 - (1) the Department for the acquisition, installation, replacement, public information campaigns, evaluations, and administration of automated speed enforcement systems under this Section;
 - (2) a school district for the upgrading and improvement of educational programs;
 - (3) a county or municipality for the administration of automated speed enforcement system violations under this Section and the general revenue of the county or municipality; and
 - (4) the General Revenue Fund of this State.

18 (625 ILCS 5/11-612)

Sec. 11-612. Certain systems to record vehicle speeds prohibited. Except as authorized in <u>Section 11-208.7 of this Code or in</u> the Automated Traffic Control Systems in Highway Construction or Maintenance Zones Act, no photographic, video, or other imaging system may be used in this State to record vehicle speeds for the purpose of enforcing any law or ordinance regarding a maximum or minimum speed limit unless a

- 1 law enforcement officer is present at the scene and witnesses
- the event. No State or local governmental entity, including a
- 3 home rule county or municipality, may use such a system in a
- 4 way that is prohibited by this Section. The regulation of the
- 5 use of such systems is an exclusive power and function of the
- 6 State. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule
- 7 powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of
- 8 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-771, eff. 1-1-07; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06;
- 10 94-814, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 11 Section 10. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 12 Section 5.719 as follows:
- 13 (30 ILCS 105/5.719 new)
- Sec. 5.719. The Automated Speed Enforcement Fund.
- 15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 16 becoming law.