96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB2109

Introduced 2/20/2009, by Sen. Michael Bond

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 35 ILCS 5/203 35 ILCS 5/218 new

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Creates the Advanced Science Zones Act. Sets forth procedures for the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity to certify areas in the State as Advanced Science Zones. Sets forth procedures for the administration of the Zones. Requires the Department to establish several programs with respect to the Zones including a loan program, a financial-assistance program, a transferable investment tax credit, and a tax-deduction certification. Contains other provisions. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act to make corresponding changes concerning the tax credits and deductions. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

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AN ACT concerning State government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Advanced Sciences Zone Act.

6 Section 2. Legislative intent and policy. The General 7 Assembly finds and declares that the health, safety, and 8 welfare of the people of this State are dependent upon the 9 advancement of the medical science and technology; that the continual encouragement, development, growth, and expansion of 10 the advanced science sector within the State requires a 11 cooperative and continuous partnership between government and 12 the advanced-sciences sector; and that there are certain areas 13 14 in this State that need the particular attention of government, business, advanced sciences, and the citizens of Illinois to 15 16 help attract investments in the advanced sciences for these 17 areas, to directly aid the local community and its residents, and to expand the body of fundamental knowledge. Therefore, it 18 19 is declared to be the purpose of this Act to explore ways and means of stimulating growth, stabilization, and retention of 20 21 advanced sciences in the State by means of relaxed government 22 controls and tax incentives in those areas.

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Section 3. Definitions. As used in this Act:

2 "Advanced Sciences" includes the research, development, or 3 production in the fields of biotechnology, alternative fuels, pharmaceutical, photonics, aerospace, software, environmental 4 5 sources, advanced computing, advanced materials, medical 6 device technology, health sciences, semiconductors, 7 nanotechnology, and biomedicine and any businesses that 8 support those technologies.

9 "Advanced-Sciences facility" means one or more facilities 10 involved in:

(1) (1) researching, developing, or manufacturing an advanced-science product or service or a related product or service; or

14 (2) promoting, supplying, or servicing a facility
15 involved in item (1), if the business derives more than 50%
16 of its gross receipts from those activities.

17 "Advanced Sciences Zone" means an area of the State 18 certified by the Department as an Advanced Sciences Zone under 19 to this Act.

20 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic21 Opportunity.

22 "Designated Zone Organization" means an association or 23 entity:

24 (1) the members of which are residents of the Advanced
25 Sciences Zone;

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(2) the board of directors of which is elected by the

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1 members of the organization;

2 (3) that satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 3 501(c) (3) or 501(c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

4 (4) that exists primarily for the purpose of performing
5 within such area or zone for the benefit of the residents
6 and businesses thereof any of the functions set forth in
7 Section 8 of this Act.

8 "Qualified business" means a person carrying on a trade or 9 business at an advanced sciences facility located within an 10 advanced sciences zone. A person is a qualified business only 11 on those parcels of land for which it has entered into a 12 business-subsidy agreement, as required under this Act, with 13 the appropriate local government unit in which the parcels are 14 located; and

A person is a qualified business only if the person offers employer-sponsored medical insurance for all employees and pays its employees that work a minimum of 30 hours per week within the State a median annual wage equal to or greater than 125% of the average annual wage paid to employees in the State.

A person that relocates an advanced-sciences facility from outside an advanced sciences zone into a zone is not a qualified business, unless the business:

(A) (i) increases full-time employment in the first
 full year of operation within the biotechnology and
 health sciences industry zone by at least 20 percent
 measured relative to the operations that were

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1 relocated and maintains the required level of 2 employment for each year the zone designation applies; 3 or (ii) makes a capital investment in the property located within a zone equivalent to ten percent of the 4 5 gross revenues of operation that were relocated in the immediately preceding taxable year; and 6

(B) enters a binding written agreement with the
Department that: (i) pledges the business will meet the
requirements of (b) (1); (ii) provides for repayment of
all tax benefits enumerated in this Act to the business
under the procedures this Act, if the requirements of
(b) (1) are not met; and (iii) contains any other terms
the commissioner determines appropriate.

14 "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership,15 limited liability company, association, or any other entity.

16 Section 4. Qualifications for Advanced Sciences Zones.

17 An area is qualified to become an Advanced Sciences Zone if 18 it:

(1) is a contiguous area, but a zone area may excludewholly surrounded territory within its boundaries;

(2) comprises a minimum of 0.5 square miles and not morethan 12 square miles; and

(3) satisfies any additional criteria established by rule
of the Department that are consistent with the purposes of this
Act.

Section 5. Initiation of Advanced Sciences Zones by a
 municipality or county.

3 (a) No area may be designated as an Advanced Sciences Zone
4 except pursuant to an initiating ordinance adopted in
5 accordance with this Section.

6 (b) A county or municipality may, by ordinance, designate 7 an area within its jurisdiction as an Advanced Sciences Zone, 8 subject to the certification of the Department in accordance 9 with this Act, if:

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(1) the area is qualified in accordance with Section 4; and

12 (2) the county or municipality has conducted at least 13 one public hearing within the proposed zone area on the 14 question of whether to create the zone, what local plans, 15 tax incentives, and other programs should be established in 16 connection with the zone, and what the boundaries of the zone should be; public notice of the hearing must be 17 18 published in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the zone area, not more than 20 days nor less than 5 19 20 days before the hearing.

21 (c) An ordinance designating an area as an Advanced
22 Sciences Zone must set forth:

(1) a precise description of the area comprising the
 zone, either in the form of a legal description or by
 reference to roadways, lakes and waterways, and township,

1 county boundaries;

2 (2) a finding that the zone area meets the
3 qualifications of Section 4;

4 (3) provisions for any tax incentives or reimbursement 5 for taxes, which, pursuant to State and federal law, apply 6 to businesses within the zone at the election of the 7 designating county or municipality, and that do not apply 8 generally throughout the county or municipality;

9 (4) a designation of the area as an Advanced Sciences 10 zone, subject to the approval of the Department in 11 accordance with this Act; and

(5) the duration or term of the Advanced Sciences Zone.
(d) This Section does not prohibit a municipality or county
from extending additional tax incentives or reimbursement for
businesses in Advanced Sciences Zones or throughout their
territory by separate ordinance.

(e) No county or municipality located within the Metro East Mass Transit District that adopts an ordinance designating an area within the District as an Advanced Sciences Zone may provide for any exemption, deduction, credit, refund or abatement of any taxes imposed by the Metro East Mass Transit District Board of Trustees under Section 5.01 of the Local Mass Transit District Act.

(f) The Department shall encourage applications from all
areas of the State and shall actively solicit applications from
those counties with populations of less than 300,000.

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Section 5.1. Application to the Department. A county or municipality that has adopted an ordinance designating an area as an Advanced Sciences Zone must make written application to the Department to have the proposed Advanced Sciences Zone certified by the Department as an Advanced Sciences Zone. The application must include:

7 (a) a certified copy of the ordinance designating the 8 proposed zone;

9 (b) a map of the proposed Advanced Sciences Zone, showing 10 existing streets and highways, the total area, and present use 11 and conditions generally of the land and structures within 12 those boundaries;

13 (c) evidence of community support and commitment from local 14 government, local workforce investment boards, school 15 districts, and other education institutions, business groups, 16 and the public;

17 (d) an analysis, and any appropriate supporting documents 18 and statistics, demonstrating that the proposed zone area is 19 qualified in accordance with Section 4;

(e) a statement detailing any tax, grant, and other financial incentives or benefits and any programs, to be provided by the municipality or county to businesses within the zone, other than those provided in the designating ordinance, that are not provided generally throughout the municipality or county;

(f) a statement setting forth the economic development and 1 2 planning objectives for the zone, including a description of the methods proposed to increase economic opportunity and 3 expansion, facilitate infrastructure improvement, reduce the 4 5 local regulatory burden, and identify job-training 6 opportunities;

7 (g) a statement describing the functions, programs, and 8 services to be performed by designated zone organizations 9 within the zone;

10 (h) an estimate of the economic impact of the zone, 11 considering all of the tax incentives, financial benefits, and 12 programs contemplated, upon the revenues of the municipality or 13 county;

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(i) a transcript of all public hearings on the zone;

(j) in the case of a joint application, a statement detailing the need for a zone covering portions of more than one municipality or county and a description of the agreement between the joint applicants; and

19 (k) any additional information as the Department, by rule,20 may require.

21 Section 5.2. Department review of Advanced Sciences Zone 22 applications.

(a) All applications that are to be considered and acted
upon by the Department during a calendar year must be received
by the Department no later than December 31 of the preceding

calendar year. Any application received on or after January 1
 of any calendar year must be held by the Department for
 consideration and action during the following calendar year.

