1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 1-120, 21-110, 21-115, 21-165, 21-205, 21-225,
- 6 21-305, 22-5, 22-10, and 22-25 and by adding Section 21-118 as
- 7 follows:
- 8 (35 ILCS 200/1-120)
- 9 Sec. 1-120. Property Index Number or Permanent Index
- 10 <u>Number</u>; PIN. A number used to identify a parcel of property for
- 11 assessment and taxation purposes. The index number shall
- 12 constitute a sufficient description of the property to which it
- 13 has been assigned, wherever a description is required by this
- 14 Code. "Property Index Number" and "Permanent Index Number"
- shall be construed to be interchangeable terms.
- The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of
- 17 the 97th General Assembly shall be construed as being
- declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 88-455.)
- 20 (35 ILCS 200/21-110)
- Sec. 21-110. Published notice of annual application for
- judgment and sale; delinquent taxes. At any time after all

taxes have become delinquent in any year, the Collector shall 1 2 publish an advertisement, giving notice of the intended 3 application for judgment and sale of the delinquent properties. The advertisement shall include the street address on file with 4 the county collector and PIN number of each delinquent 5 property. Except as provided below, the advertisement shall be 6 in a newspaper published in the township or road district in 7 8 which the properties are located. If there is no newspaper 9 published in the township or road district, then the notice 10 shall be published in some newspaper in the same county as the township or road district, to be selected by the county 11 12 collector. When the property is in a city with more than inhabitants, the advertisement may be 13 1,000,000 14 newspaper published in the same county. When the property is in 15 an incorporated town which has superseded a civil township, the 16 advertisement shall be in a newspaper published 17 incorporated town or if there is no such newspaper, then in a newspaper published in the county. 18

The provisions of this Section relating to the time when the Collector shall advertise intended application for judgment for sale are subject to modification by the governing authority of a county in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of Section 21-40.

24 (Source: P.A. 88-455; 88-518; 89-126, eff. 7-11-95.)

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21-115. Times of publication of Sec. notice. The advertisement shall be published once at least 30 10 days before the day on which judgment is to be applied for, and shall contain a list of the delinquent properties upon which the taxes or any part thereof remain due and unpaid, the names of owners, if known, the total amount due, and the year or years for which they are due. In counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, advertisement shall include notice of the registration requirement for persons bidding at the sale. Properties upon which taxes have been paid in full under protest shall not be included in the list.

The collector shall give notice that he or she will apply to the circuit court on a specified day for judgment against the properties for the taxes, and costs, and for an order to sell the properties for the satisfaction of the amount due.

The collector shall also give notice of a date within the next 5 business days after the date of application on which all the properties for the sale of which an order is made will be exposed to public sale at a location within the county designated by the county collector, for the amount of taxes, and cost due. The advertisement published according to the provisions of this Section shall be deemed to be sufficient notice of the intended application for judgment and of the sale of properties under the order of the court. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section and Section 21-110, in the 10 years following the completion of a general reassessment of property

- in any county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, made under an 1
- 2 order of the Department, the publication shall be made not
- sooner than 10 days nor more than 90 days after the date when 3
- 4 all unpaid taxes on property have become delinquent.
- (Source: P.A. 88-455; 89-126, eff. 7-11-95; 89-426, eff. 5
- 6-1-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.) 6
- 7 (35 ILCS 200/21-118 new)
- 8 Sec. 21-118. Tax sale; online database. At least 10 days
- 9 prior to any tax sale authorized under this Article 21, the
- 10 county collector of a county with a population of 10,000 or
- 11 more, according to the most recent federal decennial census,
- 12 shall post on his or her website a list of all properties that
- 13 are eligible to be sold at the sale. The list shall include the
- street address on file with the county collector and PIN number 14
- 15 assigned to the property.
- 16 (35 ILCS 200/21-165)
- Sec. 21-165. Payment of delinquent tax before sale. Any 17
- 18 person owning or claiming properties upon which application for
- judgment is applied for and any lienholder of record may, in 19
- 20 person or by agent, pay the taxes, and costs due, or in
- 21 counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the taxes, special
- 22 assessments, interest and costs due, to the county collector at
- 23 any time on or before the calendar day immediately preceding
- the day the taxes are sold, and the collector must accept those 24

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payments. A home rule unit may not regulate the hours and procedures employed by the county collector in a manner that is inconsistent with this Section. No deadline for the payment of taxes, special assessments, interest, or costs may be imposed by any county, including a home rule unit, if the deadline is inconsistent with this Section. This Section is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State. sale. (Source: P.A. 92-267, eff. 1-1-02.)