4 (b) Upon receipt of an application from a county or 5 municipality, the Department shall review the application to 6 determine whether the designated area qualifies as an Advanced 7 Sciences zone under Section 4 of this Act.

8 (c) No later than May 1, the Department shall notify all 9 applicants of the Department's determination of the 10 qualification of their respective designated Advanced Sciences 11 Zone areas.

12 (d) If any such designated area is found to be qualified to be an Advanced Sciences Zone, the Department shall, no later 13 14 than May 15, publish a notice in at least one newspaper of 15 general circulation within the proposed zone area to notify the 16 general public of the application and their opportunity to 17 comment. The notice must include a description of the area and a brief summary of the application and must indicate locations 18 19 where the applicant has provided copies of the application for 20 public inspection. The notice must also indicate appropriate procedures for the filing of written comments from zone 21 22 residents, business, civic, and other organizations and 23 property owners to the Department.

(e) By July 1 of each calendar year, the Department shall
 either approve or deny all applications filed by December 31 of
 the preceding calendar year. If approval of an application

filed by December 31 of any calendar year is not received by July 1 of the following calendar year, the application is denied. If an application is denied, then the Department shall inform the county or municipality of the specific reasons for the denial.

6 (f) Preference in Designation. In determining which 7 designated areas are approved and certified as Advanced 8 Sciences Zones, the Department shall give preference to:

9 (1) Areas that have the widest support from the county 10 or municipality seeking to have such areas designated as 11 Advanced Sciences Zones, community residents, local 12 business, labor, and neighborhood organizations and where 13 there are plans for the disposal of publicly owned real 14 property as described in Section 10;

15 (2) Areas for which a specific plan has been submitted 16 to effect economic growth and expansion and neighborhood 17 revitalization for the benefit of Zone residents and existing business through efforts that may include, but 18 19 need not be limited to, a reduction of tax rates or fees, 20 an increase in the level and efficiency of local services, 21 and a simplification or streamlining of governmental 22 requirements applicable to employers or employees, taking 23 into account the resources available to the county or 24 municipality seeking to have an area designated as an 25 Advanced Sciences Zone to make such efforts;

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(3) Areas for which there is evidence of prior

consultation between the county or municipality seeking designation of an area as an Advanced Sciences Zone and business, labor, and neighborhood organizations within the proposed Zone;

5 (4) Areas for which a specific plan has been submitted 6 that will or may be expected to benefit zone residents and 7 workers by increasing their ownership opportunities and 8 participation in Advanced Sciences Zone development; and

9 (5) Areas in which specific governmental functions are 10 to be performed by designated neighborhood organizations 11 in partnership with the county or municipality seeking 12 designation of an area as an Advanced Sciences Zone.

Section 5.3. Certification of Advanced Sciences Zones;
effective date.

15 (a) The Approval of designated Advanced Sciences Zones must 16 be made by the Department by certification of the designating ordinance. The Department shall promptly issue a certificate 17 18 for each Advanced Sciences Zone upon its approval. The 19 certificate must be signed by the Director, must make specific reference to the designating ordinance, which must be attached 20 21 thereto, and must be filed in the office of the Secretary of 22 State. A certified copy, or duplicate original, of the Advanced Sciences Zone Certificate must be recorded in the office of 23 24 recorder of deeds of the county in which the Advanced Sciences 25 Zone lies.

1 (b) An Advanced Sciences Zone is be effective upon its 2 certification. The Department shall transmit a copy of the 3 certification to the Department of Revenue. Upon certification 4 of an Advanced Sciences Zone, the terms and provisions of the 5 designating ordinance are in effect, and may not be amended or 6 repealed except in accordance with Section 9.

(c) An Advanced Sciences Zone shall remain in effect for 30
calendar years, or for a lesser number of years specified in
the certified designating ordinance. An Advanced Sciences Zone
terminates at midnight of December 31 of the final calendar
year of the certified term, except as provided in Section 9.

Section 5.4. Amendment and decertification of Advanced Sciences Zones.

14 (a) The terms of a certified Advanced Sciences Zone15 designating ordinance may be amended to:

16 (1) alter the boundaries of the Advanced Sciences Zone;
17 (2) expand, limit, or repeal tax incentives or benefits
18 provided in the ordinance;

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(3) alter the termination date of the zone;

20 (4) make technical corrections in the Advanced 21 Sciences Zone designating ordinance, but such an amendment 22 is not effective unless the Department issues an amended 23 certificate for the Advanced Sciences Zone, approving the 24 amended designating ordinance. Upon the adoption of any 25 ordinance amending or repealing the terms of a certified

1 Advanced Sciences Zone designating ordinance, the 2 municipality or county shall promptly file, with the 3 Department, application for approval thereof, an containing substantially the same information as required 4 5 for an application under Section 6 insofar as material to the proposed changes. The municipality or county must hold 6 7 a public hearing on the proposed changes as specified in 8 Section 5 and, if the amendment is to limit tax abatements 9 under Section 5.4.1, then the public notice of the hearing 10 must state that property that is in both the Advanced 11 Sciences Zone and a redevelopment project area may not 12 receive tax abatements unless, within 60 days after the 13 adoption of the amendment to the designating ordinance, the 14 municipality has determined that eligibility for tax 15 abatements has been established;

(5) include an area within another municipality or
 county as part of the designated Advanced Sciences Zone if
 the requirements of Section 4 are complied with; or

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(6) limit tax abatements under Section 5.4.1.

(b) The Department shall approve or disapprove a proposed amendment to a certified Advanced Sciences Zone within 90 days after its receipt of the application from the municipality or county. The Department may not approve changes in a Zone that are not in conformity with this Act or with other applicable laws. If the Department issues an amended certificate for an Advanced Sciences Zone, then the amended certificate, together with the amended zone designating ordinance, must be filed,
 recorded, and transmitted as provided in Section 8.

3 (c) An Advanced Sciences Zone may be decertified by joint action of the Department and the designating county or 4 municipality in accordance with this Section. The designating 5 county or municipality shall conduct at least one public 6 7 hearing within the zone prior to its adoption of an ordinance 8 of decertification. The mayor of the designating municipality 9 or the chairman of the county board of the designating county 10 shall execute a joint decertification agreement with the 11 Department. A decertification of an Advanced Sciences Zone is 12 effective until at least 6 months after the execution of the 13 decertification agreement, which must be filed in the office of 14 the Secretary of State.

15 (d) An Advanced Sciences Zone may be decertified for cause 16 by the Department in accordance with this Section. Prior to 17 decertification:

18 (1) the Department shall notify the chief elected 19 official of the designating county or municipality in 20 writing of the specific deficiencies that provide cause for 21 decertification;

(2) the Department shall place the designating county
or municipality on probationary status for at least 6
months, during which time corrective action may be achieved
in the Advanced Sciences Zone by the designating county or
municipality; and

(3) the Department shall conduct at least one public
 hearing within the zone.

If such corrective action is not achieved during the 3 probationary period, the Department shall issue an amended 4 5 certificate signed by the Director decertifying the Advanced Sciences Zone, which must be filed in the office of the 6 7 Secretary of State. A certified copy, or duplicate original, of the amended Advanced Sciences Zone certificate must be recorded 8 9 in the office of recorder of the county in which the Advanced 10 Sciences Zone lies and must be provided to the chief elected 11 official of the designating county or municipality. The 12 decertification of an Advanced Sciences Zone does not become 13 effective until 60 days after the date of filing.

(e) In the event of a decertification, or an amendment 14 15 reducing the length of the term or the area of an Advanced 16 Sciences Zone or the adoption of an ordinance reducing or 17 eliminating tax benefits in an Advanced Sciences Zone, all benefits previously extended within the Zone under this Act or 18 under any other Illinois law providing benefits specifically to 19 20 or within Advanced Sciences Zones remain in effect for the original stated term of the Advanced Sciences Zone, with 21 respect to advanced-sciences business within the Zone on the 22 23 effective date of such decertification or amendment, and with respect to individuals participating in urban homestead 24 25 programs under this Act.

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(f) Except as otherwise provided in Section 5.4.1, with

respect to business Advanced Sciences (or expansions thereof) 1 2 that are proposed or under development within a Zone at the 3 time of a decertification or an amendment reducing the length of the term of the Zone, or excluding from the Zone area the 4 5 site of the proposed business, or an ordinance reducing or eliminating tax benefits in a Zone, are entitled to the 6 7 benefits previously applicable within the Zone for the original stated term of the Zone, if the business establishes: 8

9 (1) that the proposed business or expansion has been
10 committed to be located within the Zone;

(2) that substantial and binding financial obligations have been made towards the development of the business within the Zone; and

14 (3) that these commitments have been made in reasonable 15 reliance on the benefits and programs that were to have 16 applied to the business by reason of the Zone, including, 17 in the case of a reduction in term of a zone, the original 18 length of the term.

In declaratory judgment actions under this subsection (f), the Department and the designating municipality or county are necessary parties.

22 Section 5.4.1. Adoption of tax increment financing.

(a) If (i) a redevelopment project area is, will be, or has
been created by a municipality under Division 74.4 of the
Illinois Municipal Code, (ii) the redevelopment project area

contains property that is located in an Advanced Sciences Zone, 1 2 (iii) the municipality adopts an amendment to the Advanced 3 Sciences zone designating ordinance pursuant to Section 5.4 of this Act specifically concerning the abatement of taxes on 4 5 property located within a redevelopment project area created pursuant to Division 74.4 of the Illinois Municipal Code, and 6 (iv) the Department certifies the ordinance amendment, then the 7 8 property that is located in both the Advanced Sciences Zone and 9 the redevelopment project area is not eligible for the 10 abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax 11 Code.

12 No business or expansion or individual, however, that has 13 constructed a new improvement or renovated or rehabilitated an 14 existing improvement and has received an abatement on the 15 improvement under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code may 16 be denied any benefit previously extended within the zone under 17 this Act or under any other Illinois law providing benefits specifically to or within Advanced Sciences Zones. Moreover, if 18 19 the business or individual presents evidence to the 20 municipality, within 30 days after the adoption by the municipality of an amendment to the designating ordinance, the 21 22 sufficiency of which must be determined by findings of the 23 corporate authorities made within 30 days after the receipt of such evidence by the municipality, that before the date of the 24 25 notice of the public hearing provided by the municipality 26 regarding the amendment to the designating ordinance (i) the

business or expansion or individual was committed to locate 1 2 within the Advanced Sciences Zone, (ii) substantial and binding 3 financial obligations were made towards the development of the business, and (iii) those commitments were made in reasonable 4 5 reliance on the benefits and programs that were applicable to 6 the business or individual by reason of the Advanced Sciences 7 Zone, then the business or expansion or individual may not be 8 denied any benefit previously extended within the zone under 9 this Act or under any other Illinois law providing benefits 10 specifically to or within Advanced Sciences zones.

(b) This Section applies to all property located within both a redevelopment project area adopted under Division 74.4 of the Illinois Municipal Code and an Advanced Sciences Zone even if the redevelopment project area was adopted before the effective date of this Act.

16 (c) In declaratory judgment actions under this Section, the 17 Department and the designating municipality are necessary 18 parties.

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Section 6. Powers and duties of the Department.

20 The Department shall administer this Act and has the 21 following powers and duties:

(1) To monitor the implementation of this Act and
submit reports evaluating the effectiveness of the program
and any suggestions for legislation to the Governor and
General Assembly by October 1 of every year preceding a

1 regular Session of the General Assembly and to annually 2 report to the General Assembly initial and current 3 population, employment, per capita income, number of 4 business establishments, and dollar value of new 5 construction and improvements for each Advanced Sciences 6 Zone.

7 (2) To adopt all necessary rules to carry out the
8 purposes of this Act in accordance with The Illinois
9 Administrative Procedure Act.

10 (3) To assist municipalities and counties in obtaining
 11 federal status as an Advanced Sciences Zone.

Section 7. State incentives regarding public services and physical infrastructure.

(a) This Act does not restrict tax-incentive financing
 pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act.

(b) Priority in the use of industrial-development bonds
issued by the Illinois Finance Authority must be given to
businesses located in an Advanced Sciences Zone.

(c) The State Treasurer is authorized and encouraged to
 place deposits of State funds with financial institutions doing
 business in an Advanced Sciences Zone.

22 Section 8. Zone administration. The administration of an 23 Advanced Sciences Zone is under the jurisdiction of the 24 designating municipality or county. Each designating

municipality or county shall, by ordinance, designate a Zone 1 2 Administrator for the certified zones within its jurisdiction. A Zone Administrator must be an officer or employee of the 3 municipality or county. The Zone Administrator is the liaison 4 5 between the designating municipality or county, the Department, and any designated zone organizations within zones 6 7 under his or her jurisdiction.

A designating municipality or county may designate one or more organizations qualified under subsection (d) of Section 3 to be designated zone organizations for purposes of this Act. The municipality or county may, by ordinance, delegate functions within an Advanced Sciences Zone to one or more designated zone organizations in the zones.

14 Subject to the necessary governmental authorizations, 15 designated zone organizations may provide the following 16 services or perform the following functions in coordination 17 with the municipality or county:

18 (a) Provide or contract for provision of public services19 including, but not limited to:

20 (1) establishment of crime watch patrols within zone21 neighborhoods;

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(2) establishment of volunteer day care centers;

23 (3) organization of recreational activities for zone
 24 area youth;

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(4) garbage collection;

26 (5) street maintenance and improvements;

SB2109 - 21 - LRB096 11455 HLH 21932 b 1 (6) bridge maintenance and improvements; 2 (7) maintenance and improvement of water and sewer 3 lines: (8) energy conservation projects; 4 5 (9) health and clinic services; (10) drug abuse programs; 6 (11) senior citizen assistance programs; 7 8 (12) park maintenance; 9 (13) rehabilitation, renovation, and operation and 10 maintenance of low and moderate income housing; and 11 (14) other types of public services as provided by law 12 or regulation. 13 (b) Exercise authority for the enforcement of any code, permit, or licensing procedure within an Advanced Sciences 14 15 Zone. 16 (c) Provide a forum for business, labor, and government 17 action on zone innovations. (d) Apply for regulatory relief as provided in Section 8 of 18 this Act. 19 20 (e) Receive title to publicly owned land. 21 Perform any other functions that the responsible (f) 22 government entity may deem appropriate, including offerings 23 and contracts for insurance with businesses within the Zone. (q) Agree with local governments to provide any public 24 25 services within the zones by contracting with private firms and 26 organizations, where feasible and prudent.

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(h) Solicit and receive contributions to improve the
 quality of life in the Advanced Sciences Zone.

Section 11. Income tax deduction

4 (a) A taxpayer may receive a deduction against income 5 subject to State taxes for a contribution to a designated zone 6 organization if the project for which the contribution is made 7 has been specifically approved by the designating municipality 8 or county and by the Department.

9 (b) Any designated zone organization seeking to have a 10 project approved for contribution must submit an application to 11 the Department describing the nature and benefit of the project 12 and its potential contributors. The application must address 13 how the following criteria will be met:

14 (1) The project must contribute to the self-help15 efforts of the residents of the area involved.

16 (2) The project must involve the residents of the area17 in planning and implement the project.

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(3) The project's lack of sufficient resources.

19 (4) The designated zone organization must be fiscally20 responsible for the project.

(c) The project must enhance the Advanced Sciences Zone inone of the following ways:

23 (1) by creating permanent jobs;

24 (2) by physically improving the housing stock;

25 (3) stimulating neighborhood business activity; or

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(4) by preventing crime.

2 (d) If the designated zone organization demonstrates its 3 ability to meet the criteria in subsection (b), and will enhance the neighborhood in one or more of the ways listed in 4 5 subsection (c), then the Department shall approve the 6 organization's proposed projects and specify the amount of 7 contributions that it is eligible to receive for the project. Comments from State elected officials and county and municipal 8 9 officials in which all or part of the Advanced Sciences Zone 10 are located or in which the project is proposed to be located 11 must be solicited by the Department in making its decision.

12 (e) Within 45 days after the receipt of an application, the 13 Department shall give notice to the applicant as to whether the 14 application has been approved or disapproved. If the Department disapproves the application, then it shall specify the reasons 15 16 for this decision and allow 60 days for the applicant to amend 17 and resubmit its application. The Department shall provide assistance upon request to applicants. The Department must 18 approve or disapprove resubmitted applications within 30 days 19 20 after submission. Those resubmitted applications satisfying 21 initial Department objectives must be approved unless 22 reasonable circumstances warrant disapproval.