11 (35 ILCS 200/21-205)

> Sec. 21-205. Tax sale procedures. The collector, in person or by deputy, shall attend, on the day and in the place specified in the notice for the sale of property for taxes, and shall, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., or later at the collector's discretion, proceed to offer for sale, separately and in consecutive order, all property in the list on which the taxes, special assessments, interest or costs have not been any county with 3,000,000 paid. However, in inhabitants, the offer for sale shall be made between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. The collector's office shall be kept open during all hours in which the sale is in progress. The sale shall be continued from day to day, until all property in the delinquent list has been offered for sale. However, any city, village or incorporated town interested in the collection of any tax or

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special assessment, may, in default of bidders, withdraw from 1 2 collection the special assessment levied against any property 3 by the corporate authorities of the city, village 4 incorporated town. In case of a withdrawal, there shall be no 5 sale of that property on account of the delinquent special 6 assessment thereon.

<u>Until January 1, 2013, in In</u> every sale of property pursuant to the provisions of this Code, the collector may employ any automated means that the collector deems appropriate. Beginning on January 1, 2013, in counties with more than 10,000 inhabitants, the collector shall employ an automated bidding system that is programmed to accept the lowest redemption price bid by an eligible tax purchaser, subject to the penalty percentage limitation set forth in Section 21-215. Beginning on January 1, 2013, in counties with 10,000 or fewer inhabitants, either (i) the collector shall employ an automated bidding system that is programmed to accept the lowest redemption price bid by an eligible tax purchaser, subject to the penalty percentage limitation set forth in Section 21-215, or (ii) all tax sales shall be videotaped with audio. All, provided that bidders are required to personally attend the sale and, if automated means are used, all hardware and software used with respect to those automated means must be certified by the Department and re-certified by the Department every 5 years. The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly are declarative of existing law.

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(Source: P.A. 94-922, eff. 1-1-07.)

(35 ILCS 200/21-225) 2

Sec. 21-225. Forfeited property. Every property offered at public sale, and not sold for want of bidders, unless it is released from sale by the withdrawal from collection of a special assessment levied thereon, shall be forfeited to the State of Illinois. However, when the court, county clerk and county treasurer certify that the taxes and special assessments not withdrawn from collection on forfeited property equal or exceed the actual value of the property, the county collector shall, on the receipt of such certificate, offer the property for sale to the highest bidder, after first giving 10 days' notice in counties with less than 10,000 inhabitants, according to the most recent federal decennial census, and 30 days' notice in all other counties, in the manner described in Sections 21-110 and 21-115, of the time and place of sale, together with a description of the property to be offered. A certificate of purchase shall be issued to the purchaser at the sale as in other cases provided in this Code. The county collector shall receive credit in the settlement with the taxing bodies for which the tax was levied for the amount not realized by the sale. The amount received from the sale shall be paid by the collector, pro rata, to the taxing bodies entitled to it.

(Source: Laws 1965, p. 631; P.A. 88-455.)

(35 ILCS 200/21-305) 1

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Sec. 21-305. Payments from Indemnity Fund.

- (a) Any owner of property sold under any provision of this Code who sustains loss or damage by reason of the issuance of a tax deed under Section 21-445 or 22-40 and who is barred or is in any way precluded from bringing an action for the recovery of the property shall have the right to indemnity for the loss or damage sustained, limited as follows:
 - (1) An owner who resided on property that contained 4 or less dwelling units on the last day of the period of redemption and who is equitably entitled to compensation damage sustained has the right to the loss or indemnity. An equitable indemnity award shall be limited to the fair cash value of the property as of the date the tax deed was issued less any mortgages or liens on the property, and the award will not exceed \$99,000. The Court this equitable entitlement shall liberally construe standard to provide compensation wherever, in discretion of the Court, the equities warrant the action.

An owner of a property that contained 4 or less dwelling units who requests an award in excess of \$99,000 must prove that the loss of his or her property was not attributable to his or her own fault or negligence before an award in excess of \$99,000 will be granted.

(2) An owner who sustains the loss or damage of any

property occasioned by reason of the issuance of a tax deed, without fault or negligence of his or her own, has the right to indemnity limited to the fair cash value of the property less any mortgages or liens on the property. In determining the existence of fault or negligence, the court shall consider whether the owner exercised ordinary reasonable diligence under all of the relevant circumstances.