(f) On an annual basis, the designated zone organization shall furnish a statement to the Department on the programmatic and financial status of any approved project and an audited financial statement of the project. - 24 - LRB096 11455 HLH 21932 b

(g) For any project that is approved and for which there is 1 2 a specified amount of contributions that the designated Zone 3 Organization may receive for approved project as provided in subsection (d) of this Section, the designated 4 zone 5 organization shall provide to the Department any information necessary to determine the eligibility of a contribution to the 6 7 project for a deduction under Section 203 of the Illinois 8 Income Tax Act. The Department shall certify to the Department 9 of Revenue the taxpayers eligible for and the amounts of 10 contributions which those taxpayers may claim as a deduction 11 under Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The total of 12 all actual contributions approved by the Department for 13 deductions under this Section may not exceed \$15,400,000 in any 14 one calendar year.

15 Section 11.1. Notification of business cessation. Any 16 business located within the Advanced Sciences Zone that has received tax credits or exemptions, regulatory relief, or any 17 18 other benefits under this Act shall notify the Department and the county and municipal officials in which the Advanced 19 20 Sciences Zone is located within 60 days after the cessation of 21 any business operations conducted within the Advanced Sciences 22 Zone.

Section 12-1. Sections 12-1 through 12-10 of this Act may
be cited as the Advanced Sciences Zone Loan Law.

Section 12-2. Definitions. Unless the context clearly
 requires otherwise:

3 "Financial institution" means a trust company, a bank, a 4 savings bank, a credit union, an investment bank, a broker, an 5 investment trust, a pension fund, a building and loan 6 association, a savings and loan association, an insurance 7 company, or any venture capital company that is authorized to 8 do business in the State.

9 "Participating lender" means financial institution 10 approved by the Department that assumes a portion of the 11 financing for a business project.

"Business" means a for-profit, legal entity located in an Advanced Sciences Zone including, but not limited to, any sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, joint venture, association, or cooperative.

16 "Loan" means an agreement or contract to provide a loan or 17 other financial aid to a business.

18 "Project" means any specific economic development activity of a commercial, industrial, manufacturing, agricultural, 19 scientific, service, or other business in an Advanced Sciences 20 21 Zone, the result of which yields an increase in jobs and may 22 include the purchase or lease of machinery and equipment, the lease or purchase of real property or funds for infrastructure 23 24 necessitated by site preparation, building construction, or related purposes. "Project" does not include refinancing 25

1 current debt.

Section 12-3. Powers and duties. The Department has the power to:

4 (a) Provide loans from the funds appropriated to a business
5 undertaking a project and accept mortgages or other evidences
6 of indebtedness or security of such business.

7 (b) Enter into agreements, accept funds or grants, and 8 cooperate with agencies of the federal government, local units 9 of government, and local regional economic development 10 corporations or organizations for the purposes of carrying out 11 this Law.

12 (c) Enter into contracts, letters of credit, or any other 13 agreements or contracts with financial institutions necessary 14 or desirable to carry out the purposes of this Law. Any such 15 agreement or contract may include, without limitation, terms 16 and provisions relating to a specific project, such as loan documentation, review and approval procedures, organization 17 and servicing rights, default conditions, and other program 18 19 aspects.

(d) Fix, determine, charge, and collect any premiums, fees,
charges, costs and expenses, including application fees,
commitment fees, program fees, financing charges, or
publication fees in connection with its activities under this
Law.

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(e) Establish application, notification, contract, and

1 other procedures, rules, or regulations deemed necessary and 2 appropriate.

3 (f) Subject to the provisions of any contract with another 4 person and consent to the modification or restructuring of any 5 loan agreement to which the Department is a party.

6 (q) Take any actions that are necessary or appropriate to 7 protect the State's interest in the event of bankruptcy, 8 default, foreclosure, or noncompliance with the terms and 9 conditions of financial assistance or participation provided 10 under this Act, including the power to sell, dispose, lease, or 11 rent, upon terms and conditions determined by the Director to 12 be appropriate, real or personal property that the Department 13 may receive as a result thereof.

(h) Acquire and accept by gift, grant, purchase, or 14 15 otherwise, but not by condemnation, fee simple title, or such 16 lesser interest as may be desired, in land, to improve or 17 arrange for the improvement of that land for industrial or commercial site development purposes, and to lease or convey 18 19 such land or interest in land so acquired and so improved, 20 including sale and conveyance subject to a mortgage, for such price, upon such terms, and at such time as the Department may 21 22 determine. Prior to exercising his or her authority under this 23 subsection, the Director must find that other means of financing and developing any such project are not reasonably 24 25 available and that such action is consistent with the purposes and policies of this Law. 26

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(i) Exercise such other powers as are necessary or
 incidental to the foregoing.

Section 12-4. Loans. Any loan made under this Law:

4 (a) may be made only if a participating lender, or other 5 funding source including the applicant, also provides a portion of the financing with respect to the project and only if the 6 Department determines, on the basis of all the information 7 8 available to it, that the project would not be undertaken in 9 Illinois unless the loan is provided. Financing from another 10 funding source may be in the form of a loan, letter of credit, 11 guarantee, loan participation, bond purchase, direct cash 12 payment or other form approved by the Department.

(b) may finance no more than 25% of the total amount of any single project and may only be approved for amounts not to exceed \$2,000,000 for any single project, unless waived by the Director upon a finding that a waiver is appropriate to accomplish the purposes of this Law.

18 (c) must be protected by adequate security satisfactory to19 the Department to secure payment of the loan agreement.

(d) must be in any principal amount and form and contain any terms and provisions with respect to property insurance, repairs, alterations, payment of taxes and assessments, delinquency charges, default remedies, additional security, and other matters that the Department determines is adequate to protect the public interest. 1 (e) must include provisions to call the loan agreement as 2 due and payable if the project is not completed, if the project 3 fails to generate anticipated employment opportunities, or if 4 the business ceases to operate the project.

5 (f) may be made only after the Department has determined 6 that the loan will cause a project to be undertaken that has 7 the potential to create substantial employment in relation to 8 the principal amount of the loan.

9 (g) may be made only with a business that has certified the 10 project is a new plant start-up or expansion and is not a 11 relocation of an existing business from another site in 12 Illinois unless that relocation results in substantial 13 employment growth.

Section 12-5. Loan applications. Applications for loans 14 15 must be submitted to the Department on forms and subject to 16 filing fees prescribed by the Department. The Department is not prohibited from soliciting such applications. The Department 17 shall conduct any investigation and obtain any information 18 concerning the business as is necessary and diligent to 19 20 complete a loan agreement. The Department's investigation must 21 include facts about the company's history, job opportunities, 22 stability of employment, past and present condition and structure, actual and pro-forma income statements, present and 23 future market prospects, management qualifications, and any 24 25 other aspect material to the financing request.

After consideration of this information and after any other action that is deemed appropriate, the Department shall approve or deny the application. If the Department approves the application, its approval must specify the amount of funds to be provided and the loan agreement provisions. Department shall promptly notify the business of its approval or denial of the application.

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Section 12-6. Advanced Sciences Zone Loan Fund.

9 (a) The Advanced Sciences Zone Loan Fund is created as a 10 special fund in the State treasury. The Department is 11 authorized to make loans from the Fund for the purposes 12 established under this Law. The State Treasurer has custody of the Fund and may invest in securities constituting direct 13 14 obligations of the United States Government, in obligations the 15 principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United 16 States Government, or in certificates of deposit of any State or national bank that are fully secured by obligations 17 18 guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States Government. The purpose of the Fund is to offer loans to 19 20 finance firms considering the location of a proposed business 21 in a certified Advanced Sciences Zone and to provide financing 22 to carry out the purposes and provisions of paragraph (h) of Section 12-3 of this Law. This financing must be in the form of 23 24 a loan, mortgage, or other debt instrument. All loans must be 25 conditioned on the project receiving financing from

participating lenders or other sources. Loan proceeds must be 1 2 available for project costs associated with an expansion of 3 business capacity and employment, except for debt refinancing. New ventures shall be considered only if the entity is 4 protected with adequate security with regard to its financing 5 and operation. The limitations and conditions with respect to 6 7 the use of this Fund do not apply in carrying out the purposes and provisions of paragraph (h) of Section 12-3 of this Law. 8

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(b) Deposits in the Fund include, but are not limited to:

10 (1) All receipts, including principal and interest
11 payments, royalties or other payments, from any loan made
12 by the Department under this Law.

(2) All proceeds of assets of whatever nature received
by the Department as a result of default and delinquency
with respect to loans made under this Law, including
proceeds from the sale, disposal, lease or rental of real
or personal property which the Department may receive as a
result thereof.

19 (3) Any appropriations, grants or gifts made to the20 Fund.

(4) Any income received from interest on investments of
amounts from the Fund not currently needed to meet the
obligations of the Fund.

24 Section 12-7. Construction. Nothing in this Law may be 25 construed as creating any rights of a competitor of an approved

borrower or any applicant whose application is denied by the Department to challenge any application which is accepted by the Department and any loan or other agreement executed in connection therewith.

5 Section 12-8. Confidentiality. Any documentary materials or data made or received by any member, agent, or employee of 6 the Department is deemed to be confidential and is not a public 7 8 record to the extent that such materials or data consist of 9 trade secrets, commercial, or financial information regarding 10 the operation of any business conducted by an applicant for or 11 recipient of any form of assistance under this Law or 12 information regarding the competitive position of such business in a particular field of endeavor. 13

14 Section 12-9. Report. On January 1 of each year, the 15 Department shall report on its operation of the Fund for the 16 preceding fiscal year to the Governor and the General Assembly.

17 Section 12-10. Federal programs. The Department is 18 authorized to accept and expend federal moneys pursuant to this Law except that terms and conditions hereunder that are 19 20 inconsistent with or prohibited by the federal authorization under which such moneys are made available do apply with 21 22 respect to the expenditure of such moneys.

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Section 13. Advanced sciences investment tax credit.

2 (a) Any taxpayer primarily engaged in advanced sciences 3 activities with an Advanced Sciences Zone that pays its employees that work a minimum of 30 hours per week within the 4 5 State a median annual wage equal or greater than 125% of the average annual wage paid by all employers in the State to 6 7 employees that work a minimum of 30 hours per week within the State and that provides benefits typical to the biotechnology 8 9 industry, is allowed a credit of 10% of the cost or other basis 10 for federal tax purposes of tangible personal property and 11 other tangible property, including buildings and structural 12 components of buildings acquired, constructed, reconstructed, 13 or leased with situs in Illinois and principally used in advanced science activities after December 31, 2007. 14

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For the purposes of this subsection:

16 "Principally engaged in advanced sciences activities" 17 means the company's sales of advanced sciences products or related development 18 costs to the of advanced sciences-products constitute at least 50% of its overall 19 20 receipts or its overall costs respectively.

21 "Tangible personal property" and "other tangible 22 property" includes buildings and structural components of 23 buildings acquired, constructed, reconstructed, or leased 24 with situs in Illinois and principally used in the 25 production of advanced sciences products:

26 (1) is depreciable pursuant to 26 USC. Section 167,

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1 (2) has a useful life of 4 years or more, and

2 (3) is acquired by purchase as defined in 26 U.S.C.
3 § 179(d), or

4 (4) is acquired by lease based on the fair market
5 value of the property at the inception of the lease
6 times the portion of the depreciable life of the
7 property represented by the term of the lease,
8 excluding renewal options, for a term of twenty (20)
9 years; and

(5) does not include vehicles or furniture.

"Employees" means those that work a minimum of 30 hours per week within the State with benefits typical to the advanced sciences industry.

14 "Wages" means all remuneration paid for personal 15 services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash 16 value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than 17 cash and all other remuneration which is defined as taxable 18 wages by the Internal Revenue Service, as certified by the 19 department of labor and training.

(b) Except as provided under subsection (c), if the amount of credit allowable for any taxable year is less than the amount of credit available to the taxpayer, then any amount of credit not used in the taxable year will be available the following year or years not to exceed 15 years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for the year or years.

(c) The credit may be extended beyond 7 years only in a

year in which:

2 (1) The company maintains an average quarterly number 3 of employees for each calendar year that is 9.5% greater 4 than average quarter number of employees in the 4th year of 5 the initial credit;

6 (2) The company's average quarterly median wage is not 7 less than the company's average of its quarterly median 8 wage for the 3 previous calendar years;

9 (3) The company pays its employees a median annual wage 10 equal or greater than 125% of the average annual wage paid 11 by all employers in the State. ; and

12 (4) The Department certifies to the Department of
13 Revenue that the criteria in (1) - (3) have been met.

14 Unused credits after the 7th year are forfeited permanently 15 if any of these wage and employment criteria are unmet after 16 the 7th year.

The taxpayer may determine the order in which the credits generated in different tax years are used, provided that credits available for more than 7 years may not reduce current year liability by more than 75%.

Section 14. Advanced Sciences Zone Financial AssistanceProgram.

(a) The Department shall establish an Advanced Sciences
 Zone Financial Assistance Program to established a tax benefit
 certificate transfer program to allow persons in designated

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Advanced Sciences Zones in this State with unused amounts of 1 2 tax credits otherwise allowable that cannot be applied for the credit's tax year due to the limitations and unused net 3 operating loss carryover, to surrender those tax benefits for 4 5 use by other taxpayers in this State, provided that the 6 surrendered tax benefits taxpayer receiving the is not. 7 affiliated with a corporation that is surrendering its tax 8 benefits under the Program. For the purposes of this Section, 9 the test of affiliation is whether the same entity directly or 10 indirectly owns or controls 5% or more of the voting rights or 11 5% or more of the value of all classes of stock of both the 12 taxpayer receiving the benefits and a corporation that is 13 surrendering the benefits. The tax benefits may be used on the 14 tax returns to be filed by those taxpayers in exchange for 15 private financial assistance to be provided by the corporate 16 taxpayer that is the recipient of the tax benefit certificate 17 to assist in the funding of costs incurred by the new or expanding emerging technology and biotechnology company. 18

19 (b) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of 20 Revenue, shall review and approve applications by new or expanding advanced sciences entities in this State with unused 21 22 but otherwise allowable carryover of research and development 23 tax credits, and unused but otherwise allowable net operating loss carryover pursuant, to surrender those tax benefits in 24 25 exchange for private financial assistance to be made by the 26 business taxpayer that is the recipient of the corporation

business tax benefit certificate in an amount equal to at least 1 2 75% of the amount of the surrendered tax benefit. Provided that the amount of the surrendered tax benefit for a surrendered 3 research and development tax credit carryover is the amount of 4 5 the credit, and provided that the amount of the surrendered tax benefit for a surrendered net operating loss carryover is the 6 7 amount of the loss multiplied by the new or expanding advanced 8 sciences company's anticipated allocation factor for the tax 9 year in which the benefit is transferred and subsequently 10 multiplied by the corporation business tax rate provided 11 pursuant. The Department is authorized to approve the transfer 12 of no more than \$50,000,000 each State fiscal year. If the total amount of transferable tax benefits requested to be 13 surrendered by approved applicants exceeds \$50,000,000 for 14 State fiscal year, the Department, in cooperation with the 15 16 Department of Revenue, may not approve the transfer of more 17 than \$50,000,000 for State fiscal and shall allocate the transfer of tax benefits by approved companies using the 18 19 following method:

(1) an eligible applicant with \$250,000 or less of
transferable tax benefits is authorized to surrender the
entire amount of its transferable tax benefits;

(2) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 of
transferable tax benefits is authorized to surrender a
minimum of \$250,000 of its transferable tax benefits;
(3) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 of

transferable tax benefits that was approved to surrender 1 2 tax benefits in the prior fiscal year is authorized to surrender a minimum of 50% of the transferable tax benefits 3 surrendered in the prior fiscal year or \$250,000, whichever 4 5 is greater, provided that the amount of transferable tax 6 benefits authorized may not exceed the applicant's 7 transferable tax benefits for the current fiscal year;

8 (4) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 is 9 also authorized to surrender additional transferable tax 10 benefits determined by multiplying the applicant's 11 transferable tax benefits less the minimum transferable 12 tax benefits that company is authorized to surrender under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection by a fraction, the 13 14 numerator of which is the total amount of transferable tax 15 benefits that the authority is authorized to approve less 16 the total amount of transferable tax benefit approved under 17 paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (5) of this subsection and denominator of which is the total 18 the amount of 19 transferable tax benefits requested to be surrendered by 20 all eligible applicants less the total amount of 21 transferable tax benefits approved under paragraphs (1), 22 (2), (3), and (5) of this subsection.

For purposes of this section transferable tax benefits include an eligible applicant's unused but otherwise allowable carryover of net operating losses multiplied by the applicant's anticipated allocation factor for the tax year in which the

benefit is transferred and subsequently multiplied by the 1 2 corporation business tax rate as provided plus the total amount 3 of the applicant's unused but otherwise allowable carryover of research and development tax credits. An eligible applicant's 4 5 transferable tax benefits are limited to net operating losses and research and development tax credits that the applicant 6 7 requests to surrender in its application to the authority and 8 may not, in total, exceed the maximum amount of tax benefits 9 that the applicant is eligible to surrender.

10 The maximum lifetime value of surrendered tax benefits that 11 a corporation is permitted to surrender pursuant to the program 12 is \$10,000,000.

Applications must be received on or before June 30 for eachState fiscal year.