- (3) In determining the fair cash value of property less any mortgages or liens on the property, the fair cash value shall be reduced by the principal amount of all taxes paid by the tax purchaser or his or her assignee before the issuance of the tax deed.
- (4) If an award made under paragraph (1) or (2) is subject to a reduction by the amount of an outstanding mortgage or lien on the property, other than the principal amount of all taxes paid by the tax purchaser or his or her assignee before the issuance of the tax deed and the petitioner would be personally liable to the mortgagee or lienholder for all or part of that reduction amount, the court shall order an additional indemnity award to be paid directly to the mortgagee or lienholder sufficient to discharge the petitioner's personal liability. The court, in its discretion, may order the joinder of the mortgagee or lienholder as an additional party to the indemnity action.

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- (b) Indemnity fund; subrogation.
- (1) Any person claiming indemnity hereunder shall petition the Court which ordered the tax deed to issue, shall name the County Treasurer, as Trustee of the indemnity fund, as defendant to the petition, and shall ask that judgment be entered against the County Treasurer, as Trustee, in the amount of the indemnity sought. The provisions of the Civil Practice Law shall apply to proceedings under the petition, except that neither the petitioner nor County Treasurer shall be entitled to trial by jury on the issues presented in the petition. The Court shall liberally construe this Section to provide compensation wherever in the discretion of the Court the equities warrant such action.
- (2) The County Treasurer, as Trustee of the indemnity fund, shall be subrogated to all parties in whose favor judgment may be rendered against him or her, and by third party complaint may bring in as a defendant any person, other than the tax deed grantee and its successors in title, not a party to the action who is or may be liable to him or her, as subrogee, for all or part of the petitioner's claim against him or her.
- (c) Any contract involving the proceeds of a judgment for indemnity under this Section, between the tax deed grantee or its successors in title and the indemnity petitioner or his or her successors, shall be in writing. In any action brought

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- the identity of all persons beneficially (1)interested in the contract, directly or indirectly, including at least the following information: the names and addresses of any natural persons; the place incorporation of any corporation and the names and addresses of its shareholders unless it is publicly held; the names and addresses of all general and limited partners of any partnership; the names and addresses of all persons having an ownership interest in any entity doing business under an assumed name, and the county in which the assumed business name is registered; and the nature and extent of the interest in the contract of each person identified;
- (2) the time period during which the contract was negotiated and agreed upon, from the date of the first direct or indirect contact between any of the contracting parties to the date of its execution;
- (3) the name and address of each natural person who took part in negotiating the contract, and the identity and relationship of the party that the person represented in the negotiations; and
- (4) the existence of an agreement for payment of attorney's fees by or on behalf of each party.
- Any information disclosed during discovery may be subject to protective order as deemed appropriate by the court. The

1	terms of the contract shall not be used as evidence of value.
2	(d) A petition of indemnity under this Section must be
3	filed within 10 years after the date the tax deed was issued.
4	(Source: P.A. 91-564, eff. 8-14-99.)
5	(35 ILCS 200/22-5)
6	Sec. 22-5. Notice of sale and redemption rights. In order
7	to be entitled to a tax deed, within 4 months and 15 days after
8	any sale held under this Code, the purchaser or his or her
9	assignee shall deliver to the county clerk a notice to be given
10	to the party in whose name the taxes are last assessed as shown
11	by the most recent tax collector's warrant books, in at least
12	10 point type in the following form completely filled in:
13	TAKE NOTICE
14	County of
15	Date Premises Sold
16	Certificate No
17	Sold for General Taxes of (year)
18	Sold for Special Assessment of (Municipality)
19	and special assessment number
20	Warrant No Inst. No
21	THIS PROPERTY HAS BEEN SOLD FOR
22	DELINQUENT TAXES
23	Property located at
24	Legal Description or Property Permanent Index No
25	

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Purchaser or Assignee

Dated (insert date).

Within 10 days after receipt of said notice, the county clerk shall mail to the addresses supplied by the purchaser or assignee, by registered or certified mail, copies of said notice to the party in whose name the taxes are last assessed as shown by the most recent tax collector's warrant books. The purchaser or assignee shall pay to the clerk postage plus the sum of \$10. The clerk shall write or stamp the date of receiving the notices upon the copies of the notices, and retain one copy.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly apply only to tax sales that occur on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-380, eff. 7-29-05.)