The private financial assistance shall be used to fund 15 16 expenses incurred in connection with the operation of the new 17 or expanding advanced sciences company in the State, including but not limited to the expenses of fixed assets, such as the 18 construction and acquisition and development of real estate, 19 20 start-up, fit-out, materials, tenant working capital, 21 salaries, research and development expenditures, and any other 22 expenses determined by the Department to be necessary to carry 23 out the purposes of the Advanced Sciences Zone.

(c) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of
 Revenue, shall review and approve applications by taxpayers to
 acquire surrendered tax benefits approved pursuant to

subsection (b) of this Section, which must be issued in the 1 2 form of business tax benefit transfer certificates, in exchange for private financial assistance to be made by the taxpayer in 3 an amount equal to at least 75% of the amount of 4 the 5 surrendered tax benefit of an advanced sciences company in the 6 State. A business tax benefit transfer certificate may not be 7 issued unless the applicant certifies that, as of the date of 8 the exchange of the business tax benefit certificate, it is 9 operating as a new or expanding advanced sciences company and 10 has no current intention to cease operating as a new or 11 expanding advanced sciences company.

12 The private financial assistance shall assist in funding 13 expenses incurred in connection with the operation of the new or advanced sciences company in the State, including but not 14 limited to the 15 expenses of fixed assets, such as the 16 construction and acquisition and development of real estate, 17 start-up, tenant fit-out, working materials, capital, salaries, research and development expenditures, and any other 18 19 expenses determined by the Department to be necessary to carry 20 out the purposes of the Advanced Sciences Zone Act.

(d) The Department shall coordinate the applications for surrender and acquisition of unused but otherwise allowable tax benefits pursuant to this Section in a manner that can best stimulate and encourage the extension of private financial assistance to new and expanding advanced sciences in this State. The applications shall be submitted and the authority

1 shall approve or disapprove the applications.

2 The Department shall develop criteria for the approval or disapproval of applications. Such criteria shall include, but 3 need not be limited to, an evaluation of the advanced sciences 4 5 company's actual or potential scientific and technological 6 determination that viability, а the advanced sciences 7 company's principal products or services are sufficiently 8 innovative to provide a competitive advantage, a determination 9 that the proposed financial assistance will result in 10 significant growth in permanent, full-time employment in the 11 State, a determination made by the authority that the advanced 12 sciences company does not have sufficient resources to operate 13 in the short term or cannot secure financial assistance from 14 venture capital, stock issuance, product sales revenue, a 15 parent corporation or other affiliates, bank or any other 16 method of obtaining capital, and a determination that the 17 assistance provided financial pursuant to this Act demonstrates the prospect of a significant positive change in 18 19 the applicant's net income. The Department shall establish the weight of importance to be given each criterion used in its 20 21 application approval process. No application shall be approved 22 in which the advanced sciences company: (1) has demonstrated 23 positive net income in any of the 3 previous 5 full years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements; 24 25 (2) has demonstrated a ratio in excess of 110% or greater of 26 operating revenues divided by operating expenses in any of the

3 previous 5 full years of operations as determined on its 1 2 financial statements; or (3) is directly or indirectly at least a majority of the company is owned or controlled by another 3 corporation that has demonstrated positive net income in any of 4 5 the 3 previous 5 full years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements or is part of a consolidated group 6 of affiliated corporations, as filed for federal income tax 7 8 purposes, that in the aggregate has demonstrated positive net 9 income in any of the 3 previous 5 full years of ongoing 10 operations as determined on its combined financial statements.

Once an application has been approved, the applicant shall be permitted to surrender, subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (b) of this Section and the net operating loss carryover tax credit carryover time periods, the surrendered tax benefits that are requested in the application regardless of whether the applicant continues to meet the eligibility criteria set forth in the act in subsequent years.

The Department shall require a business taxpayer that 18 acquires a business tax benefit certificate to enter into a 19 20 written agreement with the advanced sciences company concerning the terms and conditions of the private financial 21 22 assistance made in exchange for the certificate.

23 Section 905. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 24 changing Section 203 and by adding Section 218 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

2 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

3 (a) Individuals.

4 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 5 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 6 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 7 (2).

8 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred 9 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the 10 sum of the following amounts:

11 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 12 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 13 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 14 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 15 stock dividends of qualified public utilities 16 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 17 Code;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of adjusted gross income for the
taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during
 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
 for which a deduction was previously taken under

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subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that portion of the total taxes for the entire property which is attributable to such principal residence;

8 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 9 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 10 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 11 computation of adjusted gross income;

12 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 13 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 14 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on 15 16 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 17 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 18 19 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

20 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 21 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 22 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted 23 gross income and for which the individual claims a 24 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

25(D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an26amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken

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on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 4 5 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 6 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 7 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 8 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an deductions 9 taken in all taxable years under 10 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

18 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 19 modification under this subparagraph only once with 20 respect to any one piece of property;

21 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 22 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 23 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 24 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 25 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 26 member of the same unitary business group but for the

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fact that foreign person's business activity outside 1 2 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 4 5 who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 9 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 10 11 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 12 extent that dividends were included in base income of 13 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 14 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 15 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 16 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 17 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 18 19 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to 20 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

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with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 12 person did not have as a principal purpose the 13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 16 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 4 5 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 6 7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 10 and such regulations provide methods and standards 11 by which the Department will utilize its authority 12 under Section 404 of this Act;

of apportionment under Section 304(f).

13 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 18 foreign person who would be a member of the same 19 unitary business group but for the fact that the 20 foreign person's business activity outside the United 21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 26 from being included in the unitary business group

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because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 1 2 business income under different subsections of Section 3 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 4 5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 6 7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 8 business group (including amounts included in gross 9 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 11 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 12 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 13 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 14 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 15 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 16 reduction to the addition modification required under 17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 18 19 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 20 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 21 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 22 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 23 incurred, directly or indirectly, losses from 24 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 25 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 26 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and

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costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 18 following:

19(a) the person during the same taxable20year paid, accrued, or incurred, the21intangible expense or cost to a person that is22not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the
intangible expense or cost between the
taxpayer and the person did not have as a
principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

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income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 4 5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 7 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 8 9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 10 writing to the application or use of an alternative 11 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 adjustment Director from making any other 14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 18 and such regulations provide methods and standards 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary

business group but for the fact that the person is 1 2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 3 included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business 4 5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 6 7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 8 included in base income of the unitary group for the 9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 11 (including amounts included in gross income under 12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 15 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 16 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 17 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 18 19 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or 20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the

State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 1 2 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 3 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 4 5 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 6 7 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 8 9 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from 10 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 11 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 12 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) 13 adopts and determines that its offering materials 14 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 15 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 16 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 17 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to 18 19 inform financial intermediaries distributing the 20 program to inform in-state residents of the existence 21 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least 22 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from 23 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts if it makes disclosures (which may use the term

"in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 1 2 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 3 name) (i) directly to prospective programs by participants in its offering materials or makes a 4 5 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) applicable, to intermediaries 6 where selling the 7 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 8 out-of-state program distributes its offering 9 materials:

10 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after 11 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from 12 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State 14 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the 15 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income 16 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section.

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 18 following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 19 20 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 21 any compensation (including but not limited to any 22 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 23 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 24 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 25 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 26 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a

governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 1 2 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a 3 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 4 5 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National 6 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 7 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 8 9 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in 10 respect of any compensation (including but not limited 11 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 12 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 13 resident by reason of being a member of any component 14 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 15 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 16 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 17 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 18 19 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after 20 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 21 22 state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 23 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 24

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),

402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the 1 2 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as 3 distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental 4 5 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 6 7 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 8 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 9 thereto;

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
of taxable income;

19 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 20 such total which were paid by a corporation which 21 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 22 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or 23 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 24 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 25 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise 26 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or 1

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zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(J-5) The amount of any contribution certified by the Department and made by the taxpayer during the taxable year under Section 11 of the Advanced Sciences Zone Act. This subparagraph (J-5) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 9 such total that were paid by a corporation that 10 conducts business operations in a federally designated 11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 12 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 14 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 16 this subparagraph (K);

17 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
18 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
19 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
20 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code;

(M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of

expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 1 2 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 3 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 4 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of 5 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 6 7 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 10 total which are exempt from taxation by this State 11 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 12 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 13 United States; provided that, in the case of any 14 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 15 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 16 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 17 of bond premium amortization;

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

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(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such

total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;

(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted 8 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 10 medical care savings account established under the 11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care 12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 14 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

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Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 4 5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 8 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 10 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care 11 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 12 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on 13 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does 14 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that income, 15 taxpayer's self-employment income, or 16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no 17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 18 19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 25 a number that represents the fractional times 26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

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213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 10 extent includible in gross income for federal income 11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 18 19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 21 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

however, this subtraction from federal 1 provided, 2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 4 5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 8 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 14 of Section 250;

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15 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 16 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 17 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 18 19 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 20 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal considered 21 Revenue Code shall not be moneys 22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 24 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 25 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 26 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid

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Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before 21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December25 31, 2005:

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(i) for property on which a bonus

1depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted2basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by330 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by40.429); and

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus 6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 8 1.0.