17 (35 ILCS 200/22-10)

Sec. 22-10. Notice of expiration of period of redemption. A purchaser or assignee shall not be entitled to a tax deed to the property sold unless, not less than 3 months nor more than 6 months prior to the expiration of the period of redemption, he or she gives notice of the sale and the date of expiration of the period of redemption to the owners, occupants, and parties interested in the property, including any mortgagee of

1	record, as provided below.
2	The Notice to be given to the parties shall be in at least
3	10 point type in the following form completely filled in:
4	TAX DEED NO FILED
5	TAKE NOTICE
6	County of
7	Date Premises Sold
8	Certificate No
9	Sold for General Taxes of (year)
10	Sold for Special Assessment of (Municipality)
11	and special assessment number
12	Warrant No Inst. No
13	THIS PROPERTY HAS BEEN SOLD FOR
14	DELINQUENT TAXES
15	Property located at
16	Legal Description or Property Index No
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19	This notice is to advise you that the above property has
20	been sold for delinquent taxes and that the period of
21	redemption from the sale will expire on
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23	The amount to redeem is subject to increase at 6 month
24	intervals from the date of sale and may be further increased if
25	the purchaser at the tax sale or his or her assignee pays any

1	the property from subsequent forfeitures or tax sales. Check
2	with the county clerk as to the exact amount you owe before
3	redeeming.
4	This notice is also to advise you that a petition has been
5	filed for a tax deed which will transfer title and the right to
6	possession of this property if redemption is not made on or
7	before
8	This matter is set for hearing in the Circuit Court of this
9	county in, Illinois on
10	You may be present at this hearing but your right to redeem
11	will already have expired at that time.
12	YOU ARE URGED TO REDEEM IMMEDIATELY
13	TO PREVENT LOSS OF PROPERTY
14	Redemption can be made at any time on or before by
15	applying to the County Clerk of, County, Illinois at the
16	Office of the County Clerk County Court House in,
17	Illinois.
18	For further information contact the County Clerk
19	ADDRESS:
20	TELEPHONE:
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22	Purchaser or Assignee.
23	Dated (insert date).

In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the notice

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shall also state the address, room number and time at which the 1

2 matter is set for hearing.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly apply only to matters in which a petition for tax deed is filed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly.

This amendatory Act of 1996 applies only to matters which a petition for tax deed is filed on or effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply only to matters in which a petition for tax deed is filed on or after the effective date this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 94-380, eff. 7-29-05; 95-477, eff. 6-1-08.) 14

15 (35 ILCS 200/22-25)

> Sec. 22-25. Mailed notice. In addition to the notice required to be served not less than 3 months nor more than 6 months prior to the expiration of the period of redemption, the purchaser or his or her assignee shall prepare and deliver to the clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the property is located, the notice provided for in this Section, together with the statutory costs for mailing the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested. The form of notice to be mailed by the clerk shall be identical in form to that provided by Section 22-10 for service upon owners residing upon

the property sold, except that it shall bear the signature of 1 2 the clerk instead of the name of the purchaser or assignee and 3 shall designate the parties to whom it is to be mailed. The 4 clerk may furnish the form. The clerk shall promptly mail the 5 notices delivered to him or her by certified mail, return 6 receipt requested. The certificate of the clerk that he or she has mailed the notices, together with the return receipts, 7 8 shall be filed in and made a part of the court record. The 9 notices shall be mailed to the owners of the property at their 10 last known addresses, and to those persons who are entitled to 11 service of notice as occupants.

12 The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of 13 the 97th General Assembly shall be construed as being 14 declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply only to matters in which a petition for tax deed is filed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

19 (Source: P.A. 95-477, eff. 6-1-08.)

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20 Section 10. The Counties Code is amended by changing 21 Section 3-10008 as follows:

22 (55 ILCS 5/3-10008) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-10008)

Sec. 3-10008. Office hours. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the The county treasurer shall keep his office

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open and attend to the duties thereof from eight o'clock in the forenoon to five o'clock in the afternoon on each working day excepting such days as under law are legal holidays, and may close his office at 12 o'clock on Saturday of each week; Provided, that the county treasurer shall not be compelled to open his office before the hour of nine o'clock a. m. and, by permission of the county board, the treasurer may close his office all day Saturday: Provided, further, that, except with respect to the required office hours applicable to tax sales, the hours of opening and closing of the office of the county treasurer may be changed and otherwise fixed and determined by the county board of any county. Any such action taken by the county board shall be by an appropriate resolution passed at a regular meeting. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section or any other provision of law, the county treasurer must keep his or her office open from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. on the day before the commencement of a tax sale held in the county pursuant to Division 3.5 of Article 21 of the Property Tax Code and during the same hours each day the tax sale is pending. A home rule unit may not regulate the hours employed by the county treasurer in a manner that is inconsistent with this Section. This Section is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.

(Source: P.A. 86-962.) 26

- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 1
- 2 becoming law.