9 amount deducted under The aggregate this 10 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 11 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 12 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 13 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 14 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 15 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 16 Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition

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modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

11 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 12 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 13 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 14 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 15 modification with respect to such transaction under 16 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 17 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 18 19 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 20 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 21 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 22 is required to make an addition modification with 23 such transaction under respect to Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 25 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) 26 is

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exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 3 account for the taxable year (net into of the with deductions allocable thereto) 4 respect to 5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 7 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 11 who would be a member of the same unitary business 12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 15 required to apportion business income under different 16 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 17 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) 18 under for year 19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 21 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

the fact that the foreign person's business activity 1 2 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 4 5 who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 9 required to apportion business income under different 10 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 11 addition modification required to be made for the same 12 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 13 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 15 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 16 provisions of Section 250.

17 (b) Corporations.

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(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
25 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions

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received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

7 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 8 9 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 10 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 11 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) 13 of Internal the Revenue Code, 14 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 15 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 16 law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than

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those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating 18 19 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 20 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 21 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 22 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed 23 independently under the preceding provisions of this 24 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs

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that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

4 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 5 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 6 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 7 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 12 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 13 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 14 deductions taken in all taxable years under 15 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 17 the last day of the last tax year for which the 18 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 19 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 20 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 21 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount 22 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise

allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 1 2 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 3 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 4 5 member of the same unitary business group but for the 6 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 7 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 16 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 17 extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 19 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 20 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 21 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 22 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 23 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 25 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 26 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other 5 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 6 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 7 with respect to such interest; or

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 10 the taxpayer can establish, based on а 11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 12 following:

13 (a) the person, during the same taxable 14 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest 15 to a person that is not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 17 interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 19 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 20 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 21 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 22 terms; or

23 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 24 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 25 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 26 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and

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terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 11 Director from making any other adjustment 12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 13 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 14 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 15 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 16 and such regulations provide methods and standards 17 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 18

19 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 24 foreign person who would be a member of the same 25 unitary business group but for the fact that the 26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

States is 80% or more of that person's total business 1 2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 4 5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 6 from being included in the unitary business group 7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 8 9 304. The addition modification required by this 10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 12 group for the same taxable year and received by the 13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 14 business group (including amounts included in gross 15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 23 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 1 2 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 4 5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 6 7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 8 9 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 11 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 24 following:

(a) the person during the same taxableyear paid, accrued, or incurred, the

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intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 13 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 16 writing to the application or use of an alternative 17 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 19 Director from making any other adjustment 20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 24 and such regulations provide methods and standards 25 by which the Department will utilize its authority 26 under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-14) For taxable years ending on or after 1 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 2 3 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 4 5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 6 7 business group but for the fact that the person is 8 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 9 included in the unitary business group because he or 10 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 11 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 12 addition modification required by this subparagraph 13 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 14 included in base income of the unitary group for the 15 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 17 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 18 19 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 20 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 21 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 22 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 23 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 24 25 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or 26 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

(E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;
and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 18 19 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of 20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 21 22 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all 24 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 25 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 26 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and

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(ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13,
 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
 provisions of Section 250;

6 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 8 9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 10 United States; provided that, in the case of any 11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 14 of bond premium amortization;

15 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 16 such total which were paid by a corporation which 17 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 18 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or 19 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 20 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts 21 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise 22 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or 23 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 24 provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated 2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 3 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 5 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 7 this subparagraph (L);

8 that financial (M) For any taxpayer is а 9 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 10 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 11 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 12 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 13 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone 14 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 15 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 16 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 17 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 18 19 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 20 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 21 22 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 23 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise 24 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The 25 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any 26 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the

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total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(M-1) For 6 any taxpayer that is a financial 7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 11 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business 12 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 13 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 14 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 15 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 16 17 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for 18 19 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 20 date that it was placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 21 22 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 23 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 24 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 25 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 26 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the 5 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 6 7 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a 8 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of 9 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 10 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the 11 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 12 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under 13 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. 14 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of 15 Section 250;

16(N-5) The amount of any contribution certified by17the Department and made by the taxpayer during the18taxable year under Section 11 of the Advanced Sciences19Zone Act. This subparagraph (N-5) is exempt from the20provisions of Section 250;

(0) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
equal to the percentage allowable under Section
24 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
amount by which dividends included in taxable income

1 and received from a corporation that is not created or 2 organized under the laws of the United States or any 3 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 4 5 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 8 9 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, 10 and including, for taxable years ending on or after 11 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive 12 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income 13 14 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or 15 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 16 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, 17 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 18 19 dividends received from captive real estate а 20 investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of 21 22 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 23 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 24 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 25 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 26 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related

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to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

11 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an 12 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer 13 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under 14 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 15 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 16 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or 17 insurer in the taxable year to reciprocal the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 18 19 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the 20 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of 22 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of 23 Section 250:

(S) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a

shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 1 2 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 3 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 4 5 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 6 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December26 31, 2005:

bonus 1 (i) for property on which а 2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 4 5 0.429); and 6 (ii) for property on which а bonus 7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 8 9 1.0.

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this 11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 15 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 16 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of 17 Section 250;

(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

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was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the 8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of 10 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 11 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 12 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 13 modification with respect to such transaction under 14 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 15 16 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any 17 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 18 19 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 20 is required to make an addition modification with 21 respect to such transaction under Section 22 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 23 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 24 25 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 26 into account for the taxable year with respect to a

1 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 2 addition modification with respect to such transaction 3 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 4 5 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 6 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 9 into account for the taxable year (net of the 10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 17 who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 21 required to apportion business income under different 22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 23 addition modification required to be made for the same 24 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 26 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)

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is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

2 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 3 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 4 5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 7 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 11 who would be a member of the same unitary business 12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 15 required to apportion business income under different 16 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 17 addition modification required to be made for the same Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) 18 taxable under year for 19 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 21 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the 22 provisions of Section 250. (Y)

(3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
"gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
the gross investment income for the taxable year.

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(c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of 6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph 7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the 8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 12 in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

1 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 2 3 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 4 5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 6 7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 8 9 the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed: 10

11 (i) the addition modification relating to the 12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 14 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 16 which related to that net operating loss and which 17 was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and 18

19 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 22 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 23 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the

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addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

15 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 17 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 18 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 19 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

20 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code; and

25 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 7 the last day of the last tax year for which the 8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 10 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 11 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount 12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 14 modification under this subparagraph only once with 15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 18 19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 21 member of the same unitary business group but for the 22 fact that the foreign person's business activity 23 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 24 25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

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group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 1 2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 4 5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 6 7 extent that dividends were included in base income of 8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 13 14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 15 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 16 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer can establish, based on a

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preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 8 person did not have as a principal purpose the 9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 12 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment 2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 4 5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 6 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 7 under Section 404 of this Act; 8

9 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 10 11 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 12 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 14 foreign person who would be a member of the same 15 unitary business group but for the fact that the 16 foreign person's business activity outside the United 17 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 18 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 20 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 21 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 22 from being included in the unitary business group 23 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 24 25 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 26

dividends were included in base income of the unitary 1 2 group for the same taxable year and received by the 3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross 4 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 5 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 6 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 7 8 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 9 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 10 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 11 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 12 dividends caused a reduction to addition the 13 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 14 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 15 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)16 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 17 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 18 19 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 20 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 21 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 22 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 23 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 24 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 25 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 26 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,

trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 1 2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 3 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs accrued, or incurred, directly 4 paid, or 5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 6 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 7 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 8 9 to such item; or 10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following: 15 (a) the person during the same taxable 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, year the 17 intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and 18 19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 20 intangible expense or cost between the 21 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 22 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 23 24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 25 or 26 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, incurred, directly accrued, or or 2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 3 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 4 5 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 6 writing to the application or use of an alternative 7 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 8 9 Director making any other from adjustment 10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 14 and such regulations provide methods and standards 15 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 16

17 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 18 19 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 20 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 23 business group but for the fact that the person is 24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 25 included in the unitary business group because he or 26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

income under different subsections of Section 304. The 1 2 addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 3 included in base income of the unitary group for the 4 5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a the taxpayer's unitary business 6 member of group 7 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 8 9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 11 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 12 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 13 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that

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14 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 15 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or 16 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act.

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 8 9 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 10 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 11 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 12 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 13 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 14 that, in the case of any statute of this State that 15 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations 16 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount 17 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium 18 amortization;

19 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 20 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 22 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 23 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 24 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 25 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 26 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for

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taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which 7 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 8 9 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 10 11 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts 12 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise 13 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or 14 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 250;

16(M-5) The amount of any contribution certified by17the Department and made by the taxpayer during the18taxable year under Section 11 of the Advanced Sciences19Zone Act. This subparagraph (M-5) is exempt from the20provisions of Section 250;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(0) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that
 conducts business operations in a federally designated

Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (0);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

12 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 13 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 14 extent includible in gross income for federal income 15 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 16 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 17 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 18 19 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 20 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 21 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 22 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 23 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 24 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 25 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 26 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable

as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 1 2 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 3 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 4 5 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 6 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 7 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 8 9 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 10 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 12 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 13 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 14 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 15 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 16 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 17 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 3 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 4 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 5 the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December11 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

deducted 21 The aggregate amount under this 22 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 23 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 24 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 25 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 26 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This

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subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250;

3 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
4 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 9 the last day of the last tax year for which the 10 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 11 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 13 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 14 equal to that addition modification.

15 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 16 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 17 piece of property.

18 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 21 22 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 23 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 24 modification with respect to such transaction under 25 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 26

the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 1 2 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 3 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 4 5 is required to make an addition modification with 6 respect to such transaction under Section 7 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 8 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 9 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt 10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 12 into account for the taxable year (net of the 13 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 16 the fact the foreign person's business activity 17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 18 19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 20 21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 23 24 required to apportion business income under different 25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 26 addition modification required to be made for the same

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taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

5 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 6 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 7 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 8 9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 14 who would be a member of the same unitary business 15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 16 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the 17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 18 19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 20 addition modification required to be made for the same 21 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for 22 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 24 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the 25 provisions of Section 250. (W)

(3) Limitation. The amount of any modification

otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

7 (d) Partnerships.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base 9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in 12 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum 13 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capitalgain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 2 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 7 Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 10 11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then 12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 13 deductions taken all taxable in years under 14 subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount 21 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 1 2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 4 5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 6 7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 9 who would be a member of the same unitary business 10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 11 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the 12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 13 required to apportion business income under different 14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 16 extent that dividends were included in base income of 17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 21 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 24 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 25 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

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1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 11 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 17 person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 21 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is

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not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 10 Director from making any other adjustment 11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 15 and such regulations provide methods and standards 16 by which the Department will utilize its authority 17 under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 18 19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 21 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 23 foreign person who would be a member of the same 24 unitary business group but for the fact that the 25 foreign person's business activity outside the United 26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 2 3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 4 5 from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 6 7 business income under different subsections of Section 8 304. The addition modification required by this 9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 11 group for the same taxable year and received by the 12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 13 business group (including amounts included in gross 14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 19 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding 20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends reduction to 21 caused а the addition 22 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 25 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 26 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,

ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 1 2 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 3 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 4 5 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 6 7 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 8 9 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 10 similar types of intangible assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 23 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is

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not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 3 expense or between intangible cost the taxpayer and the person did not have as a 4 5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directlv or 11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 12 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 15 writing to the application or use of an alternative 16 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 23 and such regulations provide methods and standards 24 by which the Department will utilize its authority 25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance 2 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 3 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 4 5 person who would be a member of the same unitary 6 business group but for the fact that the person is 7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 8 included in the unitary business group because he or 9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 10 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 11 addition modification required by this subparagraph 12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 13 included in base income of the unitary group for the 14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 16 (including amounts included in gross income under 17 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 18 19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 20 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 21 22 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 23 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 24 25 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act.

and by deducting from the total so obtained the following

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amounts:

(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 7 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 8 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this 9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 15 of bond premium amortization;

16 (H) Any income of the partnership which 17 constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 18 19 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 20 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 21 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
 including amounts distributable to organizations

1 2 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 4 5 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 6 7 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 8 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 9 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable 10 11 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 12 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 13 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 14 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 15 250;

16 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 17 such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 18 19 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, 20 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge 21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 23 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or 24 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This 25 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of 26 Section 250;

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1	(K-5) The amount of any contribution certified by
2	the Department and made by the taxpayer during the
3	taxable year under Section 11 of the Advanced Sciences
4	Zone Act. This subparagraph (K-5) is exempt from the
5	provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 such total that were paid by a corporation that 11 conducts business operations in a federally designated 12 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 13 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 14 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 15 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 16 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 17 this subparagraph (M);

18 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 22 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

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Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before 11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 13 0.429); and

14(3) for taxable years ending after December1531, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus 17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted 18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 20 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

25The aggregate amount deducted under this26subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 5 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of 6 Section 250;

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 13 the last day of the last tax year for which the 14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 17 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 18 equal to that addition modification.

19The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under20this subparagraph only once with respect to any one21piece of property.

22 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 250;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

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a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 1 2 modification with respect to such transaction under 3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 4 5 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 6 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 7 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 8 9 is required to make an addition modification with 10 respect to such transaction under Section 11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 13 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 14 from Section 250;

15 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 16 into account for the taxable year (net of the 17 allocable deductions thereto) with respect to 18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 20 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 24 who would be a member of the same unitary business 25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 26 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the 1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 3 addition modification required to be made for the same 4 5 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest 6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 7 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250; and 8

9 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 10 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 11 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 22 required to apportion business income under different 23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 24 addition modification required to be made for the same 25 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) taxable vear under for 26 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250. (T)

(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

4 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 5 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 6 7 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 8 9 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 10 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 11 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 12 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 13 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 14 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 15 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 16 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 17 18 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 19 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 20 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 21 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 22 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 23 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 24 is less than zero and trust, or estate addition 25 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph

(E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 1 2 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 3 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an addition modification must be made under 4 those 5 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 6 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 7 8 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 9 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
federal income tax purposes shall mean:

14 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 15 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed 16 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 17 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of from pre-1984 surplus 18 distribution policyholder accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 19 20 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

(C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
 a regulated investment company subject to the tax

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imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;

7 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 8 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of 9 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 10 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 11 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 12 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 13 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 14 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 15 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate 16 taxable income shall be determined as if the election 17 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years; 18

(F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the taxable income of such organization determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of

the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 1 corporation determined in accordance with Section 2 3 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 4 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 5 6 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 8 9 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 10 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 11 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 12 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 13 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
income shall take into account those items which are
required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
but which would be taken into account by an individual
in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later

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year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 1 2 related to that asset or business that generated the 3 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 4 5 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 6 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 7 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 8 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 9 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 10 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 11 taxable years.

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(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

16 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
17 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
18 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
20 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the

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taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

5 (A) If the fair market value of property referred 6 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 7 8 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 9 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 10 determining gain) for such property on that date 11 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 12 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 13 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 14 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 15 such property.

16 (B) If the fair market value of property referred 17 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 18 19 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 20 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 21 property for federal income tax purposes for the 22 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 23 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 24 25 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 26 period for the property.

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1 (C) The Department shall prescribe such 2 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the 3 purposes of this paragraph.

4 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
5 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
6 to be deducted more than once.

7 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 8 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 9 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 10 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 11 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 12 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 13 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 14 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 15 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-776, eff. 5-19-06; 94-789, eff. 5-19-06; 17 94-1021, eff. 7-12-06; 94-1074, eff. 12-26-06; 95-23, eff. 18 8-3-07; 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 95-286, eff. 8-20-07; 95-331, 19 eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 20 revised 10-15-08.)

21 (35 ILCS 5/218 new)

22 <u>Sec. 218. Advanced Sciences Zone credit.</u>

23 (a) For taxable years ending after December 31, 2009, each

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a taxpayer who has been awarded a tax credit under Sections 13 1 2 or 14 of the Advanced Sciences Zone Act is entitled to a credit 3 against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of 4 Section 201 of this Act in an amount determined by the 5 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under that Act. 6 (b) If the taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S corporation, the credit is allowed to the partners or 7 8 shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and 9 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 10 Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. 11 (c) The credit may be carried forward or back as set forth 12 under Sections 13 or 14 of the Advanced Sciences Zone Act.

13 (d) This Section is exempt from the provisions of Section
14 250 of this Act.

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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